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# Catalogue of the Coins in the Indian Museum Calcutta

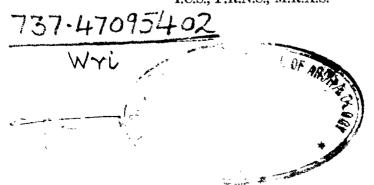
Including the Cabinet of the Asiatic Society of Bengal

Volume III

Mughal Emperors of India

By

H. Nelson Wright I.C.S., F.R.N.S., M.R.A.S.



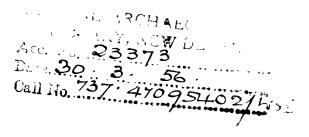
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#### PREFACE

This volume contains a catalogue of the coins of the Mughal Emperors, or as they styled themselves on their coins Bádsháhs, of India from the time of Bábar (a. h. 932 = a. d. 1526) to the deposition of Bahádur II by the English (a. h. 1274 = a. d. 1858).

In the period of its greatest prosperity the empire of the Mughals extended from Kábul in the North (not to mention Balkh, of which a coin of Sháhjahán bears witness to the temporary possession) to Tanjore in the South, from Tatta and Júnagarh to the seaport town of Chittagong.

A reliable index to the geographical limits of the empire in its varying fortunes is to be found in the coins, owing to the custom of issuing money from many of the most important provincial centres, as well as at the capital, and of recording on the coin the mint from which it was issued. This practice which, as we have already seen in Vol. II, was to a small extent adopted by the Sultáns of Dehlí, was developed by the Afghán Shér Sháh after he had driven Bábar's son out of India. When, sixteen years later, Humáyún and Akbar regained the throne of Dehlí, they found it convenient and politic to retain the numismatic system which they found established. The coins, therefore, form a valuable adjunct to the plentiful, but often unsatisfactory, historical records of the Mughal period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> I refer to a gold coin in the cabinet of Mr. G. B. Bleazby of Allahábád, U. P., India.

iv PREFACE

During recent years the interest taken in the coins of the Mughals has received considerable impetus, partly as a result of private, partly public efforts. The publication in 1892 of the catalogue of the coins in the fine collection belonging to the British Museum may be said to have started the movement. This was followed in 1893 and 1894 by Mr. C. J. Rodgers's catalogues of the coins in the Láhor and Calcutta Museums. America, Germany, France, and Russia have seized opportunities to acquire well-known private collections, and, latterly, India herself has begun to take more systematized action to preserve her fast disappearing numismatic records. A striking proof of this is to be found in the present series of coins. Thirteen years ago the total of the Mughal coins in the cabinet of the Indian Museum stood at 863. The number now described is 2,560, and, though part of the increase is due to the transfer to the Indian Museum as a permanent loan the collection belonging to the Asiatic Society of Bengal, it is a fact that between July, 1904, and May, 1906, more than 800 coins were sent to the Calcutta Museum Cabinet, mainly as a result of the stricter working of the Treasure Trove Act.

It was therefore fully time that the existing catalogue should be replaced by one that included recent additions. The Trustees have at the same time wisely recognized that a catalogue of coins without illustrations is shorn of half its value from the numismatist's point of view. The plates illustrating this volume have been executed by the autotype process from casts skilfully taken by Mr. A. P. Ready, Electrotypist to the British Museum.

The coins have been classified, as in the volume devoted to the Sultans of Dehli and for the reasons there given, under the mints from which they issued, these latter being arranged in English alphabetical order. This has given rise PREFACE

to no practical difficulties, and I have purposely avoided an arrangement according to the Persian alphabet, in the belief that the majority of those using the volume are likely to be more readily conversant with the former than the latter.

For those to whom the chronology of the coins is of more importance than their locale, an index has been prepared, showing for each sovereign the coins issued in each year.

The side bearing the Muḥammadan profession of faith—the *Kalima*—has invariably been treated as the 'obverse' of the coin. Where the *Kalima* is absent, the 'obverse' is that side on which the Emperor's name appears, except in cases where the two legends form a couplet, and the Emperor's name is obviously in the second half of that couplet. Where neither the *Kalima* nor the Emperor's name is given, the side on which the mint name occurs has been shown as the 'obverse'.

In view of the abundant literature on the Mughal period, I have not thought it necessary to preface the catalogue by any historical sketch. The introduction takes the form of notes on the various mint towns recorded on the coins in the catalogue. My aim has been to let the coins illustrate themselves, how, from a small kernel—the principality of Kábul—the tree of Mughal empire grew strong enough for its branches to cast their shadow over the greater part of the Indian peninsula, till cumbrous with too much weight it fell stricken by the storms that swept round it, the spoil of Afghán and Marāthā, Sikh and Rohilla, French and English. Yet such was the prestige which lingered round the tottering monarchy that its supplanters preferred, by recording the name of the sovereign of Dehlí on their coins, to retain the semblance of suzerainty which such an issue of coinage implied. To this is due the difficulty which presents itself to any one who attempts to discriminate between the coins of the Mughal empire proper in its later stages, and those issued by the rulers of the territories which had been wrested from the Mughal. The point has been considered by Mr. Lane-Poole on p. cviii of his introduction to the British Museum Catalogue, 'Moghul Emperors.' 'We have first to determine,' he writes, 'what coins must be placed under Sháh 'Alam. Under this head are classed all those coins which bear his name, and have legible mints and consistent dates (i. e. dates in which the regnal and Hijra years are in accord). A large number of these coins were issued by one or other of the numerous quasi-independent states which sprang up all over India upon the decay of the Moghul authority; but so long as they show the Emperor's name, and so long as their dates tally with his reign, they must be classed as his coinage, though he was only a figure-head.' This method of treatment, though it does not cover every case-e.g. the coins issued by the East India Company at Murshidábád after A. H.  $1178-9 = A. D. 1765^{-1}$ , and has not been followed by Mr. Lane-Poole in the case of the coins of the Banáras mint (p. 244 of the British Museum Catalogue)—goes a long way towards providing a practical working plan. Except, therefore, where cogent reasons to the contrary have been found, I have classed as Mughal issues all coins down to the close of the reign of Sháh 'Álam II which bear the name of the Dehlí Emperor, excluding only those which were obviously struck by the East India Company.

I desire to express my obligations to Mr. R. Burn, I.C. S., the Rev. G. P. Taylor, D.D., of Aḥmadábád, Bombay Presidency, and Dr. O. Codrington, Librarian of the Numis-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See a paper by Mr. J. M. C. Johnston in the Numesmatic Chronicle of 1903, Part I, p. 71.

PREFACE vii

matic Society, for the help I have received at their hands in the preparation of this volume. Mr. Burn very kindly gave up some of his scanty leisure to read through the proofs of the catalogue, and brought to my notice several points that required correction. He was also good enough to send me notes on some of the mints, which were of much assistance.

Dr. Taylor placed unreservedly at my disposal his wide experience of Mughal numismatics, and spared himself neither time nor trouble in helping me to make the introductory notes on mint towns as complete as possible.

To Dr. Codrington I am indebted for his experienced and ready aid at all times in dealing with difficult points.

For their careful composition and prompt execution of work my thanks are again due to the Staff of the Clarendon Press.

H. NELSON WRIGHT.

CLEVEDON, SOMERSET, September, 1907.

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- II. AKBAR (Gold).
- III. AKBAR (Silver).
- IV. AKBAR (Silver, Copper).
  - V. ARBAR (Copper).
- VI. AKBAR (Copper)—JAHÁNGÍR (Gold).
- VII. Jahángír (Silver).
- VIII. JAHÁNGÍR—NÚRJAHÁN (Silver).
  - IX. Jahángír (Copper)—Sháh Jahán (Gold).
  - X. Sháh jahán (Silver).
  - XI. Sháh Jahán (Silver, Copper)—Murád Ba<u>kh</u>sh—Aurangzés (Gold).
  - XII. AURANGZÉB (Gold, Silver).
- XIII. AURANGZÉB (Silver).
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- XXII. SHÁH 'ÁLAM II (Copper)—BÍDÁR-BAKHT—AKBAR II—BAHÁDUR.

# TABLE SHOWING

# THE METHOD OF TRANSLITERATION ADOPTED

IN THIS

# CATALOGUE

اً	а		ط	ã	
ں	ъ	;	ع		
ں	ĵ,	;	ع	gh	
ب	t	1	ر ن	f	
ث	8		ق	$\overline{q}$	
ح	$\boldsymbol{j}$	i	ك	r k	
ट	ch		ک گ		
ح	h		J	y l	
2	$\underline{kh}$	ļ	-	m.	
٥	J		<u>ر</u>		
i	<i>≨</i>		ل 3	h	
ر	r				
j	\$		,	t/r	
س	8		<i>ى</i> -	y	
ش	sh			1	$\frac{1}{a}$
ص	S			, e	i -ى
ض	2		· · ·	ι	ú. o <u>-</u> و
ط	<u>t</u>	]	،ي	aı, é	uu <del>-</del> و
					•

# ABBREVIATIONS

A. D			Anno Domini.
Æ			copper, including bronze.
A. H		•	Hijra era.
A $h$ ma $d$ á $b$ á $d$			found in the Aḥmadábád district of Bombay Presidency.
AR	,	•	silver.
Art		,	article.
A.S.B			Asiatic Society of Bengal.
A			gold.
Bétül .			found in the Bétúl district of the Central Provinces.
Bhandára C	. P.		found in the Bhandara district of the Central Provinces.
B. M. C..			Catalogue of the British Museum, 'Moghul Emperors.'
Bombay Gov	ernm	ent .	presented by the Bombay Government.
Dehlí .			found in the Dehlí district of the Panjáb.
Dinájpúr			found in the Dinájpúr district of Bengal.
E. D			Elliot and Dowson's History of India.
Ellis .			acquired from the collection of Mr. Ellis, sold at Amsterdam, 1906.
$Gurg\'aon$ .			found in the Gurgáon district of the Panjáb.
I. M. C	•	•	Catalogue of the Indian Museum, by Mr. C. J. Rodgers, 1894.
J. A. S. B.			Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal.
Jihlam .			found in the Jihlam (Jhelum) district of the Panjáb.
J. R. A. S.		•	Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society.
J. R. A. S. Be	m.	٠	Journal of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society.
Láhor .			found in the Láhor district of the Panjáb.
L, M, C.			Catalogue of the 'Coins of the Moghul Emperors of India', collected by Mr. C. J. Rodgers and purchased for the Láhor Museum, 1893.

mint mark or ornament.

M. . .

#### ABBREVIATIONS

Madrás . . . presented by the Madrás Government.

Mánbhúm . . found in the Mánbhúm district of Bengal.

Miánwáli . found in the Miánwáli district of the Panjáb.

Num. Chron. . . The Chronicle of the Royal Numismatic Society, London.

Num. Supp. . . Numismatic Supplement to the J. A. S. B.

Pánch Maháls. . . found in the Pánch Maháls district of Bombay Presi-

dency.

Pl. . . . plate.

Proces. A. S. B. . Proceedings of the Asiatic Society of Bengal.

Púná . . . found in the Púná district of Bombay Presidency.

Rf. . . . refer to.

R. Y. . . regnal year.

S. . . . size.

Ságar . . . found in the Ságar (Saugor) district of the Central

Provinces.

Sq. . . . square.

Thána . found in the Thána district of the Bombay Presidency.

U.P. . . presented by the Government of the United Provinces

of Agra and Oudh.

w. . weight.

### INTRODUCTION

# NOTES ON THE MUGHAL MINT TOWNS MENTIONED IN THIS CATALOGUE

For the observations made in the following notes I have relied largely on the coins published in the British Museum Catalogue 'Moghul Emperors', and Mr. C. J. Rodgers's Catalogue of the coins in the Láhor Museum, together with those described in the present volume. I have, however, also made references to the catalogue of the fine collection made by Dr. L. White King, I.C.S. retd., which was prepared by Mr. Schulman of Amsterdam when that collection was dispersed, and to a manuscript catalogue of my private collection.

Mr. R. Burn's paper on 'Mints of the Mughal Emperors', which appeared in the Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 1904, together with some notes supplied to me during the preparation of this volume; a manuscript list of mints prepared by Dr. G. P. Taylor of Aḥmadábád, showing the extent to which they are represented in some of the better known collections; Dr. Codrington's list of mint towns in his Musalmán Numismatics; and, occasionally, Mr. Leggett's Notes on the Mint Towns and Coins of the Mohamedans, have been of great assistance. Besides these, numerous publications in the Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal and Chronicle of the Royal Numismatic Society have been consulted.

The historical matter which the notes contain has been extracted mainly from the following publications:—

'Ain-i-Akbarí, translated by Prof. Blochmann and Col. Jarrett.

The History of India by its own Historians, Elliot and Dowson.

Muntakhabu-t-tawáríkh of Al-Badáoní, translated by Mr. W. H. Lowe.

Akbar, by Col. Malleson (Rulers of India Series).

Aurangzéb, by Mr. S. Lane-Poole (Rulers of India Series).

The Fall of the Mughal Empire, by Mr. H. G. Keene.

The series of Mughal coins is such a large one that very few numismatists can hope to have either the opportunity or the means required for forming a representative collection, and the time has now come when private collectors will do most good by concentrating their attention on the coins of individual mints. A series of monographs on the lines of Dr. Taylor's 'Coins of Aḥmadábád' (J. R. A. S. Bom., vol. XX. No. LVI. p. 409) would be of great assistance to students of this period, and for such work these notes will, it is hoped, prove of practical help, by illustrating the working of the mints as gleaned from the coins in some of the principal collections of Mughal coins, and by bringing together the scattered notices that have appeared from time to time in numismatic publications, in so far as they affect the coins here catalogued.

They may also be useful in serving as a guide to the authorities of the Indian Museum by showing in what directions efforts should be made to enlarge the collection. It is much to be hoped that such efforts will be made. I cannot claim that these are any but rough notes, to be corrected as fresh coins are brought to light. Where the references to be consulted are so numerous and scattered it is, perhaps, hardly to be expected that none have been overlooked, and, where the information from which deductions have been derived is of necessity incomplete, it would be presumptuous to hope that no errors will be discovered. If, however, the objects which I have had in view are in any measure advanced, and some incentive is given to the more systematic preservation and record of valuable but fast disappearing numismatic evidence, something will have been gained.

#### ÁGRA

# ÁGRA [AKBARÁBÁD]

	Lat. 27° 10′	Long. $78^{\circ}$ 3	,
	AV	Æ	Æ
Bábar			6
Humáyún	_	1 3	21
Akbar	12	1	12
Jahángír	19	18	7
Shábjahán	1 (Ágra	6 (Ágra)	— (Ágra)
•	6 (Akba	ırábád) 20 (Akbar	` 0 /
Aurangzéb	`	6	1
Sháh 'Álam I	_	6	
Jahándár	1	1	
Farrukh-siyar	1	6	
Rafí'u-d-darját		1	
Sháhjahán II		2	
Muhammad	1	13	
Ahmad	1		
'Álamgír II		2	
Sháhjahán III		1	
Sháh 'Álam H		16	

A mint was first established at Ágra in the reign of Bábar ÁGRA apparently in the year A. H. 936. Its issues seem to have been confined to silver and copper, the former following the Central Asian dirham in weight and form (vide L. M. C., p. 2), while the copper coins, both under Bábar and his son Humáyún, conformed to the Bahlolí standard of about 145 grains. The latter are peculiar in that they do not bear the name of the reigning sovereign. Dáru-l-khiláfat, Dáru-z-zarb Qil'a, and Dáru-l-amán were used as honorific epithets of the town. On the silver coins the Kalima, and the names of the first four Khalífas, appeared on the obverse, the king's name and titles on the reverse.

Sher Sháh remodelled the coinage, issuing rupees of 180 grains and copper dáms of 330 grains, and the mint was worked freely during the Súri interregnum. Silver coins are known of Akbar's earliest years (L. M. C., p. 53), following the Súri standard of weight, but the issue of gold appears not to have started till A. H. 971. The weight of the gold muhar of this time averaged 168 grains with a maximum of 170 grains. In the British Museum (B. M. C., No. 23) is a five-muhar piece of A. H. 971 of the Ágra mint that weighs 838 grains. The silver coins weigh a little heavier, and Abú-l-fazl gives the weight of Akbar's rupee as  $11\frac{1}{2}$  mashas or  $178\cdot25$  grains. Between 970 and 980 Akbar spent much of his time at Ágra, and the fort, which took eight years to build, still remains as a monument of this period.

In A.H. 981 appeared the rare *Mihrábí* gold muhar, struck at 'Baldat', (the town of) 'Agra' (No. 70), but the shape was evidently not found suitable, for it does not appear again except in an issue of the forty-ninth year (B. M. C., No. 168), also from the Agra mint.

After Akbar moved his head quarters to Fathpur Sikri, coins of Agra appeared with less regularity, and few, if any, specimens are known with dates between A.H. 988 and 1005. By this time Akbar had promulgated his Iláhí religion and era, and the gold and silver coins (which are by no means common) bear on their obverse the formula الله اكبر جل جلاله which has led some to wonder whether the الله not meant to precede the الله الكور المعادية in the legend.

In copper Akbar's earlier Ágra issues were of the Súrí type known as dáms, but inscribed fulús. In A.H. 1009 (R.Y. 44) appeared the tanka (L. M. C., p. 97) with its half-piece, and two years later these made way for the four, two and one tankí pieces. These were current at the close of the reign.

Under Jahángír the Ágra mint resumed its activity, and from it issued some of the finest specimens of the Mughal coinage. On some of Jahángír's earliest issues the *Kalima* was reintroduced, but as

**AGRA** a general rule the inscriptions were in the form of rhyming couplets. The weight of the muhar and rupee was also changed, some specimens weighing as much as 220.5 grains (*L. M. C.*, No. 20, P. 131). The old standard was, however, reverted to in the sixth year of the reign, and only one or two heavy coins are known of later date.

A specimen of a five-muhar piece of the Ágra mint, dated A. H. 1028, and weighing 843 grains, is preserved in the British Museum (No. 305, B. M. C.). In A. H. 1028 also appeared the well-known series of coins, bearing on their reverse the sign of the zodiac corresponding to the month in which the coin was struck. Of these, in gold, the Indian Museum possesses thirteen (Nos. 570-82) with eight signs, issued between 1028 and 1032, and in silver three (Nos. 603-5), with the signs of Taurus, Gemini, and Cancer; but I regard only two of these latter as above suspicion.

The following five couplets are inscribed on gold and silver coins of Agra in this Catalogue.

'Sháh Núru-d-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Bádsháh, illumined the face of the coins (money) with the colour of the sun (gold) and the moon (silver),'

a poetical way of saying that he struck gold and silver coins.

'The king, the refuge of the world, Sháh Núru-d-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Bádsháh, struck coin in the city of Ágra.'

'In (the month of) Isfandármuz the supreme sovereign of the age, Sháh Jahángír, son of Sháh Akbar, struck this coin in gold in the city of Ágra.'

i

ÁGRA

```
AV No. 570
              (1028-14) Aries
A No. 572-4 (1030-16) Taurus
Æ No. 603
AV No. 575
                         Gemini
Æ No. 604
              (1028-14)
A No. 576
              (1030-16) Cancer
R No. 605
              (1029-15)
AV No. 577
              (1031-17)
AV No. 578
                          Virgo
AV No. 579
              (1031-16) Libra
AV No. 580
              (1032-18)
AV No. 581
              (1031-16) Sagittarius
AV No. 582
              (1028-13) Pisces
Æ No. 601
              (1031-17)
AR No. 602
              (1034-19)
     یافت در آگره روی زر زیور
از جهانگیر شاه شاه اکبر
```

'The face of money received beauty at Ágra through Jahángír Sháh, (son of) Akbar Sháh.'

'The stamp of Ágra gave decoration to money through Jahángír Sháh, (son of) Sháh Akbar.'

To these may be added the couplet on the rupees which bear the name of Jahángír's queen Núrjahán—Nos. 811-13:

'By order of Shah Jahangir money gained a hundred beauties from the name of Núrjahan, his queen.'

The Museum possesses two only of the copper issues of Ágra, viz. the 'rawáne' and the heavy 'fulús'. It will be noticed that one of these is struck on a Súrí  $d\acute{a}m$  (No. 828). The 'ráij' is wanting.

In A. H. 1038, during the second year of Sháhjahán's reign, the name of Ágra was altered to Akbarábád (No. 889 and B. M. C., No. 583), the honorific epithet (Dáru-l-khiláfat) and the name of the Persian month being at first retained. These, however, were replaced in the same year by an uncommon type in which the names of the first four khalífas and their attributes are recorded above and below the Kalima (No. 890). Between 1039 and 1043 the type changes

**AGRA** frequently. On the obverse the *Kalima* is enclosed first in a circle, then in a sixfoil area. In 1041 the area becomes square, in 1042 circular again and then diamond-shaped, till finally in 1043 a dotted square area is adopted. On the reverse the king's name and titles are written in lines across the face of the coin till 1043 when the obverse design of an area with margin is introduced. After 1039 the mint name is to be found on the reverse, before that on the obverse.

On the gold coins the areas are lozenge-shaped after 1043 and these Akbarábád muhars are perhaps the commonest of the earlier Mughal gold issues.

The collection contains only one example of a Nisár (largesse money) of this mint and that an imperfect specimen—No. 908.

The copper coinage is also meagrely represented by one coin, a 'fulus' weighing 37 grains.

In the struggle for the throne between Sháhjahán's sons Ágra appears to have been effectively occupied by Sháh Shuj'á, for coins were struck in his name from the Ágra mint (B. M. C., No. 690) during A. H. 1068, but there is no specimen in the present collection, nor does the Museum possess any gold coin of Aurangzéb of Ágra mintage. The earliest coin of this reign is of 1071 (R.Y. 3). On the obverse is a square area inscribed باد المنافر معى الدين محمد اورنگزيب بهاد, with المواد المنافر معى الدين محمد اورنگزيب بهاد. The reverse contains the mint name also in a square area, while in the margin appears the formula used consistently by Aurangzéb and his successors to express their regnal year, viz.: منة جارس مينت مانوس : year of the reign of tranquil prosperity'.

This type remained unchanged till the twenty-ninth year of Aurangzéb's reign, when it gave place to the type usually associated with this monarch, the obverse containing the following couplet:—

'Shah Aurangzeb 'Álamgír struck coin in the world like the shining moon,'

while on the reverse appear the regnal year and mint name. From this time also Akbarábád went by the name of مستقر اللافة, 'the permanent seat of the Khalifate.'

The catalogue contains only one copper coin of this mint which can be ascribed to Aurangzéb. It is dated the eighth year, and weighs 213 grains (No. 1646). It does not, however, bear Aurangzéb's name. Under Sháh 'Álam Bahádur Sháh the honorific epithet of the mint was altered to مستعر اللك , and this epithet was also employed

by Jahándár and Farrukh-siyar, the latter reverting to مستقر الخلافة in **AGRA** the fifth year of his reign (see B. M. C., No. 924).

The remaining history of the mint calls for little comment. Coins bearing the usual inscriptions were issued from it in the name of each king down to Sháh 'Alam II, and one or more specimens of each reign are to be found in the catalogue. Even the puppet king Sháhjahán III, raised to the throne by Gházíu-d-dín, seems to have issued money from Akbarábád (No. 2263), but the attribution of this coin is somewhat uncertain. In the troublous times of Shah 'Alam II Agra was successively in the hands of the Játs, Maráthás, and Imperial troops. Eventually it was taken by Sindhia and held for him by his French generals until the victorious progress of Lord Lake in 1803 (A. H. 1218) left Hindústán at the mercy of the British. Meanwhile the mint continued to send out coins in the name of Shah 'Alam, but there appears to have been a break between 1180 and 1198. In the latter year coins again appeared bearing on them the distinctive mark In 1219, when the mint must have been in British of a fish. possession, the legend on the obverse was slightly altered from -but the fish, سكه صاحب قراني زد زتائيد الله to سكه زد بر هفت كشور از فضل الله mark was retained. Of this type a coin of 1220, the year before Sháh 'Alam's death, is the latest that I can find (B. M. C., No. 1132), the coin described on p. 246 of the Lahor Museum Cutalogue evidently being, as suggested by Mr. C. J. Rodgers, of doubtful authenticity.

On the whole the Akbarábád (Ágra) mint is well represented by its coins in the Indian Museum cabinet, the most noticeable defect being the absence of any gold coins of Aurangzéb, Sháh 'Álam I, and the last three emperors in whose reigns the mint was working. There is also a lamentable paucity of silver coins of the smaller values.

АḤМ		AHMAD-			
Lat. 23° 2′		Long. 72° 35′			ÁPÁD
	Ą	Æ	Æ		
Akbar	7	53	12		
Jahángír	2	31			
(Núrjahán)		1			
Sháhjahán	1	12			
Murád Bakhsh		1			
Aurangzéb	_	10			
Sháh 'Álam I					
Jahándár		_			
Farrukh-siyar		1			
Rafí'u-d-darját		1			
•				b 2	

AHMAD-ÁBÁD

	$\boldsymbol{A}\!$	Æ	Æ
Sháhjahán II			
Muhammad		7	
Aḥmad			
'Alamgír II		2	
Sháhjahán III		1	
Sháh 'Álam II		3	
Bídár-Ba <u>kh</u> t		1	
Akbar II		1	1

The coinage of the Ahmadábád mint has been admirably dealt with by Dr. G. P. Taylor in his article in the J. R. A. S. Bom., vol. XX, No. LVI, pp. 409-447, and in a note on 'Akbar's copper coins of Ahmadábád' in the J. A. S. B., 1904, Num. Supp. IV, art. 26.

Aḥmadábád was founded in A.D. 1411 (A.H. 814) by Aḥmad Sháh I, sovereign of the independent kingdom of Gujarát in Western India, and became the capital of that principality. The connexion of the Mughals with Gujarát began in the reign of Humáyún who, after overrunning Málwá, proceeded to invade Gujarát and drove the reigning sovereign Bahádur Sháh to seek protection from the Portuguese. Copper coins were struck by the invader at Chámpánír (L.M.C., p. 12) in A.H. 942, but there is none in the present collection.

As a Mughal mint the history of Ahmadábád starts in A. H. 980. when Gujarát was annexed by Akbar, and No. 76 of this catalogue is a specimen of the first gold coins issued in Akbar's name. No. 77 is another coin of the same year, but on it Ahmadabad is called 'Dáru-l-khiláfat'. The latter type only is noticed in Dr. Taylor's paper, but he mentions a rupee of 980 very similar to No. 76. The type changed both for gold and silver in 981 and again in 982, Ahmadábád now being known as 'Dáru-s-saltanat'. Five years later, in 987, Akbar introduced a square coinage (Nos. 82 and 114), the Kalima on the obverse being in a diamond for gold, a square for silver, issues, the four sides of which are formed by elongating some of the letters of the marginal legends. No gold coins of Akbar seem to have issued from the Ahmadábád mint after 987, but this square type continued in silver till A. H. 1000. In 1000 and 1001 while the orthodox inscriptions remained the Hijra date was replaced by the Iláhi year (No. 127), and the epithet 'Dáru-s-saltanat' was dropped; but some time during the latter year the Iláhí coins, with the Akbari creed on the obverse and the date, month, and mint on the reverse, made their appearance, square at first, but changing to round in the course of the thirty-ninth year. Another variation

occurred in A. H. 1010—Akbar's forty-seventh year—when for eight AHMAD-months a more ornate type of coin was issued (Nos. 152-3). ÁBÁD

In copper, as in the other metals, the coins struck immediately after the conquest (Nos. 347 and 348) were soon discontinued, and in 982 appeared a type of 'fulús' which was not superseded till the thirty-eighth year. Nos. 356 and 357 are examples of this type, but the Iláhí date is unfortunately obliterated. The copper coinage of Aḥmadábád after 987 is very poorly represented in the Indian Museum, there being no specimens of the 'tanka' issue, which in Aḥmadábád, as in Ágra, was current in the forty-fourth and two successive years. Of the issues between 1009–1013, there is only one very imperfect specimen, a 'yak tankí'—No. 357 (a).

Of the gold coins struck in Ahmadábád by Akbar's successor two only are here described (583-4), and, with the possible exception of an undated zodiacal muhar in the British Museum, probably no gold coins were issued before 1028 from this mint.

Aḥmadábád was, however, one of Jahángír's principal silver mints, and from it issued in 1027 (R.Y. 13) the earlier zodiacal coins. Of these the Museum possesses ten (Nos. 627-36), with five signs—Aries, Taurus, Gemini, Cancer, and Leo. Of the remaining seven signs, two only—Scorpio and Pisces—seem to be known in silver. The signs of Cancer and Aquarius are represented on gold muhars in the Cabinet des Médailles, Paris.

The silver coins that issued from the Aḥmadábád mint during the first nine months of Jahángír's reign have a distinctive character of their own, in that the king is called by the name given him at his birth—Salím. The full legend runs—

The coins are also peculiar in that the first five are dated '50', referring to the fiftieth year of Akbar's reign, while the other four give the regnal year '2'. The Salimi coins and their dates are discussed by Dr. Taylor in a note in J. A. S. B., 1904, Num. Supp. I.

They were followed by heavy rupees with the *Kalima* on the obverse, and to these succeeded in 1017 the still heavier coins with the couplet—

These were current for three years only, but the inscription was revived in the lighter series of coins struck between 1027 and 1033 (Nos. 621-5). The intervening period was occupied by coins bearing the names of Iláhí months except during part of 1027 (R.Y. 12), when a new type (L. M. C., p. 146) was current for a short

AHMAD- time. During the last four years of the reign, while the influence of Núrjahán was predominant, the coinage was restricted to issues bearing her name with the usual couplet (see under Ágra). This collection has no examples of the copper coinage of Jahángír from the Ahmadábád mint, nor, indeed, of any of his successors except Akbar II.

Shahjahan at once reverted to the use of the Kalima, and some of the coins of his first year bear on them the word 'Hijri' after the date, while the regnal year 1 is termed if to the first time, but No. 528 in the British Museum Catalogue shows that he began to record the Ilahi months on his coins very early in his second year. This type was current till 1043. In the latter year we find the Kalima on the obverse and the king's name on the reverse enclosed in linear squares, and this type obtained till the close of the reign. At that time Murad Bakhsh was governor of the province. It is therefore natural to find the Ahmadábád mint issuing coins in the name of that claimant to the throne during 1068. From this time to the end of the dynasty the mint is very poorly represented in the present catalogue. Of gold coins there is none, of copper one, and of silver only twenty-seven—the reigns of Sháh 'Alam I, Jahándár, and Ahmad exhibiting conspicuous gaps.

The silver issues of Aurangzéb bear the usual couplet associated with that sovereign, and the same may be said, mutatis mutandis, in regard to the coins of other reigns, but the single specimen of Rafí'u-d-darját's rupees (No. 1816) is of interest in that it gives Aḥmadábád a new epithet—Zinatu-l-bilád, 'the beauty of towns.'

No. 2262 shows that Aḥmadábád was ready to recognize the right of the pretender, Sháhjahán III, to strike coins, and Bídár-Bakht, the titular emperor set up by Ghulám Qádir in 1202, was permitted to exercise a similar privilege (No. 2499).

The latest coin from this mint is No. 2511, a copper coin of Akbar II, dated 1234.

#### AḤMAD-NAGAR

#### AHMADNAGAR

Lat. 19° 5′		Long. 74°	55 <b>′</b>
	A	AR	Æ
Jahángír	1	7	
Sháhjahán	_	3	
Aurangzéb		5	
Sháh 'Alam I		1	

Aḥmadnagar was founded early in the sixteenth century by Aḥmad Sháh, the first of the Nizám Sháhí kings, and became the capital of that dynasty.

When Akbar had consolidated his power north of the Vindhyas, AHMADhis thoughts turned towards the Dakhan, and in the fortieth year NAGAR of his reign he sent his son Murád in command of an invading army. Aḥmadnagar was besieged but without much energy, and eventually terms were made leaving Aḥmadnagar with the Nizám Sháh. In 1008 Akbar himself proceeded to the Dakhan, and Aḥmadnagar was taken after a siege of four months. In Jahángír's reign the city was lost and regained. When Sháhjahán came to the throne, the fort of Aḥmadnagar was all that was left to the Mughals south of Khándésh and Berár, but a more vigorous policy was pursued, and by 1637 (1047) the Nizám Sháhí kingdom had been incorporated into the Mughal empire.

Akbar struck coins at Ahmadnagar, but only a few specimens are known. Nos. 638-43 are probably, to judge from the evidence of the *Kalima* on the obverse, specimens of a type current early in Jahángír's reign. They are, however, of the normal rupee weight, and may therefore be placed after the sixth year. The gold muhar, No. 585, is later, and both it and the rupee of 1036 are rare coins. The latter would show that Núrjahán's influence had not penetrated to the Dakhan.

There are two types of the coins of Sháhjahán, one (No. 886) giving the Iláhí month dated 1041 and the other with the usual square areas. The mint was apparently little used during the first half of Aurangzéb's reign, only one coin—of the first year—(L. M. C., p. 179) being published of that period. In 1681 (A. H. 1092), however, Aurangzéb himself took command of his Dakhan army, and coins began soon after to issue more freely from Ahmadnagar. Nos. 1165-6 of the twenty-eighth year (1095-6) may possibly be examples of the first issues, as they are peculiar in having the Hijra date on the reverse and the regnal year on the obverse. A gold coin of 1097 (B. M. C., No. 710) retains this peculiarity, but in No. 1167 of 1098 the usual practice is introduced. A'zam Sháh, during his brief struggle for the throne (A.H. 1118), struck rupees at Ahmadnagar. The latest coin in this collection from the Ahmadnagar mint is No. 1654 of Sháh 'Álam I, and copper coins both of this king and Fárrukh-siyar (year 5) were in Dr. White King's cabinet, but after this latter reign the mints of Southern India gradually disappear, a new power springing up into independence in Ḥaidarábád under Chin Kulich Khán and his successors.

#### INTRODUCTION

aķsanábád

## AHSANÁBÁD [KULBARGA]

Lat. 17° 21'	Long	g. 76° 51′	
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	$A\!\!R$	Æ
Aurangzéb (A.)	1		
(K.)	1	<b>2</b>	-
Jahándár (K.)	1		

Ahsanábád—more commonly known later as Kulbarga or Gulbarga—was the capital of the Bahmaní dynasty of the Dakhan in the latter half of the fourteenth and first quarter of the fifteenth centuries. On the decay of that dynasty it became part of the 'Ádil Sháhí kingdom of Bíjápúr.

It was taken by Aurangzéb for his father in 1656 (A. H. 1067), but the latter's illness delayed the final fall of the 'Ádil Sháhs till 1686 (1097-8), and it was not till that year that Kulbarga passed into Mughal hands. No. 1413 (of 1098-31) was doubtless one of the first issues of the mint under the name of Kulbarga. Both gold (L. M. C., p. 179) and silver coins were issued bearing the usual inscriptions.

In the year 1115, however, it would seem that the Bahmaní name of the town was temporarily revived on the coins (4 No. 1120, R cabinet of Dr. White King). Kám Bakhsh issued coins both from Aḥsanábád and Kulbarga (Dr. White King's collection) and a coin is known of Aḥsanábád of Sháh 'Alam I (cabinet of Mr. Frámjí Jámasjí Thánawálá). The latest known coin of the mint under its name of Kulbarga is of Jahándár, and is described in this catalogue No. 1710. Its attribution, however, though probably correct, cannot be called certain.

AJMÉR

#### AJMÉR

Lat. 26° 2	7'	Long. 71°	37′
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	Æ	Æ
$\Lambda$ kbar			6
Aurangzéb		8	
Muḥammad	_	1	
Sháh 'Álam I	I	4	

Ajmér was an important place as far back as the tenth and eleventh centuries, when it was the head quarters of the Tomára dynasty. Later, in the twelfth century, it sent its representative Prithví Rájá to oppose Muḥammad bin Sám. In the days of Akbar it had acquired special sanctity as the burial-place of the Muḥammadan saint Khwája Muʻinu-d-din Chishtí, and for the first twenty-five years of his reign Akbar seldom missed an annual visit to the shrine of the saint.

In A. H. 978 he 'laid the foundation of a fortress in the environs AJMÉR of that pure city and ordered a lofty palace to be built by the great Amírs'.<sup>1</sup>

He had at an earlier date established a mint there and copper dáms from it were issued in 970 (L. M. C., p. 107). The earliest coin in the present collection is dated 979 (No. 358) and gives Ajmér an epithet which I have been unable to decipher. The remaining seven coins are of the ordinary type, the words 'sikka' and 'fulús' both occurring in the inscription. The coinage went on for some years after Akbar's interest in the shrine had waned, 996 being apparently the latest year of issue.

Under Jahángír, Ajmér became a mint for gold and silver also, and from it issued the well-known gold coins portraying Jahángír seated with a wine-cup in his hand-unfortunately not represented in the present collection. Mr. Gibbs also published a zodiacal muhar (Cancer d. 1034) of this mint bearing the name of Núrjahán (Proc. J. A. S. B., January, 1883). Sháhjahán must have coined very little money at Ajmér, for only a single rupee is known (in the Lucknow Museum); but the mint was revived by Aurangzeb in or about the thirtieth year of his reign, and was working regularly up to its close The issues were almost entirely rupees, gold coins from this mint being most scarce. The obverse contains the usual On the reverse Ajmér is called 'Dáru-l-khair'—the inscription. abode of well-being. This epithet is retained to the end of the series, but in the reign of Sháh 'Alam I the title Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat is also applied to the city.

Although coins are known to have been struck at Ajmér in nearly every succeeding reign, the only kings represented in the present collection after Aurangzéb are Muhammad Sháh and Sháh 'Álam II.

## AKBARÁBÁD. See ÁGRA.

#### AKBARNAGAR NAGAR Lat, 25° 3′ Long. 87° 50' $\boldsymbol{A}$ $A\!R$ Jahángír 10 Sháhjahán 9 Aurangzéb 34 Sháh 'Alam I 1 2 Muhammad Ahmad 1 'Alamgir II 1

<sup>1</sup> Badáoni (Lowe's translation, Bibliotheca Indica, p. 137).

AKBAR-NAGAR Akbarnagar is the modern Rájmahal in Bengal. It was founded by Mán Singh in the fortieth year of Akbar's reign (Blochmann's 'Ain-i-Akbarí, p. 340), and was used in that reign as a mint both for silver and copper, the Lucknow Museum possessing a rupee of the fiftieth year. But it was during the three following reigns that the mint was most active. There are no examples in this catalogue of the heavy Kalima and 'couplet' coins, which were issued in Jahángír's first three years (see L. M. C. and B. M. C.), but the normal weight coins of 1019 and 1020 exhibit the following rare couplet:—

'King Núru-d-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Sháh, struck coin in Akbarnagar, the court of the king of heaven.'

The remaining coins of this reign are of the usual Iláhí type. Under Sháhjahán are to be found the regular types—the non-Iláhí rupees of the first year, followed by the Iláhí rupees from the second to the seventh year, and the 'square areas' type from that year to the end of the reign. These are all represented in the catalogue.

Of Aurangzéb there are no less than one gold and thirty-four silver coins. The gold issues of the twelfth year (cf. B. M. C., No. 706) had the king's name in a square area on the obverse, and the mint and date in a square on the reverse, but in the thirteenth year the type was changed, and we get (No. 1121) the king's titles in lines on the obverse with Aurangzéb's ordinary reverse.

On the rupees the obverse legend is the one usually found on the gold coins of Aurangzéb (مر taking the place of بدر) until the forty-second year, when بدر comes into the couplet. A further peculiarity is that both the Hijra date and regnal year are recorded on the reverse up to the forty-sixth year (1114). The British Museum Catalogue describes (B. M. C., No. 742 (a)) a rare two-anna piece of this mint.

After Aurangzéb the issues from Akbarnagar become scarce, but the Museum possesses examples of the rupees of Sháh 'Álam I, Muḥammad, Aḥmad, and 'Álamgír II. The latest of these bears the date 1167-aḥd, and is of the first year of 'Álamgír II.

AKBAR-PÚR

There are but three coins—all copper—of this rare mint in the collection here catalogued. From two of these it is possible from the

inscription to identify the mint town with the Akbarpúr near Tánda AKBARin the Faizabad district of Oudh. The ناصر الدنيا و الدين on the PUR reverse of these recalls the same title on the silver coins of the neighbouring town of Jaunpur. Whether No. 364 was struck at the same mint town it is difficult to say. I can trace no notice of the Akbarpúr of Oudh in the chronicles of the Akbarí period. Where Akbarpúr is mentioned, reference is to the place on the Narbadá river, south of Ujjain, at the crossing of the Great Dakhan Road. In the 'Khulásatu-t-tawáríkh' (India of Aurangzéb, by Sirkár, p. 18) mention is made of an Akbarpúr at the junction of the Chambal with the Jamna—the birthplace of Rájá Bírbal, and there is an Akbarpúr of some pretensions in the modern district of Cawnpore. In the Lahor Museum are two rupees of Akbar dated 971 and 972, which, from the half-deciphered reading on L. M. C., p. 56, appear to have been struck at Akbarpúr Tánda. There is also a rupee of Akbarpúr of the reign of Jahándár in the cabinet of Mr. G. B. Bleazby of Allahábád.

#### AKHTARNAGAR AWADH. See AWADH.

# 'ÁLAMGÍRPÚR

<sup>(</sup>ÁLAM-GÍRPÚR

Lat. 15° 32′	$\mathbf{L}_{01}$	ng. 78° 11′	
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	$A\!\!R$	Æ
Aurangzéb	_	10	
Sháh 'Álam I		<b>2</b>	

'Álamgírpúr of the coins has hitherto been regarded to be the town of that name near Karnúl (Qamarnagar) in the Dakhan, but Mr. R. Burn informs me that Bhílsa, which was a mint town of Sháhjahán, was renamed 'Álamgírpúr. There is, however, this difficulty in attributing the coins of 'Álamgírpúr to Bhílsa—that Dr. White King's cabinet contained a coin of the Bhílsa mint dated year 21 (1089) of Aurangzéb, whereas No. 1233 of this catalogue, which is of the 'Álamgírpúr mint, is dated 1076. It does not seem likely that a mint renamed after the reigning king would revert to the use of its old name on its coins during that king's lifetime.

No. 1233, which is the earliest coin of 'Alamgirpur hitherto published, has the mint name at the top of the reverse. This type obtained till 1095, in which year the mint name first appears at the bottom of the reverse. After 1095 the mint seems to have worked regularly till the close of Sháh 'Alam I's reign. Coins of the latter king are uncommon.

#### ALLAH-ÁBÁD

#### ALLAHÁBÁD

Lat. 25° 26′	Long.	81° 55′	
	$A\!\!\!\!/$	Æ	Æ
Akbar		5	<b>2</b>
Jahángír	<b>→</b>		
Sháhjabán		1	
Aurangzéb	1	1	
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar		1	
Muḥammad	-	3	_
Aḥmad	1	<b>2</b>	
'Álamgír II	-	3	
Sháh 'Álam II	_	4	

Allahábád, the ancient Prayág, lies at the confluence of Jamna and the Ganges, and is the present head quarters of the Local Government of the province of Ágra. Its connexion with the Mughals, as a town of importance, dates from A. H. 982. To quote from Badáoní (Lowe's translation, Bibliotheca Indica, 1884, p. 179): 'On the 23rd of the month Safar the Emperor encamped at Payág, which is commonly called Illáhábás.... He laid the foundation of a great building and left the name of that city Illáhábád.'

The fort which Akbar built is still the most prominent landmark in Allahábád.

In Akbar's thirty-third year, however (Nos. 367-8), the coins still retained the old name الهابات regarding the derivation of which Mr. R. Burn, I.C.S., has a note in J. A. S. B., 1904, Part I, No. 2. The rupees of this reign are peculiar in that the inscriptions on the obverse and reverse form a couplet—one of the few known on Akbar's coins, viz.

It has been thought that these rupees may have been struck by Jahángír, who in 1008 rebelled against his father and, assuming the title of king, struck coins in his own name (Blochmann's 'Ain-i-Akharí, p. xxv, and E.D., vol. VI, pp. 99, 205). Rupees are, however, known of the fortieth year (1003-4). and the following passage from Badáoni (Lowe's translation, Bibliotheca Indica, p. 345) seems to fix the date of first issue of these coins as A. H. 991:

'The year after sending Mirzá Khán and the army of Málwá to Gujarát, the Emperor started from Ágra in a boat on a pleasure expedition to Iláhábád... and it was determined that thenceforth

that place (Allahábád) should be the Capital. And they struck ALLAHa new coinage, and Sharif Sarmadi wrote this verse for the coin: ÁBÁD

"Ever may it current be
Like the gold of sun and moon
From east to west of the world
The coinage of Allahábád."

It is possible that the coins of this type without date may be the issues between 991 and 1003. After Akbar, coins of this mint are rare, and there is none of Jahángír in this collection. Of Sháhjahán, too, there is only one specimen, a rupee of the 'square areas' type, dated 1043, but the 'Iláhí' coins of 1039-43 are represented in the British Museum (B. M. C., 606), and the 'Hijrí' issues in the cabinet of Mr. Longworth Dames (Num. Chron., 1902, p. 275). Dr. White King had a copper coin from this mint.

Of Aurangzéb there is a gold muhar of 1099-31 of the usual type, and a scarce rupee in which the mint is given as the town of Allahábád' (No. 1243). A silver coin of Sháh 'Alam I from the cabinet of Major Vost, I.M.S., has been published by Mr. Burn (J. A. S. B., 1904, Pt. I, No. 2), and I am, on further consideration, inclined to the opinion that No. 2327 is also a coin of this king. The legend on the obverse is similar to that on No. 1665, and the dot over the من من من من may be part of the date, which might then be read 1120. The rupee of Farrukh-siyar catalogued here under No. 1743 appears to be a solitary specimen of the coins of this reign, and the absence of a solitary specimen of the coins of this coin is noticeable. The Museum also has examples of rupees of Muḥammad, Aḥmad, 'Alamgír II and Sháh 'Alam II, and a muhar of Aḥmad Sháh. These all bear the usual inscriptions of their reigns.

#### ALWAR

ALWAR

Alwar was first used as a Muḥammadan mint by Shér Sháh Súr—for copper only. Akbar also had a mint there in his early years, the two dáms in this collection being dated 967 and 968, and the specimen in the Láhor Museum 972. He also issued rupees from the Alwar mint, but only two or three specimens are known. No coins of Alwar are known of any other Mughal Emperor.

AMÍR-KOT

#### AMÍRKOT

The above two dáms of Akbar are the only published specimens of coins from this mint town, which is identified by Dr. Codrington in his Musalmán Numismatics as Amarkot in Sind, Akbar's birthplace. The coins are dated 979 and 989, and the mint has the prefix of Qaṣba—town.

ÁNWALA

# ÁNWALA [ÁONLA]

Ánwala is only found as a mint town in the early years of the reign of Sháh 'Álam II (No. 2331 and L. M. C., p. 225). It is a town of Rohilkhand (in the present district of Badáyún (Budáon)). In the reign of Muḥammad Sháh it was the head quarters of the first of the Rohilla chiefs, 'Alí Muḥammad. No. 2331 must have been struck just after the battle of Pánípat, in 1761, when the Rohilla Najíb Khán was at the head of affairs in Dehlí.

In 1774, Anwala passed with the rest of Rohilkhand into the hands of the Nawab of Oudh, and in 1801 became British territory.

ARKÁT

## ARKÁT

Arkát (Arcot) as a mint is mainly connected with the East India Company, and the French 'Compagnie des Indes'. As an Imperial mint of the Mughals its issues were limited, and I have been obliged to exclude many of the Arkát coins in Mr. Rodgers's catalogue as not coming within the category of Mughal issues. The mint appears to have been established in the reign of Farrukh-siyar—the earliest known coins being of 1129 (cabinet of Dr. Taylor). The coin on I.M. C., p. 54 (7497), is, in my opinion, of Súrat, not Arkát.

By Muhammad the East India Company were given permission to coin rupees in imitation of the Mughal issues. This was in 1742 A.D.

= A.H. 1154-5. Possibly Nos. 1885 (a) and (b), dated 1158, may represent some of the first—but not very successful—attempts at coinage by the East India Company under this concession. The coins of Ahmad in the I. M. C. (pp. 69-70) have been excluded as non-imperial, and the only other Mughal coin of this mint is No. 2198 of the fourth year of 'Alamgir II.

#### 

'In the month of Rabí' II of this year (989) the Emperor ordered to be built on the banks of the Indus . . . a fortress which he called Atak Banáras, to distinguish it from Katak Banáras.' So writes Badáoní (Lowe's translation, Bibliotheca Indica, 1884, p. 301). A more probable reason for the name is that given by Blochmann (Ain, p. 374 n.) 'that the two frontier towns of his empire were to have similar names'. Akbar had marched north against his brother Muhammad Hakím. The king also went to Atak early in 994, and spent the greater part of the year there, leaving in Rabí II of 995. He was again there in 997. No coins, however, appear to have been struck before the thirty-seventh year (1000-01). Dáms are known of this and the following six years, and in this catalogue is a specimen of the forty-eighth year (No. 374). There are no coins of later date in this catalogue, but the Lucknow Museum has a rupee of Aurangzéb of Atak Banáras—the attribution of which is however doubtful—and a rupee is also known of Muhammad Sháh of Atak (L. M.C., p. 215) dated 1158 (1745), i.e. in the period between the invasions of Nádir Sháh and Ahmad Khán Durráni.

AURANGÁBÁD [KHUJISTA BUNYÁD]					AURANG-
Lat. 1	Long. 75° 20′			ÁBÁD	
		$\boldsymbol{A}$	AR	${f x}$	
Aurangzéb	(A.)	2	7		
	(K.)	4	7		
Sháh 'Álam	I (K.)	1	1	_	
Jahándár	(K.)		<b>2</b>		
Farru <u>kh</u> -siya	ar (K.)		1		

Aurangábád was the name given by Aurangzéb to a town founded by him during his father's reign near the site of the village of Kharkí, 5 kos SE. of Daulatábád. Under Jahángír

AURANG-the town had been called Fathábád (Blochmann's 'Ain-i-Akbarí, ÁBÁD p. 491 n.).

No. 1123 of the Catalogue dated 1070 is apparently the earliest coin known of the mint, which issued both gold and silver. Up to 1088 (B. M. C., No. 753) the mint name was put at the top of the reverse. By 1093 (Nos. 1248 and 1124) the type had altered. From 1100 the town is known on its coins solely by its honorific epithet 'Khujista Bunyád'—of auspicious foundation—there being two types of Aurangzéb's issues (Nos. 1406 and 1407).

The mint is represented by coins of the three following emperors. Rupees are also known of Muḥammad Sháh, Aḥmad Sháh, and 'Alamgír II (cabinet of Dr. Taylor).

AUSÁ

#### AUSÁ

Lat. 18° 15′ Long. 77° 30′ 
$$\frac{X}{\text{Sháh 'Álam I}} \frac{R}{-} \frac{E}{1}$$

Coins of this Dakhan mint are very scarce. None are known earlier than the reign of Sháh 'Álam I, or later than 'Álamgír II of whom one or two rupees exist in private collections. Ausá is in the Bídar district.

AWADH

## AWADH [AKHTARNAGAR]

Awadh, the ancient Ayodhya, was in Akbar's time the head quarters of a súba, and has given its name to the province now known as Oudh. A mint for copper coinage existed in Súrí times, but neither then nor under Akbar does it seem to have been extensively used. Only a few coins of Akbar are known, and those of the early years. The specimens in the Museum are in poor condition, but a comparison with better specimens in other cabinets leaves no doubt as to their attribution. No. 552 may possibly also be from the Awadh mint. The name is always preceded by the epithet Awadh mint. The mint reappears only once again in the Mughal series—in the reign of Muhammad Sháh—when it is called on the coins Akhtarnagar Awadh. The gold muhar (No. 1838) seems to be the first published example of the gold coinage of this mint.

# 'AZÍMÁBÁD. See PATNA.

#### BAHRÁICH

BAH-RÁICH

Lat. 2	27°	34'	Long.	81°	36'
		$\boldsymbol{A}$	Æ	,	Æ
${f A}{f k}{f b}{f a}{f r}$					4

Bahráich, which gives its name to a district in Oudh of the present day, was a copper mint of Akbar. It was an important mart for the trade between India and Nepál, and doubtless the policy of having a local mint was dictated by the necessity for a supply of copper coinage for mercantile transactions. The mint seems to have been moved after 980 to Dogáon, a village a little to the north in the same district. No other king, as far as is known, coined money at Bahráich.

#### BAIRÁTA

BAIRÁTA

Lat. 27°	27'	Long. 76°	12'
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	$\cdot \mathbb{R}$	$A\!\!\!E$
$\mathbf{Akbar}$		6	5
Jahángír		_	5
Sháhjahán			2

Bairáta, a town in Rájputáná in the vicinity of Alwar, had from early times been famous for its copper mines. It is mentioned in the 'Ain-i-Akbarí as also possessing an unremunerative silver mine.

It was a mint town under Akbar first for copper and later for silver also. The early dáms are rare. The Museum has a specimen of 971 (No. 382). A rupee is catalogued of 1005 (No. 169), but the majority of the silver issues are of the forty-eighth and forty-ninth year of Akbar. Bairáta was a mint for Akbar's tanka issue of the forty-fourth and following years, the full tanka weighing 632 grains (No. 383). Jahángír's copper issues are plentiful. Sháhjahán and Aurangzéb also coined in copper at Bairáta, and Mr. Burn (J. A. S. B., 1904, Pt. I, No. 2) mentions a copper coin of Farrukh-siyar in Dr. White King's cabinet from this mint. The coin does not, however, appear in the catalogue made when that collection was dispersed.

#### BARÉLÍ

## BARÉLÍ [BAREILLY]

Lat. 28° 22′	Lon	g. 79° 24	ł'
	$\boldsymbol{X}$	$A\!\!R$	${\cal E}$
Aurangzéb	_	13	
Sháh 'Álam I		$\tilde{5}$	
Jahándár		1	
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar		2	
Muḥammad	_	4	
Ahmad	_	3	
'Álamgír II		7	
Sháh 'Álam II		5	2

Barélí is the principal town of Rohilkhand, now included in the Province of Agra. It first became a mint town in the reign of Aurangzéb, the earliest coin of that king hitherto known being dated A. R. 1099 (cabinet of Dr. Taylor). Of the eighteen years between 1101 and Aurangzéb's death in 1118 the Indian Museum possesses rupees of thirteen.

Gold coins are only known of Shah 'Alam I, Farrukh-siyar, and 'Alamgir II, and copper coins of Shah 'Alam II alone, but all the Mughal emperors after Aurangzéb issued rupees from the Baréli mint. On the coins of Shah 'Alam I سنة جاوس مبمنت مانوس is replaced by سنة جاوس مبمنت مانوس. The later coins present no special features.

In the reign of Sháh 'Alam II. Barélí was a town of considerable importance as the head quarters of Háfiz Rahmat Khán, the Rohilla chief, who fell at the battle of Katra in 1774 (A. H. 1188), fighting against Shuj'áu-d-daula and his British allies. Rohilkhand was then made over to Oudh, and from this date few Mughal coins issued from the Barélí mint. Rupees are, however, known of the thirtieth and thirty-fifth years of Sháh 'Alam (cf. L. M. C., p. 231), on which Barélí is called Ásafábád—not Lutfábád as stated in the L. M. C.—probably in reference to the Nawáb of Oudh of the time, Ásafu-d-daula (see J. A. S. B., 1904, Pt. I, No. 2). The copper coins—Nos. 2488, 2489—are also of the thirty-fifth year of Sháh 'Álam II.

British rule was introduced into Rohilkhand in 1801 (A. H. 1216), and Nos. 2340 to 2344, though bearing Sháh 'Álam's date and in his name, must have issued under British authority. Baréli is on them called *Qit'a*-district. The obverse inscription differs from the one in use on the earlier Mughal issues, and a coin of 1210 was apparently adopted as a standard pattern, for the regnal year 37 is recorded on the reverse, irrespective of the Hijra date.

#### BHAKKAR

BHAK-KAR

Lat. 31° 3	37 <sup>′</sup>	Long. 71° 4′	
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	Æ	Æ
Sháhjahán I	_	8	_
Aurangzéb	_	3	

Bhakkar was taken by Muḥibb 'Alí Khán for Akbar in A. H. 981 after a siege of three years. It is given in Abú-l-fazl's list of mints for copper issues only, but in the Láhor Museum is a rupee of 985 which is, doubtfully, attributed to this mint, and Dr. White King had a specimen dated 986. Akbar's dáms of Bhakkar are very scarce. One was published by Mr. Oliver (J. A. S. B., 1886), but unfortunately the unit of the date was wanting. The other figures were 98.

The earliest coin in the present collection is a rupee of the reign of Sháhjahán (no coins of Jahángír are known) and was struck in A. H. 1040—third regnal year (No. 919). On the obverse of this coin the Kalima is enclosed in a circle, while No. 920, of the same Hijra date but a different regnal year, is a coin of the usual Iláhí type of Sháhjahán and on it Bhakkar is spelt Bakkar. The same double spelling occurs on coins of 1043. In this year appear three types. On the early coins the Kalima only is in a circle, the reverse inscription being in lines (B. M. C., No. 625). The next type has circular areas both on the obverse and reverse, while the later coins are of the 'square areas' type. This type obtained till the end of the reign.

Of the rare coins of Aurangzéb's early years three specimens are to be found in this catalogue. They are peculiar in having half the usual couplet, and the mint name, on the obverse and half on the reverse, the جاوس formula being absent. مهر also forms part of the inscription instead of بدر as on most of the silver coins of Aurangzéb. By 1083 the usual type had been adopted (L. M. C., p. 184).

After Aurangzéb the mint must have been very little worked, the only silver coins published being of the reign of Farrukh-siyar (cabinet of Mr. G. B. Bleazby, Allahábád) and Muḥammad Sháh (L. M.C., p. 209, where the coin is assigned to Níkúsiyar), while three copper coins—of Muḥammad and Sháh 'Alam II—are known.

No gold coin of this mint has been published.

#### BHARAT-PÚR

#### BHARATPÚR

Lat. 27° 13′	Long.	77° 30′	
	A	$\mathcal{A}$ R	Æ
Sháhjahán III	_	1	
Sháh 'Álam II	1	1	

Bharatpúr is the capital of a State in Rajputána on the borders of the Province of Ágra. The ruling chiefs are Játs, who became virtually independent in the early days of Muḥammad Sháh. On the coins the town is called Maha Indrapúr (Webb's Currencies of Rájputána, p. 127) and Braj Indrapúr. A mint seems to have been first established in the reign of Ahmad Sháh (cabinet of Mr. Ellis now in the Lucknow Museum)—the rupee attributed to Sháhjahán II, in L. M. C., p. 208, being probably a coin of the pretender Sháhjahán III. Gold and silver coins were struck in the name of 'Álamgír II, Sháhjahán III, and Sháh 'Álam II. Up to the thirty-fourth year (1206) of the latter king Bharatpúr went under the name of Maha Indrapúr (L. M. C., p. 230). In the same regnal year, but in A. H. 1207, the name of the mint appears (No. 2345) as Braj Indrapúr (read by Webb as Burj-i-anwarpúr), but the Láhor Museum has a copper coin of the forty-seventh year giving the older name.

### BHÍLSA

### BHÍLSA

Lat. 23° 31′ Long. 77° 19′ 
$$\frac{X}{-} = \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{-}$$
Sháhjahán — 3 — 4

Bhílsa is a town in the state of Bhopál, and was a mint of Sháh-jahán and Aurangzéb.

Dr. Taylor has a rupee of the eighth year of Sháhjahán, which is apparently the earliest coin known. The silver coin of Aurangzch, dated the twenty-first year (1089), referred to by Mr. Burn in his mint list (J. A. S. B., 1904, Pt. I. No. 2) is the only specimen published of that king, but it has been suggested that the coins bearing the mint name of 'Álamgírpúr issued from this mint (see ante under 'Álamgírpúr).

## BÍJÁPÚR

Lat. 
$$16^{\circ}$$
  $49'$  Long  $75^{\circ}$   $43'$   
Aurangzéb  $3$  R  $\times$  E

Bíjápúr was the capital of the Ádil Sháhí dynasty which ruled there from A.D. 1489 to 1686 (A.H. 895 to 1097). When Sháhjahán attacked the Nizám Sháh of Ahmadnagar, Bíjápúr came to the latter's aid. Bíjápúr was itself besieged in a. d. 1633 (a. h. 1042-3), **Bíjápúr** but without success, and in 1636 (a. h. 1045-6) a peace was patched up. Hostilities, however, recommenced twenty years later, and Bídar and Kulbarga were taken, but Aurangzéb was called away by his father's illness before he could complete his conquest of the kingdom. In 1685 (1096-7), after ineffectual attempts on the part of his son Á'zam, Aurangzéb advanced in person against the 'Ádil Sháh, and at the close of 1097 Bíjápúr was finally conquered and incorporated in the Mughal Empire.

In the British Museum Catalogue (No. 763) is given a coin of Bíjápúr dated 1091 (regnal year 24) which, if the reading is correct, was issued in Aurangzéb's name six years prior to the capture of Bíjápúr. The earliest coin in this volume is of the thirtieth regnal year (1098), and from this date to the close of the reign both gold and silver coins were freely struck at Bíjápúr, which was given the epithet of Dáru-z-zafar, the abode of victory. The reverse on the coins struck between 1100 and 1115 differs slightly from that of the earlier issues. A copper coin of this mint has been published by Mr. Rodgers (J. A. S. B., 1895, p. 171).

On Aurangzéb's death Bíjápúr came into the hands of Kám Bakhsh, who struck coins there (B. M. C., No. 853). It was also a mint of Sháh 'Álam I (Num. Chron.. 1902), and of Farrukh-siyar the British Museum has a gold muhar, while Dr. White King possessed two copper 'fulús'. After Farrukh-siyar the mint disappears from the Mughal series.

## BURHÁNÁBÁD

BURHÁN-ÁBÁD

The identity of this mint has not been definitely fixed, and, as stated on p. 44 n., the solitary coin from it described here is possibly a coin, not of Akbar, but of the Nizám Sháh Burhán II of Ahmadnagar. The resemblance of the Burhánábád coins to those struck at Daulatábád by Burhán Nizám has been pointed out in a note by Mr. Frámjí Jámasjí Thánawálá in J. A. S. B., 1907, Num. Supp. VII. I find on p. 401 of Blochmann's 'Ain-i-Akbarí' the following passage: 'During the siege of Ahmadnagar (by Murád in the fortieth year) the inhabitants of Shahr-i-nau, which is called Burhánábád, asked the Imperialists for protection,' and from the context it would appear that Burhánábád was a part of, or close to, Ahmadnagar.

The coin here catalogued is dated 1001, or two years before the siege of Ahmadnagar by Murád, a further reason for considering the coin to be non-imperial.

#### BUR-HÁNPÚR

## BURHÁNPÚR

Lat. 21° 18′		Long. $76^{\circ}$	14'
	$\mathcal{A}$	Æ	æ.E
Akbar	1	5	
Jahángír	1	8	
Sháhjahán	4	11	_
Aurangzéb		13	-
Sháh 'Álam I	1	2	
Jahándár			-
Farrukh-siyar		3	
Muhammad		2	
Ahmad	1	1	
'Álamgír II	_		
Sháh 'Álam II		2	

Burhánpúr was in the reign of Akbar the principal town of the independent state known as Khándésh, between the Narbadá and the Táptí rivers. 'The rulers of Khándésh,' says the Akbarnáma. were of the Fárúkí tribe, and the family had held rule in the country for more than 200 years.' Lying, however, so close to Málwá, it was natural that it should early feel the rising influence of the Mughal power. In A. H. 969 Burhánpúr was sacked by one of Akbar's generals. In 987 Akbar sent an army against Asír and Burhánpúr, and the ruler, Rájá 'Alí Khán, submitted and paid tribute. A dam of Akbar's fortieth year has been published in the Láhor Museum Catalogue, p. 116. If the date has been correctly read, this is the earliest known coin of the Burhánpúr mint. One would not have expected to find a Mughal mint established in Khándésh before the forty-fifth year. On Rájá 'Alí Khán's death in Akbar's forty-first year, his son Bahádur Khán broke out into In 1008 (forty-fourth year) Akbar, who was at the time at Ujjain, determined to compel submission by force. Burhánpúr was occupied, and eventually Asirgarh, Bahadur's principal fortress, was taken early in the forty-fifth year. Khándésh was then incorporated in the Mughal Empire. Mughal gold and silver coins now appear in plenty. In the Láhor Museum (L. M. C., pp. 81, 82) are two of the forty-fifth year. The earliest in this catalogue is dated 46 Iláhí, Farwardín, i.e. Ramazán 1009. On coins of the forty-eighth to fiftieth years the mint is written برهان ور instead of برهانور. Akbar issued gold, silver, and copper coins from Burhánpúr, and the mint was retained by the Mughals to the virtual end of the dynasty, the reign of Shah 'Alam II. It is well represented in the present catalogue by 8 gold and 47 silver coins of nine emperors. No. 654 of BURthe first year of Jahángír gives a rare couplet:—

HÁNPÚR

'The king, the asylum of the faith, Sháh Núru-d-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Bádsháh, struck coin in the city of Burhánpúr.'

This coin is of the normal weight, though heavy rupees were coined of the same type (L.M.C., p. 151). Burhánpúr seems to have issued no coins in the name of Núrjahán, the issues of Jahángír's last years being of the usual Iláhí type (L.M.C., p. 150). Jahángír also issued copper coins from Burhánpúr.

Of Sháhjahán there are examples of the Hijrí (No. 930), Iláhí (931) and 'square areas' types, as well as of the rare variety in which the names of the four Khalífas make their first reappearance on the Mughal coinage after Akbar (No. 932). The 'square areas' are, at first, enclosed in plain, but later in dotted, lines. In the reverse marginal legend is included the formula خلد الله ملكة. The lozenge-shaped area was also in vogue in 1040.

The issues of the early years of Aurangzéb are rare, but there are two in the Láhor Museum, on one of which (L.M.C., p. 180), Burhánpúr is called بلاء فاخره, 'the sumptuous town.' Dr. White King had a half ful is of the seventh year (1075). There would seem to have been few issues from the mint between 1075 and 1098, but from the latter date Burhánpúr coins are plentiful in silver, and there are gold muhars in the British Museum.

On Aurangzéb's death Burhánpúr recognized Á'zam as his father's heir, and issued coin in his name in 1119. In 1120 we find Sháh 'Álam I striking coin there, and the mint is now given the epithet of دار السرور, 'the abode of delight,' which is retained on the coinage to the end of the series.

Of the remaining coins from this mint there is little to be said. No. 2088 (X) is a rare coin and appears to be the only known specimen of the gold coinage of Ahmad Sháh from this mint. Nos. 2346 and 2347 are of crude execution and savour of Maráthá mintage. Gaps in the reigns of Jahándár, Rafí'u-d-darját and 'Álamgír II, and a total absence of any copper coins, tend to mar what is otherwise a representative collection of the issues of Burhánpúr.

CHHACH-RAULÍ

## CHHACHRAULÍ

Lat. 30° 15′ Long. 77° 25′ X Æ Æ Sháh 'Álam II — — 1

Only two coins of this mint have been published, both of Shah 'Alam II, and dated 1215 (1800). The second specimen was in the cabinet of Dr. White King. Why a mint was established at Chhachrauli is not obvious. In 1799 Shimbunath, the officer in charge of the Bawani Mahal, in which Chhachrauli was, had risen against the Marathas, and 'called in the Sikhs in aid of his attempts at independence', but 'was met and repulsed by a Mughal officer' (Keene's Fall of the Mughal Empire, p. 237).

CHÍNÁ-PATAN

## CHÍNÁPATAN [MADRÁS]

Lat. 13°	Long.	80° 15′	
	$\boldsymbol{X}$	$A\!\!\!R$	Æ
Aurangzéb		5	_
Sháh 'Álam I		2	
Farrukh-siyar		2	

Chínápatan was the name by which Madrás is known on Mughal issues. The earliest coin of the mint is a gold Nisár in the British Museum. dated 1103—thirty-fifth year of Aurangzéb, and in the same cabinet is a rupee of the same year. In this catalogue there is no coin prior to the fortieth year. The mint was used by Sháh 'Alam I and Farrukh-siyar, but apparently not by Jahándár. Mr. C. J. Rodgers also assigned to this mint and to Muhammad Sháh the coin numbered 7330 on p. 62 of this catalogue: but in the absence of any king's name, date, or full mint name, I have placed the coin among the unassigned.

CHÍTOR

#### CHÍTOR

Chitor was taken by Akbar from the Ráná of Mewár in A.H. 975, after a siege of four months. Dáms were issued between 999 and 1005 (Nos. 388-90), and a single silver coin of Akbar from this mint is known. I also find a reference in Mr. Burn's mint list (J. A. S. B., 1904) to a silver coin of Sháh 'Álam II in the cabinet of Mr. G. B. Bleazby of Allahábád.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The original name was Chinna-patanam. The town was so named after Chinnapa, father of the Naik of Chingleput, within whose government it lay (Talboys Wheeler, Early Records of Breish India, p. 49 n. .

### DAULATÁBÁD

DAULAT-ÁBAD

Lat. 19°	57 <b>′</b>	Lo	ng. 75°	13'	
		$oldsymbol{A}$	$A\!R$		Æ
Sháhjahán		4	3		

Daulatábád is situated a few miles to the west of Aurangábád, and was known till the reign of Muḥammad bin Tughlaq as Déogír. It was a mint of the Nizám Sháhí dynasty of Aḥmadnagar, but the only Mughal emperor who struck coins there was Sháhjahán.

'The fort of Lohgarh at Daulatábád in the Dakhan' is mentioned in the Akbarnáma as having been taken by the imperial forces in the forty-third year of Akbar, but in Jahángír's reign it was 'a stronghold of the Dakhanís', and was not finally captured till A. H. 1042. Sháhjahán coined in both gold and silver, and the inscriptions were in lozenge-shaped, square or eightfoil circular areas. Rupees are known of his first year—1037—but the early coins are scarce. His latest coins are dated 1068—thirty-second year. Aurangzéb transferred the mint to Aurangábád.

# DEHLÍ [SHÁHJAHÁNÁBÁD]

DEHLÍ

			_
Lat. 28° 39	' Long	g. 77° 15′	
	$oldsymbol{A}$	$A\!R$	Æ
Humáyún		1	3
Akbar	4	12	29
Jahángír	-	12	_
Sháhjahán	1	3	1
Aurangzéb	7	26	
Sháh 'Álam I	1	4	
Jahándár	-	3	
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar	3	17	
Rafí'u-d-darját	1	<b>2</b>	
Sháhjahán II		5	
Ibráhím		1	
Muḥammad	10	62	_
Ahmad		10	
'Álamgír II	1	5	
Sháhjahán III			
Sháh 'Álam II	3	8	
Bídár-Ba <u>kh</u> t	1		
Akbar II	1	9	2
Bahádur		1	

Dehlí Capital of the Mughal emperors, as it had been of the Pathán Sultáns, it is not surprising to find that Dehlí accounts for as many as one-tenth of the coins here catalogued. Every emperor is represented except Bábar, of whom no coins struck at Dehlí are published. The earliest coin is of Humáyún, dated 943, but coins of this emperor struck at this mint in the first year of his reign (937) are known (L. M. C., p. 6). Nos. 46 to 48, on which Dehlí is called Hazrat Dáru-l-mulk, are specimens of Humáyún's copper issues, though they do not bear his name. Akbar's Dehlí rupees prior to 970, of which No. 180 is an example, are not common, and apparently no gold coins have been published with dates either before 972 (No. 84) or after 977. On the early rupees Akbar is styled السلطان الأعطم لخاص المناس is in a circular area.

The mint name usually has the prefix *Ḥaṣrat*, but on No. 87 of 977 to this is added 'Dáru-l-mulk'. There was apparently no square 'Hijra' issue in 986—in fact no silver coins seem to have been struck between 985 and 993, and no gold coins after 977. In 993 we find issuing from Dehlí Akbar's first Iláhí coins, Nos. 182–3 being of the earliest month published—Amardád. The coins are square (though one or two round specimens are known), and in addition to Akbar's creed have the mint name on the obverse. This type continued till the forty-third year.

Akbar's copper issues from the Dehlí mint are of several types, the Hijra coins up to 988 being 'fulús' struck at Ḥaẓrat Dehlí, and having the Hijra date in words and figures on the reverse. No. 391 of 966 seems to be the earliest published. From 988 to 1000 there occurs a break, the issues of the latter year being 'fulús' of Dehlí, without any epithet and with the Iláhí year and month on the reverse.

In the forty-fourth year appeared the 'tanka' issue, probably in the second month, for the L. M.C. gives a 'fulús' of the first month of that year. Among the Dehlí coins of this period are sixteenths of the tanka.

Jahángír's gold coins of Dehlí are very scarce, and there is none described here. The L. M. C. gives two examples on pp. 124 and 128. The rupees of the early years—Kalima and 'couplet' types—are also rare, and are not represented in the cabinets of the British, Láhor, and Indian Museums. Specimens are, however, known in private collections. From 1021 the mint became more active, and coins of the usual Iláhí type were struck up to the end of the reign. No coins issued from Dehlí in the name of Núrjahán.

Jahángir's copper issues consisted of the small half ráij and 'fulus' weighing about 40 grains. Of Sháhjahán there are at least three varieties: (a) the Hijra coins of 1037–1038, not represented

here; (b) the Iláhí coins of 1038 to 1040 (Nos. 944-5); (c) the **DEHLÍ** 'Kulima in circle' type after 1040 (there is a coin in my own cabinet of this type as late as 1049—thirteenth year). Sháhjahán also issued small 'fulús' from Dehlí (No. 1109).

In 1048 Sháhjahán 'built a city near Dehlí which he named Sháhjahánábád' (Elliot & Dowson's History of India, p. 12), and in future it is this name, with the epithet Dáru-l-khlidífut, which appears on the coins of Dehlí. On Sháhjahán's gold muhars and rupees both the Kalima on the obverse and the king's name on the reverse are in circular areas, while in the margin of the latter occurs the following couplet:—

'May the coin of Sháhjahánábad be current for ever in the world in the name of the second Sáhib Qirán.'

No. 859 is a gold muhar of this type and is dated the twenty-sixth year (1062-3), but rupees are known of earlier date.

Aurangzéb's gold and silver coins, the earliest of which is dated 1070 (No. 1139), all bear his couplet on the obverse with the usual reverse. The 'julús' formula was abandoned by Sháh 'Álam I on his silver issues and سنة .... عبارك substituted for it, but it was reintroduced on some of Jahándár's coins, and obtained till the close of the dynasty.

Of Farrukh-siyar's coins several types occur, the arrangement of the inscription and date on the obverse being varied.

No. 1836 is a rare coin of the pretender Ibráhím, the inscription on which has been discussed on p. 216. The coins of Muhammad and Ahmad are monotonous in their uniformity. 'Álamgír II varied the type but attempted to put on the coin a great deal more than the surface would hold—his inscriptions are therefore fragmentary. Of Sháh 'Álam II the only coin that need be noticed here is No. 2467, dated 1221-48, whose border of roses, thistles, and shamrock leaves is an indication of the events that had taken place three years before.

No. 2498 is a coin struck in the name of Bídár-Bakht, whom Ghulám Qádir put on the throne of the Mughals in 1202 after blinding Sháh 'Álam.

After the British conquests in 1803 (1218), the rule of the Mughals was confined to the palace at Sháhjahánábád, but there they continued to exercise the royal privilege of striking coin till 1857. These pieces—both gold and silver—are of fine execution, and broad enough to contain the whole of the inscription—rare qualities

DEHLÍ

in the later Mughal series. Of these the latest in this catalogue is a rare coin of Bahádur II, dated 1255.

Apart from the weakness in copper coins after Akbar, the collection of coins from the Dehlí mint here catalogued may be considered thoroughly representative.

DOGÁON

## DOGÁON

Dogáon was identified by Major Vost with the village of Dogon,  $4\frac{1}{2}$  miles to the north-west of Nánpára in the Bahráich district of Oudh (J. A. S. B., 1895). As remarked under 'Bahráich' (q.v.), the mint seems to have been removed from Bahráich to Dogáon to supply the copper coins required for the trade between India and Nepál. The earliest coin mentioned by Major Vost was of 986, but in the L. M. C. is a single specimen of 974, while the next earliest is No. 419 in this catalogue of 980. On the earlier issues Dogáon went by the epithet of Dáru-l-khiláfat. About 988 this was changed to Dáru-s-salám. Dáms of most years up to 1003 are known, and Major Vost has described one of 1011 and two coins of 1013. Some of the later coins have on the reverse, besides the date, the words of the later coins have on the reverse, besides the date, the words will, doubtless in reference to Akbar's new creed. In the Láhor Museum Catalogue is also a specimen of Akbar's 'tanka' issue of the forty-fourth year, on which the mint is spelt 'Adogám'.

No coins of Jahángír have been published, but Major Vost has described three of Sháhjahán.

ÉLICH-PÚR

## ÉLICHPÚR

Lat. 21° 16	<b>3</b> ′	Long. 77°	33'
	A	$_{ m JR}$	Æ
Aurangzéb		1	None on
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar		1	
Muhammad			1
Unassign <b>e</b> d			2

Élichpúr was the capital of the Imád Sháhí dynasty, which ruled in Berár between A. D. 1482 and 1572. Berár was then absorbed by Aḥmadnagar. The province was conquered by Akbar in his thirty-first year, Élichpúr being sacked. In Sháhjahán's time Berár was a súba of the Mughal Empire. Jahángír struck coins at Élichpúr but the earliest coin here catalogued is of

Aurangzéb's forty-ninth year (No. 1297). Rupees are also known ÉLICH-from this mint of Sháh 'Álam I (L. M. C., p. 199), Jahándár (cabinet PÚR of Dr. Taylor), and Farrukh-siyar (No. 1758), and copper coins of Aurangzéb, Şháh 'Álam I, Muḥammad, Aḥmad, 'Álamgír II, and Sháh 'Álam II (see J. A. S. B., 1904, Pt. I, No. 2). No gold coins have been published.

ETÁW	A [or ETA	WÁ]		ETÁWA
Lat. 26°	46' Long	g. 79° 1′		
	$A\!$	Æ	Æ	
Aurangzéb	1	37		
Sháh 'Álam I		3	_	
Jahándár	_	5	_	
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar	1	13	_	
Rafí'u-d-darját	-	2		
Sháhjahán II		1	_	
Muḥammad		12	_	
Ahmad		1		
'Álamgír II		1		
Sháh 'Álam II		1	_	

Etáwá is the head quarters of a district in the province of Agra.

A mint was established there by Aurangzéb, and a small Nisár in my own cabinet dated 1097-28 probably marks its inauguration. The earliest coin published is No. 1298 of 1098, and the Museum has a fine series of the rupees of this king, only two years out of the twenty not being represented, and many of the specimens being in unusually fine condition. In 1109—(forty-second year)—the mint, which hitherto had been written vit, is spelt vit, and this spelling is retained to the end. No. 1128 dated 1109 is apparently the earliest gold muhar published. The coins of Sháh 'Álam I are of the usual type, but Jahándár, in spite of his short reign, struck two varieties, on one of which occurs an unusual obverse inscription, viz.

The legend is clear on the coins (Nos. 1713-1715) but has very little meaning. It is not noticed in Mr. Rodgers's paper on couplets on Mughal coins in J. A. S. B., 1888. Farrukh-siyar also has two types, but the remaining coins present no special features. The latest coin of this mint is of Sháh 'Álam II's twenty-second year (No. 2348).

#### FARRU<u>kh</u>-Ábád

## FARRUKHÁBÁD [AḤMADNAGAR]

Lat. 27° 24′	Lon	g. 79° 34′	
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	$A\!R$	Æ
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar		1	_
Muḥammad		1	
Aḥmad		1	
Sháh 'Álam II	$^2$	23	

Farrukhábád is the head quarters of a district in the province of Ágra. It was founded by Muḥammad Khán Bangash about 1714, and named after Farrukh-siyar (Elliot and Dowson's History of India, VIII, p. 48). The first coins from the mint were issued in that emperor's name. In the reign of Muḥammad Sháh Farrukhábád was annexed by the Nawáb of Oudh, but recovered in the following year by Aḥmad Khán, and after a struggle with the Maráthás left in his possession. From him comes the name of Aḥmadnagar which appears on the coins from the time of 'Alamgír II (L.M.C. and B.M.C.) in conjunction with Farrukhábád (see note by Mr. R. Burn, J. A. S. B., 1904). The earliest coin with the double name in the Indian Museum is No. 2285 of the fifteenth year of Sháh 'Álam II.

In 1777 (A.H. 1191) British troops were stationed at Fathgarh, an adjoining fort, and a British resident was posted there between 1780 and 1785.

Up to 1203 (1788) the coins followed the usual type of Sháh 'Álam II's coinage, but between that year and 1211 the regnal year 31 was retained on the reverse irrespective of the Hijra date. The type then changed again, and after 1212 the coins bear only the regnal year 39, the latest Hijra date known with this regnal year being 1220 (No. 2306). Farrukhábád passed permanently into the hands of the British in 1802 (A. H. 1217) and became one of the mint towns of the East India Company.

#### FATḤ-PÚR

## FATḤP੯R

Fathpur, which lies a short distance west of Agra, was founded by Akbar in 976 on the site of the village of Sikri. The latter was well known as the residence of the Muhammadan saint Shaikh Salim Chishti, who exercised considerable influence over Akbar till his death in 979. After the early death of several of Akbar's

children, Salím Chishtí promised Akbar another son, and at his FATRhouse in 977 Jahángír was born and named Salím after the PÚR Shaikh. Fathpur was completed in 979 and for some years became Akbar's head quarters. The earliest known coin from the mint which he established there is No. 433 dated 977 (probably), the obverse of which I have not been able completely to decipher. The mint, however, was not in regular working order till 985, of which year square rupees are known; of the following year specimens in gold, silver, and copper are catalogued. The first gold issues were round (No. 88), but in the same year appeared a square type (B. M. C., No. 66). These square coins were struck till 989 and from that date no more is heard of the mint until 1038—the first year of Sháhjahán, of which date a solitary specimen is published in the Lúhor Museum Catalogue (p. 161). Fathpur is known on all the coins except the round gold muhar of 986 and the dám of 977 as Dáru-s-saltanat.

#### GOBINDPÚR

GOBIND-PÚR

This mint town has been identified with a place of this name in Chhotá Nágpúr in Bengál. No metal but copper seems to have been coined there. (It is not, however, mentioned in Abú-l-fazl's list of mints for copper coins.) The coins (Nos. 441-4) are specimens of Akbar's tanka issue and are of his forty-fifth to forty-seventh years.

In the Láhor Museum Catalogue are given four coins of the fortieth year, but it seems probable that forty-five has been mistaken for forty, for I can find no mention of the tanka in the 'Ain-i-Akbarí' which was not completed till the forty-second year. To judge from the evidence of the Ágra and Aḥmadábád coins, the tanka issue did not commence till the forty-fourth year.

#### GOKULGARH

GOKUL GARH

Gokulgarh does not occur as a Mughal mint till the reign of Sháh 'Álam II. It was a town in Mewát on the borders of Bíkánír,

GARH

GOKUL- within twenty-four hours forced march from Dehli, and in the fief of Najaf Quli Khán (Keene's Fall of the Mughal Empire, pp. 167-8). In 1788 (1202) the town was invested by Shah 'Alam II and taken. Nos. 2355-6 were struck in the year of the siege, but the other five rupees here catalogued bear earlier dates from 1189. The coins from the mint read as Dingarh in L. M. C., pp. 227-9, are probably of Gokulgarh mintage.

GUL-KANDA

#### GULKANDA

Lat. 17°	23'	Long. 78° 24	,
	A	Æ	ĮΕ
Sháhjahán	_	4	
${f A}$ urangzéb		17	

Gulkanda-more familiar as Golconda-was from A.D. 1512 to 1687 the capital of the Qutb Sháhí dynasty, and is situated a few miles from the more modern capital of the Nizám's dominion Haidarábád.

Under Sháhjahán the Quth Sháhs came into collision with the Mughal and in 1045 agreed to pay tribute and permit the Khutba to be read in the Emperor's name. (E. D., VII. 51.) Aurangzéb, when governor of the Dakhan Súbas, lost no time in picking a fresh quarrel, which ended, in 1067, in Abdullah, the reigning king, consenting to strike coins in Sháhjahán's name. Peace, however, was only temporary, and the Gulkanda dynasty was eventually extinguished Of the Sháhjahán period four coins are catalogued. in а. н. 1098. but only one of them has anything resembling a date, and that a very doubtful one, for it would place the coin earlier than 1045. Several rupees, however, are known of the first year of Aurangzeb, and therefore very shortly after the peace made in 1067 (No. 1335). These early rupees merely recite Aurangzeb's name and title, and have the mint name at the top of the reverse. By the third year the couplet had been adopted. The obverse of the 1071 rupees was apparently used for the next few years, and after 1076 the obverse of that year up to the eighteenth year (No. 1345) and probably longer. The latest date known of this mint is the thirty-first year of Aurangzeb (B. M. C., No. 712). The Mughal mint then appears to have been transferred to Haidarábád. No copper issues of Gulkanda have been published, and only a few specimens are known of the gold coinage.

#### **GWÁLIÁR**

GWÁ-

Lat. 26° 13	·	Long. 78° 10′	
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	$A\!\!R$	Æ
Akbar		<del></del>	1
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar		1	
Muhammad		5	

Gwáliár (Gwáliar) was taken by Akbar in A.H. 966. It had been a mint town for silver and copper under Shér Sháh Súr, and Islám Sháh Súr spent much of his time there. In Akbar's time Gwáliár was only a mint for copper, and the final 'a' is written short on the coins.

No. 445 of 968, i.e. two years after the capture of the fortress, seems the earliest coin of the mint to be published. The Láhor Museum has a specimen of 987, and in the *British Museum Catalogue* is an Iláhí 'fulús' of the thirty-eighth year.

After Akbar the mint fell into disuse and was revived by Aurangzéb, of whose issues, however, only a solitary specimen seems known—in my own cabinet. Jahándár struck both gold and silver there, but only rupees are known of the later Mughals. Dr. White King published a copper coin of Sháh 'Álam II (Num. Chron., 1896), but its origin was only conjectured from the presence of a 'sword' on the reverse, a mint mark which is borne on Ujjain coins also.

## HAIDARÁBÁD

HAIDAR-ÁBÁD

Lat. 17° 22′	Long. 78° 27'		
	$A\!\!\!V$	.43	Æ
Aurangzéb	-	3	-
Shah 'Alam I		1	

Ḥaidarábád was founded by one of the Qutb Sháhí dynasty of Gulkanda about 1600 a.d. As stated ante under Gulkanda, the mint of that town appears to have been transferred to Ḥaidarábád after the thirty-first year of Aurangzéb's reign, the rupee of 1099 in the Láhor Museum (L. M. C., p. 107) being probably one of the first issues. It is called Dáru-l-jihád—the abode of religious warfare—on the coins of Aurangzéb and Kám Bakhsh (B. M. C., No. 852), and 'Farkhunda bunyád'—of auspicious foundation—in the reign of Sháh 'Alam I, and Muḥammad, the latter of whom struck both gold and silver there. Copper coins of this mint are known of Aurangzéb and Sháh 'Álam I.

ĦIŞÁR.

## HISÁR [FÍROZA]

Ḥiṣar Firoza was founded by Firoz Shah Tughlaq about A. H. 757. It was a mint town of the Suris for copper, and of Akbar for silver also. Akbar's issues are scarce in both metals. The two specimens in this catalogue are dated 966 and 967. They have the affix Firoza, but this is omitted from the later Ilahi 'fulus' of the thirty-seventh and thirty-eighth years (L. M. C., p. 106). I have in my own cabinet a rupee of Akbar, dated 963, and one or two others are known.

IMTI-YÁZ-GARH

## IMTIYÁZGARH [ADONÍ]

Lat. 15° 38′	Long. 77° 17'		
	$\boldsymbol{A}\!$	${\bf R}$	Æ
Muhammad	3	-	_~
Aḥmad		2	
'Álamgír II	5	2	
Unassigned		2	_

The earliest appearance of Imtiyázgarh as a Mughal mint is on a dateless coin of Aurangzéb (L. M.C., p. 192), and only a solitary rupee seems to be known of Sháh 'Álam I. With Farrukh-siyar started a gold coinage on the pattern of the South Indian 'hun'—small dumpy coins weighing about 56 grains, if allowance be made for wear. These continued to be struck in the name of Muḥammad and 'Álamgír II. Of the latter a half-piece weighing 25 grains is catalogued under No. 2182. Rupees are known of Aḥmad Sháh and 'Álamgír II, but they bear, as a rule, no trace of a date or regnal year. The latest date for the mint is apparently 1170 (B. M. C., No. 1068).

ISLÁM-ÁBÁD

# ISLÁMÁBÁD [CHITTAGONG]

To what mint town the above coins should be attributed is still a matter of doubt. Notes on the point are to be found in Mr. Longworth Dames's paper on Mughal coins in Num. Chron., 1902, p. 275, and Mr. Burn's mint list in J. A. S. B., 1904. Chittagong

was renamed Islámábád in 1076, on the conquest of Arakán, by ISLÁM-Sháyista Khán, and the same name had been given by the same general ÁBÁD in 1070 to the Maráthá fortress of Chákná. The name of Mathurá (near Ágra) actually appears on the coins of Sháh 'Álam II in conjunction with Islámábád. Aurangzéb destroyed one of the principal Hindu temples at Mathurá in 1080, and built on the site a large mosque. There would, however, seem to have been more need for a mint at Chittagong than at either Mathurá or Chákná. On the other hand the fact that coins bearing the name Islámábád alone were issued as late as in the reigns of Muhammad and Ahmad militates against Chákná being the mint town, for South Indian Mughal mints tend to disappear after Farrukh-siyar.

This catalogue supplies the earliest coin of the mint so far published - No. 1355 dated 1094 - the twenty-seventh year of Aurangzéb's reign. This was found in the Central Provinces—District Bhandára. The mint, however, is otherwise poorly represented, the only other coin being one of Mulammad.

JAHÁNGÍ	Jahán-			
Lat. 23° 43	3 <b>′</b>	Long. 90° 24'		GÍRNA- GAR
	$A\!\!\!V$	Æ	Æ	4111
Jahángír	_	11	_	
Sháhjahán		4	_	
Aurangzéb	_	11	_	
Sháh 'Álam I	_	<b>2</b>	_	
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar	_	1	_	
Muhammad	-	1	_	
Ahmad		4	_	
'Álamgír II	_	3		

Dháká (Dacca) seems to have been renamed Jahángírnagar about 1021, the seventh year of Jahángír's reign (E. D., VI. 328-30), the earliest coin being of the twelfth year 1 (No. 674). Jahángír's coins are all of the usual Iláhí type which began in 1020. is a gold coin of the nineteenth year in the British Museum, but none of any other emperor appears to be known.

Of Sháhjahán two varieties are published, the Iláhí type current between 1038 and 1042, and the 'square areas' type from 1043 onwards.

Aurangzéb's early issues 2, also with square areas, containing on the obverse the second half of the emperor's couplet, and the Hijra date,

<sup>1</sup> The date on the coin attributed to the second year in L. M. C., p. 150, is admittedly

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Dr. Taylor has a rupee dated 1071-3, which on the obverse has the ordinary couplet, but with بدر for بدر. The mint name is at the top of the reverse.

#### JAHÁN-GÍRNA-GAR

and on the reverse سنة ... جارس, are scarce, and No. 1356 of 1081 is, perhaps, the first to be published. The ordinary type had been adopted by 1092 and continued to the close of the reign.

Jahángírnagar was a mint for both silver and copper in the reign of Sháh 'Álam I.

The coins of the later emperors conform to the usual types—those of Aḥmad being described now for the first time. The mint was closed soon after 1765, and the only published coin in the name of Sháh 'Alam II is a rupee of 1183 (1769-70), which must have been struck by the East India Company (B. M. C., No. 1157).

No. 2223 of the fifth year of 'Alangir II is the latest of the Mughal issues from Jahángirnagar here catalogued.

### **JAIP**ÚR

JAIPÚR	[SAV	VÁÍ]	
Lat. 26° 55′	$\operatorname{Lon}$	g. 75° 50′	
	A	$\mathcal{A}$	Æ
Muljammad		4	
Aḥmad	_	1	
'Álamgír II	1	1	
Sháh 'Álam II	1	1	

Jaipúr was founded in the reign of Muhammad Sháh, in 1728 (1140-41), by Rájá Jai Singh, a descendant of Rájá Bihárí Mal, who had been the first Rájpút to join Akbar's court, and his better known son, Bhagwán Dás, father-in-law of Jahángír (Blochmann's Ain, p. 329). No. 1926 of 1153, twenty-third year of Muhammad, seems to be the earliest coin known of the Jaipúr mint. Coins were issued in the names of all the later emperors, of the usual types. Those of Sháh 'Álam II bear the distinctive mint mark of the Jaipúr State, a 'jhár' of six sprigs (M. 110). Gold coins from this mint are here catalogued for the first time. 'Jaipúr' always has the prefix 'Sawáí' on the coinage, Sawáí being the title of its founder, and meaning 'raised above all other princes' (Webb's Currencies of Rájputáno, p. 72). The state came under the protection of the British in 1818 during the reign of Akbar II.

## JALÉR

The above coin and a rupee in the Láhor Museum (L. M. C., p. 149), also dated 1031, are the only issues of this mint that I have heard of. The reading is tentative, and I have been unable to identify the town.

<sup>1 ·</sup> Sawái' means literally one and a quarter—hence 'better than ordinary.'

## JAMMÚŅ

**JAMMÚN** 

Lat. 32° 44′ Long. 74° 55′ 
$$\frac{\mathcal{A}}{\text{Sháh 'Álam II}} \quad \frac{\mathcal{A}}{-} \quad 1 \quad \frac{\mathcal{E}}{-}$$

Jammún, the winter capital of the State of Kashmír, is only known as a Mughal mint on rupees of Sháh 'Álam II. The earliest specimen is a rupee of 1195, twenty-third regnal year (L. M. C., p. 228), and coins are known of the three following years, No. 2356 being of 1196. The obverse contains the simple enumeration of the king's name, and to the mint town is prefixed the epithet of Dáru-l-umán, the abode of safety.

JAUNPÚR					
Lat. 25° 4	4' Lon	g. 82° 44	<b></b> '		
	X	$\mathbf{A}$	Æ		
Humáyún			8		
Akbar	2	8	3		

JAUN-PÚR

Jaunpúr was the capital of the Sharqí dynasty, which became independent of Dehlí in A.D. 1394 (A.H. 796). The last king, Husen Sháh, was dethroned by Bahlol Lodí in A. H. 881 (1476 A. D.), and the latter struck copper coins at Jaunpur. Bábar and Humáyún used it as a mint between 935 and 943, and coins of Muhammad 'Adil Súr are known of 963 and 964 (vol. II). Specimens of Bábar's silver issues are to be found in the Láhor Museum (L. M.C., pp. 2 and 3), but the earliest in this catalogue is a copper coin of Humáyún's first year (No. 49) on which Jaunpur is called Dáru z-zarb Khita muta-This type, which obtained till 943, is peculiar in not recording the emperor's name. Jaunpur remained in the possession of the Afgháns for some years after Akbar's accession, and, according to the Tabagát-i-Akbarí (E. D., V. 259), was annexed in the fourth year (966-7), but a rupee in the Láhor Museum (L. M. C., p. 54) bears, if the reading is correct, the date 965. In 974, the governor of Jaunpur broke out into open rebellion, and Akbar was obliged personally to Jaunpur before the rising could be to go quelled.

As in the case of Agra and Dehlí, the gold coinage was apparently not started till 971 or 972, No. 89 of the latter year being the earliest to be published. The obverse of the coins, both gold and silver, of this period contains the *Kalima* in a wavy pentagon, while the king's name and titles are enclosed in an oblong area with arched ends.

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JAUN PÚR Akbar is entitled ناصر الدنيا و الدين, 'defender of the world and the faith,' and Jaunpur is ordinarily termed 'Daru-l-khilafat'. The rupees are fine broad coins of bold execution.

In 986 appeared a square issue of the usual type, of which No. 203 is an example with a late date, 988. The copper issues are also of about this time (No. 449 and L. M. C., p. 115). The only coins known of Jaunpúr after 988 are a gold muhar and two or three rupees of Aurangzéb.

JÚNA-GARH

#### JÚNAGARH

Lat. 21° 31′	$\mathbf{Lor}$	ıg. 70° 36′	,
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	Æ	Æ
Sháhjahán		3	_
Aurangzéb	1 ?	10	

Júnagarh is a town of Kathiáwár. The fortress was taken by Akbar in 999, but a mint was first established there by Sháhjahán, and a rupee dated 1049-13, of the 'square areas' type, seems to be the earliest issue from it (cabinet of Dr. Taylor).

The coins of the first thirty years of Aurangzéb are of an unusual type, part of the couplet on the obverse being enclosed in a square area, the remainder, with the Hijra year, in the margin, while in a similar square area on the reverse is the 'julús' formula. with the mint name and regnal year in the margin. In 1099 the type changes, and the usual pattern of rupee is found (No. 1373).

Coins are known of Sháh 'Álam I (Lucknow Museum), Farrukh-siyar, Sháhjahán II, and Muḥammad Sháh.

KÁBUL

## KÁBUL

Lat. 34° 30′	Long, 69° 13′		
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	Æ	Æ
Akbar		<b>2</b>	3
Jahángír		.5	
Sháhjahán		1	
Aurangzéb	1	1	

Kábul had been Bábar's capital for some years before the battle of Pánípat in A.H. 932 gave to him the sovereignty of Hindustán. Akbar entrusted the government of Kábul to his brother Muḥammad Hakím, and did not himself visit the place till 989, when he went to suppress an attempt to assume independence on the part of his brother. Bábar and Humáyún's coins from the Kábul mint had

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Akbar does not seem to have struck any silver coins at Kábul during the early part of his reign, his earliest issues being half dúms of the thirty-second year—995 (No. 452). The silver coinage does not appear till the forty-fourth year (1007), and these were almost all half rupees—presumably because they were nearest in weight to the local dirham. One or two rupees are, however, also known. No. 454 is a specimen of the rare 4-tankí issue of the forty-seventh year, of which the Láhor Museum has both a 'two-tankí' and a tankí piece. Jahángír continued the half-rupee issue, and No. 686 of his first year gives the rare if not unique couplet:—

'May the currency of the coin of Kábul in the name of Sháh Salím continue for ever from the abode of the servants of the Living (God), the Ancient of days.'

This coin was published by Mr. Rodgers in the J. A. S. B., 1896, 'Rare Mughal Coins.'

In 1020 (sixth year) were issued rupees with the following couplet:—

'The king, the refuge of the world Shah Núru-d-dín Jahangir, son of Akbar Bádshah, struck coin in the city of Kabul.'

No. 689 is a specimen of this type as late as 1024. By 1026 the usual Iláhí type had come into vogue. Jahángír also struck in copper (L. M. C., p. 158).

Of Sháhjahán only specimens of the first and 'square area' type seem to have been published.

The earliest gold coin of the Kábul mint is of Aurangzéb, and is dated the fifteenth regnal year (1083). No. 1377 is a rare rupee of the fourth year, and is remarkable for the absence of the name 'Aurangzéb' from the legend. The mint name is at the top of the reverse. On coins of 1094 and subsequent years Kábul is given the epithet 'Dáru-l-mulk' (see L. M. C., p. 186), which it henceforth retained. No coins later than Aurangzéb are here catalogued, but rupees of Sháh 'Álam I and Farrukh-siyar, and a gold muhar of Rafí'u-d-darját are known: also copper coins of Aurangzéb, Jahándár, Farrukh-siyar, and Muḥammad. The latest published coin of the Kábul mint is of A. H. 1138 (L. M. C., p. 216).

KÁLPÍ

## KÁLPÍ [MUḤAMMADÁBÁD]

Kálpí was a mint town of the Súrís both for silver and copper, and Akbar retained it as such for the first few years of his reign. His rupees, of which No. 206 is a specimen, are scarce. On the copper issues of 963 and 964 Kálpí is entitled 'Dáru-z-zarb Muḥammad-ábád', and across the reverse runs a line forming a knot in the centre. From 964-8 the coins bear the legend 'Dáru-z-zarb Khiṭa Kálpí'. On the rupees no epithet is given. The mint after 968 appears to have been closed, but a hundred years later was reopened, rupees being known of Aḥmad (L. M. C., p. 219) and 'Alamgír II (cabinet of Dr. Taylor).

KÁNÁN?

#### KÁNÁN?

Lat. ?		Long.	?
	$\boldsymbol{X}$	${\bf R}$	Æ
Sháh 'Álam II			1

Sec note on p. 299 of the catalogue.

KARÍM-ÁBÁD

## KARÍMÁBÁD

Lat. ?		Long. 1	
,	$\boldsymbol{A}$	$\mathcal{A}$	${f E}$
Sháh 'Álam I		4	

The locality of this mint town has not been identified. Dr. White King's collection contained a rupee of the third year of Aurangzéb, but all the other coins known of this mint were struck in the name of Sháh 'Álam I. It is probably a town in South India.

Kash-Mír

# KASHMÍR [SRÍNAGAR?]

Lat. 34° 5	1	Long. 74°	50′
	A'	$A\!R$	Æ
Akbar		1	1
Jahángír		6	
Sháhjahán		1	
Muhammad		2	

The valley of Kashmír which had long been an independent kingdom, first under Hindú Rajas and then under Muḥammadan Sultáns, was conquered by Akbar from the latter in A.H. 995. A coin **KASH**-in Akbar's name of this year is given in vol. II, p. 195. It is of the **MÎR** local type current before the conquest. The earliest Mughal issue proper from the mint is the square gold coin described in *L. M. C.*, (p. 52.)

'The capital of Kachemir,' says Bernier (Constable's edition, p. 397), 'bears the same name as its kingdom.' Beyond the coins above alluded to there are none in Akbar's name struck at 'Kashmír', but rupees and copper coins are known from the 'Srínagar' mint. Whether this Srínagar is the capital of Kashmír, under its ancient (and present) name or whether it is the capital of Garhwál is uncertain. The fact that under pre-Mughal rule Srínagar was called 'Kashmír'; the existence of the gold coin of Akbar struck at 'Kashmír'; and the uniform use of this name by subsequent emperors, point to the latter view. The name of Srínagar was restored to the capital of Kashmír by the Sikhs in 1819. Jahángír made frequent visits to Kashmír. His early issues were of the heavy type with the couplet:—

These were followed by the Iláhí variety of 1020 to the end of the reign. In the fifteenth year, and apparently in one month only, the Kashmír mint issued zodiacal rupees, a specimen of which is described under No. 696 with the following couplet:—

'Money coined in Kashmír was made world-conquering by the light of the name of Jahángír Sháh, (son of) Sháh Akbar.'

Of Sháhjahán only a few specimens are known of the second, or Iláhí, type—the 'square area' issue being more commonly met with. Both Sháhjahán and Jahángír struck Nisárs at Kashmír, but these rare little coins are not represented in this catalogue. Between Sháhjahán and Muḥammad only a few rupees of Aurangzéb and Sháh 'Alam I are known. Muḥammad, however, struck gold, silver, and copper, and the Láhor Museum has three rupees struck in the name of 'Alamgír II, the latest of which is dated 1174—i.e. a year after the Emperor's death. After this date Kashmír became a Durrání mint.

The coins of Sháh 'Alam II of Srínagar mint (B. M. C., 1158-9) are undoubtedly issues of Tehri-Garhwál.

<sup>1</sup> For translation see p. xvi ante.

#### KATAK

#### KATAK

Lat. 20° 29′	Long. 85° 52′			
	$\mathcal{X}$	$\mathcal{A}$	Æ	
Sháhjahán		1		
Aurangzéb		-1		
Muḥammad		1		
Ahmad		24	_	

Katak—more familiarly written Cuttack—is one of the principal towns of Orissa. It was known in the early Mughal days as Katak Banáras.

When Akbar annexed Bengal in 982 Orissa was given to the ex-king to hold as a fief of the empire, but he soon broke out into revolt and it was only after three years of continuous fighting in which Todar Mal played a conspicuous part, that Orissa became a Mughal province. The last stronghold of the once ruling race in India, it remained, to use the words of Sir William Hunter, 'a festering sore in the side of the Empire '.' Eventually the Afgháns were crushed by Mán Singh in Akbar's thirty-seventh year (A. H. 1000). Sir W. Hunter speaks of coin being stamped in Akbar's name at this period, but the earliest coin from Katak so far published is of Jahángír's reign and is dated 1036 (in my own cabinet)—unless the suggested reading of Katak Banáras on some rudely executed dáms of Akbar (No. 454) is correct.

No. 960 is an early and very rare coin of Sháhjahán of the Iláhi type current in the third year, and there are four rupees catalogued of Aurangzeb between 1099 and 1102. In spite of their defeat by Mán Singh trouble had from time to time been created by the Afgháns, and in 1110 a final attempt to throw off the Mughal yoke on their part had to be suppressed. Farrukh-siyar and Muhammad struck coins at Katak, and No. 1931-a rupee of 1154-is one of the latest of the purely Mughal issues. From 1742-51 (1155-65) Orissa was at the mercy of the Maráthás, and in the latter year the province was made over to them by treaty. The titular governor was for six years a Mughal nominee, but in 1757 (1170-1) this farce ceased and Orissa became a Maratha province till 1803 (Hunter, vol. II, p. 31). To this period must be attributed the strange series of coins struck at Katak in the name of Ahmad Sháh which are described on pp. 249-50 (Nos. 2118-34). To what the figures or symbols over the word .... on the reverse refer I am unable to say. The latest coin of the Katak mint that I can find mention of is a rupee of the third year of Sháh 'Álam II in the collection made by Dr. White King.

<sup>1</sup> Hunter's topsa, chap VI.

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KHANBÁY	AT [C	AMBAY]		KHAN-
Lat. 22° 18′	$\mathbf{L}$ on	g. 72° 40′		BÁYAT
	$oldsymbol{N}$	Æ	Æ	
Sháhjahán	1	4		
Murád Ba <u>kh</u> sh		2	~	
Aurangzéb	<b>2</b>	24	-	
Sháh 'Álam I		1	_	
Muḥammad	-	$^2$	_	
Aḥmad		1		
'Álamgír II		1		

Khanbáyat, better known as Cambay, is a seaport of Gujarát and is situated at the head of the gulf which bears its name. visited the town in the twelfth year of his reign, and in his 'Wáq'iát' mentions that 'tankas of gold and silver, ten and twenty times heavier than the current gold muhar and rupee' were struck by his order there (E. D., VI. 354). I have not, however, heard of any such pieces being found, the first emperor of whom coins are known being Sháhjahán. The earliest date for the mint seems to be A.H. 1051 (cabinet of Dr. Taylor), the attribution of a rupee of 1047 to this mint in the I.M.C., p. 33, being in my opinion untenable. Sháhjahán's coins are of the 'square area' type. He coined in gold as well as in silver. So also did Aurangzéb. Of the later emperors, only rupees are published. On Sháhjahán's collapse Khanbáyat, like the rest of Gujarát, threw in its lot with Murád Bakhsh, and the catalogue gives two varieties of that prince's issues from this mint. There is a good series of the rupees of Aurangzéb of the usual 'couplet' type, from the sixth year onwards to the forty-ninth year (1116), but after Aurangzéb, Khanbáyat is only represented by five rupees of four emperors, though coins were struck there by all except the last three; the latest is No. 2225 of the sixth year of 'Alamgir II (1172). Early in the reign of Aurangzeb the spelling of the mint name was changed from Khanbáyat to Kanbáyat, and this latter form was retained on subsequent issues.

	KHAII	RPÚR		KHAIR-
Lat. 27°	31'	Long. 68°	48'	PÚR
	$\mathbf{A}$	Æ	Æ	
Akhar			1	

Khairpúr, a town in Sind, is only known as a mint town from a few copper pieces of Akbar—probably half tunkas—of the forty-fifth and forty-seventh years. Dr. White King had two specimens of the former date. No. 462 is of the latter. Sind came into Akbar's possession in the thirty-eighth year of his reign (1001).

# <u>kh</u>ár-

## KHÁRPÚR

PÚR

The only coin known of this unidentified mint is No. 2493, p. 299, q. v.

# KHUJISTA BUNYÁD. See AURANGÁBÁD.

#### KORA

#### KORÁ

Lat. 26° 7′	Long	. 80° 22′	
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	$\mathcal{A}$ R	Æ
Muḥammad		11	~
Sháh 'Álam II	21	2 ?	

Korá is now a town of small importance in the district of Fathpúr in the United Provinces. In the days of Akbar it was the head quarters of a sarkár in the súba of Allahábád. As a mint town of the Mughals it appears first on a rupee of Rafí'u-d-darját (B. M. C., No. 942), and a coin of Sháhjahán II is also known. The mint was active during the reign of Muḥammad, and rupees of Aḥmad, 'Alamgír, and Sháh 'Alam II are known. Korá was one of the districts retained by Sháh 'Alam when in 1765 he made over the administration of Bengal to the East India Company.

### LÁHOR

## LÁHOR

Lat. 31° 3	5′	Long. 74° 20'	
	A	Æ	Æ
Humáyún		1	1
Akbar	8	4()	15
Jahángír	•	12	
Núrjahán		2	
Sháhjahán	2	20	
Aurangzéb		36	
Sháh 'Álam I		3	~
Jahándár		3	
Farrukh-siyar	1	7	
Rafí'u-d-darját		1	
Sháhjahán II	1		
Muḥammad		13	
Ahmad		5	
'Álamgír II	1	2	2

From Láhor, the capital of the Panjáb, Bábar received the invitation which eventually resulted in the conquest of India by the Mughals. He quickly established a mint there, and silver dirhams

were issued by him and his son Humáyún. During the latter's **LÁHOR** reign also were struck copper coins of the Bahlolí standard (145 grains) on which Láhor was termed Dáru-l-khiláfat. These do not bear the emperor's name.

Láhor was one of the last towns to acknowledge the Súrís, and No. 18 is a *dirham* issued from the mint at a time when Shér Sháh was striking coin in Bengal. The only Súrí who struck coins at Láhor was Sikandar Sháh. These were rupees of the Súrí standard of 180 grains, but on his return Humáyún reverted to the *dirham* (L. M. C., p. 7), of which the British Museum has a specimen weighing as much as 111 grains (No. 13).

Dirhams are also known of Akbar, dated 963 (L. M. C.) and 964 (my own cabinet), the rupee issue, with the Kalima in a circle on the obverse, starting in 965 (No. 207).

As in the case of Ágra and Dehlí, the gold coinage makes its first appearance in 971, the Kalima in the earlier issues being in a double-lined pentagon. After 976 Láhor again assumes the epithet of Dáru-l-khiláfat. In 935 were issued square rupees and muhars, and the honorific epithet was changed to Dáru-s-saltanat, an epithet which is associated with the Láhor mint to the end of the Mughal series. The earliest Iláhí rupees were apparently struck in the thirty-sixth year (999-1000), and this type obtained during the remaining years of Akbar's reign, the only variation occurring in the forty-seventh, forty-eighth, and forty-ninth years when the legends were enclosed in ornamental areas.

This collection contains several half and quarter rupees of Láhor mintage, but is deficient in the still smaller fractions of the rupee. Iláhí gold coins are also conspicuous by their absence. These latter, which are scarce, seem to have been issued first in the fortieth year, both the full muhar and its quarter being known of this date.

Akbar's copper coinage of the Láhor mint dates from about 977 (L. M. C.), and the first type with the Hijra date in words and figures on the reverse continued till 988. Then occurs a break for ten years, the Iláhí type of fulús issuing in the same year (36) as the Iláhí rupee. Apparently no tankas were minted at Láhor, but in the forty-sixth year appeared the tankí issue, of which No. 477 is an early specimen.

Jahángír's partiality for Láhor as a residence is well shown by the fine series of rupees described on pp. 81 to 85 of the catalogue. But few of his gold coins are met with, and those chiefly of his earliest years. Between 1014 and 1016 two varieties both of gold and silver seem to have been current—the *Kalima* and the 'couplet' types. These were either square or round, and varied in weight from

**LÁHOR** 200 to 212 grains. In 1017 appeared a fine rupee, weighing as much as 220 grains, the inscription on which ran as follows:—

'May the coin of Láhor in the name of Sháh Jahángír be current in the world as long as the heavens revolve.'

During a few months, at the close of 1019 and beginning of 1020, the coins record the names of the months in which they were struck. Of these, No. 705 is an example containing the following couplet:—

'In the month of Ardíbihisht the king of the age, Sháh Jahángír, son of Sháh Akbar, put this stamp on money in Láhor.'

The Lahor Museum has a somewhat similar coin of the month of Tir, which probably marks the close of the heavy rupee period, for in the following month Amardád (No. 706) was started the simpler type of normal weight, which obtained till the eleventh year (L. M. C., p. 143). This gave place to the rupee containing the following couplet:—

May there ever be light on the surface of the coin of Láhor from the name of Sháh Jahángír, (son of) Sháh Akbar.

This type went on with slight changes in the arrangement of the words till the end of the reign, the rupees struck in Núrjahán's name being apparently confined to the year 1034.

In 1040 the Kalima appears in a circular area, with the mint name on the reverse, and four years later this type gave place to the usual 'square areas' which were retained till the end of the reign.

Apparently no gold coins are known of Aurangzéb from the Láhor mint, but his rupees, especially of the later years, are plentiful. No. 1415, a coin of the first year, bears the form of couplet usually found on the gold coins (رهر taking the place of رهر), but the ordinary

form had been adopted by 1079 (L. M. C.). Of the twenty regnal **LÁHOR** years between 1092 and 1117 every year but one (34) is represented in the cabinet of the Indian Museum. In the thirty-ninth year (1106-7) the type changes, the date appearing in the centre of the reverse instead of at the bottom, and this arrangement was maintained by subsequent emperors. The name of the mint is placed throughout at the top of the reverse.

The coins of Láhor present no special features of interest after Aurangzéb. Of Jahándár two types are catalogued, and there are two varieties also of the coins of Farrukh-siyar, while of 'Alamgir II there are two copper pieces, the solitary examples of Láhor copper coinage after Akbar. The latest rupee of the Mughal series from the Láhor mint is also of this emperor, and is dated 1172. From this time Láhor ceased to be a Mughal mint. It had already—some years previously-been ceded to Ahmad Shah Durrani, but had been left in charge of a Mughal governor, and coins continued to be struck in the name of the Mughal Emperor. In 1170 circumstances called again for the Abdálí's interference, but he retired the following year, leaving his son Tímúr in charge of the Panjáb. The latter, however, was driven from Láhor by the Maráthás, and in 1172 Ahmad Sháh appeared on the scene for the third time. When he returned to his own kingdom, after the battle of Pánípat, Láhor remained in possession of the Sikhs.

LAKHNAU [LUCKNOW] Lat. 26° 52′ Long. 80° 56′				LAKH- NAU	
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	${\bf A}$	Æ		
Akbar			7		
Sháhjahán	_		2		
Aurangzéb	_	15	_		
Sháh 'Álam I	_	3	_		
Jahándár		<b>2</b>			
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar		1			

Lakhnau, or as it is usually written Lucknow, is the capital of Oudh. In the days of Akbar it was the head quarters of a surkár in the súba of Awadh. Shér Sháh had already established a mint there for copper, and this was retained by Akbar, of whose 'fulús' two types are catalogued in this volume. The earlier variety was current in 966 and 967 (Nos. 478-9), and the later one from 980 to 987. On these latter coins Lakhnau is called Dáru-l-khiláfat—on the earlier ones no epithet is given.

Of Jahángír no coins are published. Sháhjahán seems to have been the first to issue silver money, and a specimen in my own

LAKH-NAU cabinet with dotted square areas is dated 1055—nineteenth year of reign. No. 1110 is a remarkable coin, and is the only example of a Sháhjahání tanka that I have heard of. No. 1111 is a 'fulús' of the same reign of normal weight. Aurangzéb is represented by fifteen rupees of the usual type, dating from the nineteenth year to the end of the reign. Copper coins of this emperor have also been published by Mr. Rodgers. Rupees are known of the next six emperors, and in the British Museum Catulogue (No. 1184) is a coin ascribed to Sháh 'Álam II, but a comparison of this with Nos. 1693–5, and the obverse inscription of the Barélí and Sháhjahánábád rupees of Sháh 'Álam I shows that the British Museum specimen ought to have been assigned to the latter emperor.

After Muḥammad Lakhnau disappears from the list of Mughal mints. No gold coins of this mint have been published.

# MAKHSÚSÁBÁD. See MURSHIDÁBÁD.

MÁLPUR

Málpúr is only known as a mint town—for copper 1—in the reign of Akbar. Situated only some sixty miles east of Ahmadábád, it is not surprising to find that the mint was short-lived, the dates on the coins ranging from 983 to 985.

MANDÚ

Mandú was the old capital of the Málwá dynasty. In A. H. 941, when Humáyún invaded Málwá, Bahádur Sháh, who had annexed the province to Gujarát, took refuge in Mandú, and was besieged there. The fort capitulated after a short siege, and Humáyún had coins struck there in copper to commemorate his victory (No. 62). They are of the usual type of Humáyún's copper coinage, in weight about 145 grains and without any king's name. Akbar conquered Málwá in 968, but no coins seem to have been struck by him from this mint. In fact the only other Mughal coin that issued from Mandú is a gold piece (L. M. C., p. 127) dated 1026 of Jahángír, who visited the town in his eleventh year (E. D., VI, pp. 348-51).

A gold muhar, dated 984, of the Alimadabád type, with Dáru-l-khiláfat Málpúr in the lower reverse margin, has recently been acquired by me.

## MÍRATH [or ?MÍRTHA]

MÍRATH

This mint town has hitherto been identified as Mírath (Meerut), a town near Dehlí, and now the head quarters of a district in the Province of Ágra. It seems, however, open to question whether the origin of the coins is not Mírtha—a strong fortress situated forty miles west by north from Ajmér—which was besieged by Akbar's forces in A.H. 969, and figures more frequently in the chronicles of Akbar's reign than Mírath. The only coins known of the mint are  $d\acute{a}ms$  of the usual Hijra type struck between the years 987 and 989.

MUHAMMADÁBÁD [	[BANÁRAS]	
----------------	-----------	--

MUHAM-MAD-ÁBÁD BANÁ-RAS

Lat. 25°	18'	Long. 83° 1′	
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	${\mathcal R}$	Æ
Muḥammad	1	10	-
${f A}$ ḥma ${f d}$		12	_
'Álamgír II	1	8	
Sháh 'Álam I	I	67	

The Banáras mint first appears in the reign of Muḥammad Sháh after whom the town was called Muḥammadábád. The earliest recorded dates are 1145 (No. 1958) in silver, and 1150 in gold (No. 1842a). On the former coin the mint name is at the top of the reverse, and the regnal year at the bottom. In 1146 the type was changed, 'Muḥammadábád' forming the top line and 'Banáras' the bottom line of the reverse. The issues of this mint under the Mughals are chiefly remarkable for the variety of mint marks displayed on the coins.

In the time of Akbar Banáras was the head quarters of a sarkár in the súba of Allahábád. Under the later Mughals it was included in the territory of the Nawáb Vazír of Oudh. The latter was compelled in 1765 (1178-9) to give up the whole of his territory, but the greater part of it was restored to him by the directors of the East India Company. In 1775 (1189) the new Vazír, Ásafuddaula, ceded to the British the proprietary rights in the Banáras district, but according to Hastings's Narrative of the Insurrection in the zemeendary of Banaris, Calcutta, 1782, App. 33, the mint was not taken over till 1781 (1195-6).

MUḤAM-MAD-ÁBÁD The coinage of the Banáras mint during the reign of Sháh 'Álam II is most complicated. Up to 1179, i.e. soon after the battle of Baksár in 1764, the coins were of the recognized Mughal type, and were issued with regularity.

Of the period between 1179 and 1189 few coins are known: the British Museum has specimens of 1183 and 1186, and issues of 1189 are published both of the sixteenth and seventeenth regnal year. The rupees of 1190 to 1192 record only the seventeenth regnal year on the reverse, while from 1193 up to 1221 (i.e. up to the death of Shah 'Alam' the reverse gives both the year 17 and a regnal year which corresponds to the Hijra date on the obverse. From 1222 to 1229, and apparently no later, the years given on the reverse are 17/49. The '17' has been considered to refer to the accession of Asafu-d-daula to the Nawabi of Oudh. The coins of this series invariably display a fish as a mint mark, and a fish is a device associated with the Oudh rulers. It might therefore be supposed that the series of coins bearing the regnal year 17 were struck at the Banáras mint for currency in Oudh. There is, however, another series of Banáras coins running concurrently with the 'seventeenth year' issues from 1211 to 1233. These also display a fish on the reverse, but of a different type, and the regnal year is invariably '26'. Stopping as it does just before the issues of Gházíu-d-dín Haidar, the first king of Oudh, in his own name (1234). it seems probable that this series, and not the 'seventeenth year' issue. was coined at Banáras by the East India Company for circulation in the Nawab Vazir's territory. The '17' might appropriately refer to the cession of Banáras to the British in 1775 (1189), and the 'seventeenth year' series would thus, after 1781 (1195-6), be the Company's coinage for use in their own possessions. I have, however, thought it desirable to include this issue in the present volume, partly because of the correspondence between the Hijra dates and the regnal years, and partly because the earlier coins were struck before the Company took over the Banáras mint. Apart from the difficulty of fixing the dividing line between the issues under native control and under that of the Company, it seemed preferable to catalogue the series as a whole in the same volume. The twenty-sixth year series, falling entirely in the period of the Company's administration of the mint, has on that account been excluded.

MUḤAMMADÁBÁD KÁLPÍ. See KÁLPÍ.

## MULHÁRNAGAR [INDÓR]

MULHÁR-NAGAR

Lat. 22° 43′	Long	g. 75° 54′	
	$A\!\!\!V$	${A\!\!R}$	Æ
Sháh 'Álam II		16	

The coins of this mint can only indirectly be termed Mughal. Mulhár Ráo Holkár had established himself in a virtually independent position in Central India, while the throne of Dehlí was tottering to its fall. He died in 1766, and his widow, who ruled for nearly thirty years—till 1795—transferred the capital from Maheshwar to Indór, re-naming the latter after her husband. The coins on pp. 289 to 291 of the catalogue, which represent every year from A. H. 1200 to 1213 (A. D. 1785 to 1798), must have issued during the rule of this princess and her successor, Tákují Holkar, who died in 1797. The coins bear the distinctive symbol of the Holkar State, a sun-face.

## MULTÁN

MULTÁN

Lat. 30° 12	<b>.</b> ′	Long. 71°	31'
	$A\!\!\!V$	$A\!R$	Æ
Akbar	—	1	2
Shábjahán	1	28	
Aurangzéb	1	10	1
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar		1	
Muḥammad		3	1
Ahmad		1	

Multán was at the time of the Mughal conquest the capital of an independent principality. It was conquered in 934 by the neighbouring King of Sind, but left in charge of Langar Khán, a general of the ex-chief. In Humáyún's reign it was annexed by Kámrán, who was governor of the Panjáb. Under Akbar it was the head quarters of a súba, and a mint was established there for silver and copper, the earliest coins issuing in the thirty-seventh year (A. H. 1000). No coins have been published of Jahángír from this mint, but Sháhjahán revived the Multán coinage very early in his reign, specimens being known of his first or Hijra type dated 1038, second year.

The Iláhí coins were current for at least ten months in the second year, Khúrdád to Isfandármuz (No. 986-8), and they were succeeded in 1039, third year, by the 'Kulima in circle' variety, with the mint on the reverse. This type remained for three years, giving place in 1042, sixth year (No. 995), to the square areas on obverse and reverse. No further changes occurred during the reign. The Multán mint does not seem to have issued gold coins till a later period,

MULTÁN No. 855 of 1064 being the earliest that I can find any trace of. The rupees of Aurangzéb's first years have the couplet associated with that emperor's gold coins, and the epithet of Dáru-l-amán is added to the mint name, which comes at the top of the reverse. By 1073 the usual type had been adopted and the epithet disappeared. A slight change occurs in the position of the regnal year in 1082 (No. 1470), but this was only temporary. Aurangzéb also issued gold and copper from Multán, and Farrukh-siyar's coins are known in all three metals. The latest Mughal issues from the mint are of Aḥmad Sháh (No. 2153). After this reign Multán became a mint town of the Durrání dynasty.

### MURÁD-ÁBÁD

### MURÁDÁBÁD

Lat. 28° 51′	Lor	ng. 78° 46′	
	A	$A\!R$	Æ
'Álamgír II		1	_
Sháh 'Álam II		3	

In the Láhor Museum Catalogue (p. 186) is described a rupee of Aurangzéb from this mint, dated 1097. This coin is apparently still unique. Dr. White King's collection included a rupee attributed to Sháh 'Álam I of the third regnal year, but without any Hijra date. Apart from these two coins the earliest issues from Murádábád are of Aḥmad Sháh. In 1174 Murádábád temporarily issued coins in the name of Aḥmad Sháh Durrání. On his retirement, it again became a Mughal mint town. In 1188 Murádábád was made over with the rest of Rohilkhand to the Nawáb of Oudh, but a coin is known of 1189, sixteenth year of Sháh 'Álam II (Dames, Num. Chron., 1902). It became British territory in 1216, and is now the head quarters of a district in the United Provinces of Ágra and Oudh.

#### MUR-SHID-ÁBÁD

# MURSHIDÁBÁD [MAKHŞÚŞÁBÁD]

Lat. 24° 12′		Long. 88° 17′		
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{R}$	Æ	
Aurangzéb		1 (Ma <u>kh</u> şúşábád)		
		2 (Murshidábád)		
Sháh 'Álam I		1		
Farrukh-siyar		5		
Sháhjahán II		2		
Muḥammad	1	17		
Aḥmad		13		
'Álamgír II	-	7		
Sháh 'Álam II		1		

Murshidábád, so named after Murshid Qulí Khán, who was Aurangzéb's Díwán of Bengál in 1701 (1112–13), and became sole

governor of the province in 1704 (1115-16), first appears as a mur-Mughal mint under its old name Makhsúsábád. It was doubtless SHID-Murshid Qulí Khán who first caused the coins to be struck in the ÁBÁD name of Aurangzéb, for the earliest date for the mint is 1115 (No. 1466). In the Láhor Museum is a coin of 1116 under the same name, but in the following year the coins bear the new name The mint was active throughout the remaining Murshidábád. Mughal period, but its issues were mainly rupees, the only emperors of whom gold coins are published being Farrukh-siyar, Muhammad, and Shah 'Alam II. The coin, however, attributed to the latter is dated 1181 (1767-8), B. M. C., No. 1185, and must therefore have been struck by the authority of the East India Company. There is a good series of the later Mughal rupees in the cabinet of the Indian Museum from Muhammad down to the fifth year of Shah 'Alam II (1178). Coins from this mint after 1765 (1178-9) have been excluded from this volume, as being issues of the East India Company.

# MUSTAFÁBÁD [RÁMPÚR] Lat. 28° 30′ Long. 79°

MUȘȚAF-ÁBÁD

The Mustafábád of the Mughal coins is probably, as pointed out by Mr. Burn (J. A. S. B., 1904, 'Mints of the Mughal Emperors'), the town of Rámpúr, the head quarters of a native state in Rohilkhand. The name is given as an alias of Rámpúr in Francklin's Sháh Aulum, App. II, p. 240. The few coins which are known are dated 1184 and 1185.

#### MUZAFFARGARH

MU-ZAFFAR-GARH

Lat. 30° 4′ Long. 71° 12′

N R E
Sháh 'Álam II — 1 —

Muzaffargarh is in the Panjáb, not far from Multán. The single specimen described in this volume is of the thirty-ninth year of Sháh 'Álam II, and the Láhor Museum has a rupee of the fortieth year of the same Emperor (1212). Rupees from this mint are also known in the name of Akbar II.

# NAJÍB-ÁBÁD

## NAJÍBÁBÁD

Lat. 29° 37′	Lor	ng. 78° 21′		
	$A\!\!\!V$	$A\!R$	Æ	
'Álamgír II		5		
Shah 'Alam II	2	10	$^{2}$	

Najíbábád, a town in the Bijnor district of the Province of Ágra, was so named after Najíb <u>Kh</u>an Rohilla, who rose to eminence in the reign of 'Álamgír II and was Prime Minister of the Mughal Empire from 1761 to 1770. The Bijnor district had been made over to his charge by Dúndí <u>Kh</u>án, one of the leading Rohilla chiefs, and he afterwards acquired the tract of country known as the Báwaní Mahál, of which Saháranpur was the principal town.

Najíbábád was a Mughal mint town for gold, silver, and copper, and the dates on its coins range from the second year of 'Alamgír II (No. 2244) to the forty-second year (1215) of Sháh 'Alam II (B. M. C., No. 1204). It passed into the hands of the British in 1801 (1215–16), but copper coins are known struck in the name of Muhammad Akbar II as late as A. H. 1226.

## NÁRNÓL

# NÁRNÓL

Lat. 28°	3 <b>′</b>	Long. $76^{\circ}$ 1	lo'
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	$\cdot$ R	Æ
Akbar			23
Sháhjahán	_	-	1
Aurangzéb	_	5	2

Nárnól was, under Akbar, the head quarters of a surkár in the súbu of Ágra, and was one of his principal copper mints. It had previously been an important mint town of the Súrís for both silver and copper, and a few rupees were also struck there by Akbar at the beginning of his reign.

The earliest Mughal coin is No. 491 dated 962, the year before Akbar's accession. It has been suggested that the '2' may be a mistake for '6', but in the Láhor Museum Catalogue (p. 111) are two specimens in which the date 962 is clear both in words and figures. As the Hijra dáms of Akbar do not bear his name, there is nothing inherently improbable that Nárnól should have issued coins—following the Súrí standard of weight—immediately on Humáyún's return to India, and that Akbar should have adopted for his own dáms the pattern of the Nárnól coin of 962.

The Indian Museum has a good series of Nárnól dáms from 962 NARNÓL to 999, and the Hijra type was maintained till quite late in Akbar's reign in preference to the tanka and tanki issues.

Copper coins were struck at Nárnól by Jahángír, Sháhjahán, and Aurangzéb, and the latter emperor revived the silver coinage, but apparently for a few years only, for the dates range from 1098 to 1102.

#### NARWAR

NARWAR

Narwar, a town in Gwáliar State, first appears as a Mughal mint for silver in the reign of Muḥammad Sháh, and coins were struck there by Aḥmad, 'Álamgír II, and Sháh 'Álam II.

# NUŞRATÁBÁD

NUSRAT-ÁBÁD

In his list of mint towns in Musalmán Numismatics, Dr. Codrington states that Nuṣratábád is 'in Bengal in Ghoraghar súbhah of Akbar'. In Mr. Leggett's Notes on the Mint Towns of the Mohamedans, p. 70, the mint town is identified with a fort in the Bíjápúr district. This is supported by the following extract from the Bombay Gazetteer under Dhárwár. pp. 707, 708:—

'In 1673 (A.H. 1083-4) Abdu-l-Karím Khán... was appointed governor of the Bíjápúr district or sarkár of Bankápúr with 16 parganas. The chief of these were Nuṣratábád or Dhárwár and Gudag... In 1674 Shivají... took Dhárwár. In 1685 (1096-7) Sultán Mu'azzam, Aurangzéb's son, ... took Hublí and Dhárwár, a place of respectability and strength... From 1685 to 1753 Dhárwár was held by four commandants sent from Dehlí... the last surrendered Dhárwár in 1753 to the third Peshwá.'

As the only coins that are published of this mint are of the reign of Aurangzéb, it seems probable that the identification of the mint with the present town of Dhárwár is correct.

The date on the rupee in this catalogue is 1109. The Láhor Museum has one of 1114. The mint is a rare one.

#### PATNA

# PATNA ['AZÍMÁBÁD]

Lat. 25° 37′	,	Long. 85°	12'
	A	$.\mathrm{R}$	Æ
$\mathbf{A}$ kbar	1	2	
Jahángír		27	and the second
Núrjahán	-	4	
Sháhjahán	3	20	
Aurangzéb	1	(P.) 18	
_		(A.) 2	
Sháh 'Álam I		3	-
Jahándár	_		_
Farru <u>kh</u> -siyar	_	7	_
Muḥammad	_	14	
$\mathbf{A}$ hmad	_	6	
'Álamgír II		11	
Sháhjahán III	1	.1	· -
Sháh 'Álam II	_	5	

Patna was taken by Akbar in person in A.H. 982, from Dáúd, the son of Sulaimán Kararání, King of Bengal. The latter had agreed with Muni'm Khán, seven years before, to strike coins in Akbar's name (Blochmann's 'Ain, p. 427), but none is known earlier than A.H. 983, the year after the conquest of Bengal (L.M.C., pp. 51-60). The earliest in this collection is a gold coin of 984 (No. 99), on which Patna is given the epithet of Dáru-z-zarb. In type it is similar to those struck at Ágra up to 986. No. 248 is an example of the square issue of 987. The Iláhí issues do not appear to have started till 1005 (forty-second year). Copper dáms of this mint are also known, but are rare.

Under Jahángír the mint was very active. Heavy rupees of the *Kalima* type were struck between 1014 and 1018 (*B.M.C.*, No. 428), and these were followed in 1020 by the usual Iláhí issues, the latest of which is dated 1036 (No. 765). It was only in Jahángír's last year—1037—that Patna struck coins in the name of Núrjahán.

Of Sháhjahán we find the non-Iláhí type of the first year succeeded in the second year (1038) by the coins with Iláhí months up to 1042, and from that date by the 'square areas' till the close of the reign. Copper coins are known, both of Jahángir and Sháhjahán.

The Museum possesses three of the rare early coins of Aurangzéb, before the adoption of the couplet, and with the mint name at the top of the reverse. Coins after the eighth year (No. 1138) have the usual inscriptions, until 1117, when Patna was renamed 'Azímábád.

This designation is retained till the end of the series, but some issues **PATNA** of Farrukh-siyar and the rupees of Rafí'u-d-darját adhere to the old name.

The coins of Sháh 'Alam I are peculiar in lacking the 'julús' formula on their reverse. In Farrukh-siyar's reign the mint was given the title of مستقر اللك , and if, as seems probable, the coin of Jahándár bearing this epithet, and attributed to Patna (L. M. C., p. 200), is a coin of Akbarábád, coins of Patna or 'Azímábád, struck by Jahándár, have yet to be found. This would corroborate Mr. Irvine's remark in his paper on the 'Later Mughals', J. A. S. B., 1896, p. 208, that Jahándár never had any authority at Patna.

Of Aḥmad Sháh's coins there are two types (Nos. 2092-3), and in this reign occurs for the first time (No. 2095) the mint mark which serves to distinguish the later Mughal issues of 'Azimábád.

Of the rupees of 'Alamgir II the catalogue gives an almost complete series, and Sháhjahán III is represented both by gold and silver.

In 1765 (1178-9), after the battle of Baksár, the Mughal administration of Bengal was transferred to the British, but the mint continued for some years to issue coins in the name of Sháh 'Álam. Of these No. 2336 dated 1182 (R.Y. 9) must be a specimen. The British Museum has a gold rupee of the same Hijra date, but of the tenth regnal year.

Apparently the only copper coin known of the 'Azímábád mint is one of Aurangzéb dated 1118, published by Mr. C. J. Rodgers in the J. A. S. B., 1895, p. 171.

#### PURBANDAR

PURBAN-

Lat. 21° 37′		Long. 69° 48′	
	A	$\mathbf{A}$	Æ
Aurangzéb		1	
Sháh 'Álam I		1	_

Purbandar is a town on the west coast of Kathiáwár, and was a port of some importance in early times.

Only four coins of this mint are known—the two above, another of Sháh 'Álam, and the fourth of Farrukh-siyar—all rupees. No. 1503, dated 1116, was found in the Bhandára district of the Central Provinces, ride J. A. S. B., 1904, Num. Supp. IV.

## INTRODUCTION

## QAMAR-NAGAR

# QAMARNAGAR [KARNÚL]

The only coins published of this mint are of the reign of Muḥammad Sháh. The two specimens in this collection are dated A. H. 1150, the twentieth year of that king's reign.

# QANAUJ

# QANAUJ [SHÁHÁBÁD QANAUJ]

Lat. 27°	3'	Long. 79° 56′	
	X	Æ	Æ
$\mathbf{Akbar}$			3
Muḥammad		8	_

Qanauj was the scene of the battle between Shér Sháh and Humáyún, which resulted in the latter being driven from India in A.H. 947. A fort was built by the conqueror a few miles out of Qanauj. and called after him Shérgarh. The Súrís established a mint there for copper, which was retained by Akbar during the first years of his reign. On the Súrí coins the mint name appears as Qanauj, alias Shérgarh. On Akbar's dáms the latter name seems to have changed to Shahgarh, the 'Shah' being plain on No. 515. No coins are published of this mint after 969 till the reign of Muhammad Shah, when the double name 'Sháhábád Qanauj' appears. Whether this represents another change from Sháhgarh to Sháhábád, or whether it refers to Qanauj and the adjacent town of Sháhábád in the Hardoi district of Oudh, is not very clear. The former seems more probable, for I find a passage in the Tárikh-i-Hindí (E. D., VIII. 46) which speaks of 'the fort of Cháchandí near Sháhábád Qanauj', as if the latter were a single town with a double name.

Rupees of Ahmad Shah and 'Álamgír II are also known of this mint.

## QANDA-HÁR

# QANDAHÁR

Lat. 31°	37 <b>′</b>	Long. 65	43'
	X	.18	Æ
Jahángír		$^{26}$	
Sháhjahán		7	₩

Qandahár was finally acquired by Bábar after many vicissitudes in A.H. 929. Humáyún's brother Askari was governor of the province in 951, and it was only after much opposition that Humáyún captured Qandahár in 952. The city was taken by Sháh Tahmásp of Persia in 965, and made over to his nephew. The latter's son, finding his tenure precarious, was prevailed upon to put himself under the protection

of Akbar. Thus Qandahár became Mughal again in A. H. 1003 QANDA-(Blochmann's 'Ain-i-Akharí, p. 313), and remained so till A. H. 1032, HÁR when it was retaken by Sháh 'Abbás of Persia. In A. H. 1047 it was delivered by treachery into the hands of Sháhjahán, but after eleven years' occupation by the Mughals was again annexed by Persia. The coins accurately reflect the history of the town. Dirhams struck by Humáyún are published in the Láhor Museum Catalogue. No coins seem to have been struck by Akbar at Qandahár, and the mint was apparently not re-established till 1020, the sixth year of Jahángír, when heavy rupees of the Kalima type were issued. In 1021 and 1022 these were followed by the 'couplet' variety, but by Khúrdád of the eighth year the Iláhí coins had begun to issue. These continued till 1025, the eleventh year, when a new couplet appeared on the coins:--

سکه قندهار شد دلخواه از جهانگیر شاه اکبر شاه

'The coin of Qandahar was made attractive by the name of Jahangir Sháh, (son of) Akbar Sháh.'

Specimens of each of the regnal years up to the seventeenth are given in the catalogue, pp. 89-90. Jahángír also struck copper at Of Sháhjahán the British Museum has a rupee dated 1048, the year after the Mughal reoccupation, and coins of the next few years are not uncommon, the latest being of 1057, the twentyfirst regnal year (No. 1038). Qandahár was retaken by Persia in the following year.

# SAHÁRANPÚR Lat. 29° 57' Long. 77° 33' Akbar

Sháh 'Álam II

ANPÚR

Saháranpúr was in Akbar's time the head quarters of a sarkár in the súba of Dehlí. It was a mint for copper only, the dáms being of the Iláhí type and the dates ranging between the thirty-seventh and thirty-ninth years. Except for a solitary rupee of Aurangzéb, dated 1097 (in my own cabinet), no coins are published of this mint after 1002 till the reign of Shah 'Alam II, when both silver and copper coins were struck. Saháranpúr was the principal town of the tract of country known as the Báwaní Mahál which had been acquired by Najib Khán Rohilla and remained in his family for two generations. No. 2497 of 1215 was struck in the year preceding the British occupation of the district (1801). Saháranpúr is known on the rupees of Sháh 'Álam II as Dáru-s-sarúr, 'the abode of pleasure,' an epithet also borne by Burhánpúr.

### SAR-HIND

## SARHIND [also SAHRIND]

Lat. 30° 3	8 <b>′</b>	Long 76° 27'	
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	Æ	Æ
$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{k}\mathbf{b}\mathbf{a}\mathbf{r}$			$^2$
Aurangzéb	_	6	
Sháh 'Álam I		1	
Muḥammad		2	
Aḥmad	-	2	
'Álamgír II	_	1	

Sarhind was the head quarters of a sarkár in the súba of Dehlí under Akbar. The British Museum Catalogue (No. 61) gives a gold coin of this mint, dated 984, and copper 'fulús' of the usual Hijra type are known of 987, with the epithet of 'Baldat'. The Iláhí coins of the thirty-seventh to the forty-first years are, however, more frequently met with. They are peculiar in not giving the month of issue.

No coins are published of Jahángír and Sháhjahán from this mint. The first silver coins are of the reign of Aurangzéb, the earliest date published being 1103 (No. 1504). On these coins, and on all future issues, Sarhind is written Sahrind. Rupees are known of all the succeeding emperors down to 'Álamgír II, except Sháhjahán II. The latest date for the mint seems to be 1171. After this Sarhind became Sikh territory.

## SHOLÁ-PÚR

# SHOLÁPÚR

Lat. 17° 40	$\mathbf{L}_{0}$	ng. 75° 5	4'
	A	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	1	2	

Sholápúr, a town in the Dakhan, which lies between Aḥmadnagar and Bíjápúr, was for many years 'the subject of contention between Nizámu-l-Mulk (of Aḥmadnagar) and 'Ádil Khán (of Bíjápúr)'—E. D. VI. 416. It was occupied by the Mughals after Aḥmadnagar was taken by Akbar in A. D. 1600, but was retaken in Jahángír's reign by Malik 'Ambar. Under Sháhjahán it again passed into the possession of the Mughals, but Aurangzéb seems to have been the first to establish a mint there, the earliest published date on the coins being A. H. 1081—fifteenth regnal year (No. 1146).

Aurangzéb and his successor Sháh 'Alam I struck coins in gold, silver, and copper at the Sholápúr mint. Of Jahándár no coins are published, but Dr. White King had a specimen without date of the copper coinage of Farrukh-siyar. After this reign Sholápúr ceases to be a Mughal mint.

## SÍTPÚR

SÍTPÚR

Lat. ? Long. ?

X R Æ

Akbar — 5 —

The identification of this mint town is uncertain. The name has been read Pesháwar and Sítápúr. The reading Sítpúr suggested by Mr. C. J. Rodgers (L. M. C., p. 86) is more probable. There is a town of this name in the Muzaffargarh district of the Panjáb. The mint was apparently working only during the forty-eighth and forty-ninth years of Akbar.

# SÚRAT

SÚRAT

Lat. 21° 12′	Lon	ig. $72^{\circ}$ 50'	
	A'	Æ	${f E}$
Jahángír		2	
Núrjahán		3	
Sháhjahán	3	31	
Murád Ba <u>kh</u> sh	_	<b>2</b>	
Aurangzéb	6	89	
Sháh 'Álam I	1	6	
Jahándár		3	_
Farrukh-siyar	1	7	*******
Rafí'u-d-darját	1		
Sháhjahán II		1	
Muhammad	_	15	
'Alamgir II		1	
Sháhjahán III		1	

Súrat, on the Gulf of Cambay, was one of the principal mint towns of the Mughal Emperors after Jahángír. The present fort was built in 947 by a slave of Sultán Maḥmúd of Gujarát 'in order to resist the attacks of Europeans' (E. D., V. 347), but the city had become a place of considerable importance by the first quarter of the sixteenth century. In 980 it was besieged and taken by Akbar, and a rupee is known of Akbar's Iláhí type with the mint spelt مورت (L. M. C., p. 70), but the attribution of this coin to the Súrat mint is not free from doubt.

Jahángir's issues are scarce, the earliest date being 1030 (No. 792). From 1033 to 1037 Súrat rupees were struck in the name of Núrjahán.

The first issues of Sháhjahán are of an unusual type, the obverse containing the Kalima and Hijra date, while on the reverse above the mint name is the legend سكه جهان رائج باد These were followed by coins of the Hijra type, which were issued for a longer period from Súrat than from most mints, specimens being known as late as 1041 (No. 1044). In the fourth year the Iláhí type appeared (B. M. C., No. 533), but by 1043 this had given way to the square areas on

**SÚRAT** obverse and reverse. This type was maintained till 1067, but on the coins of 1057 the legends are enclosed in lozenge-shaped areas. In 1067–8 the inscriptions were in circles.

In the latter year coins of two types were struck in the name of Murád Bakhsh.

Of the rupees of Aurangzéb the catalogue describes no less than eighty-nine, very few years of this long reign being unrepresented. On the earliest issues Súrat is called 'Bandar-i-Mubárak'—the blessed port—in reference to its being the port of departure for the pilgrimage to Mecca, but by the third year the epithet had been dropped (No. 1541). From that time up to 1089 the regnal year is to be found at the top of the reverse, but the coins described on pp. 180-1 of the catalogue show that slight variations were made in the arrangement of the legend during that period. In 1090 the ordinary type of reverse was adopted and continued without change to the end of the Mughal series. The obverse inscriptions of the later Súrat coins present no unusual features except in the first year of Muhammad Sháh, when the following legend occurs:—

The king of the age, Muhammad Shah, struck coin in the world by the grace of God.'

It was supposed that coins of this type were issues of the claimant to the throne. Níkúsiyar, but the mistake was corrected by Mr. W. Irvine (see note to No. 2069 (a)). Rupees are known of all the later Mughal Emperors down to Sháh 'Álam II, and copper coins of all except Sháhjahán II, Ahmad. Álamgír II. and Sháh 'Álam II. Jahángír and Sháhjahán I also issued copper money from the Súrat mint, but there is not a single specimen in the collection here catalogued of the copper coinage of this city. Double rupees of Álamgír II and Sháh 'Álam II are noticed in J. A. S. B., Num. Supp. V. 1905.

When the East India Company commenced striking their own coins in Bombay they made use of the Sárat Mughal rupee as a model, but 'there arose discrepancies in the fineness which obliged the Company to have their coins restruck at Sárat. It was not till 1800 (1214) that the Bombay mint recommenced the issue of Sárat rupees, and not till 1804 (1219), the forty-sixth year of Sháh 'Álam, that a fixed coinage was established' (Lane-Poole, B. M. C., p. civ, introduction). On p. 243 of the catalogue are given coins (Nos. 2079-81) which may be the imitations above referred to.

The British Museum Catalogue gives examples of coins struck in the name of Sháh 'Álam II down to the thirty-second year of his reign (A. H. 1204).

TO A TOTO A	70 A mm A
TATTA	TATTA

Lat. 24° 45	′	Long. 67°	58 <b>′</b>
	$\boldsymbol{A}\!$	$\mathbf{A}\!\mathbf{R}$	Æ
Akbar		$^{23}$	_
Jahángír	_	15	_
Sháhjahán	1	14	
Aurangzéb	_	11	-
Sháh 'Álam I	_	1	

Tatta was the capital of the independent state of Sind, which was conquered in A. H. 929 by the Arghún family who traced their descent from Changiz Khán.

In 999 Akbar determined to annex Sind to the Mughal Empire, and the conquest was effected in his thirty-seventh year by the son of Bahrám Khán.

A mint for silver coins was established at Tatta immediately after the Mughal occupation, and square rupees of the Iláhí type are known of every year from 1001 to the end of Akbar's reign. The issues of the thirty-eighth year differ slightly from those of the following years, the date in the former being to the left and in the latter to the right of the mint name.

During the first five years of Jahángír's reign the heavy rupee of the *Kalima* type was current, but in 1020 this gave place to the normal-weight Iláhí coin, with the inscriptions enclosed in ornamental areas. A plainer variety appeared in the fifteenth year and was retained to the end of the reign, the coins of 1037 differing slightly in the arrangement of the reverse. No coins are published from this mint in the name of Núrjahán.

The issues of Sháhjahán are peculiar in that the Iláhí type is maintained throughout the reign from 1038—second year—to 1069—thirty-third year. I have not been able to trace any published coins of Sháhjahán's first year from this mint.

The obverse of Aurangzéb's coins up to 1071 recites the king's name and titles. From 1072 the couplet type was current.

No. 1708 (a) is an interesting and very rare coin of Sháh 'Alam I with the name Mu'azzam, by which he was known before he came to the throne. On the obverse is the following couplet:—

'The second Sháhjahán Sultán Mu'azzam, the Sultán, struck blessed coin in the seven climes on gold and silver (lit. the sun and the moon).'

TATTA

After Aurangzéb the coinage of the Tatta mint becomes scarce, but rupees are known of Farrukh-siyar, Sháhjahán II, and Muḥammad, and the cabinet of Mr. Ellis (now in the Lucknow Museum) contained a copper coin of the latter Emperor, dated 1141.

UJJAIN

UJJAIN	[also	UJAIN]	
Lat. 23° 11′	L	ong. 75° 47′	
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	$\mathcal{H}$	Æ
Akbar		1	2
Sháhjahán		2	2
Aurangzéb	1	1	
Muḥammad	1		
Sháh 'Álam II		1.5	

Ujjain was one of the principal towns of the kingdom of Málwá, and after the conquest of that province by Akbar became the head quarters of a sarkár.

Humáyún had struck dirhams at Ujjain on his invasion of Málwá, and the Lahor Museum Catalogue (p. 55) gives a silver coin of Akbar (weighing 100 grains!) dated 968, the year of the annexation of the province by Akbar. Square rupees of the usual type are known of 990, and Dr. White King's cabinet included a half rupee of 987. In Akbar's forty-second and following years rupees were issued of the Iláhí type.

No. 526 is a rare specimen of Akbar's dâms, and No. 527, dated 995, of his square pieces, following in weight and form the earlier local currency. Some coins of the latter type give the name as Ujjainpúr.

I can find no publication of any coins of Jahángir from this mint, but Nos. 1084 and 1085 are rupees of Sháhjahán of the Hijra type struck in his second year—1039. On these the mint name is 'Baldat Újain'. Rupees are also known of the Iláhí and 'square areas' varieties. Sháhjahán's copper coinage followed Akbar's later issues in weight and shape (No. 1113).

The title 'Dáru-l-fath', which is associated with Ujjain, seems to have originated with Aurangzeb, and was in use as early as 1073 (No. 1153). In this reign also the mint issued gold coins for the first time Rupees are known of all the later Emperors except Sháhjahán II and Ahmad Sháh, and gold coins of A'zam Sháh, Sháh 'Álam I, and Muḥammad. In the reign of Ahmad Sháh, Ujjain came into the possession of Sindhia, whose capital it remained till 1810 (1225). The series of coins described on pp. 295, 296 of the

catalogue were issued during this period, and can only by courtesy **UJJAIN** be called Mughal coins. They all bear the same distinctive mint mark. The latest date for the mint is the forty-fourth year of Sháh 'Álam II (1216-17), corresponding to A.D. 1801, when the Mughal sovereign finally came under British protection.

ÚRDÚ	-I-ZAFA	R-QAR	ÍN
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	Æ	Æ
$\mathbf{A}$ kbar	<b>2</b>	6	16

ÚRDÚ-I-ZAFAR-QARÍN

The practice of issuing coins from a travelling camp mint was inaugurated by Bábar (L. M. C., p. 3), and was continued by Akbar and Jahángír, but the latter's camp issues are extremely scarce. The earliest coin of Akbar struck in the 'Camp associated with victory is the gold muhar—possibly still unique—described under No. 100 of the catalogue and dated 984. A square rupee, dated 987 and struck in the 'camp'—jo only—with the Kalima enclosed in a diamond-shaped area and اخلد خلك خرب اردو in the four marginal corners, is in my own cabinet, and another square rupee of the same date but of a different type is described in the British Museum Catalogue (No. 128). Apart from these, all Akbar's issues of 'Úrdú mintage bear the date

Under No. 528 a coin has been catalogued of the thirty-sixth year, but too little of the unit of the date is left to make the reading certain, and it is probable that what has been read as a '6' is really a '9'.

It seems to me open to question whether all these 'alif' coins were issued in the year 1000. We know from Badáoní that with the advent of Abú-l-Fazl at the Court in 982, followed by the weekly discussions in the newly-built Ibádat Khána, Akbar's thoughts turned towards the renunciation of Islám. By 986 his ideas had crystallized, and in the year 987 Akbar publicly assumed the spiritual leadership of the nation, and coins of this year are known with the obverse legend الله In 990 Badáoní writes that 'His Majesty was now convinced that the millennium of the Islámitic dispensation was drawing near. No obstacle, therefore, remained to promulgating the designs which he had planned in secret. . . . The first order which was passed was that the coinage should show the era of the millennium'.

This, taken in conjunction with the facts above mentioned regarding the dates found on the Imperial camp issues, would seem to indicate that the 'alif' coins were issued between 987 and 1000, irrespective of the actual Hijra date. When the millennium had

t

ÚRDÚ-I-ZAFAR-QARÍN arrived, i.e. in the thirty-seventh year of the reign, the coins naturally recorded the real dates. These issues of dáms with Iláhí dates continued till the fiftieth, i.e. last. year of Akbar's reign. Two varieties of the 'Úrdú-i-zafar-qarín' coins are also known (Nos. 537, 538), without 'alif' or any other date.

Of Jahángír's camp coinage I have heard of only two examples—one a zodiacal muhar in my own cabinet, of which a description was given in J. A. S. B., 1904, Num. Supp. I; the other a ruper in the Lucknow Museum, bearing the unusual inscription فرت اردو 'Struck in the camp on the way to the Dakhan', and dated 1025–11.

ZAFAR-ÁBÁD

# ZAFARÁBÁD

Dr. Codrington, in his Musalmán Numismatics, locates this mint town in the North-west Provinces, presumably referring to the town of that name near Jaunpúr, but as the dates on the coins range from 1069, the thirty-second year of Sháhjahán, to 1119, the first year of Sháh 'Alam Bahádur Sháh (L. M. C.), it seems more probable that the mint town was Bídar taken by Aurangzéb from the Bíjápúr king in 1067, just before he was called to Dehlí by the illness of Sháhjahán, and renamed by him Zafarábád.

ZAFAR-NAGAR

## ZAFARNAGAR

Sháhjahán 
$$\begin{array}{cccc} X & X & \pm \\ - & 3 & - \end{array}$$

I am not aware of the exact locality of this mint town. Dr. Codrington, in his Musalmán Namismatics, identifies it with Fathábád in the Province of Ágra. The references to the place, however, in the chronicles of Jahángír's, Sháhjahán's, and Aurangzéb's reign (see E. D., VII. pp. 37 and 315; also Blochmann's 'Ain, p. 503) seem to leave no doubt that the Zafarnagar of the coins is the town of that name in South India, south of Ahmadnagar.

A rupee of Jahángír without date from this mint is published in the Láhor Museum Catalogue (p. 134), the earliest dated coin being of the third year of Sháhjahán of the Iláhí type (No. 1086). No. 1088 is a rupee of the same emperor with square areas and dated 1043. A coin of Aurangzéb from the Láhor Museum is mentioned by Mr. Burn in his mint list (J. A. S. B., 1904).

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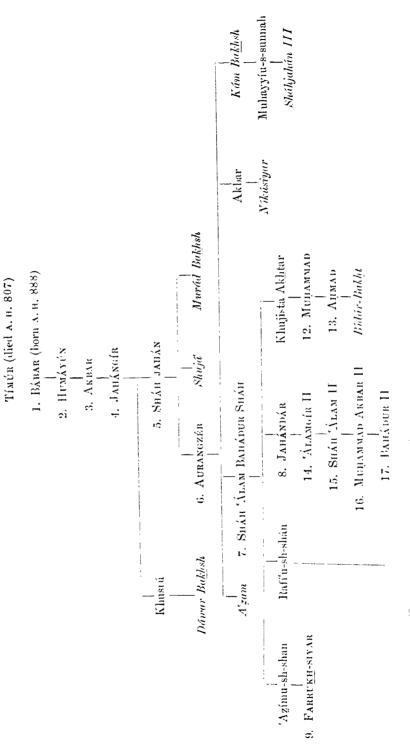
# MUGHAL EMPERORS OF INDIA

# LIST OF EMPERORS

-	D				А.Н.	A. D.
I.	Bábar, Zahíru-d-dín .	,			932	1526
II.	Humáyún, Nasíru-d-dín .		•		937	1530
III.					963	1556
IV.					1014	1605
	Dáwar Ba <u>kh</u> sh				1037	1627
V.	Sháhjahán, Shihábu-d-dín				1037	1628
	Shujá' (in Bengal)				1068-70	1657-60
	Murád Ba <u>kh</u> sh (in Gujarát	) .			1068	1657-8
VI.	Aurangzéb, 'Álamgir, Muḥ	ayyí	u-d-0	lín .	1068	1658
	A'zam Sháh				1118-19	1707
	Kám Ba <u>kh</u> sh				1119	1707-8
VII.	Sháh 'Álam Bahádur Sháh	١.			1119	1707
VIII.	Jahándár Sháh				1124	1712
IX.	Farrukh-siyar				1124	1713
Χ.	Rafí'u-d-darját				1131	1719
XI.	Rafí'u-d-daula Sháhjahán I	Ι.			1131	1719
	Níkúsiyar				1131	1719
	Ibráhím				1132 - 3	1720
XII.	Muḥammad				1131	1719
XIII.	Ahmad				1161	1748
XIV.	'Álamgir II, 'Azízu-d-dín				1167	1754
	Sháhjahán [III]				1173-4	1759-60
XV.	Sháh 'Álam II				1173	1759
	Bíd <b>á</b> r-Ba <u>kh</u> t				1202 - 3	1788
XVI.	Muḥammad Akbar II .				1221	1806
	Bahádur Sháh II				1253	1837
	Deposed by the British Gov	vern	nent		1274	1858
	± ₩					

Note.—These dates differ in some instances from the dates given in the list on p. 3 of the British Museum Catalogue, 'Moghul Emperors.' In these cases I have followed Dr. G. P. Taylor (J.A.S.B., Num. Supp. VII, 1907).

# GENEALOGICAL TABLE OF THE MUGHAL EMPERORS



Norg.--The names in stalics are those of claimants to the throne who issued coins.

10. Rafíc-d-daráár Ibrákím

11. Suán Janán II (Raffu-d-daulat)

 $\mathbf{I}$ 

# BÁBAR

**А.** н. 932-937.

A.D. 1525-1530.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 1	?	į	الا الله الا الله الا الله الا الله الله الله محمد رسول الله <i>Margin</i> على المرتفى على المرتفى <b>W</b> . 73.	In oblong with triple arched ends, and knots in the centre of the top and bottom sides ظهير الدين محمد بابر بادشاه غازى Above السلطان الاعظم Below كلد الله ملكه Pl.	SILVER
2	7	7	As on No. 1.  Margin deleted.  W. 73. S95.	As on No. 1. Above السلطان الأعظم خاقان Below, deleted.	
3	ì	7	In quatrefoil The Kalima. Margin deleted.  W. 72. S. 1.0.	As on No. 2. In lower margin ملکه ضرب	
4	3	3	In looped lozenge The Kalima. Margin illegible.  W. 65. S. ·85.	In circle  غازی  شـاه  محمد باد  محمد باد  ظهبر الدس بابر  Margin  السلطان الاعظم خا	
5 WRIGE	1	Ţ	In looped lozenge The Kalima. Margin على المرتضى المالكر الصديق	In eightfoil فلهير الدين محمد بابر بادشاء المعتمد بابر بادشاء المعتمد الله السلطان الأ خلد الله تعالى ملكه و سلطانه الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 6	į	?	As on No. 5.	In sixfoil ظهر الدن محمد بار
				<b>₩.</b> 73. <b>S.</b> ·85.	عهم الحان عمد بار Margin
COPPER	Æ 7 8	$ m \acute{A}gra$	936	In circle ضرب اگرہ	In a mihráb
				In margin, scroll-work.  W. 140.7-138. S65.	منة Above and below fleuron.
				<b>S.</b> 100.	Pl.
	9	٠,		ا دار الخلا فــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	As on No. 7, but no miliráb.
				ضرب أكرة <b>W.</b> 133.	
				<b>S.</b> 65.	A.S.B.
	10 11	Ágra Fort	936	دار الضرب ** فلع اگرد	As on No. 9.
				<b>W.</b> 140·7–136. <b>S.</b> ·7.	1
	12 ¹	[Ágra]	936	In circle	Pl.
				فلوس ضرب	<sup>ىنارىخ</sup> ،ھ <u>م</u> د و سى و شش
		,		عرف [اكرة]	و شنن
			1	₩. 32. S65.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See also No. 63,

II HUMÁYÚN¹

А. н. 937-963.

A.D. 1530-1556.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
N 13 14			In treble circle, the middle one of dots, The Kalima.  W. 9. S. ·4.	خلد الله تعالى بادشاه غازى هما يو ن <sup>محمد</sup> ملكه	GOLD
AR 15	Dehlí	[194]3	In circle The Kalima. Margin على المرتضى على المرتضى 52.	Pl.  In wavy area محمد زی هما غا هما غا بون بون  Margin تعالی و سلطانه ضرب	SILVER
16	-	943	In circle The Kalima, M. 1. Margin illegible.  W. 72-8. S85.	الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله	
17	?	[?94]5	In circle  الله الا الله محمد رسول الله  الله يرزق من نشاء  بغير حساب  Margin  ا بعلم على ا  W. 71.  S. 1.2	In wavy lozenge هما غا هما غا بون بون Margin السلطان الاعظم الحافان الاعظم الحافان الكرّم Right حلد الله ه	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Humáyún was defeated by Sher Sháh Súr at Qanauj in A. H. 947, and did not recover the sovereignty of Hindustán till A. H. 962.

SILVER

Ágra		<b>W.</b> 72-5. <b>S.</b> 1-0.	In wavy circle هماون محمد غازی ۴۴: ۱۹۶: سنتالی ملکه و سلطانه ضرب الاهور حلد
Ágra	[194]6	. 37 4 4	
		As on No. 17.  **Margin**  **Salah عدر نعلم عدل عدر نعلم عدل	As on No. 17, but : in left margin.
ş	[?94]7	W. 73. S. 1-0.  In circle The Kalima. Margin العاروق ا عثمان W. 72.5 S. 1.0.	As on No. 17, but v in left margin.
	950 }	In circle, as on No. 17.  Margin illegible. Defaced by cuts and other marks.  W. 160. S. 1.0.	In circle ن محمد يو هما شاه داد غازي
		In circle, as on No. 17.  Margin clipped.	Margin ؟ ۱۹۰۰  Pl  In circle محمد
		950 !	Margin  الفاروق عثمان  W. 72.5  S. 1.0.  950! In circle, as on No. 17.  Margin illegible.  Defaced by cuts and other marks.  W. 160.  S. 1.0.  In circle, as on No. 17.

<sup>1</sup> Nos. 21 and 22 were found with Bengal coins, and are evidently from a Bengál mint.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
#R 23	_		In circle The Kalima. Margin مر الفاروق عمر العاروق	As on No. 17. <i>Margin</i> Top  السلطان السلطان المكترم  Right  Bottom	SILVER
24	_		In circle, as on No. 17.  **Margin**  المحياى عثمان   بعدل على  **W. 66.  **S. 1.0.	In mihráb هما محمد ی یون غا ز Margin illegible. A.S.B.	
Æ <b>25</b>	Ágra	937 ?	فلوس ضرب اگره <b>W.</b> 74·5. <b>S.</b> ·8.	In circle [فی تا]ریخ [نه]صد و سی و ت A.S.B.	COPPER
26 27	Ágra <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	937	دار الخلا فست ضرب اگره M. 2 in lower line. <b>W.</b> 140–134. <b>S.</b> •7.	فی ۱۳۰ تاریخ above and below fleuron. (26) A.S.B.	
28 29	,,	"	but no m. " <b>W.</b> 140–127.	,, (29) A.S.B.	
30 31	,,	938	M. 2. <b>W.</b> 140–138.	,, 984 A.S.B.	
32 33	"	939	M. 2. " <b>W.</b> 139-5.	97 <b>1</b> (33) <i>A.S.B</i> .	
34	,,	940	M. 2. <b>W.</b> 137⋅5.	۰٬۰ ۹۴ . A.S.B.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverso
COPPER	Æ 35	Ágra Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	941	As on No. 26. M. 2. <b>W.</b> 129.	As on No. 26
	36	Ágra Dáru-l- amán	941	الامان آگره ضرب دار <b>W.</b> 124.5. <b>S.</b> .6.	داریخ فے میں مینہ سنہ The 'ye' of e forms m. 2 in the centre of the coin.
			1		Pl.
	37	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	9	<b>w.</b> 134.	but date uncertain.
	38 39 40	,,,	942	دار الأما <u>ن</u> صرب اگرة M. 2 in lower line. <b>W.</b> 138–141.	As on No. 30, but 5*7 (39-40) A.S.B.
	<b>41</b> ¹	Ágra	942	ملوس ضرب اگره <b>W.</b> 62. <b>S.</b> ·75.	In circle في <sup>دارنس</sup> خ بعو
	42 43	,,	943	<b>W.</b> 65–61. <b>S.</b> ⋅6.	 90p aim (43) A.S.B. Pl.
	44	,,	946	In quatrefoil مرب اگره Margin فلوس <b>W.</b> 66 <b>S.</b> 65.	91° 1 

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  This is I.M.C.. No. 13033, where the date is given as  $944\,$ 

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ <b>45</b>	Ágra Fort	937	بدار الضرب قلعةً أكرة <b>W.</b> 139. <b>S.</b> .7.	As on No. 26.	COPPER
46 47 48	Dehlí Hazrat Dáru-l- mulk	942	حضرت دهلي دار الملك ضرب <b>W.</b> 136. <b>S.</b> .65.	فی <sup>تاریخ</sup> ۱۹۶۳ سنة سنة (47, 48) <i>A.S.B</i> .	
49	Jaunpúr Dáru-z- zarb Khiṭa muta- barrak	937	بدار الضرب متبرك جونپور خطة <b>W.</b> 140·5. <b>S.</b> ·7.	۶۳۰ فی التاریخ سنة Fleuron above and below. Pl.	
50	57	938	As on No. 49, but m. 2 over حطة w. 142.	,, 9ma	
<b>51</b> ¹	1	939	, <b>W.</b> 140.	ን ን ዓተካዓ	
52	••	940	but m. 3.  W. 138.	ንን ዓነ <sup>ራ</sup> . <i>A.S.B</i> .	
53	19	941	<b>w</b> . 138.	,,, 1,6,1 A.S.B.	
<b>54</b> <sup>2</sup>	••	94-	.,, <b>W.</b> 135⋅5.	Jk − ''	
55	, ,,	942	but m. 2.	المار والمار	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 13385. The unit was there, I think wrongly, read 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> No. 54 is I.M.C., No. 13032, where the date is given as 944. The unit is, however, missing. From the m, the date would appear to be 940 or 941.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 56 57	Jaunpúr Dáru-z- zarb <u>Khita</u> muta- barrak		As on No. 49. No m. <b>W.</b> 139-132.	As on No. 49.  A.S.B.
	58	Láhor <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	939	دار لخلا فــــــة لاهور ضرب ضرب <b>W.</b> 136.	As on No. 26, but
	59	,,	93-	<b>w.</b> 138. <b>w.</b> 138.	4.S.B.
	60	,,	940	<b>w.</b> 136.	9 ye .
	61	,,	-,	, ضرب لاهور الاهور	,, A.S.B.
	62	Mandú	942	<b>W.</b> 136.  In circle  ب  ضر  ضر	In circle می <sup>تاریخ</sup> مینه
	621		0.10	<b>W.</b> 141. <b>S.</b> ·65.	M. 2.  A.S.B. Pl.
	631	}	940	ملوس ب ضر ۰۰۰۰ <b>w</b> . 71. <b>s.</b> .67.	می <sup>داریخ</sup> بهصد و چهل <sup>۱</sup> A.S.B. Pl.

ا This may be a coin of Babar, reading on reverse نهصد سي و حهار.

III AKBAR

**а** н. 963-1014.

A.D. 1556-1605.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
A/ 64 65	Ágra	971	In wavy pentagon The Kalima. M. 2.  Margin بصدق ابی بکر   بعدل عبر بحیای عثمان   بعلم علی   رضی الله عنهم  W. 168·2–167·8. S. 1·05.	السلطان الاعظم خلد الله  بادشاه ۱۷۱ ز محمد اکبر غا جلال السديسن لے تعا ملکه و سلطانه ضرب اگره	GOLD
66	,:	972	<b>w</b> . 170. <b>s</b> . 1·1.	,,, 9×r Pl.	
67 68	,, Dár <b>u-</b> l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	976	In quatrefoil	ملكة خلد الله تعالے بادشاه ۱۹۷۳ ز محمد غا جلال الدین اکبر دار لخلافة آگره ضرب ضرب (67) A.S.B.	
69	,,	978	 <b>₩.</b> 169. <b>\$.</b> .9.	)) 9 v A	
70 [Mihr- ábí]	, Baldat	981	In triple border, the inner one of dots, The Kalima. لا ابى بكر عمر عنمان على M. 5.  W. 165.5. S. 1.2 × .75.	In triple border, the inner one of dots, خلد ملکه بادشاه غازی محمد جلال الدین اکبر ضرب بلده آگره	

GOLD

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
X 71 72	Ágra <i>Dáru-</i> l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	981	In triple square, the inner one of dots,  The Kalima.  9A1  M. 5.  Margins as on No. 67.  W. 167-164. S 95.	In triple mihrab, the inner one of dots,  د شاه زے  با غا اکبر  جلال الدین محمد  خلد الله ملکه Above  دار الحلافة آثره Below  ضرب
	1	F h i		Pl.
73 74	, ,,	982	 <b>W.</b> 168−167. <b>S.</b> 1·0−·95.	 far (73) A.S.B.
75		42 Shahré- war [1003-6]	In circle الله اكبر جل جلاله <b>W.</b> 166. <b>S.</b> .7.	In circle شهريور اله <u></u> ۴۰ اگره س صر Pl.
76	Aḥmad- ábád	980	In quatrefoil The Kalima. M. 4. Margins deleted.  W. 168. S85.	ملکه حلد الله نعالے بادشاه ز محمد غا جلال الدین اکبرے صرب ۹۸۰ احمداداد
77	n,, Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	980	<b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	but date above محمد and in lower line دار لخلافة احمداباد A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
<i>X</i> 78	Aḥmad- ábád Dáru-s- salṭanat	981	In square with knots at corners The Kalima.  M. 8.  Margins Bottom ابى بكر Left عمر حمر Top m. 6 عمر علی 168. Right علی 168. S. 1.0.	In oblong arched at the ends بادشاه غاز اکبرے جلال الدین محمد خلد الله ملکه Above خلد الله ملکه Below دار السلطنة احمداباد ضرب	GOLD
79 80 ¹		982	As on No. 71, but  9 Ar  M. 7.  W. 168-5-167. S95.	As on No. 78, but Sultan's name in triple oblong—the inner one of dots—with arched ends.  (79) A.S.B. Pl.	
81	27	986	Margins cut. Very rough execution— a doubtful coin.  W. 162. S9.	,,	
<b>82</b> sq.	,,	987?	In diamond formed by elongating some of the letters of the marginal legends  The Kalima.  Margins  ابصدق ابی بکر ابعدل عمر العدل عمان العلم على ١٤٥٠.	خلد الله تعا ملكه لے محمد أكبر دادشاه جلال الدين غازے ضرب دارال [سلطنة] احمد اباد مرب دارال [سلطنق] احمد اباد مرب دارال [سلطنة] احمد اباد مرب دارال [سلطنة] احمد اباد مرب دارال [سلطن] احمد اباد مرب دارال [سلطنق] احمد اباد مرب	
83	Burhán- púr	48 <i>Mihr</i> [1011]	As on No. 75.  W. 170. S. · 7.	مهر ماه الهب برهان بور ۴۸	

برهان بور السلطنة 5. .7. عبرهان بور السلطنة 1 This is I.M.C., No. 7177. دار السلطنة 1 has been read on the reverse, but in No. 79 دار السلطنة 1 clear.

GOLD

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
N 84	Dehlí Ḥaṣrat	972	As on No. 64. M. 9.  W. 168. S. 1.05.	As on No. 64, but ۹۷۶ To left of کے ملکہ Below تعات دھلے حضر سلطانہ [ضر]ب و
				F
85	,,	975	but m. 10.  W. 168. S. 1.05.	" 9 v o
86	,,	977	As on No. 67. M. 4. W. 167.5. S9.	As on No. 67, but 9 and below حضرت دهلی A.S.
87	Dárv-l- mulk Ḥaṣrat	977	As on No. 67. M. 4. W. 168. S. 1.0.	but below دار الملك دهلي حضرت ۲
88	Fathpúr	986	In sixfoil The Kalima. Margins wanting.  W. 170. S9.	In sixfoil بادشاد محمد اکبر غاز جلال الدین محمد جلال الدین مرب فتحبور Maryins wanting.
				I
89	Jaunpúr	972	In wavy pentagon The Kalima. M. 2. Margin mostly wanting. W. 167.2. S. 1.0.	In oblong with arch in centre of each side دادشاه غازی محمد ۹۰۳ اکبر ۹۷۳ جلال الدین جلال الدین Above سلطانه Below صرب جونبور

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
X 90	Jaunpúr	984	As on No. 71, but has and m. 4.  Margins wanting.  W. (looped). S825.	As on No. 71, but below ضرب جونبور	GOLD
91 92	Láhor	971	In double foliated pentagon The Kalima. M. 2. Margins as on No. 64. W. 168-167. S. 1-1.	As on No. 64, but ضرب لأهور ضرب (91) A.S.B. Pl.	
93	**	973	In foliated pentagon The Kalima. M. 11. Margin د ا بعدل عمر ا بحبای ا بعلم علی ا د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د	,, 9 vr A.S.B.	
941		975	Margins wanting.  W. 168. S. 1.075.	but date 9vo below 1	
95 96	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	976	As on No. 67. M. 4.  Margins mostly wanting.  W. 169-167. S. 95.	As on No. 67, but date below 'ye' of غازى and دار لخلافة ضرب لاهور دار 4.8.8.	
972	•	983	As on No. 67.  M. 4.  Margins mostly wanting.  W. 168-3.  S85.	As on No. 67, but ماری As and below 'ye' of عازی دار ضرب لاهور	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 7175, and the date is read as 970, but by the m. and the single-lined area the later date is indicated. Cf. B.M.C., 35.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  In I.M.C. the date is wrongly given as 973.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	<b>R</b> everse
GOLD	X 98 sq.	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	988	As on No. 82, but m. 11.  W. 187. S. 07.	As on No. 82, but ۹۸۸ and ضرب دار السلطنه لاهور
	99	Patna <i>Dáru-z-</i> zarb	984	As on No. 71, but have M. 4.  Maryins wanting.  W. 167. S. 85.	As on No 71. Upper margin wanting. Lower margin
	100	Urdú-e- Zafar qarín	984	In square formed as on No. 82 and inscribed in a triple circle, the inner one of dots,  The Kalima.  Margins  Left بعدل عبر بعدل عبر Right بعدل عشمان عثمان عثمان عثمان عثمان عثمان Bottom معر 168.	In triple circle, the inner one of dots,
				, <b>S.</b> ∙95.	Pl.
	101 sq.		alif	As on No. 82, but the area is square.  W. 167. S. 85.	As on No. 82, but الف over أكمر and in last line ضرب أردو طفر فرين A.S.B.
				Name of mi	nt not clear
	102	<b>?</b>	975	As on No. 64. M. 2.  W. 168. S. 1.05.	As on No. 61, but ave and in la-t line The mint is not Agra, though the coin is similar to Akbar's early Agra coins.
		1		1	Pl
	103	i	977	M. 2. <b>W.</b> 168 <b>S.</b> 1-0.	but \$vv and last line missing.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
N 104	3	983	As on No. 71, but  947  M. 4.  W. 168. S85.	As on No. 71, but lower line not clear.	GOLD
105 sq.	3	989	As on No. 82. M. 4.  W. 168. S6.	As on No. 82, but last line missing.  A.S.B.	
106 sq.	}	alif [1000]	As on No. 82. No m.	As on No. 82, but الف and last line not clear.	
		, 	<b>W.</b> 184. <b>S.</b> ⋅65.	Pl.	
!			Without mint	name on coin	
107	_	968	The Kalima. M. 8.  W. 19. S55.	اکبر بادشاه غازی محمد محمد ۱۲۸ جلال الدین	
108	_	972	but no m.  W. 17-5. S55.	," 9v:	
109		\$30 [988-4]	In double square in- scribed in triple circle— the inner one of dots—wavy lines in segments الله Flowered field.	As on obverse جل جلاله Traces of r. stamped in lower segment.	
			<b>₩.</b> 186. <b>S. ·</b> 7.	<b>A.</b> S.B. Pl.	

CTI	77	TO.	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 110	Ágra  Dáru-l-  kh il ófat  Ahmad- ábád 1 Dáru-s- saltanat	977	In curved square  The Kalima.  Margins as on No. 67.  M. 4 (?) in right margin.  W. 166.5. S. 1.025.  As on No. 71. M. 7.  W. 174.5. S. 1.08.	In square  البر بادشاء غازی محمد  البر بادشاء غازی محمد  البر بادشاء غازی محمد  البر الدین البر الدین البر البر البر البر البر البر البر البر
112		983	M. 12. <b>W</b> . 176. <b>S</b> . 1·0.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
113		986	 M. 13.	, ,, 9A7
		ļ	<b>W.</b> 171	A.S.B.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 11092, where the epithet دار السلطنة is suggested. دار السلطنة is, however, the epithet used on the gold and copper coins of this year and is, I think, a more likely reading on this coin.

C

Metal No.	Mint	Mint Date Obverse		Reverse
AR 114 sq.	Aḥmad- ábád Dáru-s- salṭanat	987	In square, formed as on No. 82,  The Kalima.  M. 13.  Margins wanting.  W. 172.5.  S75.	As on No. 82, but ۹۸۷ above اكبر and last line دار ال[سلطنة] احمداناد
115 116 sq.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	990	M. m. 13 and 14.  W. 174–170.	" 99. Pl.
117 118 sq.	,,	991	M. 13 only.  W. 171-170.	 131 (118) A.S.B.
119 sq.	9.	992	,. <b>W.</b> 173.	., 997
120 sq.	,,	993	<b>w.</b> 174.	99.**
121 122 8q.	,,	994	 <b>W.</b> 172–175.	,, 99.6 (122) A.S.B.
123 sq.	,, 	995	<b>w</b> . 172.	; ,,
<b>124</b> sq.	,,	996	,. <b>W.</b> 175.	444
125 sq.	,,	997	<b>w</b> . 173.	99 v
126 sq.	,,	999	 <b>W.</b> 174.	199
<b>127</b> sq.	,, (no epithet)	38 (1001-2]	bat no m.  W. 173.	ب. Int mand last line اکبر and last line احمداناد PI.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	128   Ahmad-   38 80   ábád   1001-2]		Shahré-	الله اکبر جل جلاله Flowered field. <b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ·65.	شهربور الهت ۳۸ احمداباد ضرب Flowered field.
	<b>129</b> 89.		Ábán	., <b>W.</b> 173.	 ادان
	130 sq.		Ázar	<b>w.</b> 176.	,;, اذر A.S.B. Pl.
	131 <sup>54</sup> 1		Ďí	<b>w.</b> 176.	  دی
	132 sq.	,. 	Bah- man	 <b>W.</b> 173.	.، دہن
	133 sq.		39 Tír [1002-3]	<b>w</b> . 175.	بر تىر but ۴۹ and
	134	,	Ábán	<b>w.</b> 177. <b>s.</b> ⋅85.	,, ابان
	135	••	Ázar	<b>w</b> . 174.	، اذر
	136	,.	 Dí	<b>w</b> . 174.	Pl. ",
	137	,,	40 Far- wardí [1003-4]	 <b>w.</b> 176·5.	 فروردی but ۴. and
	138	,,	Ábán	 <b>W</b> . 174.	<i>A.S.B.</i> ., ابان
	139	,,	Ázar	<b>w.</b> 173.	 اذر

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 140	Aḥmad- ábád	41 <u>Khúr-</u> dád [1004-5]	As on No. 128. <b>W.</b> 174.	As on No. 128, but ۴۱ مطورداد
141	,,	Ázar	 <b>W</b> . 173.	,, اذر
142	٠,	42 Ázar (1005-0)	<b>W.</b> 175.	but ۴۲ and اذر Gurgáon.
143	51	Bah- man	<b>w.</b> 176.	ب بهمن
144	,	43 Far- wardí	<b>w.</b> 173.	but ۴ and فروردی A.S.B.
145	••	44 Tír [1007-8]	<b>₩.</b> 175.	 تىر but ۴۴ and
146	••	Amar- dád	(Worn.)	., امرداد
147	21	Bah- man	<b>w</b> . 175	ر, دېمن
148	,,	,. Isfan- dármuz	,. <b>W.</b> 176-5.	 اسفندارمز
149	,,	46 Ázar [1009-10]	,. <b>₩.</b> 173.	but ۴۶ and اذر
150	,,	Dí	,. <b>W</b> . 174.	 دی
151	,,	Bah- man	,. <b>W</b> . 176∙5.	,, بہن

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 152	Aḥmad- ábád	47 Khúr- dad [1010-11]	As on No. 128, but in square enclosed in ornamented border.  W. 174. S85.	As on No. 128, but in octagon enclosed in ornamented border and خورداد ۴۷
	153	31	Tír	 <b>₩.</b> 174-5.	ر. بس م
	154 155	,,	Isfan- dármuz	As on No. 128. <b>W.</b> 175–174.	As on No. 128, but استخدارمز ۴۷ (155) A.S.B.
	156	**	48 Far- wardín [1011-12]	 <b>W.</b> 168 (worn).	 فروردس but ۴۰ and
	157		$\Lambda_{ m zar}$	₩. 173.	 اذر
	158	••	Bah- man	 <b>W.</b> 173.	،، بہمن
	159		49 Ázar [1012-13]	<b>W</b> . 174.	اذر but ۴۹ and
	160	*1	Bah- man	<b>W.</b> 175.	., نېمن
	161		 Istan- dármuz	<b>W.</b> 174.	 اس <i>م</i> ىدارمز
	162	••	4– Mihr	<b>w.</b> 167 (worn).	 but r- and مهر
	163		,	<b>W.</b> 86.	Month and year missing. Ahmadábád.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 164	Allahábád	45 [1008-9]	ماه رائج باد مــهــر و همجو زر	اله اباد ســـکه ف جهان شـــر	SILVER
165	,,	46 Ardíbi- hisht [1000-10]	همبشه <b>W.</b> 154 (clipped). <b>S.</b> .8.  but ۴, to left of j and اردی بېشت below همېشه <b>W.</b> 177.	بغرب و ۴۵ Flowered field. but no date.	
166	,,,	47	<b>S.</b> ⋅875. but ⊬v and no month. <b>W.</b> 177.	,	,
167 168	**		but no date and j above asset	(167) A.S.B.	
169	Bairáta	42 Bah- man [1005-6]	W. 176. As on No. 128. W. 171. S77.	بهمن ماه الهس ۴۲ بیراته ضرب Stars in field.	
170	••	48 Bah- man [1011-12]	Stars in field. <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ·7.	Pl but %^	•
171	,,	49 Isfan- dármuz [1012-13]	 <b>₩.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> ·8.	ر, مز ماد اسفندار	
172		4 – Ardíbi- hisht	 <b>₩.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ·8.	but unit of date missing and in top line.	,
173	77	4 – Shahré- war	<b>W,</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ⋅75.	اردی "مهریور "A.S.B	
174	٠,	4 – Mihr	<b>w.</b> 177.	 ماد مهر	

a superior activity facility and attended in the facility definition or a

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 175	Burhán- púr	46 Far- wardín [1002-10]	As on No. 128.  W. 174. S. ·8.	وروردين الهــــ ۴۱ برها نپور صرب A.S.B.
	176	,,	48 <b>M</b> ihr [1011-12]	 <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ∙75.	مهر ماه الهب برهاں بور ۴۸
	177	.,	49 Ázar [1012-13]	<b>w.</b> 175.	but ۴۹ and ماه أُذر Pl.
	178		50 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád <sub>[1013-14]</sub>	<b>w</b> . 175.	 but c. and حورداد
	179	.,	Ábán	,, <b>w</b> . 175.	 ماة أبان but
	180	Dehlí <i>Ḥaz̞rat</i>	964	In circle	In oblong with arch in the centre of each side  اكبر بادشاه ي المحمد غا ز علم حجمد غا ز علم علم علم الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال
	181	,,	980	In wavy square The Kalima.  M. 4.  Margin  اسدی ابی سکر ابی بصدی  بصدی ابی علی  W. 172.5. S9.	In square  الكسر عا ز  الكسر عا ز  محـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR   182   183   sq.	Dehlí	30 Amar- dád [993-4]	In square with dots out- side الله اكبر جل جلاله ضرب دهلے	SILVE ماد امرداد
	1		<b>w.</b> 175. <b>s.</b> ⋅7.	(182) A.S.B. Pl.
184 sq.	,,	37 Shahré- war [1000-1]	As on No. 182.  W. 21. S325.	As on No. 182, but ماه شهریور and
185 sq.	,,	39 Ardíbi- hisht [1002-3]	,, <b>₩.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ·65.	رمشت ماه اردی
186 sq.	••	Khúr- dád	<b>w</b> . 176.	ماه خورداد
187 sq.	,,	42 Ardíbi- hisht [1005-6]	 <b>W.</b> 175.	بهست بهست ماه اردی
188 sq.	,,	Khúr- dád	<b>w.</b> 173.	ر. ماه حورداد
189 sq.	,,	Tír	<b>w</b> . 172.	" ماه تیر
190 sq. <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	,•	Mihr	<b>w.</b> 42. <b>s.</b> ·4.	ماد تیر ۰. ماد مهر
191	٠,	4 - Mihr	but no border.	but unit missing.
<b>192</b> sq.	Fathpúr Dáru-s- saltanat	986	W. 174. S75.  As on No. 82, but the area is square and no date in margin. W. 174. S8.	Pl.  As on No. 82, but in last line  ضرب دار السلطنة فتحمور  and ٩٨٢ above

・「東京の東京の一の日本のでは、日本の大学、これのでは、これのでは、これのでは、これのでは、これのでは、日本のでは、日本の大学のでは、日本のではのでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	.R 193 194 sq.	Fathpúr Dácu-s- saltanat	987	As on No. 192. <b>w</b> . 174.	As on No. 192, but
	195 196 sq	٠,	988	 <b>W.</b> 174–163.	,, 126) A.S.B.
	197 sq.	,,	Î	<b>w.</b> 168.	 but no date over آبر and last line differently arranged.
	198 199	Jaunpúr <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>Lh</u> iláfat	975	In multifoil pentagon The Kalima. Margins as on No. 64. W. 170-168. S. 1.2.	In oblong, with triple arch in top and bottom sides.  ل الدس اكمر غازى جلا محامد بادشاه  Above داصر الدنبا و الدين ابو المظمر الدافية جونبور Below
	200	,,	;;	<b>w.</b> 170. <b>s.</b> 1.25.	To right ملکه but جوببور differently arranged.
	201		977	M. 2.  W. 168.  S. 1.05.	Pl.  but ۹۷۷ and last line ضرب جونبور [دار لخلافة]
	202	,,	978	M. 2. <b>W</b> . 176.	A.N.B.
	<b>202</b> (a)	,,	979	M. 2. <b>W.</b> 173	,. 9 v P
	<b>202</b> (b)	, ,	983	M. 4. <b>W</b> . 172.	 
	203 sq.	77	988	As on No. 82, but the area is square and no date in margin.	As on No. 82. but ۹۸۸ over آکسر and in the last line
		!		<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ∙7.	Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 204 1/2	Kábul	46 Dí [1009-10]	In circle with dots out- side الله اکبر جل جلاله	دی الهے ضرب کابل ۴۹	SILVER
Į			<b>W.</b> 84. <b>S.</b> ⋅65.	Pl.	
205 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	3,	47 Ázar [1010-11]	As on No. 204. <b>W.</b> 85.	As on No. 204, but اذر ۲۰	
206	Kálpí	966	In square The Kalima.  ۱۳۳ (sic) M. 15.  Margins Top عمر العقال على المرتفى Right W. 176. S. 1-1.	In square د البرباد غازی البرباد غازی محمد شا جلال الدبن جلال الدبن السطان Maryins السلطان Top العادل Top ضرب كال[بي]	
207	Láhor †	965	In circle  The Kalima.  **Maryin  ا بعدل عمر المحباي المحباي  عنمان **170.  **S. 1.2.	As on No. 180, but in bottom and left margins  الله خلا خلا هور مور ملكانه ضرب ملكه و سلطانه ضرب Pl.	
208 sq.	Dáru-s- saltanat	987	As on No. 82, but the area is square. M. 11.  W. 165. S75.	As on No. 82, but مد over اكبر and in the last line ضرب دار السلطنة لاهور	
209 sq.	(no epithet)	36 Shahré- war [200-1000]	In double square with dots between الله الكر الله جلاله جل جلاله علي 173.	In double square with dots between شهريور الهر المست المستان	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 210 211 sq.	Láhor	37 Tír [1000-01]	As on No. 209. <b>W</b> . 175.	As on No. 209, but تبر and نبر (211) A.S.B.
	212 sq.	,,	Isfan- dármuz	" <b>W.</b> 174.	 اسعندارمز
	<b>213</b> sq.	,,	38 Ardíbi- hisht [1001-02]	As on No. 209. <b>W.</b> 170.	As on No. 209, but بهشت اردی
	214	,,	39 Shahré- war <sup>[1002-03]</sup>	As on No. 209, but in double circle with dots between.  W. 175. S85.	As on No. 209, but in
	215 216	••	Ábán	 <b>W.</b> 177–176.	., اباں (216) <i>A.S.B.</i>
	217	33	Ázar	,, <b>W.</b> 177.	٠٠, ٠٠ اذر
	218	21	40 Dí [1003-04]	<b>w</b> . 175.	
	219	13	,, Isfan- dármuz	<b>w.</b> 177.	 اسفندارمز
	220	"	41 Mihr [1004-05]	<b>W.</b> 176.	ا. مهر ۱۲
	221	,,	Bah- man	<b>w.</b> 174.	 بہس
	222	,,	Isfan- dármuz	<b>w.</b> 175.	اسفندارمز
	223	**	42 Far- wardín [1005-06]	<b>w.</b> 176.	اسفندارمز ۱۰. مروردین but ۴۳

<sup>1</sup> On most of the coins of this type only portions of the circle are visible.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 224	Láhor	42 Amar- dád [1005-06]	As on No. 214. <b>W.</b> 175.	As on No. 214, but	SILVER
225	,.	Shahré- war	,, <b>W.</b> 175.	,, امرداد	
226 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	,,	Dí	" <b>W.</b> 41·5. <b>S.</b> ·55.	., سهريور	
227	"	43 Ardíbi- hisht [1005-07]	<b>w.</b> 176.	اردی الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	3.
228	,,	Khúr- dád	,, <b>W.</b> 177.	,' خورداد	
229	,,	,, Tír	<b>w.</b> 172-5.	۰۰,	
230	"	44 Ardíbi- hisht [1007-08]	<b>w.</b> 176.	بہشت اردی عب	
231	,,	Shahré- war	<b>w.</b> 175.	 شهریور	
232 1/2	",	Á <u>'</u> ,"ar	<b>W.</b> 87. <b>S.</b> -65.	ادر Pl	I.
233	,,	45 Ardíbi- hisht [1008-09]	<b>w.</b> 175.	بهشت اردی ۴۵ but	
234	,,	Khúr- dád	<b>₩.</b> 176·5.	 حورداد A.S.B	<i>3</i> .

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	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 235	Láhor	46 Far- wardín	As on No. 214. <b>W.</b> 176.	As on No. 214, but فروردنن ۲۹
	236		<u>Kh</u> úr- dád	<b>w.</b> 176.	 خورداد
	237		Tír	<b>w.</b> 176.	،، سر
	238 1/2	19	Dí	 <b>W</b> . 84. <b>S</b> . ∙65.	., دی
	239		47 Shahré- war [1010-11]	but enclosed as on No. 152. <b>W.</b> 174-5. <b>S.</b> -75.	   but enclosed as on No. 152   and   شهريور ۲۰
	240	,,,   	48 Far- wardín [1011-12]	<b>w.</b> 176.	۰٫۰ اوروردبی ۴۸ but
	241	,,	Ardíbi- hisht	<b>w</b> . 174.	ا بہشت اردی
	242 1 4		 Mihr	As on No. 214. <b>W.</b> 43.5. <b>S.</b> .55.	As on No. 214, but
	<b>243</b>	,,	Dí	<b>W.</b> 40·7. <b>S.</b> ·55.	,, دی
	244		49 Far- wardín [1012-13]	but enclosed as on No. 152.  W. 175.5.	but enclosed as on No. 152
	245	, ,,	Khúr- dád	<b>S.</b> ·8. <b>W.</b> 174·8	فروردین ۴۹  حورداد

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
R 246	Láhor	50 Ardíbi- hisht [1013-14]	As on No. 244. <b>W.</b> 174·5.	As on No. 211, but بهشت ه.	SILVER
<b>247</b> sq.	Multán	39 <u>Kh</u> úr- dad [1002-08]	w. 174.2. S65.	خورداد الهب ۳۱ ملتان ضرب P1.	
<b>248</b> sq.	Patna	987	As on No. 82, but the area is square.  In centre and M. 16.  W. 170. S. 8.	As on No. 82, but top line missing and in last line بننه	
249	,,	46 Dí [1000-10]	الله اکبر جل جلاله <b>W.</b> 168 (worn). <b>S.</b> ·875.	دى الهم ۴۶ بننه ضرب	
250 251 252	Sítpúr(!)	48 Mihr [1011-12]	In square with ornamental border  الله  اكبر  جل جلاله  W. 175-174. S858.	Enclosed in ornamental border من المهر من بنتور من بخر من ب من ب	
253 254	,	49 Mihr (1012-13)	but in dotted circle.  W. 173-167.	but in dotted circle and year 89	
255	Srínagar	48 Mihr [1011-12]	As on No. 249.  W. 173. S75.	ماه مهر الهم ۸ سری ۴ نکر ضرب Gurgáon. Pl	

<sup>1</sup> The reading is tentative. The mint has been read بىشاور and بىشاور.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR <b>256</b> 1 sq.	Tatta	38 Far- wardin [1001-92]	As on No. 209.  W. 175. S. ·65.	In double square with dots between  فروردین الهے تد ۳۸ ضرت
	<b>257</b> sq.	•••	39 <u>K</u> húr- dád [1002-03]	,. <b>₩.</b> 174-5. <b>S.</b> -6.	خورداد اله <i>ح</i> ۳۹ تند ضرب
	<b>258</b> 5q.	**	Tír	<b>w.</b> 174.	تىر
	<b>259</b> sq.		40 Tír [1002-04]	<b>w.</b> 168.	but <b>r</b> .  A.S.B.
	<b>260</b> sq.	,,	Shahré- war	<b>w.</b> 174.	., شهرتور
	<b>260</b> (a) sq.		Bah- man	 <b>W.</b> 173.	 بهمن
	<b>261</b> sq.	••	41 Ázar (1004-05)	<b>w.</b> 170-8.	اذر اع but اذر
	262 263 sq.		43 Khúr- dad [1000-07]	<b>w</b> . 173–162 (worn).	ا حورداد ۴۳ میرداد ۴۳ (263) (263) <i>A.S.B</i>
	<b>264</b> sq.	••	44 <u>Kh</u> úr- <del>dad</del> [1007-08]	<b>w.</b> 171.	but ۴۴
	<b>265</b> sq.	,,	Bah- man	<b>w</b> . 174-7.	" دہموں

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  This is 1,M.C., No. 7407, where 37 was wrongly given.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
At <b>266</b> sq.	Tatta	45 <u>Khúr-</u> dád [100s-09]	As on No. 209. <b>W.</b> 175.	As on No. 257, but ۴٥ خورداد	SILVER
<b>267</b> sq.	,,	Sh <b>a</b> hré- war	<b>w</b> . 175.	,, شهربور	
<b>268</b> sq.	,,	Ďí	<b>w.</b> 171.	,, دی	
<b>269</b> չզ.	••	46 Far- wardín [1009-10]	<b>w.</b> 174.	As on No. 257, but فروردین ۴۹	
270 sq.	**	Khúr- dád	<b>w</b> . 172.	خورداد	
<b>271</b> sq.	,.	Mihr	<b>w</b> . 172.	،، مهر	
<b>272</b> sq.	"	Ábán	" <b>w</b> . 171.	ابأن	
<b>273</b> sq.	**	Ďí	<b>w.</b> 172.	,, دی	
<b>274</b> sq.		Bah- man	<b>w</b> .171.	،, دېمن	
275 sq.	.,	47 Ábán [1010-11]	<b>w</b> . 173.	but ۴۷ "امان ال	
<b>276</b> sq.	٠,	49 <u>Khúr-</u> dád [1012-13]	<b>w.</b> 172.	ر, خورداد ۴۹ but خورداد	
<b>277</b> sq.	1)	50 Mihr [1013-14]	<b>w.</b> 172.	but هېر" ه	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 278 sq.	Ujjain	990	As on No. 82, but the area is square. M. 13.  W. 177. S75.	As on No. 82. but top line missing, and last line ضرب اجس اکر ۹۹. above
	279 280 281 sq.	U1dú Zafar- Qarín	alif	No m. W. 178-166 (worn). S. ·8.	As on No. 82, but الف over المجر and last line ضرب اردو ظفر قربن (280) A.S.B.
	282 sq. $\frac{1}{2}$	,,	,.	<b>w</b> . 86.	
	283 284 ×q.	Urdú Zafar- Qarín	<u> </u>	As on No. 278. <b>W.</b> 173-172.8.	As on No. 279, but no date.
		1		Name of m	int not clear
	285	t	964	In square The Kalima. M. 16 in lower left corner. Margins illegible. W. 175.2. S9.	In square  اكبر بادشاد غازى  محمد  بو محمد  الدين  Margins  العادل Top  الو المظفر Right
	286	,	••	As on No. 180.  **Maryin   محمای مکر   بعدل عور ا  **Carrent Section (  **W. 175.  **S. 1-0.	As on No. 180, but only top margin legible.
	287	3	967	The Kalima.  The Kalima.  Margins  Top نصدق ادى نكر  Left عمر  w. 175.  S. 1.2.	As on No. 285, but  317  Margins indistinct
	288		,	but m. 17 in area <b>W.</b> 169.	; ,

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 289	?	967	As on No. 180. <i>Margin</i> بصدق ابی بکر	As on No. 180, but only top margin legible and date
290	ţ	968	<b>W.</b> 171-2. <b>S.</b> 1-1.  In circle  The Kalima.  Margin  ابی نکر صدیق ا	In square with curve in centre of each side اکبر بادشاه ی محمد غاز
291	į	969	W. 175.5. S9.  In square The Kalima. M. 18. Margin Bottom	إلم الديران الديران الايران ا
292	₹	970	w. 173. s. 1.0.  but no m. and margins missing. w. 166 (worn).	A.S.B.
293	ı	972	S95.  As on No. 64.  M. 2.  W. 173. S. 1.15.	A.S.B.  In multifoil diamond  علد الله  اكبر بادشاء غازى  معدد  جلال الدبن  جلال الدبن  Margin  السلطان الا عظم
294	ı	984	In double square, with dots between, The Kalima. M. 2.  Margins  العدل عمر العباي المحالي المحال ال	In double square with dots between, as on No. 110, but \$\frac{2}{5}\$  Margins  Top \$\delta \text{Like old} \text{Like old} \text{Like old} \text{Like old}

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse			
SILVER	.R 295	3	984	As on No. 294, but m. 4 and in right <i>margin</i> بعلم على	As on No. 294. All margins missing.			
				<b>W.</b> 165. <b>S.</b> ∙95.				
	296	·ţ	,,	In square, with arch in centre of each side, The Kalima.	In square, as on No. 110, but			
				M. 4. Margins cut.	Margins missing.			
				<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ∙95.				
	297 298	i	985	In wavy square The Kalima.	In square as on No. 110, but a in الله of عبر and مه			
	ı			M. 4.  W. 177–167 (worn).	over جلال of جلال Maryins illegible.			
	!			<b>S.</b> 1-0.	(297) A.S.B.			
	299 300	ļ		"	but ۹۸۰ over ج of ج			
	;			<b>W.</b> 172–171. <b>S.</b> 1·0.	(300) A.S.B.			
	301	ŀ	986	As on No. 294, but m. 13.  Margin	As on No. 294, but			
	,			Right be used	All margins missing.			
				<b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	A.S.B.			
	<b>302</b> sq.	, ,	987	As on No. 82, but the area is square. M. 2.	As on No. 82, but مدر and last line missing.			
				<b>₩.</b> 173. <b>s.</b> ·7.				
	<b>303</b> ⊦q.	3	989		.".			
				<b>W.</b> 174.	9 4 9			
	<b>304</b> sq.	}	ļ ,. 	but no m.	,,			
				<b>W.</b> 172.				

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 305 sq.	3	991	As on No. 302. M. 2. <b>W.</b> 174.	As on No. 302, but
<b>306</b> · sq.	ş	995	M. 13. W. 175.	,, 990 .A.S.B.
307 sq.	3	997	₩. 174.	., 99v
308 309 sq.	j	998	M. 19. ₩. 172–165.	) 99A (309) A.S.B.
310 sq.	?	999	M. 13. <b>W.</b> 170.	., 999 M. 20 over E
311 sq.	t	,,	No m	M. 13.  A.S.B.
312 sq.	3	•••	<b>w.</b> 175.	No m.  A.S.B.
<b>313</b> sq.	š	,,	,, <b>w.</b> 174.	M. 21.
314 315	ş	1000	M. 13. <b>W.</b> 174–157.	No m. (315) A.S.B.
315 (a)¹ sq.	l	1009	The Kalima. <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·7.	شاه ۱۰۰۹ شد ۱ اکـــبــر کا برویش ضرب بحــکم ۲ الحکال زان دلخو[اه ۲] (A.S.B.

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 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Nos. 315 (a) (b), 'Bangála' has been suggested as the mint.

SILVER	
	31
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Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
A 315 (b) sq.	?	1010	As on No. 315 (a).  W. 175.	As on No. 315 (a), but  A.S.B. Pl.
316	ţ	,	In circle The Kalima. Margin illegible.  W. 36. S7.	In octagonal area  اکبر محــ[هــد] حال حال To right نعالے  Below
				Pl.
317 1 4	,		In double circle The Kalima.  Margin mostly cut.  W. 24 (clipped) S. 6 × 7.	In octagonal area اکبر بادشاه محد جلال الدس جلال الدس Margin illegible.
1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Pl.
318 319 sq.	_	33 [996-7]	In double square with dots between الله الكور Flowered field.	mint name In double square with dots between
		!	<b>W.</b> 174–171. <b>S.</b> 7.	(318) A.S.B. Pl.
320			<b>W.</b> 85. <b>S.</b> 55.	,
321 322		34	<b>w</b> . 175–174.	but rr
89. <b>323</b> sq.	_	35 Shahré- war (1982-1)	As on No. 209.  W. 174. S. ·7.	In double square with dots between المحققة ال

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
R <b>324</b> sq. $\frac{1}{2}$		36 Azar [1000-1000]	As on No. 209.  W. 86.5. S55.	As on No. 323, but اذر ۳۱	SILVER
325 sq. 1 4	_	37 Bah- man [1000-01]	<b>W.</b> 43. <b>S.</b> √4.	 نهمن ۳۰ نهمن Pl	
<b>326</b> sq.	_	41 Shahré- war [1004-95]	<b>w.</b> 166.	ا ا شهریور ۱۶ but شهریور	
327 328 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	As on No. 318. <b>W.</b> 88-84. <b>S.</b> 65.	As on No. 318, but  (327) A.S.B	·.
<b>329</b> sq.	_	43 Far- wardín [1000-07]	As on No. 209.  W. 172. S. ·6.	As on No. 323, but فروردین ۴۳	
330 331 sq.		43 [1000-07]	The Kalima. Flowered field.  W. 175-174.	محمد آکبر ۴۳ با جلال ا	
332 sq. 1/2		44 [1007-08]	S. ·6.  As on No. 318.  W. 85. S. ·6.	As on No. 318, but	
			GUJARÁ	r fabric	
333 <sup>1</sup> 334		1217	In square with dots outside  The Kalima.  W. 85. S. 6.	ا کبر نادشاد عازی خ محمد خ جلال الدین ت جلال الدین ت m. 22. ا m. 23. (333) A.S.B	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Though bearing Akbar's name, the date shows that these are not properly coins of Akbar. On this subject, see an article by Dr. G. P. Taylor in J.A.S.B., 1904, Num. Supp. II.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 335 ¹	Ágra <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	96-?	دار الخلافة ضرب أكره <b>W.</b> 312. <b>S.</b> ·85.	 ست بهصد و في تاريخ
	336 337		96-?	 <b>₩.</b> 319–303.5.	نهصد نهصد نهصد سنة
	338		97-	دار لخلافة اَكرد فلوس ضرب <b>W.</b> 317. <b>S.</b> ·9.	و هفتاد دېصد و M. 4.
	339	,,	988	As on No. 338, but  اگره دار الخلافة  W. 319. S85.	و هشت هشتاد ۹۸۸ نهصد M. 2.
	340	.,	• •	<b>w.</b> 313.	Pl. نہمد و سنة
	341	Ágra	98- ;	س ولمو اگرہ صرب صرب <b>W.</b> 60.	٠٠٠. د و هشنا بهصد
	342		41 Shahré- war [1007-08] .	نكه اكبر شاهي مرب اكره [نم] <b>W.</b> 300-5 (worn). <b>S.</b> 1-0.	سنة ۴ <u>۴ الم</u> ب شهردور

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> I have maintained the decimal 6 in the date on this coin and No. 336 in deference to entry in the *I.M.C.*, No. 8647. Its correctness is, I think, open to criticism.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ <b>343</b>	Ágra	46 Ábán [1009-10]	اکبر شاهی دو تانکے <b>W.</b> 119. <b>S.</b> ·6.	ابان المهـ ۴۲ اگرة ضرب	COPPER
344	<b>33</b>	Bah- man	<b>w.</b> 112.	", بہوں A.S.B	
345	,,	47 Amar- dád [1010-11]	<b>w.</b> 119.	،، امرداد ۴۰ but	
346	"	50 Tír [1013-14]	<b>₩.</b> 119.5.	., but ه. ير	
347	Aḥmad- ábád	981	احمداباد فلوس ضرب <b>W.</b> 312. <b>S.</b> ۰9.	۹۸۱ هشتاد بك و بهصد سنة M. 2.	
348 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	'',	981	,. ₩. 156. \$. ·7.	,, A.S.B P!	
349 350	Dáru-s- sal <u>t</u> anat	982	احمداباد دار السلطنة ضرب فلوس ضرب 317–311. <b>W.</b> 317–311.	ه و ه هشتاه نهصد و ۱۸۲ (349) <i>A.S.B</i>	
351	"	984	₩. 311.	ئىرە but چھار and	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	, Æ 352	Ahmad- ábád Dúrn-s- saltanat	985	As on No. 349. W. 306.	As on No. 349, but بنج ٩٨٥
	<b>35</b> 3		986	<b>w.</b> 316.	but شش، ۹۸۹ شش A.S.B.
	354 355	,	987	<b>w.</b> 316–304.	but مفت ۹۸۷
	356 <sup>1</sup> 357	Ahmad- ab <b>á</b> d	Amar-     dad	احمداباد  فلوس فلوس <b>W.</b> 309-5-305. <b>S.</b> -8.	امرداد
	<b>357</b> (a) <sup>2</sup> 1 tankí		Åzar	ا <u>کر شاہے</u> [د]بك [ت <u>ن</u> كے] ؛ <b>W.</b> 57. <b>S.</b> •5.	الهي [احمد]اداد اذر
	358	Ajmér Dáru-l- mansár !	979	دار منصور <sup>§</sup> اجمر ضرب ضرب <b>W.</b> 291.5. <b>S.</b> .85.	المهاد و مناطقه مناطقه و مناطقه مناطقه و مناطقه
	359	Ajmér	31	فلوس سکه اجمبر ضرب <b>W.</b> 309.5. <b>S.</b> •8.	هماد و ديمد و ٩٧٩ سنه في M. 1.

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  These are I.M.C., Nos. 12531 and 8797. The arrangement of the reverse is as now given.  $^2$  Cp. J.A.S.B., Num. Supp. IV, 1904, No. 26, Pl. II. 9.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 360	Ajmér	981	As on No. 359. <b>W.</b> 300.	As on No. 359, but  YAL  Upper portion of legend missing.
361	22	987	,, <b>₩.</b> 305-5.	هشتا هشتا و نهصد و ۹۸۷
362	<b>)</b> )	994	<b>w.</b> 310⋅5. <b>s.</b> ⋅75.	نود و نهصد ۱۹۱۶ سنة M. 4.
363	"	996	<b>w.</b> 295.	у, ччч М. 4.
364 <sup>1</sup>	Akbar- púr (?)	981	<sup>§</sup> بور اکبر فلوس ضرب M. 24. <b>W.</b> 308.5. <b>S.</b> .85.	هشناد نېصد ۱۸۹ سنة فـی P1.
365 365 (a)	Akbar- púr Tánda	97-	الخلافة دار تاندة آكبردور M. 25. <b>W.</b> 311–307. <b>S.</b> -85.	دند د هفا نهصد و الدين و الدين ناصر الدنيا لا. P. PI.
366 1/2	,,		,, <b>W.</b> 155. <b>S.</b> .65.	Portions of above legend. $\mathcal{U}.P.$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is *I.M.C.*, No. 8960, p. 17.

	Metal		1 .		1
	No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 367 368	Allahábád (Ilahábás on coins)		In double circle with dots between	In double circle with dots between
				الهابا	ا ٢٠٠ الهي
				אית	
				<b>W.</b> 315–311. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	, , ,
	369	Alwar	967	الور فلوس (ضرب)	• • • • •
				فلوس	شمت
				(ضرب)	نہصد
				<b>W.</b> 305·7. <b>S.</b> ·8.	9+v
	370	,,	968	,,	·,
				<b>W.</b> 303.7.	adding هشت
					974
	371	Amírkót	979	ن	
		Qaṣba		[ا]مىركو	هفاد و
				[ق]صه	بهصد و
				و الوس	سنة في
	ļ			<b>W.</b> 309∙5.	9 v 9
	İ			<b>S.</b> ⋅8.	M. 21.
					Pl.
	372	٠,	989	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,
				<b>W.</b> 309-5,	الم and ۱۹۸۹ مشناد M. 24.
	373	Atak	37	. س	يسر الم
		Banáras	Mihr [1000-01]	اىك ىنار	<u>C4. , 7</u>
	}			العوت	مهر
		į		ضرب	
				<b>W.</b> 313.	
				<b>S.</b> ⋅8.	Pl.
	374	.,	48	As on No. 373.	All 16.
	ļ		Isfan- dármuz	<b>W.</b> 312.5.	۴۸ الهـم اسعندارمز
	1		[1011-12]		اسفتدارمز

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	_
Æ 375	Awadh ? <u>Khit</u> a	969	دار الخلافة خطة [اودة] ضرب M. 26. <b>W.</b> 310. <b>S.</b> ·8.	و ۹۹۹ نه شصت نهصد نهصد	COPPER
376	,,,	970 ?	M. 26. W. 311.	٩٧٠. ؟ سنة هفتاد نهصد الد و الد ٢. الد و ۲	o.
$\frac{377}{\frac{1}{2}}$		97-	M. 26. <b>W.</b> 157. <b>S.</b> ⋅65.	Numerals missing.	
378	Bahráich	970	دار فلوس ســکــه بهرائیچ ضرب ضرب	هفتاد <u>نهصد</u> فی <sup>تاریخ</sup> هی ۰	
			<b>w</b> . 307.5. <b>s</b> 9.	U.I. P	
379	,,	971	M. 26. <b>W.</b> 307.	,, 9v1 <i>U.1</i>	?.
380		977	M. 26. <b>W.</b> 312.	but بهفت هفتاد Numerals missing.	
381 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	,,	97-	M. 26. <b>W.</b> 157. <b>S.</b> ∙65.	همناد نمصد نمصد	

			<del></del>		
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 382	Bairáta	971	بيرا[تع] فلوس	معتاد
				ضرب <b>W.</b> 310. <b>S.</b> -8.	ن <b>ہصد</b> ۹۷۱۰۰۰
	<b>383</b> tanka	"	44 Ardíbi- hisht [1007-08]	In double circle with dots between تنكه أكبر شاهي ضرب بيرانه	In double circle with dots between  عبد الم
				<b>W.</b> 632. <b>S.</b> 1-05.	بردی A.S.B. Pl.
	384 385 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> tanka	,,	Tír	but without border and بسراته to left of نيم w. 315-308.	ماه نبر
	<b>386</b> <del>1</del> 2tanka	••	46 Khúr- dád [1009-10]	₩. 316.	 فورداد ۶۶ کورداد
	387	Burhán- ábád <sup>1</sup>	alif wa ahd [1001]	[د]رهان اباد [دار] السلطنة [ض]رب <b>W.</b> 148. <b>S.</b> •75.	الف و احد سنه
	388	Chítor	999	ولوس سکه حمتور ضرب	٠٠٠٠ نہمد و ۹۹۹
				<b>W.</b> 313. <b>S.</b> ·8.	سنة M. 24.

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Though hitherto ascribed to Akbar, it is possible that this may be a coin of the Nizam-Shahi dynasty of Ahmadnagar - Vid. J.A.S.B., 1967, Num. Supp. VII, art 48 [6].

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	-
Æ 389	Chitor	1001	As on No. 388.  W. 308. S. ·8.	ار يك يك ١٠٠١ سنة <u>في</u> M. 24.	COPPER
390	2,	1005	**	ن.،، سنج missing. M. 24.	
391	Dehlí <i>Ḥaṣrat</i>	966	دهلے حضرت فلوس ضرب ۲ <b>W.</b> 323.5. <b>S.</b> .85.	فی تاریخ نهصد و شصت و شش Pl.	
392	,,	96-	but no date." <b>W.</b> 310.	but last line missing.	
393 18	,,	969	<u>د</u> هلے حضرت ضرب <b>W.</b> 37. <b>S.</b> ·45.	فی تاریخ ۹۳۹ سنة A.S.B. Pl.	
394	,.	972	As on No. 391.  W. 154. S. ·7.	As on No. 393, but	
395	,,	,,	As on No. 393.  W. 33. S. 425.	As on No. 393, but	
396	,,	977 (or 8)	₩. 315. <b>s.</b> ·8.	As on No. 391, but هعتاد و معتاد عدد A.S.B.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 397 398 18	Dehlí Ḥaṣrat	97-	As on No. 393. <b>W</b> . 39-27. <b>S</b> . 45.	As on No. 393, but
	399	,.	981	As on No. 391, <b>W.</b> 310. <b>S.</b> -85.	و ىك هستاد دمصد سنة
	400	,,	987	ضرب حضرت دهلی فلوس فلوس <b>W</b> . 311. <b>S.</b> ·85.	و هفت هشناد ۹۸۷ مهمد و M. 2.
	401 402	,,	988	<b>W.</b> 314–300.	هشت و مشاد M. 27.
	403	Dehlí	37 <u>Khúr-</u> dád [1000-01]	فلوس دهلے ضرب ضرب <b>W.</b> 316.	(402) A.S.B. ۳۰ المب حورداد
	404	,,,,	38 Ardíbi- hisht [1001-02]	<b>S.</b> ⋅85. ,, <b>W.</b> 318⋅3.	بہشت ماہ اردی
	405		,, Amar- dád	<b></b> 312-3.	., امرداد
	406	51	Shahré- war	<b>w.</b> 317.	ماء شهريور
	407	,,	Mihr	<b>W.</b> 313-5.	ا ماه مهر ا

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 408	Dehlí	38 Ábán [1001-02]	As on No. 403. <b>W.</b> 304.5.	As on No. 404, but	COPPER
409	,•	39 Tír [1002-03]	<b>W.</b> 302.	.، تیر but ۳۹	
410	"	40 Far- wardí [1003-04]	<b>W.</b> 315.	,, فروردی ۴۰ فروردی	
411	,,	Bah- man	<b>W.</b> 317.	ماء بہمن but Pl.	
<b>412</b>	"	44 Amar- dád [1007-08]	تفکه اکبر شاهی دهلی نبم ضرب	ماة بهمن Pl.  هماة الهي الهي ماة امرداد	
			<b>₩.</b> 315. <b>S.</b> ·8.		
413 1 16 tanka	.,	Ardíbi- hisht	ننکه اکبر شاهی شانزدهم حصه ضرب دهلی ضرب . 39	الهـــ بېشت بېشت اردى	
			<b>S.</b> ·45,	A.S.B.	
414 1/2 tanka	,,	45 Shahré- war [1005-00]	As on No. 412.  W. 309. S. 8.	ه۴۰ الهب ماد شهردور	
415 16 tanka	,,	Ázar	تنکه اکبر شاهی شانزدهم [حصه دهلی	ه۴ الهي ماه اذر	
			<b>W.</b> 38-5. <b>S.</b> -4.		
416 1 <sub>16</sub> tanka	,,	4- Shahré- war	<b>W.</b> 37. <b>S.</b> 4.	،، ماه شهریور ۴- but	
417 16 tanka	71	4 – 1 Ábán	clear. <b>W.</b> 36. <b>S.</b> ·4.	ابان ا	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 418 <sup>1</sup> tanka	Dehlí	4- Dí	As on No. 413. <b>W.</b> 36.	اله <u>-</u> دى A.S.B
	419 420	Dogáo(n) <i>Dóru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	980	دار الخلافة فلوس دوگاو ضرب M. 2. <b>W.</b> 310–295. <b>S.</b> ·8.	هشناد نهصد و سنة فے ۹۸. M. 24. (420) A.S.B.
	421	••	984	No m. W. 311. S. ·85.	adding جنهار ۱۸۴ M. 24.
	422 423 <sup>1</sup>		986	<b>w</b> . 317–313.	., ., شش ۹۸۶
	424	,, Dáru-s- salám	988	دار السلام but <b>w.</b> 306. <b>s.</b> -8.	but بهشت Numerals missing. M. 28.
	425 426		98-	<b>w.</b> 305–300.	Unit and numerals missing. $A.S.B.$
	427	,,,	993 }	<b> </b>	! سد الله اكبر نود نهصد M. 28. A.S.B.
	428	,,	996	,, <b>W.</b> 298. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	But unit missing and below سنة في مسنة في ٩٩٦
	, m,			t re Almil da is rood a dilil d	A.S.B.

عد الله المالة appears to me the correct reading. دار الخلافه is read دار الخلافة

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ <b>429</b>	Dogáo(n) Dáru-s- salám	1003	As on No. 424.  W. 308.	الله اكبر هزار سة سنة في No m.
430 431 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	,,	2	 فلوس دوگاو <b>W.</b> 155–150.	Illegible dates.
432 <sup>1</sup>	<b>)</b> )	ę	فلوس دوگاو <b>W.</b> 122·8.	الله ؟ ذود ؟ نهصد M. 28. Very poor execution.
433°	Fathpúr	977 ?	ا ل أ بضة را فتحبور نتحبور	ا هفت هعتاد نهصد و سنة ف
434 435	), Dáru-s- saltanat	986	<b>W.</b> 317. <b>S.</b> ·85. فحرب فلوس فتحپور دار السلطنة	 M. 29. Pl. د و شئس هشنا هشنا نهمد و
436 437 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	27	,,,	<b>₩.</b> 317·5–310. ,, <b>₩.</b> 78–74. <b>S.</b> ·6.	M. 30. (435) A.S.B.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 12519, where هفتاد و يا is read. I can see no trace of these words. The mark indicates a late date.

<sup>2</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 13083. The reading دار الضرب is not convincing.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER		Fathpúr	987	As on No. 434. <b>W</b> . 315. <b>S</b> . ·85.	As on No. 434, but هنتاد و هنتاد و
	440	.,	988	 <b>W.</b> 304.	M. 2. (438) A.S.B.  ''  No m. visible.  A.S.B.
	441   12   tanka 1	Gobind- púr	45 Bah- man [1008-09]	تنكه اكبر شاهي گويندپور ضرب <b>W.</b> 312·5.	۴۵ الم
	<b>442</b> ½ tanka	,,	,, Isfan- dármuz	<b>S.</b> ·8. ,, <b>W.</b> 314.	 اسفندارمز
	<b>443</b> ½ tanka	••	46 Ázar [1000-10]	<b>w.</b> 313.	اسفندارمز ۴۶ الهب مآة آذر
	<b>444</b> 1/2 tanka	,,	47 Isfan- dármuz	<b>w</b> . 319.	۴۷ الهي اسفندارمز
	445	Gwáliar <i>Qil</i> 'a	968	گوالير فار قلع  M. 26. <b>W.</b> 312 <b>s.</b> -8.	(sic) ششت دېصد ۱۱۸ سنه Flowered field.
	446 447	Ḥiṣár Fíroza	966 2	فىروزة حصار فلوس ضر <sup>ت</sup> شر <sup>ت</sup> <b>W.</b> 323-5–307.	Pl. تاریخ ۹۲۲ شش شصت مصد
	and the second	l They		<b>S.</b> ·85.	Pl.

There is no trace of سم on the obverse of any of these four coins.
 In I.M.C., No. 13088, تنبع has been read as

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ <b>448</b>	Ḥiṣár [Fíroza]	967	As on No. 446, but top line missing.	977	COPPER
			<b>W</b> . 314.	ھفت شصت نہصد	
449 ¹	Jaunpúr <i>Dáru-l-</i>	98-	دار الخلافة حونيور		
	<u>kh</u> iláfat 		جونبور فلوس غلوس . 314. <b>س</b>	نهصد و سنة	
450			<b>S.</b> ⋅8.	М. 2. Pl.	
450	''7	,,	<b>W.</b> 307·5.	but m. 4 and below	
451	Jaunpúr <i>Dáru-</i> ç- <i>zarb</i>		جونبور الضرب (دار)	Geometrical pattern consisting of star inside square, with dot in each outer segment.	
452°	Kábul	32 [995-6]	W. 75. S. 475.  In double square with dots between	In double square with dots between	
			کابل فلوس <b>W</b> . 134. <b>S.</b> ·7.	الهـــ ۳۲ سنة	
453 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	,,	33 (996-7)	,. <b>W.</b> 145.	but rr	
<b>454</b> tankí	,,	47 Ábán [1010-11]	اکر شاہے جو تنکے <b>W.</b> 237.	المان الهم ضرب كادل ۴۷	
455	Kálpí	963	<b>3.</b> -85. كالبي	Pl.	
	alias Muḥam-		مجمد اناد عرف ندار الفرب	 شصت نہصد و	
	madábád Dáru-z- zarb	,	<b>W.</b> 320⋅5. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	(فی) ۱۹۳۳ تاریخ The bar forms m. 2 in	
1		!	,	its centre.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 13080.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 8803.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ <b>456</b>	Kálpí alias Muḥam- madábód Dáru-z- zarb	964	As on No. 455.  W. 322. S85.	As on No. 455, but فی ۹۱۴
	457		••	,. <b>₩.</b> 159. <b>S.</b> ·7.	
	458 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Kálpí <u>Kh</u> ita Dáru-z- şarb	966	خطه كالمب دار الضرب <b>W.</b> 152. <b>S.</b> .7.	۹۲۲ سنة في الناريخ M. 31.
	459	-,	967	., <b>₩.</b> 311. <b>S.</b> ·85.	97.
	460	•,	968 ?	كالبي ١٩٢٨ ﴿ خطة الضرب دار دار <b>W.</b> 311.	شصت نهمد في ناريخ M. blarred.
	461	,,	ì	As on No. 458.  W. 318.	As on No. 458, but date missing and m. 26.
	462	<u>Kh</u> airpúr	47 Far- wardín [1010-11]	. 1 1 . شا اکبر <u>ه</u> ے خبر بور <b>W.</b> 312·5.	الهب فروردين
	463	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	986	لاهور السلطنه فلو دار صرب س صرب س	اد و شس هشما دېممد و
				<b>W.</b> 319. <b>S.</b> ⋅85	1 A.S.B. Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ <b>464</b>	Láhor Dáru-s- sal <u>t</u> anat	987	As on No. 463. <b>W.</b> 292 (worn).	As on No. 463, but مفت ۱۸۷	COPPER
465 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	,,	21	,, <b>W.</b> 159. <b>S.</b> -75.	,,	
466	"	988	<b>W.</b> 317. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	but 944 "	
467	(no epithet)	36 Ábán [999-1000]	لاه <i>ور</i> فلوس ضرب <b>ن.</b> 36.	ابان ۲۰۰ البان A.S.B	
468	"	37 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád [1000-01]	<b>S.</b> ⋅45. ,, <b>W.</b> 314. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	ر. خورداد ۳۰ but خورداد	
469	12	Amar- dád	<b>w.</b> 314. <b>s.</b> ⋅8.	,, امرداد	
470	,,	Bah- man	,, <b>₩.</b> 305. <b>S.</b> ·8.	بهمن	
471	,,	38 Tír [1001-02]	<b>₩.</b> 313. <b>s.</b> ·85.	,, but ۳۸ سیر	
472	<b>)</b> ,	39 Á <u>z</u> ar [1002-03]	<b>w.</b> 317. <b>s.</b> ∙85.	 اذر ۲۹ but	
473	77	40 Ardíbi- hisht	<b>₩.</b> 295. <b>S.</b> -85.	.، دہشت ۰۶۰ اردی	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse		Reverse	
COPPER		Láhor	41 Ában (1003-05)	As on No. 467. <b>W.</b> 36. <b>S.</b> .55.	As on	No. 467, h ابل ۴۱	ut
	475	"	42 Ardibi- hisht [1005-0c]	₩. 313.	but	رر بهشت ۴۲ اردی	A S D
	476		46 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád [1000-10]	, <b>₩.</b> 308.	but	 خورداد ۴۲	A.S.B.
	<b>477</b> 4 tankí	,,	Á <u>z</u> ar	In double circle with dots between اگرشاهے چو تنکے		اذ <u>ر ائہے</u> ۴۰ لاہور ضرب	
				Flowered field. <b>W.</b> 241·7. <b>S.</b> ·75.	1		Pl.
	478	Lakhnau (Luck- now)	966	ولوس فرب لكه[نو] M. 30 under س <b>W.</b> 310.		شس شصت ىہمد مى تارىخ	
	479		967	s85. المرس over اكبر شاهي الم	! ! ! but	., ھەت	U.P.
	480 481	Dúru-l- <u>kh</u> ılófat	982	دار الحلافة فلوس فلوس صرب لكهنو M. 2 in		و دو هشاد بهصد و سنه ف	<i>U.P.</i> Pl.
			1	<b>W.</b> 312·5–296·5. <b>S.</b> ·85.	M. 21		

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ <b>482</b>	Lakhnau <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	985	As on No. 480. <b>W.</b> 317.5.	As on No. 480, but 100 below, top line missing.  No m.
483¹ 484		986	" <b>W.</b> 320·5–314.	but شتنی Pl.
485	Málpúr	984	طوس سكة مالبور (ضرب) <b>W.</b> 309. <b>S.</b> •85.	چهار هشتاد و نهصد و (۹۸۴) M. 24.
486 487	,,	985	 clear on one. <b>W.</b> 315–313.	but بنج ۱۸۰ (487) <i>A.S.B.</i>
488	Mírath (? Mírtha)	988	ضرب میرته فلوس M. 24 in س <b>W.</b> 314. <b>S.</b> -85.	و ۹ هشتاد و ۸^ درصد A.S.B. Pl.
489	Multán	37 Isfan- dármuz [1000-01]	ملنان فلوس ضرب <b>W.</b> 316. <b>S.</b> ·9.	In double circle with dots between الهرس الهندارمز
490		39 Azar [1002=03]	" <b>W.</b> 314.	اذر الفر but الفر
4912	Nárnol	962	داردول فلوس ضرب <b>W.</b> 322. <b>S.</b> •85.	شصت نهصد و ۱۹۲۲ فی سنة Pl.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is I M.C., No. 13079, where  $\omega$  has been read as the unit of the date. The coin is, however, identical with No. 13391, and both appear to be of 986.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> I have included this in Akbar's coinage following I.M.C., p. 15. It presumably was struck in Humayun's reign, but is of the type associated with Akbar.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 492	Nárnol	963	As on No. 491.	As on No. 491, but
			1	<b>W.</b> 325.	9 47,00
	493	**	964	29	,,
				<b>W.</b> 312.	وجهار in top line.
	494	••	965	,,	1
				<b>W.</b> 310.	Top line missing.
					Top the missing.
	495	,,	966	"	••
			: :	<b>W.</b> 307.	914
	496	,,	.,	••,	1
	<u>1</u> 8		1	<b>W.</b> 39.	A.S.B.
					Pl.
	497	,,	967	,•	,,
				<b>W.</b> 308.	3 * v
	498	٠,	,,	,,	•
	<u>1</u> 8			<b>W.</b> 38.	A.S.B.
	499	<b>,</b> ,	969	•,	
				<b>W.</b> 310.	949
					ப் in top line.
	500	٠,	٠,٠	,,	
	$\frac{1}{2}$			<b>W.</b> 117.	Figures missing.
	501		970		g g
	001	,,	370	,,	••••
			1	<b>W.</b> 310	هفناد
			1		بهصد
					۹۷. في سئة
	<b>F</b> 00		041		ى
	502	,,	971	,,	•••
		!	•	<b>w.</b> 311.	9 • 1
	503	1	972		
		1	1	<b>W.</b> 317.	1
				*** 011.	7 v F

504       Nárnol       975       As on No. 491.       As on No. 501, but         505       "       977       "       "         506       "       979       M. 24.       "       "         507       "       980       "       311.       312.         508       "       984       "       "       "         509       "       985       "       As on No. 507, but has; top line.         509       "       987       "       As on No. 507, but has; top line missing.         510       "       987       "       "       "         511       "       987       "       "       "       "         512       "       991       Fragmentary.       only       131       visible.         512       "       999       "        A.S.B.         513       "       999       "           514       "       "       "           515       "       "             518       "       999       " <th>Metal No.</th> <th>Mint</th> <th>Date</th> <th>Obverse</th> <th>Reverse</th> <th></th>	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
505       " 977       " 309.       " 177         506       " 979       M. 24.       " 171         507       " 980       " 312.         507       " 980       " 311.         508       " 311.       \$ 10.         509       " 984       " 10.         W. 315.5.       " 10.         W. 313.       As on No. 507, but \$10.         509       W. 313.         510       " 45.         511       " 987         W. 313-309.       " 10.         512       " 991         Fragmentary.       " 10.         W. 306.       " 10.         S. 75.       " 10.         W. 309.       "		Nárnol	975		<b>;</b>	COPPE
506       " 979       M. 24. " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "				<b>W.</b> 314.	9 v o	
507       " W. 312.         W. 311.       " Japan         S. ·8.       " Japan         A.S.B.         508       " W. 315·5.         Japan       " Japan         Japan       Japan         Japan       " Japan         Japan       Japan         Jap	505	";	977			
507       " 980       " 311.       " 311.       " 312.       " 313.       " 313.       A.S.B.         508       " 984       " 315.5.       " 314.       " 314.       " 315.5.       A.S.B.       A.S.B.       A.S.B.       Top line missing.       10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	506	"	979	M. 24.	↓	
508       " 984       " 315.5.       " 4^6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	507	"	980	<b>w.</b> 311.	نهصد ۹۸۰	
509       " 985       " in top line.         509       " in top line.         W. 313.       As on No. 507, but 9Ac; top line missing.         510       " 3Av         511       " 3Av         512       " 3Av         512       " 3As.B.         513       " 999         W. 309       " A.S.B.						В.
510       " W. 313.       top line missing.         511       " W. 313–309.       " 3/AV         512       " W. 313–309.       (511) A.S.B.         512       " Only 191 visible.         W. 306.       S. ·75.       A.S.B.         513       " 999       "         514       "       "         515       "       "         516       "       "         517       "       "         518       "       309.	508	"	984		g ∨ /c	
511       W. 313-309.       """" (511) A.S.B.         512       """ (511) A.S.B.         512       """ (511) A.S.B.         513       """ (511) A.S.B.         513       """ (511) A.S.B.         513       """ (511) A.S.B.         513       """ (511) A.S.B.         514       """ (511) A.S.B.         515       """ (511) A.S.B.         516       """ (511) A.S.B.         517       """ (511) A.S.B.         518       """ (511) A.S.B.         519       """ (511) A.S.B.         511       """ (511) A.S.B.         512       """ (511) A.S.B.         513       """ (511) A.S.B.         514       """ (511) A.S.B.         515       """ (511) A.S.B.         516       """ (511) A.S.B.         517       """ (511) A.S.B.         518       """ (511) A.S.B.         519       """ (511) A.S.B.         511       """ (511) A.S.B.         512       """ (511) A.S.B.         513       """ (511) A.S.B.         514       """ (511) A.S.B.         515       """ (511) A.S.B.         515       """ (511) A.S.B.         516       """ (51	509	37	985		As on No. 507, but 9A6 top line missing.	· ;
512 " 991 " Stragmentary. " only " visible. " visible. " في سنة في سنة " A.S.B.  513 " 999 " " " A.S.B.  514 " " 1999 " " " 1999 " " 1999 " 199		> 7	987		۹۸۷ on one.	В.
513 ., 999 نود نود	512	2)	991	<b>W.</b> 306.	 only ۹۹۱ visib. في سئة	e.
<b>S.</b> ·7.	513	'',	999	<b></b> 309.	 نود مهصد	
في سنه				i 1	۹۹۹ فی سنه	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
COPPER	Æ 514¹	Qanauj alias Sháh- garh Dúru-l- khilúfat	968	دار الخلافة ضرب قنوچ (عر)ف شاء ك[رة] M. 32. <b>W.</b> 310. <b>S.</b> •95.	فی ۹۱۸ نهمد ششت (sic) هشت	
	515	,,	969	<b>w.</b> 303-5.	۰. ۱۹۹۹ نهمد و ششت نه	
	l L	1 1 1	1			Pl.
	516	<b>,</b> ·	,,	<b>W.</b> 154. <b>S.</b> ∙75.	"	
	517	Saháran- púr	37 Tír [1600-01]	ىبور سھار ىلوس	۳۰ الهي ماه تبر	
				<b>W.</b> 298. <b>S.</b> -8.		
	518	<b>37</b>	Shahré- war	In double circle with dots between.  W. 307. S85.	شهربور In double circle dots between.	with
	519	,,	38 <u>K</u> húr- dád [1001-02	<b>w.</b> 310.	حورداد ۳۸ but	Pl.
	520 ²	,,	Mihr	<b>w.</b> 307.	مهر	
	521	,,	39 <u>Kh</u> úr- dad (1002-03)	<b>w.</b> 310.	ار الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	
	522	,	40 Á <u>z</u> ar [1003-04]	<b>w.</b> 317.	 ماه اذر ۴۰ ماه	

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  In I.M.C., No. 12505, the mint name has been read Shergarh alias Qanauj  $^2$  This is I.M.C., No. 8651.

・建設を収集が、アトルア・

してなることを見ることのなるとのでは、これには、これであるとのではないのでは、ないでは、ないでは、ないでは、ないではなるなどのなってはないないであるのでは、あればないでは、

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ <b>523</b>	Saháran- púr	41 Isfan- dármuz [1004-05]	As on No. 518. W. 310.	<b>COPPE</b> As on No. 518, but اسفندارمز ۴۱
524 525	Sarhind	37 [1000-01]	In double circle with dots between  هند  سر  ضرب <b>W.</b> 303-302. <b>S.</b> 8.	In double circle with dots between  رسنة  (525) A.S.B. Pl.
<b>525</b> (a)	Srínagar	42 Ardíbi- hisht [1005-06]	نگر سرے ضرب <b>W.</b> 311. <b>S.</b> -8.	بهشت بهشت اردی Traces of dotted border. Ellis. Pl.
526	Ujjain	986	ضرب فلوس اجین M. 31. <b>W.</b> 299. <b>S.</b> ·8.	و شئن هشتاد ۹۸۲ نهصد Pl.
<b>527</b> sq.	22	995	۹۹۵ فلوس اجبن <b>W.</b> 103. <b>S.</b> ·6.	نهصد سنه المود و بنج Pl.
528	Úrdú-e- Zafar- Qarín	36 ? [999-1000]	اردو ے فلوس ضرب <b>W.</b> 311. <b>S.</b> •75.	الم
529	.,	37	<b>w</b> . 316.	but rv

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Rever-e
COPPER	Æ 530 531	Úrdú-e- Zafar- Qarín	alif [1000]	In double circle with dots between ضرب الف الف فلوس فلوس فلوس عنام 320-313.	In double circle with dots between قرین طفر طفر صitted. (531) A.S.B.
	532 533			فلوس الف ضرب	No border.
				<b>W.</b> 322–305. <b>S.</b> 1⋅0.	(534) A.S.B.
	534	,.	41?	As on No. 528. <b>W</b> . 317. <b>S</b> . ·8.	As on No. 528, but #13
	535	,,	4-	<b>w.</b> 153. <b>S.</b> ⋅65.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	536	,,	50 [1013-14]	,. <b>W.</b> 316.	·
	537	,,,		In double circle with dots between ضرب	In double circle with dots between
				ولوس <b>W.</b> 311. <b>S.</b> •9.	اردو P1.
	538 539			فلوس ضرب M. 33 on one above ب	As on No. 531, but no border.
				<b>W</b> . 318. <b>S</b> 9.	.1.8.B.
	540 541 542 543			Fragmentary. <b>W.</b> 10-9.7-6.2-6.1. <b>S.</b> 4-35	Fragmentary

Metal   No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ			Name of min	t not clear	COPPE
544	3	968	 فلوس ضرب <b>W.</b> 313. <b>S.</b> -8.	۰۰۰۰۰ نہصد ۹۲۸ فی سنة	
545 ¹	ţ	979	 ضر ب ســـس فلو ل عد M. 24. <b>W.</b> 313·5.	 ن <b>ہمد</b> تاریخ ۹۰۹	
546¹	ì	9-8	but in top line load and no m.  W. 308-4. S85.	[ه]شت ، ، تاد صد	Pl.
547	7	981	دار للخ[لافة] فلو س  M. 4. <b>W.</b> 310. <b>S.</b> -8.	 هش[تاد] نهصد ۱۸۹ فـــی	
548	3	982	 نبور فلو س ضرب M. 28. <b>W.</b> 316. <b>S.</b> .8.	)) 9ar	
549	3	985	المجالا المحالا المحالا المحالا المحالا المجالا المحالا المحالا المحالا المحالا المحالا المحالا المحا	بنج هشناد نهصد و فی ۱۸۵	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These are I.M.C., Nos. 12529 and 12530. They appear to be of the same mint. As a tentative reading دار العدل دهوليور is suggested.

•	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
OPPER	Æ 550	j	987	دار الحلافة الله اك[سر]	و هفت هشاد
				فلوس <b>W.</b> 314. <b>S.</b> -85.	۹۸- <u>مدونے</u> <i>A.S.B</i> Pl
	<b>551</b> sq.	ì	? alif wa ahd [1001]	M. 2.  W. 51.  S. ·5.	الــف ا سنة و احد ا
	<b>552</b>	3	_	دار الحلافة خطه ابو 1 ضرب ضرب M. 34.	اكبر بادشاه محسمــد جلال الدين
<i>~</i>	553	ţ		<b>W.</b> 319.9. <b>S.</b> .9.  [هذ]وس [هد]س] [مركبو؟  M. 26. ? Gorakpur.	Pl صد <sup>نا</sup> ر الد و الدين
	554 <sup>1</sup>	t	40 ? Ázar	<b>W.</b> 315. <b>S.</b> .85.  In a double circle with dots between	In double circle with dots between المرحة ا
	555 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	1		<b>s.</b> -8.	Pl As on No. 552.

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  This is I.M.C. No. 8927, and was considered by Mr. Rodgers to be a forgery. I have, however, seen several of the same type. Mr. Oliver J.A.S.B., 1886, No. 1, Pl. I. 9, in describing one, has suggested Sirsa Banáras as the mint. The above reading, Katak Banáras, is tentative. The poor execution suggests a Bengal mint

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ			Without	mint name	COPPER
556	į	967	باد ۱۰۰۰۰۰ اکبر سنة جلا ضرب ل الدين ل الدين <b>W.</b> 321·5.	لا الد الا الله الله [محمد رسول]	
		1	<b>S.</b> ·85.	Pl.	
557		971	باد شاء غازی محمد اکبر [جلال الدین] M. 35. <b>W.</b> 320.	[في عهد] <u>امبر الحام</u> الدبن ١٧١ الد[يان]	
			<b>S.</b> -85.	Pl.	
558 <del>1</del> tanka		44 Amar- dád [1007-08]	تنكه اكبر شامے چہارم حصه <b>W.</b> 158.7. <b>S.</b> .7.	اله <u>ب</u> امرداد M. 2 over date. Pl.	
559 \frac{1}{4} \tanka	_	48 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád [1011-12]	,, <b>₩.</b> 152. <b>\$.</b> -6.	but ۴۸ مخورداد No m.	
560 nișfe			In double circle with dots between نصف <b>w.</b> 153·2.	Geometrical design formed by two intersecting triangles. Dots in the area.	
			<b>S.</b> √65.	Pl.	
561 562 damrá	_	33 [996-7]	دمرا <b>w.</b> 80·7-73. <b>s.</b> ·6.	In double circle with dots between  (562) A.S.B. Pl.	
563 14			As on No. 556. Fragmentary. <b>W.</b> 76. <b>S.</b> ·6.	As on No. 556. Fragmentary.	
563 (a) 16 tanka		4- Ábán	As on No. 415, but with- out دهلی <b>W.</b> 27.5. <b>S.</b> .45.	-ع اله <u>ي</u> ابان	

IV JAHÁNGÍR

А. н. 1014-1037.

а. р. 1605-1628.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	<i>X</i> <b>564</b> sq.	Ágra	1019–5 Isfan- dármuz	In a multifoil area enclosed in a double square with dots between  در آگره زد برزر این سکه را در اسفندارمز Flowered field.  w. 210.	In area as on obverse  نگیر ابن شاه اکبر جهسا زمان شاه شهنشاه ۱۰۱۹ Flowered field.  A.S.B.
	565	.,	1020-6 Ábán	s. ·8.  In square  الكبر شاء شاء  جها  خور الدين  Arches and flowers in segments.  w. (looped). s. ·9.	Pl. In sixteen-peaked area
	566		1020-6 Bah- man	In eight-peaked area مكسر شاه اكبر شاه جها دور الدين <b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> -95.	In sixteen-peaked area  ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا
	567		1021-7 Ábán	As on No. 566, but in sixteenfoil area enclosed in double circle with dots between.  W. 168. S. 925	In ornamental

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
A/ 568	Ágra	1022-8 Ardíbi- hisht	As on No. 566, but in double circle of dots.  W. 162.2. S9.	In double circle of dots  ضرب آگرہ الھے  ہ بہشت ماہ اردی ۱۰۲۲	GOLD
569	,,	1026- 12 Shahré- war	In double circle of dots  اكبر شاء شاء تگير نور الدين جها نور الدين جها W. 168. S. ·85.	In double circle of dots  ماه شهربور الهـ  ضرب آگره  ۱۲  ۱۰۲۲  A.S.B. Pl.	
			WITH ZODIA	ACAL SIGNS	
570 Aries	,,	1028-	In double circle with dots between  البر  البر  از جها نگر شاه  یا فیت  در اگرد روے ۱۰۲۸	Ram to left surmounted by sun. Below سنة ۱۴ جلوس	
			زر زيور <b>W.</b> 167. <b>S.</b> -85.	Pl.	
571 Faurus	"	,,	In double circle with dots  between  آکبر  از جها نگیر شاه  ۱۰۲۸  سکه  آگره داد  زنت	In rayed circle. Bull standing to left.	
			<b>W.</b> (looped). <b>S.</b> ·8.	A.S.B. Pl.	

	Metal No.	<b>M</b> int	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 572 573 Taurus	m Agra	1030-	As on No. 570, but in to left of روے and i.m. to left of زور	As on No. 571, but bull to right.
				<b>W.</b> 167-5. <b>S.</b> 8.	Pl.
	574 Taurus	••	; }	but in and "i.m. change places.	,,
			ļ	(Looped.)	A.S.B.
	<b>575</b> Gemini		,,	<b>W</b> 168	In double circle with dots between Two male figures facing each other and embracing. Solar rays to left and right.
	į		į	1	Pl.
	576 Cancer	,,	• • •	<b>W.</b> 169. <b>S.</b> -8.	In double circle with dots between Crab surmounted by solar rays. Three stars below, one on each claw and six on back.
					A.S.B.
	<b>577</b> Cancer		1031-	but iv to left of روے and	but stars on back differently arranged.
				<b>W.</b> 168.	Pl.
	<b>578</b> Virgo	,,	1	Dates obliterated.  W. 163 (worn).	Winged woman facing left, but the coin is too worn to admit of descrip-
			!	<b>S.</b> -78.	tion. Rf. B. M.C., 341 A.S.B.
	<b>579</b> Libra		1031	Dates as on No. 572, but    Dates as on No. 572, but	In double circle with dots between Scales and four weights; solar rays round beam.  A.S.B. Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
A 580 Libra	Ágra	1032- 18	As on No. 572, but in and i.rr	As on No. 579.	GOL:
<b>581</b> Sagit- tarius	,,	1031 <b>-</b> 16	w. 168. but in and i.m. w. 168. s825.	In double circle with dots between Centaur to left, facing backwards and shooting arrow from stretched bow; surrounded by solar rays. Pl.	
<b>582</b> Pisces	>7	1028- 13	but اوم and روح and روح and زبور and زبور and w. 167.	Two fish, the upper one	
583	Aḥmad- ábád	1028- 14	dots between		
584	,,	1030- 15	<b>w.</b> 168-7.	but 1.r10 ,,	
585	Aḥmadá- nagar (sic)	Azar	As on No. 566, but without border. Flowered field.  W. 168.	ماہ اذر الہے ضرب احمدانگر	
586	Burhán- púr	1022 Ábán	شاه شاه اکبــر نگبر شاه جهــا ذور الدنن	ماه ابان الهم رهابور ب ص	
		1	<b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> ⋅65.	1 2	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	A 587		1020-6	Bust of Jahángír to left,	
				radiate, holding goblet in right hand. At left	by rayed sun. Below هجری ۱.۲۰ شخوری
				شببه جهانگسر شاه اکبر شاه At right سنة شش جلوس <b>W.</b> 168.	
SILVER	Æ <b>588</b>	Ágra	1014-1	<b>S.</b> -85.	Pl. شاه
		;		نــگ ساخت نورا در	ابن اکبر باد نگیــر
				ر <i>وی زررا</i> نے ۱۰۱۴ ضرب اگرہ	نور الدىن جها شاه
				Flowered field. <b>W.</b> 205 (worn).	Flowered field.
	589	"	1015-2	<b>S.</b> -85.	but "
	!			<b>W.</b> 211. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	<i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
	590	,,	1017-4	In double circle with dots between دناه گنتر	In double circle with dots between
				آگره حسرو شهـر سکه زد در ۱۰۱۷	بود سه. اکسر نگمر ابن ۴
				سکه زد در ۱۰۱۷ هر M. 30 over Flowered field.	<del>به به</del>
		i		<b>W.</b> 219-8. <b>S.</b> 1-05.	M. 16 to right of ابن Flowered field. Pl.
	591	,.	1019-5	but ,,,	but e
				<b>W.</b> 218.5	

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
## 592 sq.	Ágra	1021-7 Tír	As on No. 566, but in double dotted square.  W. 168. S. 85.	In double dotted square ماه تير اله_ اگره سنة ۷ ضرب ۱۰۲۱ Flowered field.
593	,,	1021-7 Amar- dád	As on No. 566, but in square with arches in segments. Flowered field.  W. 175. S. 1.0.	As on No. 592, but in ornamental area enclosed in double circle with dots between and month
<b>594</b> sq.	,,	1022–8 Shahré- war	As on No. 566, but in double dotted square.  W. 164. S. ·8.	As on No. 592, but شهريور فرب اگره and سنه
595	,,	1023-9 Mihr	but circular areas.  W. 176. S9.	but circular areas and
596	,,	1025- 10 Bah- man	<b>w</b> . 171.	but ۱.۲۰–۱.۰-بهون A.S.B.
597	11	?-11 Far- wardín	<b>w</b> . 173.	but ۱۱–وروردین Hijra date obliterated.
<b>598</b> sq.	,,	1026- 11 Isfan- dármuz	but square areas.  W. 161. S. ·8.	,, but square areas and اسفندارمز ۱۰۲۱–۱۰۲۱
599		1026- 12 Far- wardín	but circular areas. <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> .875.	but circular areas and  ۱۰۲۱-۱۲-  وروردس

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	# 600 sq.	Ágra	1026– 12 Ardíbi- hisht	As on No. 566, but square areas. <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> .75.	As on No. 594, but  امشت (sic) ارد Pl.
	601	••	1031- 17	In double circle with dots between	In double circle with dots between
	1			زر <u>زیور</u> ے در آگرہ رو دافست	اکبر ۱۷ شـــاه نگبر شاه
	1			نو <u>۔۔۔۔</u> ۱۰۳۱	جها
				Flowered field.	از
	1			<b>W.</b> 171. <b>S.</b> .85.	Flowered field.
	602	*1	1034- 19	but the	but 19
				<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ⋅875.	شاه نگبر شاه اکبر Pl.
	1			WITH ZODI	ACAL SIGNS
	603 Tau- rus <sup>1</sup>	**	1030-	As on No. 572.  W. 188! S. 85.	As on No. 572.
	<b>604</b> Gemini	, ,,	1028- 14	As on No. 570, but	As on No. 575.
		:		<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅75.	A.S.B.
	<b>605</b> Cancer	1	1029 - 15	As on No. 570, but	As on No. 576. Below crab
		i		<b>W.</b> 176⋅5. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	اد منس
			'		Pl.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> I am not satisfied that this is a genuine rupee. The weight is abnormal and the silver apparently impure

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	-
-R 606	Aḥmad- ábád	50 1 Ázar [1014]	مالك الملك سكة زد برزر ضرب احمداباد W. 173. S75.	سليم ن شاه سلطا اكبـر شاه اذر ه.	SILVER
607		[50] Dí	<b>w</b> . 173.	ر. دی Regnal year missing. A.S.I	3.
608 609	,,	2 <u>Khúr-</u> dád [1015]	<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> •75.	 خورداد but ۲	
610	,,,	Tír	<b>w.</b> 173.	تیر but تیر	1.
611	,,	1015-2	الله الا ع محمد رسول الله ١٠١٥ احمداناد ضرب خرب W. 207.	غازے جہانگبر بادشاہ محمد نور الدین	
612	•,	1016-!	but 1.11 Regnal year missing.  W. 208.	but m. 20 in second line.	
613	.,	1021-7 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	اکبر شاه نکیر شاه جهسا نور الدین <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> .8.	ماه خورداد الهــــ احمداباد ۱۰۲۱	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This refers to the 50th Hahr year of Akbar's reign in the 8th month of which (Ábán) Jahangir came to the throne. For a full explanation see J.A.S.B., 1904, Num. Supp. I, note 5.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 614	Aḥmad- ábad	[1021] -7 Ábán	As on No. 613. <b>W.</b> 174.	As on No. 613, but ابان Date missing.
	615	•,	Ázar	<b>w</b> . 175.	 but اذر
	616		1022-8 Tír	<b>w.</b> 172.	 قبر - but ۸ – ۱۰۲۲
	617	''	Abán	شام م نور الدس جم نگبر ۱۰۲۲	ماه ابان الهم مزدن باد احمداداد ضرب
	618 1/2		1023- Bah- man	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -77.	Pl. نېمن
	619	<b>,</b> ,	1024- Mihr	but	but "A.S.B.
	620	•;	1025- Abán	but <b>W.</b> 173.	but iil
	621		1027-	اله از عنایا احمداناد در زد سکه ۱۰۲۷ Flowered field.	بادشاه آکسر نگیر ابن ۱۳ جهسا سنه دور الدین ۵ شسا Flowered field.
			i 1	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	Pl

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 622	Aḥmad- ábád	1028-	As on No. 621, but	As on No. 621.	SILVER
623	2)	1029-	<b>W.</b> 173. but '.ra <b>W.</b> 175.	but 10	
624	,,,	1031- 17	but 1.71	but "v	
625	,,	103 <b>3</b> –	<b>W.</b> 174.	but +A	
626 1/2	"	3 3	<b>W.</b> 165 (worn).  but date missing.	but regnal year missing.	
627 628 Aries	1,	1027- 13	<b>W.</b> 91. <b>S.</b> -65. WITH ZODI بادشاء ۱۰۲۰ آکبــــر جہانگیر بادشاء ضر احمداباد	A.S.B.  IACAL SIGNS  Ram to left, as on No. 570, but	
629 630 Faurus	<b>)</b> ;	.,	ضر احمداباد <b>W.</b> 176~171. <b>S.</b> ·8. As on No. 627. <b>W.</b> 175~170. <b>S.</b> ·75.	(628) A.S.B. Pl.  Fore-part of bull to right, surmounted by rayed sun.  Below سنة ۱۳ جلوس (629) A.S.B.	
<b>631</b> <b>632</b> Gemini	,,	1027- [13]	., <b>W.</b> 176⋅5. <b>S.</b> ⋅75.	Twins, in sitting posture, the left arm of one clasping the waist of the other, right hands upraised; solar rays to left and right.  Regnal year missing.	

	Metal				D
	No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 633 Cancer	Aḥmad- ábád	1027- 13	In double circle with dots between	Crab, as on No. 576, but سنة الله below in place of third star.
	ļ		<u> </u>	شهندا	•
				نگسر شاہ	
		1	:	<del>- 42</del>	
				را داد زیور احمداباد	
				رر ۲۰۴۷ ازر ۲۰۴۷	
				<b>W.</b> 177–175.	
				<b>S.</b> 8.	A.S.B.
	634 Cancer	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	••	• •	As on No. 633, but no stars on back or claws.
	Cancer	1	: i	<b>W.</b> 175. 1 <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	A.S.B.
		: r !	i	1	Pl.
	<b>635</b> Leo		,,	<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ·85.	Lion, standing, to left, surmounted by rayed sun and rays emerging beneath body. Numerous pellets on body, head and legs.  Below with a standing, to left, surmounted beneath to left.
			; !	•	Pl.
	<b>636</b> Leo	,,	,,	And for the	
	13.0			but from a different die.	
			1	<b>W.</b> 169. <b>S.</b> ⋅825.	
			1		A.S.B.
	637	Aḥmad- nagar	1036	شاه	ا عازے ا
				المر	ىكر بادشاه
		<u> </u> 		بگسر شاه جهسسا	land
		ļ		<del>جه ۔ </del>	1.77
				<b>W.</b> 176.	
		1		<b>S.</b> ·77.	Pl.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The slight difference in dies in these coins is discussed in J.A. Ab., 1905, Num. Supply note 33. In No. 636 there are two dots below the type of J.J. In No. 635 there are no dots.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
A 638 639 640 641 642	Aḥmad- nagar	3	لا اله الا الله محسمه محسمه محسمه رسول الله المحسمة نكر المحسمة نكر خرب خرب Flowered field.  W. 178-176-174. S75.	غازے جمانکیر بادشاہ محصد نور الدین Flowered field. (641-2) A.S.B. Pl.
643	,,	<b>?</b>	but احمد under نگر wanting.	,,
1		!	<b>W.</b> 175.	A.S.B.
644 645	Akbar- nagar	1019	بارگاه گردون شساه نگر زد آکبسر سکه ۹ در ۱۰۱ ند M. 30 to left of	بادشاه اکبسر نگیر بن جهسا نور الدین شسساه
			<b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> .825.	Pl,
646	"	1020	but 1.1. and m. 40.	••
,			<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ∙775.	A.S.B.
647 648	•	-10 Bah- man	Within ornamental border  اکبر شاه  نکیر شاه  جها  نور الدین  M. 36 in final ن of lower line.	Within ornamental border ماة مهمن الهم ماد مهمن الهم المرتكر ضرب المرتكر
i			<b>W</b> . 178. <b>S</b> . ⋅85.	(648) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Nos. 638-642, though not dated, probably belong to the earlier years of the reign.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 649	Akbar- nagar	-13 Far- wardí	As on No. 647, but without border.  W. 177.	As on No. 647, but without border and فروردی ۱۳
	650 651	,,	-15 Mihr	<b>w.</b> 176–169.	but "مهرزه م (651) A.S.B.
	652	••	-18 Á <u>z</u> ar	₩. 175.	اذر ۱۸ but
	653		-20 Isfan- dármuz	<b>w.</b> 174.	but ۳۰ اسعندارمز Regnal year under فند M. 41 over کبر
	654	Burhán- púr	1014	دین بناه شــــــاه ۱۰۱۴ برهانبور شــهـــر سکه زد در Flowered field.	As on No. 644, but ابن Flowered field.
-				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅75.	Pl.
	655 656	, <b>,</b>	_	but no date. <b>w.</b> 175-173.	
	657 1/2	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	_	<b>W.</b> 86. <b>S.</b> 65.	(656) A.S.B.
	658	.,	-11 Tír	As on No. 647, but no border and no m. Flowcred field.  W. 175.	ماه سر الهر مرهابو11ر ب ضر
	659	•	-14 <u>K</u> húr dád	<b>w</b> . 175.	Flowered fieldbut 18 200

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 660	Burhán- púr	Amar- dád	As on No. 658. <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> .7.	As on No. 658, but امرداد Regnal year wanting. A.S.B.
661	,,		As on No. 638, but ضرب برهانپور <b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> .75.	As on No. 638.
662	Dehlí	1021-7 Ardí- bihisht	As on No. 566, but without border. <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> .75.	بهشت ماه اردی الهے ضرب دهلی ۱۰۱۲ (sic) سنة ۷
663	,.	Ďí	., <b>₩.</b> 175.	پر but دی and ۱۰۲۱
664	,,	1022-8 Far- wardí	<b>w.</b> 176.	;; but ۱.۲۲ – ۸ – ۱.۲۲ فروردی
665	,,	Amar- dád	,. <b>W.</b> 176.	امرداد ), امرداد
666	•••	Mihr	,, <b>₩.</b> 174.	hut "
667	,•	Bah- man	<b>w.</b> 176.	الله به الله الله الله الله الله الله ال
668	,,,	1025- 11 Amar- dád	<b>w</b> . 175.	but 1.10 – 11 – 11 – 11
669	21	-12 Far- wardí	<b>w.</b> 172.	but المرودى Hijra date missing.
670	,,	-12 <u>Khúr</u> - dád	<b>w</b> . 175.	but signal but

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 671	Dehlí	-13 Ábán	As on No. 662. <b>W</b> . 172.	As on No. 669. but ابان ۱۳
	672		1[103]4 Azar	<b>W</b> . 174. <b>S</b> . ·7.	but ۴ to left of دهلی and اذر Regnal year wanting.
	673	"	1035 <u>Kh</u> úr- dad	<b>w</b> . 175.	A.S.B. خورداد " ۱.۳۰ A.S.B.
	674	Jahángír- nagar	-12 Shahré- war	As on No. 637 M. 38 in ن <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 65.	Pl. ماه شهربور الهب جهانگبرنگر سنة ۱۲ ضرب
	675	,,	-13 Á <u>z</u> ar	<b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> .75.	اذر-' hut ادر'' ا
	676		–14 Far- wardí	<b>w.</b> 175. <b>s.</b> .7.	فروردی ۱۰ but
	677 678		-15 Ardí- bihisht	but m. 39. <b>W.</b> 170-169 (worn). <b>S.</b> 7.	اردی بہشت ۱۰ اردی دہشت
	679	,,	Tír	<b>W.</b> 175.	but Traces of octagonal bor-
	680	,,	-16 Mihr	but m. 33 <b>W.</b> 175.	but 'y
	681	,,	Bah- man	<b>W.</b> 175.	Pl. الم

A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 682	Jahángír- nagar	-17 Far- wardí	As on No. 637.  W. 174. S65.	As on No. 674, but الالادى الالادى الالادى فروردى A.S.B.	SILVER
683	,,	-17 Shahré- war	<b>w.</b> 175.	.,. شهريور A.S.B.	
684	,,	-19 Far- wardí	M. 38. " <b>W.</b> 174.	but فروردی – نگیر ۱۱ نگر Traces of dotted circle. M. 38 to left of نگر	
685	Jaler ?	1031 Mihr	اكبر شاه نگبر شاه جهــــا نور الدين	ماه مهر الهم ضرب جلير ١٠٣١ ضر M. 42 over	
			<b>₩.</b> 175. <b>\$.</b> ·75.	A.S.B. Pl.	
686 1/2	Kábul	1014	In double circle with dots between حى قديم المسالة المسالة المسالة المسالة المسالة المسلمة ال	سلم شـــاه کابل بنام سکه	
			<b>₩.</b> 87. <b>S.</b> ·7.	עלים A.S.B. Pl.	
687 688 1/2		1015-1	In double circle with dots between The Kalima. فرت کابل ۱۰۱۵  W. 105. S7.	In double circle with dots between  غازے حہانگیر یادشاہ مور الدین	
				سنة Pl.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse			
SILVER	Æ 689	Kábul	1024-9	بناہ خسرو گیت شہر کابل ۱۰۲۴	ىادشاه اكبـــر جهانگىر اس ۹			
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ســـد زد در	نور الدبن ه			
				<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> -8.	A.S.B.			
	690	,,	1026- 11 Far- wardí	As on No. 590 (reverse), but without border, and regnal year 11  W. 173. S85.	ماہ فروردی الہے ضرب کابل ۱۰۲۶			
	691	Kashmír	1018-	As on No. 588, but فرب کشمبر ۱۰۱۸ <b>w.</b> 209. <b>s.</b> .85.	As on No. 588, but regnal year missing.			
	692	,.	1019-	but9 <b>W.</b> 208.	',			
	693	,,	1022-8 Shahré- war	As on No. 566, but without border. Flowered field.  W. 175. S75.	In double circle with dots between ماه شهربور الهب کشمبر سنة ۸ ضرب ۱۰۲۲			
	694	,.	1023–8 Isfan- dármuz	Traces of double circle with dots between.  W. 175. S775.	A.S.B. اسفندارمز but ۱۰۲۳ No border visible. Pl.			
	695	,,	1023-9 Tír	 <b>W</b> . 174.	", تبر			

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
## R 696 Ge-mini 1	Kashmír	15	[ش] ه اكبر [ش] ساه [ش] ساه (زنور) نام جهانگير [بكشم] سر سكه زر [گش] ست [گش] ست (جهان فير]وز <b>W.</b> 155 (worn).	Twins facing each other and embracing; solar rays to left and right.	LVER
697	Láhor	1014-1	In double circle with dots between  برنگ مهر و ماه نے  زر را ساخت نورلے ضرب لاهور ۱۰۱۴ رو  س. 200. <b>8.</b> .85.	As on No. 588, but in last line	
698	,,	1015-1	but	מ	
<b>699</b> sq.	31	1015-2	but بناه in second line and زر را in third line. Square areas.  W. 193 (worn). S75.	but r over جر in second line. Square areas.  A.S.B.	
700 sq.	,,	<b>33</b>	In double square with dots between The Kalima. ضرب ١٠١٠ الأهور Flowered field.		
			<b>W.</b> 211. <b>S.</b> ∙9.	Pl.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A similar coin was described by Dr. L. White King and Capt. Vost in the Num Chron., 1896, 'Novelties in Mughal Coins,' No. 15.

WRIGHT. II

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	## 701 sq.	Láhor	1016–3	As on No. 699, but  1.11  W. 208. S875.	As on No. 588, but مرever بن in second line. Square areas.
	702	,.	1017-4	In double circle with dots between دور دال اللك بود در	dots between نگبر
				یاد روان بدهر ۴ Flowered field. <b>W.</b> 219. <b>S.</b> 1-0	جها بنام شاه ۱۰۱۷ سسک لاهور لاهور Flowered field.
	703	••	1018-4	**	t but
	704	•,	1019-5	but o	but + . 19
				<b>₩</b> . 220·3.	Pl.
	<b>705</b> sq.	,,	1020-6 Ardí- bihisht	بر زر	In eight-peaked area enclosed in double square with dots between  الكبر البي المحالة
				<b>W.</b> 219. <b>S.</b> -8.	۱ شهنشاه زمان ۲ اPl.
	706	1,9	6 Amar- dád	In multifoil area with eight peaks, as on No. 566 Flowered field.  W. 174-5. S9.	
	707	,,	6 Dí	<b>W.</b> 175.	Pl. دی

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 708	Láhor	6 Isfan- dármuz	As on No. 706. W. 175.	SILVER As on No. 706, but اسفندارمز
709	,,	7 Far- wardín	<b>₩.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·95.	but بروردین A.S.B.
710	۰,	7 Shahré- war	(Worn.)	" شهریور
711	<b>)</b> )	7 Bah- man	<b>w</b> . 175.	,, بہبن
712	,,	7 Isfan- dármuz	<b>w.</b> 176-5.	۰٫ اسفندارمز
713	,,	8 Tír	<b>₩.</b> 172. <b>s.</b> -85.	اتیر ، but م
714	,,	8 Shahré- war	 <b>W.</b> 175.	", شهریور
715	,,,	8 Mihr	 <b>W.</b> 175.	יי, סייר
716	**	8 Ábán	,, <b>W.</b> 155 (worn).	ابان
717	,,	8 Azar	<b>w.</b> 175.	اذّر
718	,,	8 Dí	., <b>W</b> . 174.	۰٫ دی
719	,,,	9 Ardí- bihisht	<b>w</b> . 175.	اردی بہشت ۹ but
720	,,,	9 Ázar	<b>w</b> . 175-5.	،', اذر 9 2

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse .	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 721	Láhor	9 Dí	As on No. 706. <b>W.</b> 174·3.	As on No. 706, but
	722	,,	9 Bah- man	₩. 175.	,, ئ <del>ېد</del> ن
	723	.,	10 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	<b>w.</b> 173.	ارداد ۱۰ مورداد but
	724	,	10 Ázar	(Worn.)	., اذر
	725		10 Isfan- dármuz	<b>w.</b> 174	،. اسفندارمز
	726	.,	1025- 11	In double circle with dots between	In double circle with dots between
			,	دادا دررو ۲۰۰۰ ســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	سسساه جهانگیر شاه اکسسر نور سنة ۱۱
	1			Flowered field. <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> 85	Flowered field.
	727	,,,	1026- 12	but ", <b>W.</b> 175	but
	728 729	,,	1027- 1 13	<b>w.</b> 175–174.	
	780	,,	1028- 14		(728) A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 731 732	Láhor	1029-	لاهور س <u>ک</u> ه بر روی	نور اکبــر جهانگیر شاه	SILVE
			همیشه بادا ۱۰۲۹ <b>W.</b> 175–174. <b>S.</b> -85.	شـــاه زنام ۱۰ ســنة	
733	<b>3</b> 1	-18	سکہ لاھورے بادا بررو ھمبشہ	شاہ اکبر نور نگبــــر زنام شاہ جہا	
			سنة <b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> ·8.	Hijra date missing.	
734 735	,,	1033-	₩. 173–169.	شاه below ۱.۳۳	
736	; } }	1035-21	" " <b>W.</b> 174.	1.00	
737	,,	1036-	" <b>W.</b> 175.	1.77	
738	,,	1036-	" <b>W.</b> 174.	,,	
739	Patna	1023-9 Tír	اكبر شاه شاه نكسيسر دور الدين جها <b>w.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> .75.	ماه نير الهم ۱۰۳۳ ۹ پتنه ضرب	
740	79	Balı- man	<b>w.</b> 173.	بہوں	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 741	Patna	1025- 11 Ardí- bihisht	As on No. 739.  W. 173. S775.	As on No. 739, but اردی بهشت - ۱۱ – ۱۰۲۰
	742	,,	Tír	w. 176. s. ∙65.	 نبر A.S.B.
	743	٠,	Mihr	<b>w.</b> 175. <b>s.</b> ∙65.	י. איר A.S.B.
	744	,,	l 1026- 11 Isfan- dármuz	<b>w.</b> 169.	اس <sup>عند</sup> ارمز Hijra date not clear.
	745	"	1026- 12 Amar- dád	<b>w.</b> 174·5.	امرداد – ۱۰۰ – ۱۰۰۰ but
	746	,,	Ázar	<b>w.</b> 175.	 اذر
	747	,,	1027- 13 Ardí- bihisht	<b>W</b> . 174.	اردی بهشت – ۳۳ – but ۱۰۲۰
	748	**	Shahré- war	., <b>₩.</b> 171·5.	 شهرتور
	749 1/2	,,	Abán	<b>₩.</b> 87. <b>S.</b> ·55.	ابان ابان
	750	,,	1028– 13 Isfan- dármuz	<b>w.</b> 175. <b>s.</b> ⋅65.	اسفندارمز
	751	,,	1029- 15 Far- wardín	<b>₩.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> -7.	A.S.B.  but ۱.۲۹ – ۲۰ – ۲۰۵ – 4.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 752	Patna	1029- 15 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	As on No. 739.  W. 174.5. S75.	As on No. 751, but خورداد
753	",	1030- 16 Far- wardín	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·7.	فروردبن – ۲۱ – but ۱۰۳۰ – ۱۰۳۰
754	**1	Amar- dád	<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> -7.	امرداد
755	,,	Ábán	<b>w.</b> 175.	ابان A.S.B.
756	<b>37</b>	1031- 16 Ázar	<b>w.</b> 175.	but اذر ۳۰ الدر M. 2 to left of date.
757	11	Bah- man	<b>W.</b> 174.	,, بمهن
758	,,	1031- 17 Far- wardín	 <b>W.</b> 174-5.	but ابر – نروردین M. 2.
759	,,	103 ?- 18 Tír	<b>w.</b> 174.	but ۱۰۳۰۰۰۱۸
760	7×	1033- 18 Dí	<b>₩.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> √75.	دی ۱۰۳۳
761	••	1033- 19 Far- wardín	₩. 175. S775.	 فروردین – ۱۹ فروردین
762	,,	103 ?- 20 Ardí- bihisht	<b>w</b> . 172.	اردی بهشت ٔ ۳۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 763	Patna	1034- 20 Amar- dád	As on No. 739. <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> .775.	As on No. 739, but امرداد – ۲۰ – ۱.۳۴
	764		1035- 21 <u>Kh</u> úr- dad		ار المار المار but (۱.۳۵ – ۲۱ – ۱۵۳۵ – Pl.
	765 ½	, , , ,	1036- 21 Abán	but traces of dotted circle.  W. 88. S6.	but المان ا
	766	Qandahár	1020-6	The Kalima. ۱۰۲۰ صرب فندهار <b>W.</b> 207. <b>S.</b> 8.	As on No. 611, but ع نور over
	767	,,	1021-7	As on No. 697, but  ا المار ا	As on No. 588, but v
	768	,,	-8 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	In double circle with dots between:  اکس شاه  مکسر شاه  نور الدین  Flowered ticld.  W. 160 (worn).	In double circle with dots between  ماه حورداد الهي عندهار ضرب ضرب شنة Flowered field.
	769	,,	1023-9 Tír	<b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> -85.	ر, but <b>۱</b> تبر سنة

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 770	Qandahár	1023–9 Shahré- war	As on No. 768. <b>W.</b> 173.2.	SILV As on No. 769, but شهرور	ÆR
771	,,,	,,, Mihr	" <b>W.</b> 171.	יי מיץ כ	
772	"	-10 Ardí- bihisht	,, <b>W.</b> 148 (worn).	but اردی بهشت ا Hijra date missing.	
773	,,	,, Tír	,, <b>W.</b> 172.	,, تير	
774	,,,	Á <u>z</u> ar	., <b>W.</b> 176.	اذر A.S.B.	
775	,,	-11 Ardí- bihisht	,,, <b>₩.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> •85.	اردی بهشت ۱۰۰	
776	,,	,, Mihr	<b>w.</b> 175.	,, مهر	
777	,,	Ábán	,, ₩, 175.	ابْان	
778	,,	Amar- dád	<b>w.</b> 175.	امرداد	
779	12	1025-	In double circle with dots between  1.۲۰  قندهار  شد  دخواه	In double circle with dots between  اکبر  اکبر  شاه سنة ۱۱  نگیــر  از جها	
			<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	Pl.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse		Reverse
SILVER	Æ 780	Qandahár	1026- 11	As on No. 779, but	As on	No. 779.
				<b>W.</b> 172.		
	781	.,	1026- 12	<b> </b>	but	', [
	782	,,	1027- 12	but		· ·
			1	<b>W.</b> 169.		
	783 784	,,	1027- 13	 <b>₩.</b> 175 <b>–</b> 171.	but	,, !#
					Ì	(784) A.S.B.
	785 786		10 <b>2</b> 8-	but	but	1 ie ''
			<u> </u>	<b>W.</b> 175–173.		(785) A.S.B.
	787 788	,,	1029- 15	but	but	10
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅75.		(788) A.S.B.
	789		1030-			
	100	,,	15	but		••
				<b>W.</b> 173.		
	790	,,	1030-	**		•
			16	<b>W.</b> 175	but	17
	791	٠,	-17	Date wanting.		**
					but	1 v
				<b>W.</b> 164 (worn). <b>S.</b> 7.		A.S.B.
	792	Súrat	1030-	نور الدين	.11	
			15 Isfan-	جــهــــ	ابهی	ماه اسفندارمز ۱۵
			dármuz	بادشاه نگـــر		سنة
				Flowered field.		سورت ضرب
				<b>W</b> . 177.	F21	1
				<b>S.</b> ⋅8.	Flower	
		i	,	!		<i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 793	Súrat	-17 Dí	As on No. 792. <b>W.</b> 176.	As on No. 792, but  (v = 25)  Hijra date missing.  A.S.B.
794	Tatta	1015–2	In double circle with dots between The Kalima.  ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا	In double circle with dots between  غازے جہانگیر بادشاہ محدد نور الدین
795	>>	1016-3	,,, 1.1₹ <b>₩.</b> 209.	,, r
796	,,	1018-4	,, 1.1∧ <b>W.</b> 206. <b>S.</b> .85.	;, بخ P1.
797	,,	1018-5	" <b>W.</b> 208.	•
798	••	1019–5	₩. 207. <b>S.</b> ·85.	,,
799	"	1021-7 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	In multifoil area اکبر شاہ نگیر شاہ جسما نور الدین نور الدین <b>W.</b> 175.	In twelve-peaked area  ماه خورداد الهــ  تت  ۱۰۲۱ ضرب
800	,,	1026- 12 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	<b>w.</b> 173. <b>s.</b> ⋅8.	but 1.rr-1r

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 801	Tatta	1026- 12 Ázar	As on No. 799. <b>W.</b> 173.	As on No. 799, but ادر – ۱۱ – ۲۰۳
	802	2)	1027- 13 Shahré- war	., <b>₩.</b> 173.5.	ئىنى ئىزىرۇر – ۱۳ مىنا
	803	,,,	1028- Amar- dád	<b>W.</b> 168 (worn). <b>S.</b> .75.	but أمرداد – ٢٠٠٠ Regnal year deleted.
	804	<b>,</b>	-15 Amar- dád	but no border. <b>W.</b> 165. <b>S.</b> -8.	A.S.B. ماه امرداد الهم تته ضره استة ب
	805	; ; ;	-16 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád		but ابرداد ابر but خورداد A.S.B.
	806	,,   	-19 Mihr	<b>W.</b> 169. <b>S.</b> √75.	ا ). مهر ۱۹ مهر A.S.B.
	807	,,	-20 Far- wardín	<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ∙72.	but ۲. ,. فروردین A.S.B.
	808	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1037- 22 Ábán	<b>W.</b> 163. <b>S.</b> .75.	ادان ماه الهــ بده سنه ۲۲ ۱۰۳۰ ضرب
		t 			Pl.
	800				ime missing
	809 810			The Kalima, and below ضرب	As on No. 638.
		1	1	<b>W.</b> 176.	(810) A.S.B

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ		and the state of t		of Núrjahán	SILVEE
811	Agra	1-20	In double circle with dots between	In double circle with dots between	
			r.	زنام شاه	
			بحکم شاہ جہا نگـیــــر	شاه	
			دک <u>۔۔۔۔۔ر</u> بافت صد :بور	نورجهان باد بیگم زر	
			بافت صد زبور سنة	ضرب آگره	
			<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.		
812	,,	1037-	,,	,,	
813		22	but rr, and 1.mv under	(813) A.S.B. Pl.	
			<b>W.</b> 176–175.		
814	Ahmad-	1036-	جهانگير	هاه	
	ábád	2-	بحكم شاه	باد جهــان	
			جهانگیر ب <del>ح</del> کم شاه صد زیور یافت	بنيام مور	
}		! !	يافت خرب احمداناد	بیگم زر	
		 	<b>W.</b> 175.	1.m7 r <del>-</del>	
		1	<b>S.</b> -775.	Pl.	
815	Láhor	1034-	شاہ جہانگیر	زنام	
		20	شاه جهانگیر بعیکم یافت صد زدور ۲۰ سنة	sL_m	
ŀ		! !	يافت صد زنور	مورجهان باد دگ	
			r. äi	نورجهان باد بیگم زر ۱۰۳۴ لاهور	
		I	جلوس	ضرب مرب	
			<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> .875.	Pl.	
		I	. =		
8161	,,	! •••	; [	 but ۱.۳۴ over نورجهان	
			<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·8.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In I.M.C., No. 7491, the condition of the coin was too poor to allow of a correct reading. No. 816 is a better specimen of the same type.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	# 817 818	Patna	1037- 22	As on No. 811, but ۱.۳۷ below سنة and m. 2 to right of جها in top line.	As on No. 811, but last two lines read زر ۲۳ پتنه
	ļ			<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·8.	ضرت (818) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
	819 820	••	',	but no m. <b>w.</b> 175.	 (820) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
	821	Súrat	1034-	As on No. 814, but ضرب سورت and جحکم for زحکم <b>w.</b> 173.	As on No. 814, but  1.77  Regnal year blurred.
	822	, , , , ,	1035-	<b>S.</b> ⋅8.  <b>W.</b> 174.	but tre
	823	22	1037-22	 M. 2 to right of صد W. 175. S75.	but last line
COPPER	, Æ 824 825	Ágra	1020-	In double circle with dots between	Pl. In double circle with dots between اگره ضر ۱
	826 827		1021-7	<b>S.</b> .95.	but ,. (827) A.S.B.
	828	21	,,	Struck on a Súrí dám.	Pl.
				<b>W.</b> 306 <b>S.</b> -95	A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 829 830	Ágra	1022	In double circle with dots between  شاه جهانگیرے فلوس سنة ۸	In double circle with dots between
			<b>W.</b> 308–297·7 (worn). <b>S.</b> 1·0.	ضر ۱۰۳۳ (830) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
831	Bairáta	-4	رواذح سنة <b>W.</b> 305. <b>S.</b> •75.	 سنه بیراته ب
832	,,,	-7	<b>w.</b> 315.	
833	,,	-13	سنة جهانگير  <b>W.</b> 319. <b>S.</b> .8.	 سنة بيراته ب ضر ضر Pl.
834	.,	t t	Regnal year indistinct.	, "
835	,,	1034-20	جم انگیرے جم انگیرے قلوس ۲۰ فلوس 315. <b>S.</b> .75.	A.S.B. بیرات ب [فر] ۳۴ [ا] Pl.

SHÁH JAHÁN

A. H. 1037-1068. A. D. 1628-1658.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	A 836	Ágra <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1037 aḥd	In dotted border  لا الد الا الله  محسد  رسول الله ۱۰۳۰  ضرب  دار الخلافة اگرد  W. 168.1.  S86.	In dotted border  سنة احد غاز ے  شاہ جہاں بادشاہ  معہد  شہاب الدین نے  صاحب قران ثا
	837	Ahmad- ábád	1039-3 Far- wardín	In dotted border Kalima in three lines. Below شرب ضرب احمداباد الهم سنة وروردنهاه س. 168. ع85.	In dotted border  بادشاه غازے  شاہ جہان ۱۰۳۹  محمد  شہاب الدس نے  صاحب قراں ثا  A.S.B.  Pl.
	838	Akbar- ábád (Ágra)	1043-6	In lozenge The Kalima.  Margin اسدق ابی بکر   وعدل عمر ازرم عثماں   وعلم علی  W. 167. S95.	In dotted border  شهات الدين نه  محمد صاحب قران ثاء  شاه جهان باد ۲ شاه غاز ضرت  ضرب  اكبراناد ۲۰۰۰  Pl.
	839	<b>3</b>	1045-8	<b>W.</b> 167. <b>S.</b> 85.	In lozenge دادشاد غازے شاہ جہاں ۱۰۴۰ Margin شہاب الدین المحمد صاحب ا قران ثانی   صرب اکبرایاد

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
<i>X</i> 840	Akbar- ábád	1047-	As on No. 838. <b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> .9.	As on No. 839, but
841	,,	1057– 20	<b>w.</b> 168.	but '.ov-r.  A.S.B.
842	"	1059- 22	<b>w.</b> 166.	but 1.09-rr
843	"	1059 <b>–</b> 23	<b>₩.</b> 165. <b>\$.</b> ·85.	but rr over 🛍
844	Burhán- púr	1040-4	In square The Kalima.  Margins as on No. 838,	In square  بادشاه غاز عاد غاز عاد خیان شاه جهان المعروبة  Top محمد الدبن محمد Right خلد الله ملكه Bottom صاحب قران ثانی Left المعروب
845	,,	1060-24	In dotted square The Kalima.  1.1. in lower left corner.  Margins as on No. 838.  W. 167. S85.	In dotted square  بادشاه غازے  شاه جہاں  Margins  Left  محمد صاحب  Right  فران ثانی  Bottom  برهانبور  الدین ۲۴
846 847	,,	1068-32	,, 1.1∧ <b>W.</b> 168·5–167.	but rr in area.
848	Daulat- ábád	1052-	S75.  As on No. 838. or in area.  W. 167. S8.	(846) A.S.B. As on No. 839, but ه in area and in lower left margin ضرب دولت اباد
WRIG	нт. 11			Н

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 849	Daulat- ábád	1064- 27	As on No. 838. محمد over محمد rv below الله	As on No. 848, but mint name in lower right margin.
		i ,		<b>W.</b> 169. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	A.S.B.
	850		1066- 30	but 1.31-7. <b>W.</b> 168.	
	851	; ;	1068- 32	As on No. 838. but in eightfoil circle.  1.14 in margin.  W. 168. S85.	As on No. 839, but in eightfoil circle.  To over sim in area.  مرت دولت اباد Pl.
	852	Khan- báyat (Cambay)	1067- 30	As on No.838, but square area.  1.17 in left margin.  W. 170.5. S8.	As on No. 839, but square area.  Mint name in left margin.  The in right margin.
	853	Láhor Dáru-s- sultanat	1037~ ahd	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب دار السلطنه لاهور ع	شہاب الدیں معمد د صاحب قراں بائے شاہ جہان بادشاہ ہے غاز سنہ احد
	854	Láhor	1062- 26	As on No. 838, but square area.  1.1r in right margin,  W. 168. S. ·8.	A.S.B. Pl. As on No. 839, but square area, and in lower margin ضرب ۲۱ لاهور
	855	Multán	1064-	As on No. 838, but square	As on No. 839, but square area. المرابع أن in left margin. M. 43 in area.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
N 855 (a)	Patna	1038-2 Shahré- war	Kalima in three lines. Below  ضرب  تند الهم سنة ۲  شهريور ماه  W. 167.  S85.	As on No. 837, but	GOLD
856	"	1045-8	As on No. 838, but square area.  1.40 in right margin.  W. 167. S. 08.	As on No. 839, but square area. ^ in area. ^ نصرب بتنه in right margin.	
857	"	-15	but no Hijra date. <b>W.</b> 169. <b>S.</b> •75.	in area." دنده نوب بننه in left margin. A.S.B.	
858	,,	-25	₩. 168. <b>ຮ. ∙</b> 8.	but ro in area.	
859	Sháhja- hánábád	-26	As on No. 838, but circular area. Hijra date missing.  W. 167.5. S. ·8.	In circle بادشاه غازے ۲۳ شاه جہان  Margin  سکه شاهجہان اباد رائع در جہان جاودان بادا بنام ثانی صاحب قران  Marginal legend partially obliterated.	
860	Súrat	1045-8	As on No. 838, but square area and dotted border.  1.50 in left margin.  1 in area.	As on No.839,but square area. In left margin سورت	
			<b>₩.</b> 16 <b>7</b> . <b>S.</b> -95.	ضرت Pl.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Ohverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 861	Súrat	1046-9	As on No. 860, but	As on No. 860.
				<b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	
	862	,,	1068-	As on No. 838, but circular area.  1.74 in margin.  W. 168. S85.	As on No. 839, but cir- cular area. ان in area. فرت سورت in margin.
	863	Tatta	1066- 30 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	Kalima in three lines. Below  ضر۳٠ ننه الهم خورداد ماه  •••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	As on No. 837, but ۱۰۹۶ over ب of شهاب
	864	4	1040-	N 000 1	ا الدين محمد شاد جهاں الدين محمد شاد جهاں الدين محمد شاد جهاں الدين صاحب قران ثابی شها
	865 <sup>3</sup> sq.	3	104-	As on No. 838, but squar area.  1.4 (sic) in left margin.  W. 164. S7.	area.

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Mr. C. J. Rodgers was of opinion that this coin was not genuine. It is not free from suspicion.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
N 866 <sup>1</sup>	3	1061-	As on No. 838, but square area.  1.11 in area.  W. 167.5. S87.	As on No. 839, but square area.  Margin Bottom شهاب الدين Left المحمد رصا 1 Top illegible. Right المورت Pl.
867 <sup>2</sup>	ţ	1066-	As on No. 838, but square area.  1.11 in area.  W. 168. S75.	As on No. 839, but square area. ت. in area over جب M. 43 over شا
Æ	,			SILV
868 869	Ágra <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1037 – aḥd	As on No. 836. <b>W.</b> 176–175. <b>S.</b> .85.	As on No. 836. (868) A.S.B.
870	"	,,	<b>₩.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> •9.	بادشاہ ُ غازے but شاہ ضائر میں شاہ جہاں سنة احد
871 872	<b>,.</b>	1038– aḥd	but 1.74 <b>W.</b> 176–175. <b>S.</b> .85.	" (872) A.S.B.
873		103- aḥd	but هول ۳ over <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -85.	شاہ غازے but شاہ خارے شاہ جہاں باد سنة احد
874	Ahmad- ábád	1037- aḥd	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب احمدابادے ۱۰۳۰ هجر سنة <b>W.</b> 171.	As on No. 837, but سنة احد in place of Hijra date.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A doubtful coin. The left and top marginal legends of reverse appear to be a blundered attempt at صاحب قران ثانی.
<sup>2</sup> This is almost certainly a coin of Multán mintage. Cf. No. 853 supra, on which the

same mark occurs.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	R 875 1/2	Aḥmad- ábád	1037- ahd	As on No. 874.  W. 87. S. ·7.	As on No. 874.  A.S.B.
	876	,,	1038- aḥd	but 1.m	"
	877		1039–2 A <u>z</u> ar	<b>W.</b> 174. As on No. 837, but اذر	As on No. 837.
				<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	
	878	,,	1040– Ardíbi- hisht	ردی بهشت اردی بهشت Regnal year missing.	۱۰۴۰
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	
	879	,,	1041 – Isfan- dármuz	 اسفندارمز <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -8.	۱ <b>غ</b> ۰ ۱
	880	,,,	1042 – Azar	" اذر	
	881	"	1044-8	W. 176.  As on No. 838, but square area.	A.S.B. As on No. 839, but square area.
				<b>W.</b> 168-5. <b>S.</b> -9.	in left ضرب احمداناد margin. A.S.B.
	882	,,	1045-8	1.160	,,
	883	,,	1055?-	<b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> ∙9.	
			18	but 1.00 ! in left margin.	but in right margin.
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
R 884	Aḥmad- ábád	1055 – 19	As on No. 883. <b>W.</b> 175·7.	As on No. 883, but
885	12	1066-	but 1.77	but regnal year missing.
886	Aḥmad- nagar	1041- Shahré- war	W. 176.  Kalima in three lines. Below  ضرب  احمدنگر الها المحادیگر الها ماه شهربور	As on No. 837, but no date.
887	۰,	-22	ماه شهربور <b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> .9. As on No. 838, but square area. الإستان الإستان الاستان الإستان الإستان الإستان الإستان الاستان الاستان الاستان ال	Pl. As on No. 839, but square area. rr under شاه in area. in right ضرب احمدنگر margin.
1				A.S.B.
888	,,	1061-	w. 168.	but re in ن of جہان
889	Akbar- ábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> ilúfat (Ágra)	1038–2 Shahré- war	Kalima in three lines. Below  ضرب دار الحلافة اكبراناد الهي على شهروور ماه  W. 172.	As on No. 837, but date to left of نے
			<b>S.</b> ⋅85.	A.S.B.
890 891	Akbar- ábád	1039-2	In dotted border سدق ابى بكر و عدل عـــر لا الد الا الله الله ١٠٣٩ محمد رسول علے	In dotted border as on No. 864, but r over ما and in last line ضرب اکبرایاد
1		1	بازرم عنمان و علم	
			<b>W.</b> 176–175. <b>S.</b> .95–.85.	(891) A.S.B Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse		
SILVER	AR 892	Akbar- ábád	?-3	As on No. 890. Hijra date wanting.	As on No. 890, but هرت over		
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> •9.			
	893 894		1039-3	In dotted border, as on No. 838, but circular area.	In dotted border, as on No. 864, but		
		-  -		<b>W.</b> 174–172. <b>S.</b> ⋅9−⋅8.	<u>صاحب فران ثانے</u> شہا ضرب اکبراباد		
					(894) A.S.B. Pl.		
	895 896	,,	1040-4	As on No. 838, but six- foil area.  1.4. in margin.  M. 2 (twice) in margin.	., but ۴ over ضرب		
				<b>W.</b> 174·5−173. <b>S.</b> ·9.	(895) A.S.B.		
	897	.,	.,	<b>₩.</b> 175. <b>\$.</b> •9.	دادشاہ عازے قران ثانی شاہ جہاں حب		
					سب شهاب الدىن محمد صا ب ضر اكبراباد ۴		
					صر البرادة ؟ Pl.		
	898	71	1041-5	As on No. 838, but square area.  1.21 in right margin.  W. 175.	As on No. 839. o in area. ضرب اکبراباد in left margin.		
				<b>S.</b> ·85			
	899	2.	1042-5		,, in right margin. in hottom ضرب اکبراباد		
		}	ľ	W. 1. 1.	margin.		

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 900	Akbar- ábád	1042-6	As on No. 838, but circular area.  1.47 in area.  W. 176. S85.	In dotted border شہاب الدین معہد صا ۲ حبقران ثانے شاء جہان بادشاء ے غاز ضرب اکبراباد	SILVER
901	,,	1043-7	dotted quatrefoil. ما علم in د in	A.S.B. Pl. As on No. 839, but in dotted quatrefoil. v in area.	
			margin. <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> •9.		
902	"	,,	As on No. 838, but dotted square area.  1. Fr in area.  W. 177. S85.	As on No. 839, but dotted square area.  v in area. in left margin ضرب اکبراباد A.S.B.	
903	,,	1044-7	.,	but mint name in lower margin.  A.S.B.	
904	"	1048- 12	but 1.8% in top margin.  W. 167. S85.	r in area.	
905	,.	1052-	but 1.or in area. <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> •85.	ıı in area."  A.S.B.	
908	,,	-19	Hijra date obliterated.  W. 167. S85.	(9 in lower margin.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
SILVER	Æ 907	Akbar- ábád	1059-	As on No. 902.	As on No. 902.	
	908 Nigár	"		غازی شاد جہان باد شاد اشاد	اداد اکبر دار لخلافة ب	
	909	Akbar- nagar	1037- aḥd	<b>W.</b> 41.5. <b>S.</b> .6.  لا اله الا الله	[ضر] شهاب الدين محمد	
			, 1 1	رسول الله ضرب اکبرنگر ۱۰۳۰ <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 185.	صاحب فران ثانی اد شادجهان ناع د غاز سنة احد	
	910		1038?- aḥd	but		
	911	vj	1039- Dí	 ضر اکبرنگر الہے سنة ماہ دی	As on No. 837.	Pl.
	912	•,	-2 Ábán	<b>W.</b> 169 <b>S.</b> -95. but r امان – سنه <b>W.</b> 165.	 Date wanting.	
	913	23	1039-3 Tír	s9.  but r to right of ما and	۰۰۳۹ to left of جهال	
				<b>W.</b> 171. <b>S.</b> -85.		

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 914	Akbar- nagar	-4 Bah- man	As on No. 913, but بهمن – ۶. <b>W.</b> 175.	As on No. 837. Date wanting.  A.S.B.
915	"	1045-9	area.  1.40 partly in left margin, partly in area.	area.
			<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> •875.	A.S.B.
916	,,	1046-	₩. 175.	ı. in area.
917	•,	1059-	w. 173.	rr in area.
918	Allah- ábád	1043-		in left margin. Regnal year wanting. Pl.
919	Bhakkar	1040-3	As on No. 838, but circular area.  المناب ألم المناب ألم المناب	r r
920	,,	1040-4	Kalima in three lines. Below ضر بكر ع الهم [ار]دى بهش[ت ماه]	As on No. 837, but ۱.۴. below شاه جهان
				2010 II O'GF 100

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 921	Bhakkar	1043-6	As on No. 838, but circular area.  1.47 to left of in margin.	As on No. 839, but circular area. Below area سنة نكر
	1			<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	ضرب A.S.B. Pl.
	922	,,	1043-7	area.	As on No. 839, but square area.
				w. 175. S825.	In left margin بهکر ضرب
	923	<b>,</b> 1	1044-7		1
				<b>S.</b> ⋅85.	فر سنة بكر ب A.S.B.
	924	,.	-15	Date wanting.  W. 147 (clipped).	ا   but اد   سنة دېكر
	925	,,	-23	Date wanting.  W. 174.	 ۳۳ دهکر but ضرب
	926	,,	1067-	S. ·8.  (. · · · in bottom margin.  W. 175.	7,
	927	Bhílsa	_ 13	S. ·8.  Date wanting.  W. 172.	 In left margin ۱۳ مبلیم

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
	Bhílsa	1052- 15	As on No. 922.	As on No. 927, but
929	"	1056- 19	<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> -8.	A.S.B. Pl. but ۱۹ in ن of جهان in
			w. 175. S. ⋅85.	area.
930	Burhán- púr	1037- aḥd	Kalima in three lines. Below ب ضر برهانبورے سنة ۱.۳۰ هجر	As on No. 837, but سنة احد in place of Hijra date.
931	,,	_ 2	<ul><li>W. 174.</li><li>S. ⋅95.</li><li>Kalima in three lines.</li></ul>	As on No. 837.
			ضرب ضرب برهانمور الهم سنة ۲ 	Date wanting.
			<b>₩.</b> 156. <b>\$.</b> ·875.	
<b>932</b> 933	.,	1040-3	As on No. 890, but ۱.۴. to left of رسو	As on No. 864, but rover and last line
			<b>₩.</b> 176–175. <b>s.</b> ∙95.	ضرب برهانبور Pl.
934	,,	,,	As on No. 864. <b>W.</b> 175.	As on No. 864, but in last line
			<b>s.</b> -9.	ضرب برهانبور صا m over
935	),	,,	,, <b>w</b> . 176.	,, ص over م

# Pur Pur   1042-5   As on No. 839, but square area.   الدين عاد جهان   W. 174.   Margins   Top الدين عجمد قران ثاني Bottom الدولة عاد ملكة   Right   Right   Right   Right   Right   As on No. 839, but square.   ۲. in right margin.	ص خ
936   Burhán- púr   1042-5   As on No. 838, but square area.    1.56   in area.	<i>ட</i> ்>
##. 174.  ##. 1	<i>ட</i> ்>
w. 173.	11.
<b>W</b> 110	
in b ضرب برهانبور s875.	ottom
938 1044-7	
<b>w</b> . 175.	
جہان ، الله الا ، ، 939 شـــان د لااله الا	
شركاه الاله الله ماه الهم والله والله ماه الهم والله وال	
ب <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> .9.	
940 ,, As on No. 838, but dotted As on No. 839, but square area.  Date wanting. Regnal year want	ضرب بر
<b>₩.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> .875.	
941 Daulat- 1057- Kalima in square. As on No. 839, but area.	
ir ضرب دولتاناد	
942 , 1061- , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	A.S.B
25   1.11 in area. ro in right margi	71

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 943	Daulat- ábád	1068-31	Kalima in eightfoil.  Margin as on No. 838.  ا ملم to left of علم in margin.  W. 177. S9.	As on No. 839, but in eightfoil.  ۱ on area.  ۱ in area.  ۱ in margin.  A.S.B.  P1.
944	Dehlí	1040– Shahré- war	Kalima in three lines. Below  شهربور ماه هلے  [ضرب د] <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> .9.	شاہ غازے شاہ جمان باد محمد ۱۰۶۰ شماب الدین نے صاحب قران ٹا
945	٠,	1040-3 Ábán	ابان ماّه <u>هلے</u> ۳ ضرب د <b>۳.</b> 173.	
946	,	1044-	Kalima in circle.  Margin as on No. 838.  ا بادی to left of علم in margin.  W. 175. S. •85.	قران ثانی شاه جهان [صا]حـــب شهاب الدین محمد ضر دهلے فر دهلے
947	Gulkanda (Gol- conda)	-5?	Kalima in three lines. Below ضر گلکنده <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> .8.	شاه جهان با غازے ا همان الدين نے محمد صاحب قرآن ثا
948 949	35		 <b>₩.</b> 177–163. <b>S.</b> ·825.	شاة جهان شهاب الدين صاحبفران Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 950 1/2	Gulkanda	-	As on No. 947.  W. 90. S. 675.	As on No. 948.
	951	Jahángír- nagar	1040-3	Below ضرب	As on No. 837, but ۱.۴۰ in the ب of شهاب
				جمانگیرنگر ۳ الهرے  رسول M. 4 in ال of رسول <b>W.</b> 171.5. <b>S.</b> .85.	A.S.B.
	952	,,	1041–4 Dí	but ۴ and in last line ماد] دی M. 44.	but
				<b>₩.</b> 173. <b>s.</b> ·95.	Pl.
	953	"	1044-7	Kalima in square.  Margin as on No. 838.  1.55 in area.  W. 173.	As on No. 839, but square area.  v in area.  in left
	954	35	? Isfan- dármuz	<b>S.</b> •9.	margin. شاه جهان باد محمد صاحب قران
				ضرب ماه <b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ·75.	······
	955	Júnagarh	1050- 14	Kalima in square.  Margin as on No. 838.  1.0. in left margin.  W. 174.5.	As on No. 839, but square area. هند in right margin. فنرت جوندگره in left margin.
	956 957	27	1067-	<b>S.</b> .95	امرت جوددره. المرت جوددره المرت but regnal year wanting.
				<b>W.</b> 176.	(957) A.S.B. Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 958	Kábul		Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب کابل <b>W.</b> 147.	 جهان بادشاء شـــــاه صاحب قران ثا[نی] ماحب عران عا
959	Kashmír	12	Kalima in square.  Margin as on No. 838.  Hijra date wanting.  W. 173.  S825.	As on No.839, but square area. In lower margin
960	Katak	– 3 Ábán	Kalima in three lines. Below ابانماه الهر ضرب كنك ٣ <b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> .9.	غازے جہان بادشاہ محمد محمد صاحبقران ثانے صاحبقران ثانے شہاب الدین Bhandára C.P. Pl.
961	Khan- báyat (Cambay)	1060-	Kalima in square.  Margin as on No. 838.  1.1. in right margin.  W. 176. S. 85.	As on No. 839, but square area. نرب کهنبایت in left margin. Regnal year wanting.
962	Khan- báyat	1061-	" <b>w.</b> 176.	,,,
963	,,	1065-	<b>w</b> . 178.	,, Pl.
964	"	1068-	", ₩. 175.	,,
965	Láhor	1037- aḥd	As on No. 853.  W. 176. S9.	As on No. 853.

WRIGHT. II

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse		Reverse
SILVER	A 966	Láhor	1038- ahd	As on No. 853, but	As on 1	Yo. 853,
				<b>W.</b> 174.		
	967	,,	1038-2	 <b>W.</b> 174.	but	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
	968		1040-3	Kalima in circle.  Margin as on No. 838.  1. د to left of على in	ہ شہا	
				margin. <b>W.</b> 174.5. <b>S.</b> .9.	رر over l ۳	ضرب لأهو ص
	969	**	1040-4	<b>w.</b> 175	but	ie 
	1		1	•••		Pl.
	970 971	•	1041-4	,, ,,		18
				<b>W.</b> 174–170. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.		(971) A.S.B.
	972	**	1041-5	<b>w.</b> 172.	but	
	973	**	1042-5	buter		v
				<b>W.</b> 172.5 <b>S.</b> -85		A.S.B.
	974 975	33	1041-7	Kalima in square.  Margia as on No. 838.  Lee in right margin.	As on X area.	o.839, but square
			:	<b>W.</b> 175–173. <b>S.</b> ⋅85	ر in bottom	سنة لأهو ضرب margin,
	ţ		1			(974) A.S.B.
	976	,,	1044-8			Pl.
				<b>W.</b> 174.		,,

Metal No.	$\mathbf{Mint}$	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 977	Láhor	1046-9	As on No. 974, but	As on No. 974, but	SILVER
			<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	A.S.B	,
978	"	-10	Date wanting. <b>W.</b> 169.	" 1•	
979	"	1062-	" 1.17 W. 175.	ر.' ro but "ro ضرب لاهور	
980	,,	-27	<ul><li>S. ·85.</li><li>Date wanting.</li><li>W. 173.</li></ul>	A.S.B	
981	19	1065-29	 1.40 <b>W.</b> 176.	ንን ኮቹ	
982 983	,	1066-	<b>S.</b> ⋅85. ""  1.11 <b>W.</b> 174–173.	". (982) Bhandára C. P	<u>.</u>
984	,•	-31	Date wanting.  W. 173. S. ⋅85.	(983 A.S.E	<b>.</b>
985	Multán	1038- aḥd	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب ملتان ۱۰۳۸	As on No.837, but منة احد in place of ۱۰۳۹	w
			<b>W.</b> 174⋅2. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.		

·	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 986	Multán	1038–2 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب ملتان الهم سنة ۲ حورداد ماد	As on No. 837, but
				<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> .85.	A.S.B. Pl.
	987	,•	$\begin{vmatrix} 1039-2 \\ Azar \end{vmatrix}$	 اذر اند <b>w.</b> 172.	., 1.71 A.S.B.
	988	,,	1039-2 Isfan- dármuz	سنة '' الهي but اسفندارمز	32
	989 990	''	1040-3	W. 176. S. ·9.  Kalima in circle, محمد  Margin as on No. 838.	بادشاء غازے - سنة
	001			<b>W.</b> 174–167. <b>S.</b> -85.	الدبن محمد شاہ جہاں ب صاحب قران ڈانے شہا ضرب ملیان
	991	21	1041-4	₩. 174. S. ·875.	у, д А.S.B.
	992	,,	1041-5	 <b>₩.</b> 174.	,, c
	993 994	٠,	1042-5	 1.¢r <b>W.</b> 176.	,,
	995	,,	1042-6	S9.  Kalima in square.	(994) A.S.B. Pl. As on No. 839, but square area. ب in ن of جمان in left margin.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 996 997	Multán	1043-6	As on No. 995, but	As on No. 995.	SILVER
			<b>W.</b> 177–175. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	(996) A.S.B	
998	,,	1043-7	<b>₩.</b> 175. <b>S. ·</b> 85.	,, V	
999	,,	1044-7	i . 4.2	,,	
1000	,,	1045-8	<b>W.</b> 177.	,,	
			₩. 170-5. S85.	^	
1001	"	1045-9	<b>₩.</b> 172.	"	
1002 1003	"	1046-9	" 1 •1 <sup>6</sup> 1	>>	
			<b>₩.</b> 176–175. <b>S.</b> ⋅825.	(1003) A.S.E	3,
1004	13	1047-	,,  ev <b>₩.</b> 176·5.	"	
1005	,,	1048-	<b>S.</b> ⋅825.	,,,	
1006	,	11	₩. 176–175. S. ·9–·85.	(1006) A.S.E	₹
1007	,,	1048-	<b>w.</b> 175.	, (1000) A.S.L	·.
1008 1	, ,,	-15	Date wanting.	,, 10	
			<b>W.</b> 175⋅8. <b>S.</b> ⋅825.		

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  This is I M.C., No. 7337, where the regual year has been read  $+\vec{r}$ 

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 1009	Multán	1057-	As on No. 975, but  1.0,  W. 174.5. S8.	As on No. 975, but ۴. over جها
	1010	"	1066- 30	اربر over محمد <b>w.</b> 175. <b>s.</b> -8.	.". M. 43 over شاه
	1011		1067-	<b>w.</b> 175	" "1
	1012		1068-		**
	1012 (a)	Patna	aḥd	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب	[شهاب الدين] محمد صاحب فران ثابي شـــــــــــاه حمال دادشاه
		1		<b>₩.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ·8.	جہاں دادشاہ عاز سف احد
	1013 1014	· .,	1039-2 Mihr	In dotted border, as on No. 855 (a). but	In dotted border, as on No. 837.
	1015			<b>W.</b> 175–171. <b>S.</b> 1⋅0.	(1014) A.S.B.
	1013	',	Ďí	دی M. 2 to left of بتند	**
	1016	,,,	1010-4	<b>W.</b> 155 ! <b>S.</b> 1-0.	A.S.B.
	1010	)	Tír	نبر – ۴ <b>w.</b> 172.	1.4.
		ì	1	<b>S.</b> 1·0.	A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 1017	Patna	1041–5 <u>Kh</u> úr- dád	As on No. 1013, but o to left of يتنه and خررداد <b>w.</b> 152 (worn).	As on No. 1013, but	SILVEE
1018	,,	1042-5 Amar- dád	امرداد <b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> .95.	,, 1 • ½ r	
1019	,,	Shahré- war	"پر شہریور <b>W.</b> 172.	"	
1020	,,	Mihr	" مهر <b>W.</b> 176.	,,	
1021	''	1042-6	Kalima in square.  Margin as on No. 838.  1. **r in left margin.  W. 175. S95.	A.S.B.  As on No. 839, but square area.  in right margin.  in left margin.  A.S.B. Pl.	
1022	,,	1047-	,, 1.,e∨ <b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> -85,	in area. جبا in area.	
1023 1/2	,,	-12	Date wanting.  W. 87. S. 65.	۱۳ over جهان A.S.B.	
1024 1025	17	-15	,, <b>₩.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -8.	,, , o (1025) A.S.B.	
1026	,,	-17	<b>W</b> . 172. <b>S</b> . ⋅85.	), 1 v	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	A? 1027	Patna	-18	As on No. 1023. <b>W.</b> 175.	As on No. 1021, but in over to
	1028	,,	-19	 <b>w.</b> 175.	,, جهان but ۱۹ over
	1029	••	-23	<b>w</b> . 175.	جهان" of به ۲۳ in
	1030	11	-26	., ₩. 176. \$. ·8.	 73 A.S.B.
	1031	,,	-30	,. <b>W.</b> 170.	". A.S.B.
	1032	Qanda- hár	1049-	Kalima in square.  1.19 in lower left corner.  Margin as on No. 838.  W. 177. S. 8.	As on No. 839, but square
	1033	,,	1049- 13	<b>w</b> . 173.	,, 1F
	1034	,,	-14	Date wanting. <b>W.</b> 173.	1,4
	1035	,,	-15	<b>w</b> . 175.	10
	1036 1037		1057- 20	1.0v in area. <b>W.</b> 175–173.	, r.
	1038	,,	1057-	<b>S.</b> ⋅85.	(1037) A.S.B
			21	M. 4 in ل of رسول <b>w.</b> 175.	A.S.B

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1039	Súrat	1038– aḥd	In dotted border Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب سورت سنة ۱۰۳۸ هجر	In dotted border. As on No. 837, but سنة احد
			<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ∙7.	Pl.
1040	"	aḥd	Last line wanting.  W. 90. S. ·7.	<b>)</b>
1041 1042	"	1038-2	As on No. 1039.  W. 176-175. S9.	but الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
1043	,,	1040-		Regnal year wanting.  A.S.B.
1044	,,	1041-	", 1.۴1 <b>₩.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·8.	,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1045 1046	"	1044-7	Kalima in square.  Margin as on No. 838.  1.5° in left margin.  v in area.	A.S.B. As on No. 839, but square area. in left margin.
1047		1045-8	<b>W.</b> 175·5. <b>S.</b> ·9.	(1045) A.S.B.
	"		w. 149 (worn). S. ⋅8.	<b>3</b>
1048	"	1046-9		"

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 1049	Súrat	1046-	As on No. 1045, but	As on No. 1045.
	;			<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -85.	
	1050	,,	1048– 12	but only 1.5% in left margin.  W. 174. S. 8.	in right margin. A.S.B.
	1051	,,	1049- 13	 <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ∗875.	., I#
	1052 1053		1054- 17	 √° <b>W.</b> 175.	but iv in lower right corner of area.
	1054	<b>,,</b>	105	<b>S.</b> ·85.	(1053) A.S.B.
	1055	,.	. <b>-1</b> 9	w. 174.  but date wanting.  w. 86. S. 65.	.,,
	1056	: • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-20	 <b>₩.</b> 176 <b>S.</b> •9.	, P.
	1057 1058	1,	1057-	in margin.	As on No. 839, but  r+ below لجم  in margin to
	1059	,,	1058-	W. 174-173. S. 9.  Kalima in square.  Margin as on No. 838.  Les in left margin.	(1057) A.S.B. As on No. 1052, but
			1	<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> -85.	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1060 1061	Súrat	1059- 23	As on No. 1059, but	As on No. 1052, but
			<b>W.</b> 176–173.	(1060) A.S.B.
1062	,,	1061-	", 1.41 <b>W.</b> 175.	ι. <del>[ε</del> >>
1063	,,	1062-	", 1.ĭř <b>₩.</b> 174.	,, ro
1064	"	106	" "''—	,, r1
1065	,,	1063-	<b>W.</b> 175.	,, rv
1066	"	1064-	<b>W.</b> 143 (clipped). <b>s.</b> ·7.	,, rv
1067	,,	1066-	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	A.S.B.
		29	<b>₩.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> •9.	A.S.B.
1068	,,	1067- 30	,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,, r.
1069	"	1067-	S875.  Kalima in circle.  Margin as on No. 838.  بمدق بعدة w. 170. S95.	A.S.B.  but circular area.  r₁ over \ in second line.

Seattle Company of the seattle 
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 1070 1	Tatta	1043-6 Ábán	Kalima in three lines. Below	As on No. 837, but ۱.۴۳ above ب of شهاب
				ضرة كند المت ابانماد	
				<b>W.</b> 175⋅5. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	•
	1071		1044-7 Tír	بير − ب	1 • Je.ic
				<b>W.</b> 163. <b>S.</b> √8.	
	1072	• • •	1049-	اردی بهشت ۱۲	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	!		Ardí- bihisht	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	A.S.B.
	1073	,,	1051- 14	 ب	
			3	Month wanting.  W. 175.	1.01
	1074		1050	<b>S.</b> ·75.	
	1074	**	1056- 19 <u>Khúr-</u> dád	حورداد – ۱۰ <b>w.</b> 175.	1.01
	1075 1076	<b>;</b> ;	1057-		1, 1.0v
	1			Month wanting. <b>W.</b> 174-165 (worn). <b>S.</b> ·8-·75.	(40.00)
	1077		1062-		(1075) A.S.B.
			26	<b>W</b> . 171.	,
	1078	,,	1063-	<b>S.</b> 475.	A.S.B.
			26	77	1.75

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is LM.C., No. 7464, where the mint has been mistaken for Patna.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1079	Tatta	1063-27	As on No. 1075, but	As on No. 1078.  Dehli A.S.B	
1080	77	1066- 29 Ábán	ابانهاه ۲۹ رسول M. 45 in J of	····· (sie)	
		1	<b>₩.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> .8.	A.S.B. Pl.	
1081	7-	1068- 31	Month wanting. M. 45.	,, 1 • 7 A	
			<b>W</b> . 176.	A.S.B.	
1082	,,	1069- 32		), 1 - ¥ 9	
			<b>W</b> . 174. <b>S</b> . ∙775.	A.S.B.	
1083	,,	1069- 33	ساس ۵,	,,,	
			<b>₩.</b> 167. <b>S.</b> ·8.	Pl.	
1084 1085	Ujjain Town (Újjain on coins)	1039-2	Kalima in three lines. Below ب ضر بلدة اوجين ۱۰۳۹	بادشاہ غازے قران ثابی r شاہ جہان حسب شہا الدین محمد صا	
			سنه Flowered field.	٠	
			<b>W.</b> 177–169. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	(1084) A.S.B. Pl.	
1086	Zafar- nagar	-3 Far- wardí	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب ظفرنگر ماه فرور [الهم] ت	As on No. 837, but 1 (sic) in place of date.	
			۳ دی سنة <b>W</b> . 176.		
ļ			<b>S.</b> ·875.	Pl.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	1087	Zafar- nagar	– 5 Ardí- bihisht	As on No. 1086, but ه اردی بهشت – ه <b>W.</b> 175.	As on No. 1086, but no date legible.
	1088	";	1043-	Kalima in square.  147 (sic) in lower left corner.	in bottom ضرب طفرِنگر
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅875.	margin. No regnal year.
				•	Pl.
				Mint nam	e vanting
	1089	_	1038-	لا الد الا الله	شهاب الدين
				محمد ۱۳۰۱ رسول الله ضرب	محمد صاحب قران ث <sup>ا</sup> نی شـــــــــــاه
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -775.	جهان بادشاه  ( f. 1012 (a).
	1090 1/2		1043-	Kalima in square,  1.4r in lower left corner,  Margins as on No. 838.	As on No. 839, but square area.  Fragmentary marginal
				but fragmentary  -	legend.
				<b>W.</b> 71. <b>S.</b> -7.	A.S.B.
	1091 1		1047-	and partly in left margin	Regnal year wanting.
	ı			<b>W.</b> 176 <b>S.</b> -85.	
	1092		- 13	Date wanting	 جہان over
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	Possibly of Patna mint. Cf. No. 1023 supra.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 11097, assigned to Khanbayat. The left margin is, however, much too blurred to be read. The type is rather that of the Akbarnagar com. Cf. No. 915 supra.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1093		1054-	As on No. 1090, but dotted square.	As on No. 1090, but regnal year wanting.
			<b>W.</b> 175.	A.S.B.
1094 1		1056-	1.61 in lower left corner of area.	جهان of ن ۱۹ in
A. A		1 1	<b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	
1095		1056-20	r. over حمد 1.01 in lower left corner. Probably of Daulatábád mint. Cf. No. 941.	but no regnal year.
			<b>W.</b> 175.	A.S.B.
1096		-20	but dates wanting.  W. 88. S. 65.	r. under டீ in area.
1097	_	1058-		Probably of Súrat mint. Cf. No. 1059 supra.
1098	_	-23	Date wanting.  W. 88. S65.	,,, re
1099		1064- 28	" partly in left margin and partly in area.	ra over اش in upper line of area.
			<b>W.</b> 176. <b>s.</b> ⋅8.	i
1100		, <b>,</b>	in left margin.	ra in right margin.
			<b>w</b> . 175.	A.S.B.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  1.M.C., No. 7502. The coin is probably of Multán, but the left margin is entirely absent.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse .	Reverse
SILVER	At 1101		1068-	As on No. 1069, but  V. 174.5. S9.	As on No. 1069. Almost certainly of the Súrat mint.
	1102		1069- 32	Kalima in square. 1.19 in left margin.  W. 178. S. 85.	As on No. 839, but square area.  Fr over the in second line of area.  A.S.B.
	1103	_	- 32	Date wanting.  W. 168.	Pl. جمان of ''جمان
	1104	_	,,	but dotted square.	but dotted square and rr under to in second line of area.
	1105	_		\$85.  Kalima in three lines.  Below  ضرب  W. 46.	صاحب قران ثا
COPPER	Æ 1106	Akbar- ábád		شاه جهانی فلوس <b>W.</b> 37. <b>S.</b> 45.	اکبراناد <i>ن</i> ضر
	1107	Bairát	1037	 ₩. 307·7. S. ·8.	ىىرات ت ضر ۱۰۳۷
	1108	,,	1048	نے مران حب صا تا	but 1.18A
				The three alifs are elongated.  W. 321. S8.	A.S.B. Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1109	Dehlí	1051?	شاہ جہانے فلوس سنة ١٠٥١ ع	COPPER
1110	Lakhnau (Luck-	- 5	<b>W.</b> 37·5. <b>S.</b> ·45. بادشاء غازے	,
	now)		بادشاه غازے شاه جهان ه سنة <b>W.</b> 610.	سنة لكهنو ب ضر Flowered field.
1111	22	104	<b>S.</b> 1·1.  As on No. 1106.	Pl.
	,,,		<b>₩.</b> 309·5. <b>S.</b> ·85.	but + in top line.
1112	Nárnol		<b>₩.</b> 40. <b>S.</b> ·45.	[نا]رنول ب [ضر] A.S.B.
1113 1114 sq.	Újjain		ر المجارة المجارة	اوجين ب ضر
			<b>W.</b> 103. <b>S.</b> ∙55.	M. 46 on one.  A.S.B. Pl.

## MURÁD BAKHSH

А. п. 1068.

а. р. 1658.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	, Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	R 1115	Alımad- ábád	1068- aḥd	Kalima in square.  Margins  Right [المحتق التي بكر]  Bottom [المحتق عدل عمر]  Left بازرم عنمان  Top علم ١٠٠٨ على حمل على على على المحتق المحت	In square  رادشاء غازے محمد مرادبحش  Nargine  ابو المظفر Riight مزوج الدین Bottom ضرب احمداناد Top
	1116	Khan- báyat (Cambay)	••	Right and bottom margins only distinct,  in bottom margin.  W. 176. S85.	hut ضرب کمنیات in left margin.
	1117	, ,,		but marginal legend commences with the bottom margin.  1.14 in right margin.  W. 160 (worn). S85.	In square  غازی  شراد نخش باد  مراد نخش باد  Margins  المظفر ج المظفر ج ابو مزو  الدبن Bottom  ضرب کهنیایت آمو
	1118 1119	Súrat	Far- wardin	As on No. 1115. <b>W.</b> 177-174. <b>S.</b> -9.	In square, as on No. 1115.  Margins  Left صرب سورب  Top ماه الهي سنة احد (1118) A.S.B. Pl.

VI AURANGZÉB 'ÁLAMGÍR

А. н. 1068-1118.

A.D. 1658-1707.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
A/ 1120	Aḥsan- ábád	1115-48	عالمگیر اورنگوزیس شسساه زد چو مهر منیر در جهان در جهان نگ نگ ۱۱۰۵ میر	مانوس مینت ۴۸ سنة جلوس ضرب ضرب [اح]سن اباد
1121	Akbar- nagar	-13	بادشاه غازے زیب بہادر عالم [گیر] نگ الدین محمد اور محے ابو الظفر باو الظفر ع. 169.	جلوس مبهنت مانوس ۱۳ سنة ضرب اکبرنگر P1.
1122¹	Allah- ábád	1099-	As on No. 1120, but	As on No. 1120, but re and الداباد
1123	Aurang- ábád	1070-3	As on No. 1120, but ۱۰۰۰. to left of جهان <b>W</b> . 168.	Pl. اورنگاباد ضرب میمنت مانوس جاوس سنة جاوس سنة A.S.B. Pl.
1124	,,	1093- 27 (sic)	As on No. 1120, but  (. 15  W. 169. S8.	As on No. 1120, but اورنگ اباد – ۲۷

<sup>1</sup> I.M.C., No. 10844, where the mint is given as Akbarábád.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 1125	Bíjápúr Dáru-z- zafar	1104-36	As on No. 1120, but  (Looped.) <b>S.</b> ·8.	مانوس مبمنت جلوس دار الظفر ۳۲ ضرب بی <del>ج</del> ابور
	1126		1106-	 V. 167.	., r9 <i>A.S.B.</i>
	1127	,,	1116-	", 1111 <b>₩.</b> 168-3.	ke d ''
	1128	Etáwa	1109-	S86.  As on No. 1120, but              Traces of dotted border.  W. 168. S95.	جلوس مبمنت ۱ <sup>۶۱</sup> سنة مانوس ضرب اتاوه
	1129	Kábul	(108)2 -15	As on No. 1120, but r to left of منبر <b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> ·8.	جلوس میمنت مانوس ۱۵ ضرب کابل
	1130	Khan- báyat (Cambay)	1074-7	As on No. 1120, but ربعة over جهان in bottom line. <b>W.</b> 169. <b>S.</b> -825.	مادوس میمنت جلوس سنة ضرب ضرب کهنیایت سنه ۹ جلوس
	1131	32	1077-9	<b>W.</b> 170.	سنهٔ ۹ جاوس but
		1	1	<b>S.</b> ·75.	A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
A' 1132 ¹	Khujista- bunyád (Aurang- ábád)	-32	As on No. 1120, but date wanting.  W. 169. S82.	As on No. 1120, but خجستهبنیاد ۳۲	OLD
1133	,,	-37	Traces of dotted border.  W. 166.5. S85.	" "V	
1134	,,	1110- 42	As on No. 1120, but No border.	let ''	
			<b>W.</b> 167. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	A.S.B.	
1135	"	1115- 47	", W. 168.	)1  € ∨	
1136	Kulbarga	1097- 30	As on No. 1120, but  1.9v Traces of dotted border.  W. 170.	As on No. 1120, but سرگه ۳۰ - کلبرگه	
			<b>S.</b> ⋅86.	Pl.	
1137	Multán	1112-	As on No. 1120, but  1117  W. 167.5. S8.	As on No. 1120, but ملتان – ۴۴	
1138	Patna	-8	As on No. 1120, but date wanting.  W. 170. S. ·7.	As on No. 1120, but ۸ – پتتې	
1139	Sháhja- hánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1070-3	In dotted border. As on No. 1120, but to left of in lower line.  W. 169. S. 1.0.	In dotted border فق جها اباد دار الخلا شاءن ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس سنة A.S.B.	

	Metal No.	$\mathbf{M}$ int	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 1140	Sháhja- hánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1073-5	As on No. 1120, but   W. 167. S95.	As on No. 1139, but
	1141	,,	1073-6	<b>₩.</b> 169. <b>S.</b> ∙95.	y, Y
	1142		-12	As on No. 1120, but بدر for مهرر No date. 7-rayed stars in شکه and to left of سکه	Probably struck from a silver die.
	1143	,,	1082-	<b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> ·8. As on No. 1120, but	
	1120	,,	14	<b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> ·9.	( i.e.
	1144	,,	1099-	₩. 168. S8.	' ', F1
	1145	<b>,</b> ,	1107-40	₩. 168. S. ·8.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	1146	Sholápúr	15(sic)	As on No. 1120, but  Traces of dotted border.	سنة ١٥ جلوس مىمنت مادوس ضر
				<b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> -8.	ب شولاپور A.S.B. Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AY 1147	Súrat	1074-6	As on No. 1120, but مسكة to left of مسكة Starred field. <b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> -85.	سنة جلوس مبمنت مانوس سورت ضرب Starred field.
1148	,,	1075-7	,,   .vo   <b>W</b> . 170.   <b>S</b> . ⋅8.	", * **********************************
1149	"	1077-}	<b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> .75.	<u>"</u>
1150	"	1097-29	but 1.9v in Si W. 172. S85.	مانوس میمنت ۴۹ سنة جلوس ضرب سورت
1151	,,	1098-	.,, W. 171. S. ∙82.	", "·
1152	"	11	₩. 170·5. <b>s.</b> ·85.	,. Pr
1153	Ujjain Dáru-l- fatḥ	1073-	but ۱۰۰۳ under نگ <b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> -725.	دار الفتع اجين ب مانوس ضر ميمنت ميمنت
i		1		Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 1154 <sup>1</sup>	j	1	Mint nam	me absent In square
				ز عالم البر	_
				یا	مانوس مبمنت جلوس
				یت اورنگ شاه	
				شاه	Margins
				Margins Right د	m.
					ضرب <sup>10p</sup> Rest
				ادر جهان Bottom Rest wanting.	11050
				<b>W.</b> 169. <b>S.</b> ·775.	; :
	1154 (a)	1	3	As on No. 1120, but	مادوس میمنت جلوس دار ال
	(4)			ىدر	ميمنت
				<b>W.</b> 171.	جلوس دار الـ٠٠٠٠
				<b>S.</b> ⋅75.	A.S.B.
	11542	1	- 29	As on No. 1120, but ? L.	
	(b)			for در in last line.	but "ra
				<b>W.</b> 164.5.	سنة جلوس
				<b>S.</b> ⋅7.	شمش ا
SILVER	Æ				Pl.
SITA FT	1155	Ahmad-	1072-	As on No. 1120, but I.vr	
		ábád	4 ?	مهر for بدر and جها	As on No. 1150, but
				<b>W.</b> 175.	احمداباد - ۴۶
			ļ	<b>S.</b> ⋅875.	
	1156	"	1074-6	11	
				1.74	"
				<b>W.</b> 175.	1
			-	<b>S.</b> ⋅85.	
	1157	,,	1075-7	.,	
				1.vo	,,
	]			<b>W.</b> 174.	<b>v</b>
			ļ	<b>S.</b> ·875.	
	1158	,,	1085-		
		"	17		,,
					١٧
			1	<b>W.</b> 175⋅5.	

<sup>Probably a coin of Júnagarh, cf. No. 1367.
This is I.M.C., No. 10842. It is not a coin of Shahjahanabad.</sup> 

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1159	Aḥmad- ábád	1086-	As on No. 1155, but  W. 176. S9.	As on No. 1155. Regnal year wanting. Traces of dotted border.  A.S.B.
1160	,,	1087-	₩. 175.	,, 19 No border.
1161	"	1091-23	₩. 176.	,, m,
1162	"	1099- 31	<b>s.</b> .9. but ۱.۹۹ to left of جہاں	A.S.B.
1163	"	1102- 34	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ∙95. but :::r in €.;	Pl.
1164	"	1109-	<b>W.</b> 177.5. <b>S.</b> .95. <b>W.</b> 178.	te —
1165 1166	Aḥmad- nagar	109 28	الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله	احمدنگر - سنة - but ۱.۹ - سنة (1165) Bhandára C.P.
1167	"	1098-	\$9585.  but المام under نگ	(1166) A.S.B. Pl.
1168	"	1108- 40	<b>8.</b> .9. but ۱۱.∧ to left of منیر <b>w.</b> 176.7.	اد . بر

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1169	Aḥmad- nagar	1115-	As on No. 1168, but	As on No. 1168, but
	1170	<b>A</b> imain	1097-	<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ∙95. As on No. 1120, but	
	1170	Ajmér Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	30	چو ندر منتر نگ in ۱.۹۷ in	دار لخیر اجمر ضرب مبمنت مادوس جلوس ۳۰
			1	<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ∙85.	جلوس ۳۰
	1171	•	1099- 32		
		ı		<b>S.</b> ·8.	
	1172		1102- 34	r H.t.	boric
		i ; [		<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ∙875.	
	1173	,,	1106- 38	11.3	., <del>P</del> A
	1174		1109-	<b>W.</b> 178.	
	11/4	11	41	<b>w.</b> 177.	<del>ب</del> .
	1175	1,	1111-	<b>S.</b> •9.	Pl.
	1270	1,	44	<b>W.</b> 176.	e.c
	1176	, 1)	1117-	<b>S.</b> -95.	
			49	<b>W.</b> 175-4.	te d
	1177	1	1118-	<b>S.</b> -9.	
			51	<b>W.</b> 174-5. <b>S.</b> 88	، ٥١ سنة

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1178	Akbar- ábád	1071-3	بادشاء غازے شاہ عالمگیر شاہ عالمگیر ابو الظفر Margins ابو الظفر Top محمد الدین محمد Right اورنگزیب Bottom ایرا	In square اکبراباد ضرب شرب Margins Bottom r سنة حلوس Left جلوس ميمنت Right	SILVER
1179	.,	1071-4	<b>S.</b> ⋅9. <b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	.;. .;. A.S.B.	
1180	)	1074-6	,,, 1.∨⊱ <b>₩.</b> 175.	,, ,,	
1181	37	1087-	<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> .825.	.,	
1182	37	1089-	₩. 175. <b>S.</b> ·9.	), Pr	
1183	"	1095-	", (•90 <b>W.</b> 174.	,,, ,,,	
1184	, , Mustaqir- ru-l- <u>kh</u> i- láfat	1096-	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۰۹۰ in گ  W. 175. S. 9.	A.S.B. اكبراباد مستقر لخلافة ضرب ميمنت مانوس جلوس ۲۹ سنة	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1185	Akbar- ábád Mustaqir- ru-l- <u>kh</u> i- lófat	1097– 29	As on No. 1184, but 1.9v  W. 175. S9.	As on No. 1184.
	1186	-,	1098- 31	به ان but ۱۰۹۸ to left of جهان <b>w.</b> 174. <b>s.</b> 1-1.	اكبراباد ضرب مستقر الحلافة مبمنت جلوس مانوس ۳۱
	1187	,,,	1101– 34	Traces of dotted border.  W. 175. S. 1.2.	Pl rre Traces of dotted border.
	1188	,,	-41	ر. 172. Date wanting. M. 47 in گ	۴.
	1189	,,	-43	M. 47.  W. 173. S. •95.	<sub>የ</sub> ራ ''
	1190	,,	1111- 44	M. 47.	<b>ሎ</b> ጵ ,,
	1191	<b>)</b>	1113– 45	M. 47.  W. 175-2. S9.	ro Fo

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1192	Akbar- ábád Mustaqir- ru-l- <u>kh</u> i- láfat	1113- 45	As on No. 1191, but sixpetalled flower in w. 177.	As on No. 1191.	SILVER
1193 1194	",	"	but m. 48 in "فَكُّ <b>W.</b> 176–175.	(1193) A.S.B.	
1195	,,	1114- 47	M. 48.  W. 176-8. S. ·91.	(1194) Bhandára C.P.	
1196 1197	>>	1116-48	M. 48.  W. 177–176⋅3. S. ⋅9.	", (1196) A.S.B.	
1198	,,	1116- 49	M. 48. " <b>W.</b> 175.	ie d	
1199	Akbar- nagar	1070-3	As on No. 1120 (مهر), but no date. <b>W.</b> 158 (worn). <b>S.</b> -8.	جلوس میمنت مانوس ۳ سنة ضرب اکبرنگر ۱۰۷۰ Regnal year in curve of	
1200	''	1072-4	<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ∙825.	1.vr – t Bhandára C.P. Pl,	
1201	,,	1072-5	<b>₩. 16</b> 5. <b>S.</b> ·75.	[1.v]r-o  A.S.B.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1202	Akbar- nagar	-11	As on No. 1199.  W. 168. S75.	As on No. 1199, but Hijra date wanting.  A.S.B.
	1203	,,,	1081-	<b>₩.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·8.	[1.]A] - IF
	1204	٠,	1082-	<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> -8	1.45 - 18
	1205	,,,	-21	 <b>W.</b> 178.	Hijra date wanting.
	1206		-22	<b>S.</b> -75. <b>W.</b> 177.	ingla date wanting.
	1207 1208	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1090- 23	<b>w</b> . 178–177.	 [1.]9 rm /1207\ A.S.P.
	1209	; 1 ,,	1092- 25	<b>W.</b> 176-5. <b>S.</b> -75.	(1207) A.S.B.
	1210	,,	1094-	<b>w.</b> 177.	[1.]qu-rq
	1211 1212	; <b>&gt;&gt;</b>	1095- 27	 <b>W.</b> 177–176. <b>S.</b> ∙825	[1.9]o-rv (1211) A.S.B.
	1213 1214		109 <b>6</b> – 28	<b>w.</b> 178–177 <b>s.</b> ⋅85–⋅8.	$[1.4]$ 7 - $F_A$ (1213) A.S.B.
	1215	,,	-29	<b>₩.</b> 177 <b>\$.</b> -8.	(1214) Bhandara C.P ra Hijra date wanting.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1216	Akbar- nagar	1098-	As on No. 1199.  W. 176. S. ·8.	As on No. 1199, but
1217	,,,	1098-	<b>W.</b> 178.	1.94-71
1218	57	-32	<b>₩.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ·9.	 Hijra date wanting. Bhandára C.P.
1219	.,	1100-	<b>w. 1</b> 78. <b>s.</b> ·9.	,, !!mm
1220	•,	1101-34	 <b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	[     ] .   - r = A.S.B.
1221	,,	1102-	<b>w.</b> 177.	[111.]r - rre Bhandára C.P.
1222	,,	1104- 36	<b>W.</b> 180. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	[11.]4-41
1223 1224	,,	1105- 38	<b>w.</b> 177–170. <b>s.</b> ·8.	(1224) A.S.B.
1225	"	-39	<b>w</b> . 177.	Hijra date wanting.
1226	,.	1110- 42	but substituting رهر for مهر	,, (       • −   +
			<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	Pl.

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Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1227	Akbar- nagar	-43	As on No. 1226. <b>W.</b> 178.	As on No. 1199, but  #r  Hijra date wanting.
1228 1229	,,	1112-	,, <b>₩.</b> 177–175-4.	" (1228) A.S.B.
1230	,•	1113- 45	" ₩. 176. \$. ·8.	"," "-+o Bhandára C. P.
1231	,,	1114- 47	", but ווויף to left of منبر <b>W.</b> 169-5.	مانوس میمنت ۴۷ سنة جلوس ضرب اکبرنگر
1232	"	1116 48	., 1+11 <b>₩.</b> 179-5.	);  ¢ A
<b>123</b> 3	'Alamgír- púr	1076-	As on No. 1120, substiting مهر for بدر 1.۷۱ under	Pl. عالم گبر دور ب مانوس ضر میمنت جلوس
1234	"	1095-28	but 1.90 in Li  w. 177.8.	جلوس Pl. As on No. 1231, but عالمگر بور – ۲۸
1235	,,	1095- 29		,, r3
1236	"	1099-	1.99	71 71
	No.  AR 1227  1228 1229  1230  1231  1232	No. Mint  AR 1227 Akbar- nagar  1228 " 1230 "  1231 "  1232 "  1233 'Alamgír- púr  1234 "  1235 "	No.       Mint       Date         AR       1227       Akbar-nagar       -43         1228       "       1112-44         1230       "       1113-45         1231       "       1114-47         1232       "       1116-48         1233       'Alamgir-púr       1076-púr         1234       "       1095-28         1235       "       1095-29         1236       "       1099-	No.       Mint       Date       Solves         R       1227       Akbarnagar       -43       As on No. 1226.         W. 178.       W. 178.         1229       "W. 177-175.4.         1230       "1113-45       "W. 176.         S. 8.       "W. 176.         S. 8.       "W. 169.5.         S. 85.       W. 179.5.         S. 8.       "HIII         W. 179.5.       S. 8.         S. 8.       "HIII         W. 179.5.       S. 8.         W. 177.       S. 8.         1234       "1095-28         But 1.10 in 25       W. 177.8.         S. 85.       "W. 177.8.         S. 85.       "W. 176.         1236       "1095-29         W. 176.       "W. 176.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 1237	'Álamgír- púr	1104-3-	As on No. 1233, but  11.16  W. 177. S85.	As on No. 1234, but	SILVER
1238	,,	1106-	<b>W.</b> 178.5. <b>S.</b> .85.	جلوس ''نته but ۳۸	
1239	,,	-47	but no date."  W. 178. S9.	سنة ۴۰ جلوس but	
1240	,,	-48	,, <b>₩.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ·9.	جلوس ''نة ۴۸ but جلوس	
1241	,,	-49	w. 178. s. ⋅85.	,, ,eq 	·.
1242	,,	1112 !- 49	but பார் (sic) in ்ட் <b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> .9.	)·	
1243	Allah- ábád Town	1072-4	As on No. 1120, but ۱۰۷۶ to left of جهان <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -85.	بلده العاباد ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ۴ سنة Bhandára C.I	
1244	Aurang- ábád	1072-	As on No. 1120, but نگ ۱.vr in فگ Traces of dotted border. <b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> .9.	اورذَگاباد مانوس ضر مبمنت مبمنت ۱ جلوس	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	R 1245	Aurang- ábád	1074-6	As on No. 1244, but 1.v.  W. 173. S875.	As on No. 1244, but علوس to right of سنة Ságar C.P.
	1246 1247	,,	1076-8	 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(1247) A.S.B. Pl.
	1248 <sup>1</sup>	,1	1093-26	Traces of dotted border. <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ·9.	مانوس میمنت ۲۹ سنة جلوس ضرب فرب اورنگاباد Traces of dotted border.
	1249		1094-27	<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> -9.	Pl.
	1250	,	1098-	₩. 170·5. S. ·85.	" "·
	1251	. 'Azím- ábád	1117-50	No border visible.  W. 163. S85.	ه انوس سنة مسنت اداد جلوس عظم ضرب
	1252		1118-	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·875.	فرت ,, ها Pl.

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  This is  $\mathit{I.M.C.},$  No. 7280, where the mint name is wrongly given as Ahmadábád.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1253	Barélí (Bareilly)	1101-33	As on No. 1120, but بدر in place of مهر انگ w. 175. S875.	SILVER مانوس میمنت ست سنة جلوس ضرب بریلی
1254	,,	1103- 35	<b>w.</b> 176.	 ro
1255	,,	1107- 40	<b>S.</b> ⋅85.	);  *
1256	,,	1109– 41	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ∙95. but 11.9 in <b>S.</b> • <b>W.</b> 174.	}€   ))
1257	,,	$1110-\ 42$	<b>s.</b> ·9.	,, te L
1258	,,	1110- 43	<b>S.</b> ·9. <b>W.</b> 173.	ie!
1259	,,	1113- 45	,,	A.S.B.
1260	,,	1113- 46	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·9. " <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ·95.	 
1261 1262	,,	1115- 48	,, 1110 <b>W.</b> 177–175.	٫٬٬ ۴۸ (1261) A.S.B.

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	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1263	Barélí	1116-	As on No. 1253, but	As on No. 1253, but
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ∙975.	
	1264	,, }	1117-	,, 	ic #
				<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> .95.	
	1265	.•	1118- 51	1114	)) 0 l
		'		<b>W.</b> 175⋅5. <b>S.</b> ⋅93.	
	1266	Bhakkar	1071-3	منىر حو مهر	زبب اورنگ
				۱۰۷۱ زد در <b>ج</b> هان	اورنــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				ا سیک ضرب بهکو	·
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	
	1267	,,	1073-5	,, 1. v.	·, o
			1	<b>W.</b> 163 (worn).	
	1268		1076-8	,, I • v ĭ	,,
			I	<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	Pl.
	1269	Bíjápúr Dáru-z-	-30	As on No. 1120, but بدر in place of	جلوس سد .
		zafar		No date. Traces of dotted border.	میمنت مادو سنة ۳۰
				<b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> ⋅925.	الطفــر
				 	دار بس <del>ج</del> ابور ب
				I	ضر A.S.B.
l					

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
# 1270	Bíjápúr <i>Dáru-z-</i> zafar	1101-33	As on No. 1269, but  11.1 in   No border.  W. 175. S9.	مانوس میمنت جلوس دار الظفر ۳۳ ضرب نسجابور Bhandára C.P.
1271	,,	1103- 36	,, (1.₹ <b>W.</b> 175.	,, <b>γ</b> ~γ
1272	••,	1104- 36	<b>W.</b> 176.	"
1273	,,	1105- 37	<b>S.</b> ·9.  ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, <b>W.</b> 175.	Bhandára C.P. " " " "
1274	,,	1106-	<b>S.</b> ⋅85. <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	A.S.B.
1275	<b>)</b> ,	1108- 40	<b>w.</b> 175.	 £. Bhandár <b>a</b> C.P.
1276	''	110	,, 	" امریکا Ságar C.P.
1277	"	111	" "" <b>W.</b> 175.	,
1278	.,	1116- 48	1113	ν, <del>ν</del> Λ
ļ			<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	Pl.

	No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ <b>1279</b>	Burhán- púr	-30	As on No. 1120, but جو ندر منیر No date.	مانو <i>س</i> میمنت ۳.
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -85.	۳. سنة جلوس ضرب برهانبور
	<b>12</b> 80	,,	1099-	but ; to left of <b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> 9.	") ""i
	1281	••	1100-	but 11 under 5.3 <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ·8.	,, rr
	1282	3,	1101-33	but بر in نگن <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> .875.	,, rr
	1283	24	1103- 36	but [۱۱۰]r to left of جہاں <b>w.</b> 176. <b>s.</b> ·9.	" Pi
	1284	,	1108-40	.,, 11.∧ <b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> .9.	۰۰ ۱۴۰
	1285	22	1109~ 42	but 11.4 in 5; <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> .9.	" Fr
	1286	,,	1112-44	<b>W.</b> 178.	k-k ),

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1287	Burhán- púr	1114-46	As on No. 1285, but  1119  W. 179. S92.	As on No. 1279, but	SILVER
1288	,,	1114-	<b>w.</b> 176. <b>s.</b> ⋅9.	ł <sub>e</sub> A ''	
1289	,,	1115- 47	" " <b>W. 17</b> 6.	33	
1290	••;	1116- 48	<b>S.</b> ∙95.	ι <sub>τ</sub> ν	
1291	••	1117- 49	<b>S</b> •9. ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ie d	
1292	Chíná- patan (Madrás)	-40	S9.  As on No. 1120, but  جو بدر منیر  No date visible.	As on No. 1279, but ۴. – چيناپتن	
1293	,,	-41	<b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> ⋅95.	, te l	
1294	,,	-42	<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	Súgar. ,. ,er	
1295		-49	<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ⋅875.		
	<b>!</b> !		<b>₩.</b> 178. <b>s.</b> ·9.	te a	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1296	Chíná- patan	-51	As on No. 1292.  W. 177. S9.	As on No. 1292, but
	1297	Élichpúr	1117- 49	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر نگ in نگ <b>W.</b> 176.	As on No. 1279, but ایلچپور – ۴۹
	1298	Etáwa	1098-	S95.  As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۰۹۸ in گ W. 177. S85.	Pl. مانوس مبهنت  سنة جلوس ضرب اتاوة
	1299	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1099- 31	 1.99 <b>W.</b> 171.	اتاوه ,, ۳۱
	1300		1099-	<b>S.</b> ⋅95.  <b>W.</b> 176⋅5.	Thána, Bombay.
	1301		1100- 32	<b>S.</b> 1·0.	>>
	1302 1303	٠,	1102- 35	<b>S.</b> 1·1.	,, ro
	1304 1305	**	1103- 35	<b>S.</b> 1-1,	(1302) A.S.B.
	1306	,,	1103_ 36	<b>W.</b> 176–175. <b>S.</b> 1⋅1.  <b>W.</b> 176	(1305) A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1307	Etáwa	1104-	As on No. 1298, but	As on No. 1298, but	
1308	,,	1106-	<b>W.</b> 171.	,, m^ <b>A.S.B.</b>	
1309 1310	"	1107- 39	", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", "	,, mq	
			<b>S.</b> 1·05.	(1310) A.S.B.	
1311	,,	1107-40	<b>w.</b> 175. <b>s.</b> 1·05.	,, F.	
1312	33	1108-40	" "····· <b>W.</b> 174.	.,	
1313	"	1108-	<b>w.</b> 175.	,, 10-8	
1314	,,	1109-	,. ! i . 9	,,	
		11	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 1·1.	Pl.	
1315	Etáwá	1109-	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 1.05.	but اتاوا - ۴۲ P1.	
1316	"	1110-42	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 1·0.	"r" Traces of dotted border.	
1317	,,	1110_ 43	<b>₩.</b> 169. <b>S.</b> •95.	No border.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Ob <b>v</b> erse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1318 1319	Etáwá	1111-	As on No. 1298, but	As on No. 1317.
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S. 1</b> ·0.	(1319) A.S.B.
	1320	,,	1111-	Traces of dotted border.  W. 175.5. S95.	k-le ``
	1321 1322	٠,	1112-	,. IIII No border.	**
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ∙95.	(1322) A.S.B.
	1323	**	1112- 45	<b>W.</b> 176⋅7. <b>S.</b> ⋅95.	۴°
	1324	,,	1113- 45	", IIIr <b>W.</b> 174.	,,
	1325	••	1113- 46	<b>S.</b> ⋅95. <b>W.</b> 174.	۴۹ ''
	1326	,,	1114-	,, 1115 <b>W.</b> 177.5.	<b>3</b> 3
	1327	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1111-	<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ∙9.	,. ,,
	1328		1115- 48	), 11(e	,, Fv

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1329	Etáwá	1116-	As on No. 1298, but  W. 177.8. S9.	As on No. 1328.
1330	,,	1116– 49	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> .95.	but 159
1331	٠,	1117- 49	,, 111∨ <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 1·0.	,,
1332	,,	1117- 50	<b>w.</b> 176. <b>s</b> 9.	), 0.
1333	••	1118- 50	", W. 175. S. ∙95.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1334	99	1118- 51	<b>w.</b> 175. <b>s.</b> ⋅91.	), 01
1335	Gulkanda (Gol- conda)	1069 aḥd	بادشاہ غازیے بہادر عالمگیر ۱۰۲۹ زیب محمد اورنگ ۳. 178.	گلکنده ضرب سنة احد جلوس میمنت مانوس Traces of dotted border. A.S.B. Pl.
1336	,,	-3	As on No. 1120, but جو بدر منیر Date wanting. Star in نگ <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> .85.	As on No. 1298, but  الكنده – الكنده ما M. 45 over

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1337 1338	Gulkanda	1071-4	As on No. 1336, but 1.v1 to left of <b>W.</b> 178–175. <b>S.</b> -85.	As on No. 1336, but  F  No mark over   (1337) A.S.B.
	1339	,,,	1071 (sic)-6	[۱۰] ۱۰ to left of جہان <b>w.</b> 176. <b>s.</b> -85.	,, T
	1340	,,	-12	Date wanting. M. 49 in نگو <b>W.</b> 175.7. <b>S.</b> .8.	",
	1341	,,	-13	,. <b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> -83.	27 17
	1342 1343		1076 (sic)-15	7-rayed star in نگ and to left of مرابع المحالفة المحالف	M. 45 over E Dotted border.  (1342) A.S.B.
	1344	.,	1076 (sic)-17	<b>S.</b> •95.	Pl
	134	5	1076 (sic)-18	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·9.	, ,,
	134	6 .,	-19	Hijra date wanting.	13
	134	.,	-23	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	 re

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1348	Gulkanda	-25	As on No. 1346. W. 174.	As on No. 1342, but
			<b>S.</b> •85.	A.S.B.
1349	,,	-26	<b>w.</b> 178. <b>s.</b> ⋅825.	,, rı A.S.B.
1350	13	-27	,, <b>₩.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> .85.	,, L.
1351	,,,	-29	,, <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ∙85.	" r\$
1352	Haidar- ábád Dáru-l- jihád	1100-	As on No. 1120, but جو بدر منیر در جهان over س. 176. ع. ۰9.	جلوس میمنت دار الجهاد مانوس ضرب ۳۳ حیدراباد
				Pl.
1358		1107-39	but 11. v under نگ <b>W.</b> 164 (worn). <b>S.</b> .95.	but ra under (4,5
1354	,,	1112- 44	1111	te te
			<b>₩.</b> 176. <b>s.</b> ·9.	A.S.B.
1355	Islám- ábád	1094-27	As on No. 1298, but جو بدر منیر نگ in نگ	As on No. 1298, but ۲۰ – ۱سلام اباد
			<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> .85.	Bhandára C.P.

-	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	A 1356	Jahángír- nagar	1081-	In square  المگير ۱۰۸۱  يب  شاء اورنگ ز  Margin  در جهان  Rest wanting. <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -8.	In square جلوس المجاوب المجاوب المجاوب المجاوب Margins Left ميمنت Top مانوس Right Right
	1357		1092- 24	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر منبر ۱۰۹۲ to left of <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> •8.	مانوس ممهنت ۱۲۴ جلوس سنة ضرب جهانگيرنگر
	1358	77	-30	but date wanting.  W. 174. S8.	۳۰. but سنة جلوس
	1359	,,	1100-	بنبر 110. to left of <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> .9.	Bhandára C.P.
	1360	,,	1102- 34	,,, 11.r <b>₩.</b> 178·3. <b>S.</b> ·9.	", rf
	1361	,,	1107- 39	<b>w.</b> 176.	~ <del>``</del>
	1362	,,	1108-40	<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ·875.	, F Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1363	Jahángír- nagar	1109-	As on No. 1357, but	As on No. 1357, but
			<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	Ságar.
1364	,,	1112- 44	,,, trir <b>W.</b> 177.	heie
1365	77	1114- 46	", کی but ۱۱۱۴ in	,, 16-1
			<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> .95.	
1366	,,,	48	but date wanting.	)) FA
			<b>W.</b> 180. <b>S.</b> ⋅86.	
1367	Júnagadh	?1074- 5	In square عالمگیر زیب اورنگ	In square
			شاھ	میمنت جلوس Margins
			Margins چو بدر منیر Left	Top صرب Right جونة
			Top % [1.v]* Rest	Bottom [آگده] Left منة ه
			<b>W.</b> 150 (clipped). <b>S.</b> -85.	
1368	"	11080-	In square, as on No. 1367.  Margins	but only right margin present.
			سکه زد Right سکه زد Bottom در جهان Left Top (sic) ۱۰۸	
			<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ⋅9,	A.S.B.

	Metal No.	$\mathbf{M}$ int	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1369	Júnagadh	1082-	In square عالم گیر زن نگ شاه اور شاه اور Margins Right مسكه زد Bottom در جهان Left در در الم	As on No. 1367, but margins Right ضرب Bottom جونه Left علی  Top اسنة ۱۵
	1370	22	1093-26 ?	but 1.95. in top margin. Traces of dotted border.  W. 176. S. 95.	) ;;;1
	1371	,,	27		Margins ,, A Right ضرب Bottom جونه Left Top ۲۰ سنة ۲۰
	1372	,,	1097-31?	but margins'  Bottom اسكه زد  در جمان  Left در جمان  Top جو بدر  Right (sic) ۱۶۰۱ منبر سنة ۱۲6. <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> .95.	but margins Right جونه Bottom گده Left ۱۳۰
	1373	Júnagarl	1099-		مانوس مینت ۳۱ سنة جلوس ضرب جونوکره

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1374	Júnagarh	1101-	As on No. 1373, but	As on No. 1373, but
1375	, ,,	1102- 34	<b>S.</b> •95. <b>W.</b> 179. <b>S.</b> •95.	,, rf <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
1376		1104-	,. }≀.۴ <b>₩.</b> 177.	,, ,,
1377	Kábul	-4	غازے عالم گیر بادشاہ عالم گیر بادشاہ معمد ابو الظفر محمی الدین	Bhandára C.P.  کابل  ضرب  میمنت مانوس  جلوس ۶  سنة
1378	,, Dáru-l- Mulk	1111-	W. 177. S85.  As on No. 1120, but حو ندر منبر نگ itti in نگ W. 175. S95.	جلوس میمنت مانوس دار الملك ضرب كادل ۲۳
1379	Katak (Cuttack)	1099-	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منسر جہان to left of <b>w.</b> 178.	Pl.  As on No. 1373, but
1380	,,	1100-	w. 176. s. ⋅8. w. 176. s. ⋅8.	,, rr

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1381	Katak	1102-	As on No. 1379, but	As on No. 1379, but
				<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	Bhandára C.P. Pl.
	1382		-36	 Date wanting.	,, T
		1		<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	
	1383	Khan- báyat (Cambay)	1	As on No. 1120, but حو بدر منیر Date wanting.	مانوس مىمنت ر
				<b>W.</b> 175.8. <b>S.</b> .8	سنة جلوس ضرب كهنبايت كهنبايت
		1			کہنبا Star over
	1384	Kan- báyat	1081-	,. جمان ۱۰۸۱ over	", کنیانت but
	1005	i		<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> -85.	
	1385	•	1082-	))   1.67	13 <del>6</del>
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -85.	Bhandára C.P.
	1386	,,	1083- 15	", 1 · ∧r <b>W.</b> 175.	,,
	1387		1084-	<b>S.</b> •9.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		1		<b>W.</b> 174-5. <b>S.</b> -82.	ľv
	1388	1	1085- 17	,, ! • ^ 0	,,
		•		<b>₩.</b> 169. <b>\$.</b> -85.	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1389 ¹	Kan- báyat	1085-	As on No. 1384, but	As on No. 1383, but	ŀR
ļ			<b>₩.</b> 176. <b>s.</b> ·84.	:	
1390	,,	1087-	1.44	. 19	
-			<b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> ·85.	A.S.B.	
1391	21	1089-	;, 1 • ^ 9	" " -	
			<b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> ∙91.		
1392	,,	1091-	,, 1, <b>9</b> }		
			<b>W.</b> 175.	11	
1393	**	1093_	<b>S.</b> ·95.	1 1 1	
		25	w. 176.	70	
1394	,,	1095-	<b>S.</b> ·95.		
		2-	w. 168.	Y	
			<b>S.</b> ·9.		
1395	**	1096-	1.97	., РА	
			<b>₩.</b> 175. <b>s.</b> .9.	A.S.B.	
1396	**	1096- 29	r	 59	
			<b>₩.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> ∙95.	A.S.B.	
1397	,,	1098-	 1-14	; ; ;	
			<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ⋅875.		

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  This is I.M.C., No. 12326. The coin can confidently be assigned to Kanbáyat.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1398	Kan- báyat	1099– 31	As on No. 1384, but	As on No. 1383, but
				<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ∙95.	
	1399	,.	1100- 33	 11••	., rr
			,	<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	
	1399 (a) 1	1)	1101- 33	,, 11.4	,. FF
			ı	<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	!
	1400	>1	1102- 34	11.7	., 
				<b>W.</b> 177⋅5, <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	
	1401	,,	1104- 36	il	ر. اتا
			1	<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> 1⋅0.	:
	1402	٠,	1106	" "…"	Regnal year blurred.
				<b>W.</b> 178, <b>S.</b> ⋅975.	
	1403		1111-	). 1111	 Fr
	1			<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ⋅95.	Traces of dotted border.  Ságar. Pl.
	1404	**	: : 1115– 47	,,	, F1.
			!	but 1110 in <u>\$\mathcal{Z}\$;</u> <b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> .95.	<b>,</b> ¢^

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  This is  $I.M. C.,\, {\rm No.~9923},\, {\rm p.~43},\, {\rm only~traces}$  of the mint name remain.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 1405	Kan- bá <b>ya</b> t	1116-49	As on No. 1404, but	As on No. 1383, but	SILVER
1406	Khujista- bunyád (Aurang- ábád)	1100- 32	<b>8.</b> .95.  As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر نگ in نگ	مانوس میمنت جلوس ۳۳ بنیاد خجسته	
1407	,,	1106– 38	<b>S.</b> ⋅85. ,,,	ضرب مانوس میمنت ۳۸ سنة جلوس	
1408	,,,	1112-		خ <del>ج</del> ستەبنباد خ <del>ج</del> ستەبنباد	
1408	,	44		heie	
1409	,,	1112- 45	" W. 175.	Traces of dotted border	٠.
1410		1113-	<b>S.</b> ⋅95.	),, ye 1	1.
1411	,,	1115– 48	<b>W.</b> 177⋅3. <b>S.</b> ⋅95.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
1412	,,,	1116- 48	<b>₩.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ·9.	,,	

**W.** 177.

**8.** -87.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	.R 1413	Kulbarga	1098-	As on No. 1120, but چو ندر منبر نگ in دگ <b>w.</b> 177. <b>s.</b> .95.	As on No. 1407, but
	1414		1104-	<b>W.</b> 169. <b>S.</b> -8.	 
	1415	Láhor Dáru-s- sal <u>t</u> anat	1070– aḥd	مهر), but ۱.۰۰ to left of جهال <b>w.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> .875.	لاهور دار السلطنة ضرب مبينت مانوس جلوس احد
	1416		1092- 24	ا    but حو <b>بد</b> ر منس	Pl.
				نگ ۱۰۹۳ in نگ <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -85.	but میمنت مابوس میمند ۲۶ سه Bhandára C. P.
	1417		1093– 25	₩. 175 <b>S.</b> -825.	Bhandára C. P.
	1418		1094- 26	<b>W.</b> 171-8. <b>S.</b> -85.	** ***
	1419		1095 - 27	1.30	i ···
				<b>W.</b> 174-5, <b>S.</b> -85.	Bhandára C. P

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1420	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	1096-	As on No. 1416, but 1.91  W. 175.5. S83.	As on No. 1416, but
1421	.,	1097-	v. 147 (clipped). s. ·7.	
1422	**	1098-	,. 1⋅¶∧ <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	" "·
1423 1424	,,,	1098-	<b>₩.</b> 176–175. <b>S.</b> ·85.	(1423) A.S.B.
1425 1426	••	1099-	"·····································	,, (1426) A.S.B.
1427	"	1099-	" <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ∙8.	), pr
1428	35	1101-	 11+1 <b>₩.</b> 172. <b>\$.</b> •875.	,. rr
1429	<b>y</b> .	1103-	W. 175.5.	,, ro
1430	,,	1104-	<b>\$.</b> ∙85. ,, 11.۴	,, r1

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1431	Láhor Dóru-s- saltanat		As on No. 1430. <b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> .85.	As on No. 1416, but
	1432		1106- 38	<b>w</b> . 176.	,, r^ Láhor.
	1433		1106- 39	<b>S.</b> ∙95.	Pl. سنة الله الله
				<b>₩.</b> 176·2. <b>\$.</b> ·95.	میمنت جلوس مانوس Pl.
	1434		1107- 39	 11.√ <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·9.	); 
	1435 1436	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1108- 40	<b>W.</b> 174–173.	; ; ; ; ; ;
	1437	••	1108- 41	<b>S.</b> ⋅9. <b>W.</b> 176⋅5. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	(1436) A.S.B.
	1438	•	1109-	<b>w.</b> 176.	Léhor.
	1439	• •	1109- 42	<b>₩.</b> 175. <b>s.</b> ·9.	), **
	1440 1441	,,,	1111_	<b>W.</b> 177–175. <b>S.</b> ⋅875.	31 1 <del>4</del> Jun

_	-		
Láhor Dáru-s- sal <u>t</u> anat	1111-	As on No. 1440.  W. 174.5. S9.	As on No. 1433, but
"	1112- 45	,. 1111 <b>r</b> ₩. 176·5.	i i i o
,,	1113- 46	 Hie	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
••,	1114- 47	<b>S.</b> ⋅9.	Láhor.
"	1115- 47	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	Láhor.
,,	1115– 48	<b>s.</b> ⋅9. ,, <b>w.</b> 175.	Lóhor.
"	1116-	,, 1117	A.S.B.
,,	1116- 49	<b>\$.</b> ⋅9. ,, <b>W.</b> 175⋅5.	Láhor.
,,	1117-	<b>S.</b> •85.	Láhor.
	"	" 1112- 45  " 1113- 46  " 1114- 47  " 1115- 48  " 1116- 48  " 1116- 49	S. ·9.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1451	Lakhnau (Luck- now)	-19	As on No. 1120, but جو بدر منیر Date wanting. <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·8.	مانوس میمنت ۱۹ سنة جلوس ضرب لکهنو
	1452	**	1088-	but ۱۰۸۸ to left of جہان <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -8.	,, r. A,S.B.
	1453		; ; ;	but ۱۰۸۸ over جمان <b>W.</b> 174·5.	··
	1454	, , ,	1098-	but 1.94 under نـگ <b>W.</b> 172.	" "
	1455	,,	1101-	but ۱۱،۱ to left of جهان <b>w.</b> 174.	 rr
	1456	, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,	-34	Date wanting.  W. 175. S875.	Pl r*
	1457	) ·	-40	<b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> -9.	., ., 
	1458	,,	-41	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 95.	۴ ا 
	1459	,,	-42	<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> -925.	۴. ''
	1460		-43	<b>₩.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·9.	<b>kel</b> t- 32

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
	Lakhnau	-44	As on No. 1456.  W. 178. S88.	As on No. 1451, but	R.
1462	,,	-45	w. 172. s. ⋅95.	 40 Miánváli.	
1463	.,	-46	,. <b>₩.</b> 173. <b>\$.</b> ·96.	he 4 ·,	
1464		-49	., <b>₩.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ·775.	,, F1 Bhandára.	
1465		-50	" <b>W.</b> 166 (clipped). <b>S.</b> .95.	; ,	
1466	Ma <u>kh</u> şúş- ábád	1115-	As on No. 1120, but جو بدر منبر نگ in ننگ <b>w.</b> 177.	As on No. 1451, but مخصوص اباد – ۴۸	
1467	Multán (Dáru-l- amán)	1070-2	S85.  As on No. 1120 (مهرر)  ا below منبر  M. 47 in گد  W. 177. S8.	Pl. [دار الاما]ن ملتان ضرب ضرب جلوس مادوس مادوس ميمنت	
				M. 43 in ن of المان A.S.B. Pl.	
1468	(no epithet)	1075-8	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منبر نگ in نگ w. 168. <b>S.</b> •9.	As on No. 1451, but ملتان – ۸ مادوس of مادوس	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1469	Multán	1076-8	As on No. 1468, but	As on No. 1468.
		1		<b>W.</b> 140 (clipped). <b>S.</b> .75.	
	1470	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1082- 15	,, 1.∧₽ <b>W.</b> 175.	بر جلوس 10 سنة but M. 43 in س of جلوس
	1471	.,	1093-	<b>S.</b> ·85.	
			25	₩. 175. S85.	but "منة م" جلوس No m.
	1472	; , <del>,</del>	1094- 27	),   . q.e	" **
	1473		1100	<b>₩.</b> 173. <b>s.</b> -8.	
		<b>,</b> •	1100- 33	<b>w.</b> 174.	,, ۳۳ جلوس of س M. 50 in
	1474	"	1101- 33	<b>S.</b> ∙8. 	М. 50.
	1485	:  -  -	i	<b>₩.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ·9.	Pl.
	1475	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1102- 35	", 11. r <b>₩.</b> 176.	y, M. 50.
	1476	11	1103- 36	<b>S.</b> 85.	Bhandára C. P.
				<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> -85.	M. 50.
	1477	Murshid- ábád	1117- 49	As on No. 1120, but حو ندر منبر	As on No. 1451, but مرشداباد – ۴۹
		!		W. 170. S9.	. <del></del>

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1478	Murshid- ábád	1118-	As on No. 1477, but    111^   W. 177.5.   S9.	As on No. 1477, but	SILVER
1479 1480	Nárnol	1098– 31	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر نگ in دیگ	As on No. 1451, but المرفول – ۳۱	
	a se		<b>W.</b> 177-176. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	(1480) A.S.B.	
1481	; ; ;	1099- 3-	,, 1.99	,, r-	
			<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ⋅82.	Bhandára C. P.	
1482	**	1100- 33	,, 11	,, rr	
		1	<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ⋅87.	Pl.	
1483	, 1 ,,,	1102- 34	,, 11.7 <b>W.</b> 175.	), 	
1484	Nusrat- ábád	1109-	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۱۰۹ to left of سکه <b>W.</b> 178.	As on No. 1451, but  الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	
1485	Patna	1071-3	ابو الظفر محمی الدین محمد محمد بهادر عالمکیر اورنگوزیب	بتنه Pl. ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ۳ M. 2 to left of r	
,		1	<b>₩.</b> 167. <b>s.</b> ·8.		

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1486	Patna	1071-4	As on No. 1485. <b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ·8.	As on No. 1485, but M. 2.
	1487	.,	1072-4		Pl. M. 2.
	1488	,,	1089-	W. 177. S8.  As on No. 1120, but جو بدر منسر نگ in نگ	A.S.B. مانوس ممنت سنة جلوس ضرب
	1489		1091- 24	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 9	ب. ب ب
	1490	1 22	1093-	<b>S.</b> ⋅85.	A.S.B
	1491		1096- 28	<b>S.</b> -85.	Bhandára C. P 
	1492	,	1096– 29	<b>W.</b> 175, <b>S.</b> ⋅85 <b>W.</b> 177 <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	Bhandára C. F
	1493		1097-	<b>w.</b> 175.	A.N.L
	1494	ţ ', ,	1101- 34	<b>S.</b> -8.	,, ,,

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1495	Patna	1102-	As on No. 1488, but  11.7  W. 178.5. S82.	As on No. 1494.
1496		1103-	,. 11∙r <b>₩.</b> 175.	,, re
1497	,, ,,	1106-	<b>S.</b> -82.	Bhandára C.P.
1498		1106-	<b>S.</b> ⋅96. <b>W.</b> 171. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	Pl.
1499	.,	1111-	., 1111 <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ∙8.	Bhandára C.P.
1500	,,	1114-	,. 1115 <b>W. 175.</b>	,, F=1
1501		1115-47	<b>S.</b> -85.	Bhandára C.P. ,, ۴,
1502	,,	1116-	<b>S.</b> ⋅85.  <b>W.</b> 174.	h <sub>E</sub> V
1503	Purban- dar 1	1116-4-	88.  As on No. 1120, but حو ندر منسر نگ in نگ	A.S.B. (Dehlî).  As on No. 1488, but برنندر ۴-
			<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅825.	Bhandára C.P. Pl.

 $<sup>^{-1}</sup>$  This coin was described in  $J.\mathcal{A}.S.B..$  1904, Num. Supp., No. IV. art. 27.

	176		711	COLLAR LIMITATION		
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
ILVER	AR 1504	Sarhind (Sahrind on coins)	1103- 35	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منسر ننگ 11.r in	As on No. 1488, but سهرند – هم	
		r ·	Marit	<b>w.</b> 175. <b>s.</b> -9.		
	1505		1104- 36	, 11 - !*	 73	
				<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> -825.		
	1506	1	1108-	11.0	اب. '.	
		1		<b>₩.</b> 175. <b>s.</b> ·9.	Pl.	
	1507	,,	1109- 42	11.3	", <b>*</b> r	
		ı		<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> -9.	A.S.B	
	150	8	1116-	1111	., '`	
		! :		<b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.		
	150	) <del>9</del> ,.	1117- 50		); 0.	
				<b>S.</b> .85.	Sága	
	15	10 Sháh hánál Dári <u>kh</u> ild	oád <i>ı-l-</i>	4 As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منبر جہان ۱.۷۲ to left of	فة جها آباد دار للخلا شاءن ضرب جلوس ميمنت مانوس	
		(Del	alí)	<b>₩.</b> 175. <b>s.</b> .93.	جلوس میمنت مانوس بنة سنة	
	1		1082	 نسگ 1.44 in	but 1.5	
				<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> 93.		

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1512	Sháhja- hánábád	1083-	As on No. 1511, but	As on No. 1510, but
			<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 1⋅0.	A.S.B. (Púná).
1513		1085- 17	1.00	.,
			<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	A.S.B.
1514		1089- 22		 **
	: :		<b>w.</b> 172. <b>s.</b> ⋅8.	Bhandára C.P.
1515	,	1090~ 23		,. r
	ı	1	<b>₩.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> -9.	
1516	•	1092 <b>-</b> 24	1.9~	F.F.
			<b>W.</b> 159. <b>S.</b> -82.	A.S.B.
1517		1094-	1 · d · c	,, FT
			<b>₩.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -87.	
1518		1098-	1.94	; ; ;
			<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	
1519	,,	1098-	,. <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ∙9.	); [**]
1520	,,	1099-	,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
1040	17	31		"

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	.:R 1521	Sháhja- hánábád	1100-	As (n No. 1511, but	As on No. 1510, but
				<b>W.</b> 175 <b>S.</b> 9.	
	1522		1102-		·, 
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	
	1523		1102- 35	 <b>W.</b> 175.	 ro
	1524	!	1104-	<b>S.</b> ·9.	.,
			36	w. 176. s. ∙9.	**
	1525	,,,	1105- 37	11.0	, , , , ,
			1 1	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅875	Bhandára C.P.
	1526 1527		1106- 38	41.4	; ;
		1		<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	(1526) A.S.B
	1528		1106-	 !!*	,, ,,,
		!		<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> -85.	
	1529	,	1107- 39	 II.,	10
	1530	1	1100	<b>W.</b> 175 <b>S.</b> ⊲85.	
	1000	•	1108= 40		 

N 2

Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Sháhja- hánábád	1112-	As on No. 1511, but	As on No. 1510, but
,,	1113-	<b>S.</b> -8.	 
	1116	<b>S.</b> -8.	Bhandára C.P.
•,	1116- 49	<b>S</b> . ∙9. 	
	1117-	<b>S.</b> •95.	No border.
Sholápúr	1096-	<b>8.</b> -91.  As on No. 1120, but چو ندر منبر دگ in ا	As on No. 1488, but شولابور Regnal year obliterated.
	1097-	<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ⋅82 <b>W.</b> 177⋅3	;  
Súrat Bandar-1- nubárak	1070- ahd	895 As on No. 1120, but چو ندر منسر جهان t.v. to left of	سورت تندر مبارك صرت منهنت مانوس
ز	Sháhja- hánábád  "" Sholápúr  Sholápúr	Sháhja- hánábád  1112- hánábád  1113- 45  1116- 48  1116- 49  Sholápúr 1096-  Sholápúr 1096-  Surat 1070- andar-r- ahd	Sháhja- hánábád  1112- hánábád  44  W. 174. S. · 8.  " 1113- 45  W. 175. S. · 8.  " 1116- 48  W. 173. S. · 95.  " 1117- 49  W. 176. S. · 95.  " 1117- 49  W. 174 S. · 91.  Sholápár 1096- As on No. 1120, but

			<del></del>			
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse		Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1541	Súrat (no epithet)	-3	As on No. 1538. Date wanting.		م سنة جلوس مىهنت
	{		i	<b>w.</b> 173. <b>s.</b> ∙95.	Trace	مآنوس صرب سورب of dotted border. Bhandára C.P.
	1542 1543	, "	1072-4	ر. to left of هکس		··· œ
				<b>W.</b> 178–175, <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	(15	(1542) A.S.B. 543) Bhandára C.P.
	1544	,,	1073-5	۰۰ ۱۰۷۳	but	.، سورت
	,		: : : :	<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	Regn	ضرب al year ه
	1545	,.	1074-	 1.,.4	Regn	Bhandára C.P.
	7540			<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	r	
	1546		1075-7		but	 سنة √
	1547	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1076-	<b>S.</b> -875. 	D	, ,,
	,		•	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -86.	Regn	al year wanting.
	1548	•	1077-9	,. 1.√√ <b>W.</b> 175	but	،، سنه ۹
	1549		1078	<b>S.</b> -9,		
	1550		10	<b>W.</b> 175–158 (worn)		
				<b>S.</b> -87.		(1549) Ságar.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1551	Súrat	-11	As on No. 1542. Date wanting.	As on No. 1544, but
			<b>₩.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ·85.	<i>Ságar</i> . Pl
1552		1079-	   .v9 <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -85.	but " ضرب سورت Pl.
1553		1079-	., <b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> -85.	
1554	••	1081-	 I-A1 <b>W.</b> 177.	but سورت ضرب Regnal year ! اس
			<b>S.</b> ·86.	Pl.
1555	•,	1082-	<b>w.</b> 177·2. <b>s.</b> ·96.	10
1556	••	1083- 15	<b>W. 17</b> 6.	,,
1557		1083-	<b>s.</b> ⋅96.  <b>w.</b> 175.	Ságar. ', 11
1558	,,	1084-	<b>S.</b> -9.  1 - ∧ <sup>p</sup>	Ságar.
			<b>₩.</b> 174. <b>s.</b> .86.	Ságar.
1559	•)	1085-		Regnal year wanting.

No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1560	Súrat	1086-	As on No. 1542, but	As on No. 1554, but
			<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	
1561	**	1087- 19	. *	13
!			<b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> ⋅82.	1
1562	**	1088-	1.47	 F.
		1	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·9.	
1563	,,	1088- 21	<b>W</b> . 176.	 *I
1564	.,	1089- 22		Sága.
			<b>W.</b> 177⋅5. <b>S.</b> ⋅95.	
1565	,,	1090 <u>-</u> 22	 but ۱.۹. in <u>زگ</u>	مادوس میمنت میمنت
	1	! !	<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ⋅92.	مادوس میمنت ۳۲ سنهٔ جلوس صرب سورب
1566 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>		,	,, m	A.S.I
			<b>S.</b> ⋅85.	P
1567	.,	1090 <u>–</u> 23	<b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> :95.	· · ·
1568	,.	1091 <u>–</u> 23	,,	A.S.I
	1560 1561 1562 1563 1564 1566 1566 1567	1560 Súrat  1561  1562  1563 ,,  1564  1566  1567,	1560 Súrat 1086- 18  1561 1087- 19  1562 1088- 20  1563 1089- 22  1565 1090- 22  1566 1090- 23  1568 1091-	1560   Súrat   1086-   As on No. 1542. but   18

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
R 1569	Súrat	1091- 24	As on No. 1568. W. 175.	As on No. 1565, but	SILVER
			<b>S.</b> 1.0.	Bhandára C.P.	
1570		$\begin{array}{c} 1092 - \\ 24 \end{array}$	1.37	31	
:		į	<b>W.</b> 179. <b>S.</b> ∙95.		
1571		1092- 25	 <b>W.</b> 176.	 re Bhandára C.P.	
		1	<b>S.</b> ·95	Bhanaara C.F.	
$\frac{1572}{1573}$	••	1093- 25	1 - 3 m	**	
		1	<b>w.</b> 176-152. <b>s.</b> 1⋅0-⋅9.	(1572) A.S.B	
1574 1575	••	1093- 26	,, <b>W.</b> 178–175. <b>S.</b> ∙95.	 (1574) A.S.B (1575) Léhor	
1576 1577	,,,	1094-	,, 1 • 9.6		
į		1	<b>₩.</b> 177-171. <b>S.</b> ·95.	(1577) A.S.B	·.
1578		1094- 27	 <b>₩.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> ∙98.	,, r•	
1579 1580		1095 - 27	,, 1.90	.,	
			<b>W.</b> 178–175. <b>S.</b> ⋅95.	(1579) A.S.B	·.
1581 1582	,,	1095~ 28	,, <b>W.</b> 178–150.	(1581) A.S.A	3.
1583		1096- 28	., 1. <b>11</b>	· ·	
			<b>W.</b> 177-5. <b>S.</b> -95.		

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1584	Súrat	1096- 29	As on No. 1583.  W. 176. S9.	As on No. 1565, but
				<b>5.</b> W.	Ságar.
	1585	**	1097- 29		n
				<b>W.</b> 177∙8. <b>S.</b> ∙9.	
	1586		1097- 30	 <b>W.</b> 177.	, ,,   m.
				<b>S.</b> •9.	Ságar.
	1587 1588		1098-	1.14	),·
				<b>W.</b> 177+175, <b>S.</b> •9.	(1587) A.S.B.
	1589	,,	1099-	1.99	 F1
			1	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ∙95.	Ságar.
	1590		1100- 32	 (1	) TT
		; 		<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ∙95.	Ságar.
	1591		1101- 33	11.1	,
				<b>W.</b> 179. <b>S.</b> ∙96.	
	1592		1101- 34	,	; ;
			1	<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> 1·0.	. proje
	1593 1594		1102- 34	 11.r	.,
		1		<b>W.</b> 179–172 <b>S.</b> ∙95.	(1594) A.S.B.

Metal   No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1595 1596	Súrat	1103-	As on No. 1565, but	As on No. 1565, but
1			<b>W.</b> 175–168. <b>S.</b> ⋅95.	(1595) Ságar. (1596) A.S.B.
1597		1103-	., <b>₩.</b> 174. <b>\$.</b> ·95.	., F1 Ságar.
1598 1599		1104-	۰, ۱۱۰۴	•
			<b>W.</b> 178−174. <b>S.</b> .95.	(1598) A.S.B.
1600 1601	.,	1105- 37	,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
			<b>W.</b> 178–177·3. <b>S.</b> 1·05–·97.	(1600) A.S.B.
1602	,	110 38	Unit of date wanting.	" "A
			<b>₩.</b> 171. <b>S.</b> 1·0.	A,S,B.
1603	**	1106-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
,			<b>₩.</b> 86·5. <b>S.</b> ·8.	;
1604 1605	**	1106- 39	<b>W.</b> 178–175. <b>S.</b> 1·0.	(1604) A.S.B. (1605) Ságar.
1606	•	1107= - 39	 !!••	(1003) Silgar.
			<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> 1-0.	Ságar.
1607 1608	,,	1108- 41	., 11 • A	,, ,,
i			<b>W.</b> 178 <b>–1</b> 74.	(1607) A.S.B. (1608) Ságar.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse		Reverse	
SILVER	AR 1609	Súrat	1109- 41	As on No. 1568, but	As	on No. 1563	5, but
			į	<b>₩.</b> 177:5. <b>S.</b> .95.			
	1610	,	1110-			بد بر ب	
			1 .	<b>S.</b> 1·0			
	1611	,,	1110~ 43	<b>W.</b> 176 <b>S.</b> 95.		,e;	
	1612	,,	1111-	, 1111	r	ieim 3,	
	!			<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ∙95.	1		
	1613		1111-	<b>w.</b> 177. <b>s.</b> 95	; ;	reje	Sáyar.
	1614	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	1112- 44	• 1115		18	J
		!		<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ∙95.			Ságar.
	1615		1113-	1117		,. 	
			;	<b>W.</b> 177⋅8. <b>S.</b> ⋅95.			
	1616	,	1113- 46	<b>W.</b> 178-5. <b>S.</b> -97.		۴. ا ۱۰	
	1617	,,	1114-47		1	بد ^ ''	
				<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> .95.		•	Súgar.
	1618 1619		1115- 47	1110	!	۰, ۱,	7, <b>g</b>
				<b>W.</b> 17× <b>S.</b> 95.			19) A.S.B.

Súrat	1115-	As on No. 1618.  W. 175. S92.	As on No. 1565. but  As on No. 1565. but  As on No. 1567.  Bhandára C.P.
	1116-	 IIII: <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -95.	,,
	. 1116– ( 49	<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ·9.	 49 Miánwálí.
,	1117-	 111√ <b>₩.</b> 179. <b>S.</b> -97.	•
,	1117-	 <b>₩.</b> 172. <b>\$.</b> 95.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
••	1118-	₩. 176. S. 1·0.	
.,	1118-	<b>₩.</b> 89. <b>S.</b> -725.	 o1 A S.B.
Tatta	1071~	ابو الظفر محمی الدین الدین الدین الدین محمد محمد مهادر عالمکسر اورنگزی	مادوس مبمنت دته جلوس ضرب
		. 1116- 48 . 1116- 49 . 1117- 49 . 1118- 50 . 1118- 50	## W. 175.  ## W. 174.  ## W. 179.  ## W. 179.  ## W. 172.  ## W. 176.  ## W.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1628 1629	Tatta	1073-5	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منبر	As on No. 1565, but د تند
	i		1	جهان ۱۰۷۳ to left of	0 – <del>1</del>
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		1	<b>₩.</b> 174–173. <b>S.</b> •87.	(1628) A.S.B
	1630	,,	8	Date wanting.	•,
		i	t I	<b>₩.</b> 172.	Ŷ
		, }	Ţ	<b>S.</b> -85	A.S.B.
	1631	,,	-9	;	.,
		:		<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> -85.	1
				; <b>;</b> ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	
	1632	.,	1081-	but 1.1 to left of	). 1 <b>m</b>
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -85.	"
	1633	,,	1082-	,,,	••
			14	Traces of dotted border.	l ie
			r	<b>W.</b> 166. <b>S.</b> -8.	A.S.B
	1004	1	1004	a.	Pl
	1634	٠,	1084~ 16	1.05	
			İ	<b>W.</b> 175.	, ,
	1635		1095-	,,	
		1	27	but 1.90 in کے	 rv
			ĺ	<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> 9.	
	1636	٠,	1101_		
		1	34	11-1	 me
			1	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> .85.	
	1637	,,	1106-		
		,,,	38	11.1	
		!	The state of the s	<b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> .85.	, ^
				,	Jihlam

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1638	Ujjain Dáru-l- fat <b>ḥ</b>	1117-	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر نگ ناس ناس نگ W. 179. S. •95.	As on No. 1565, but ضرب دار الفتح اجين Regnal year ۴۹
1639	Zafar- abád	1070-3;	As on No. 1627 but  1  W. 177. S9.	ظفراباد ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ۳ سنة
		•		Pl.
1640	**	1074-6	As on No. 1120 (مهر) ۱. ۷۴ to left of جهان	As on No. 1565, but طفراناد - :
		1	<b>₩.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> √9.	
1641		1079 12	₩. 173. <b>S</b> 9.	,. 1 r
!	1		Mint na	me wanting
1642	<b>1</b>	1096-	As on No. 1120, but حو بدر منبر	As on No. 1565, but
	1		ا با under گ <b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> -85.	Traces of mint name, but not decipherable.
16431	3	1109-	 سگ in کسک <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> -88.	lut #*
1644 1 4	·	111 <b>2</b> - 44		No trace of mint name.
		,	<b>\$.</b> -6.	PJ.
			<sup>1</sup> I.M.C., No. 7222, p. 46.	

	Metal No	Mint	Date	Obverse .	Reverse
SILVER	A? 1645	?	? 5	<u>غانی</u> دادشاه عالمکمر	مانوس میمنت
	3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			دادشاه عالمكسر يب اورنگ ز <b>W</b> . 167.	میمنت ه نام جلوس ت
COPPER	Æ 1646¹	Akbar- ábád	-8	<b>S.</b> 18. اکسراداد ب	Pl. منة ممارك
	,			سر <b>W.</b> 213. <b>S.</b> -75.	مبارك س جلو A.S.B. Pl.
	1647	Multán	-39 1	اِزىب] عالم كبر اورنگ شـــــاه فلوس	ملـان ضرب جلوس مبا[رك] ۲۹
	1648	Nárnol		<b>W.</b> 212. <b>S.</b> ⋅9	Pl.
	1649		· :	ناربول ضر ضر <b>W.</b> 215–210. <b>S.</b> .758.	 سنه مارك س
	1 m	- 1 N . 101			جلو <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This and Nos. 1648-9 are ascribed by Mr. C. J. Rodgers in his MS. Catalogue to Aurangzéb.

VII sháh 'álam i bahádur sháh

а. н. 1119-1124.

а. р. 1707-1712.

$rac{ ext{Metal}}{ ext{N}_{\odot}}$	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
	Burhán- púr Dára-s- sarár	_2	غازے دادشاہ در اللہ اللہ شاہ عالم کہ ممار سکہ ممار <b>W.</b> 169.	جلوس مانوس میمنت سنة r دار السرور ضرب درهانمور
1651	Khujista- bunyad (Arrang- ábád)		عادشاد غازے عالم بہادر شکد ممارك W. 168. S87.	مانوس میمنت ۳ سنة جلوس ضرب خجسته ننباد A.S.B. P1.
1652	Sháhja- hanábád <i>Iniru-l-</i> <u>khilúfat</u>	į.	<b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> -92.	شادجهاں اداد ضرب ه دار الحلاقة مسمنت جلوس مادوس P1.
1653	Súrat	,	As on No. 1650.  W. 169.5. S85.	سنة – جلوس مادوس ميمنب صرب سورب
Al 1654	: Ahmad- nagar	+1122-4	As on No. 1651, but	SILVER احمد دیگر ضرب سنة ما دوس مسبب مسبب جلوس

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1655 1656	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1119– aḥd	As on No. 1650, but 1113 to right of غازی on one. <b>W.</b> 175–174.5. <b>S.</b> .9–.87.	As on No. 1650, but سنة احد مستور الخلافة ضرب اكبراباد (1655) A.S.B.
	1657	 Musta- qirru-l- mulk	1119- ahd	<b>₩.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> •87.	but مستعرالملك Pl.
	1658	,,	112	Date partly wanting  W. 174. S88	.,
	1659 1660	<b>,</b>	112		Láhor. ''
	1661	Akbar- nagar	; -2	<b>W.</b> 175–173. <b>S.</b> -985. ا باداشاه غازی شاه عالم بهادر	(1659) A.S.B.  سنة جلوس
	1662	Álamgír- púr	1120-	ادشاه غاني ادشاه عالي المادر	سنة جلوس ضرب اكبرنكر مابوس مابوس مسنت سنه جلوس ضرب
	1663		1123-	W. 178. S85. W. 178. S8.	عالم كسر پور A.S.B. Regnal year wanting.
	( <i>a</i> )	Allah- ábád	1120- aḥd	See No. 2327.	See No. 2327.

Metal   No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
R 1664	Ausá	-3	As on No. 1650. Date wanting.  W. 173. S89.	As on No. 1662, but اوسا M. 25 over اوسا Bhandára.	SILVEE
1665	'Azím- ábád (Patna)	1121-4	عالم ادشاء غازے سکد ۱۱۲۱ <b>W.</b> 173.	اباد اباد عظیم سنة ۴ جلوس ضرب	
1666 1666 (a)		1122-4	<b>S.</b> ⋅95.  <b>W.</b> 184. <b>S.</b> ⋅95.	(1666) A.S.B. Pl.	
1667		1123-5	<b>w.</b> 185. <b>s.</b> ⋅92.	,, c	
1668 !		1124-6	 ₩. 185. <b>S.</b> ·85.	7	
1669 1670	Barélí	1120-2	غازی شــاه شاه عالم باد ســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	مبارك سنة ۲ بلے ضرب بر	
1671	,,	-3	W. 176-175. S. ·85-·95.  Date wanting. W. 174. S. ·9.	(1669) A.S.B.	
1672   1673		1122-1	As on No. 1669, but  1177  W. 175–174. S. 9.	(1673) A.S.B. (Dehli).	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1674	Burhán- púr Dáru-s- sarúr	1120-2	As on No. 1650.  115. to right of غازی <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 9.	As on No. 1650.
	1675	,,	6	Unit of date wanting.  W. 176. S92.	 1
	1676	Chíná- patan (Madrás)	1120-2	شاہ خازے شاہ عالم باد سنة ۱۱۳۰	س سنة r جلو ضرب جبنابتن
				<b>₩.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> -85.	Pl.
	1677	**	-3	Date wanting.  W. 177. S9.	; ; ;
	1678	Etáwá	1119- ahd	As on No. 1669, but  1114  W. 174.5. S9.	As on No. 1662, but اتاوا – احد
	1679	,,	1120-2	,, (tr. <b>W.</b> 175.	,, r
	1680	.,	1121-3	<b>S.</b> -9.	,. r
	1681	Haidar- ábád Far <u>kh</u> un- da-bun- yád	1122-5	<b>S.</b> ·86.  As on No. 1651, but  TIFF <b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ·9.	جلوس مبینت مانوس ه حیدراداد ضرب فرخنده بنیاد Bhandára C.P.

Metal No.		Date	Ob <b>v</b> erse	Reverse
-R 1682	Jahángír- nagar	-2	As on No. 1662. Date wanting.  W. 178.	<b>SILVEE</b> As on No. 1662, but مجانگیرنگر- ۲
1683	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1122-4	<b>S.</b> ⋅85.  ,. ,. ,. ,. ,. ,. ,. ,. ,. ,. ,. ,. ,	,, 4
1684 1685	Karím- ábád	-3	As on No. 1676, but win place of mis Date wanting.  W. 178-174. S8285	Miánwáli. س کریماباد ضر
1686 1687	,,	112	 W. 179-171 (cut). S8583.	(1684) A.S.B.  (1687) A.S.B. Pl.
1688	Kan- báyat		As on No. 1650.  W. 172. S8.	سنة - جاوس مانوس مبهنت ب ضر كنبانت
1689	Khujista- bunyád (Aurang- ábád)	j	As on No. 1651, but  117.  W. 175. S. 95.	As on No. 1651, but r سنة
1690	Láhor Dáru-s- sal <u>t</u> anut	1120-2	As on No. 1669, but 117. above <b>w.</b> 177. <b>s.</b> -85	لاهور دار السلطنة ضرب سنه ۲ مسنت جلوس مانوس
	!		İ	Pl.

				and the second second	
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	R 1691	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	121-3	As on No. 1690, but (17)  W. 176-5. S85.	As on No. 1690, but
	1692	1	121-4	<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> -88.	 .c
	1693	Lakhnau (Luck- now)	ahd	As on No. 1669, but date wanting. <b>W.</b> 160 (worn). <b>S.</b> •9.	As on No. 1662, but لکهنو-احد
	1694	,,	-2	<b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> .9.	   
	1695	,.	- 4	<b>w.</b> 176. <b>s.</b> ⋅87.	 .c
	1696	Murshid- ábád	2	As on No. 1669, but date wanting. <b>W.</b> 179-2. <b>S.</b> -84.	As on No. 1676, but مرشداباد ۲
	1697 1	Purban- dar ?	1122-4	As on No. 1651, but  W. 178. S8.	As on No. 1651, but برىن[در] ۴– Pl.
	1698	Sarhind (Sahrind on coins)	-2	<b>W.</b> 175.5. <b>S.</b> .85.	 سهرند - ۲ but
	1699	Sháh- jahánábád Dárv-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1119- l ahd	As on No. 1669, but  ا الما الما الما الما الما الما الما ا	جهان اناد دار لڅلافة شاه ضرب سنة احد مبارك
					Pl.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 8205, p. 52. The reading now proposed is reasonably certain, cf. No. 1503. Purbandar is a known mint of Sháh 'Álam I. See J.A.S.B., 1904, Num. Supp. IV, art. 27.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1700	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> ilófat	1120-2	غازی عالم باد شــــاه سکه سنة ۱۱۲۰ <b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> .85.	جهان اباده شــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
1701		1121–3	,, 1111 <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -85.	11 P
1702		1122-4	 ₩. 174. \$85.	4.S.B. Pl.
1703 1704	Súrat	 aḥd	As on No. 1650. Date wanting.  W. 177.2-176. S959.	As on No. 1688, but سورت – احد M. 37 in س of جلوس A.S.B.
1705 1706 1/2		-2	Fragmentary.  W. 89. S. ·7.	M. 37. (1705) A.S.B.
1707	.,	-6	<b>w.</b> 177.5. <b>s.</b> .91.	Pl. ب جلوس of س M. 53 iu
1708	,,	112	عاری but ۱۱۲ – to right of <b>w.</b> 169.7. <b>s.</b> .9.	Regnal year wanting. M. 37.
1708 (a)	Tatta	[111]9- ahd	دادشاه مع اظم شاه آ جهان سلطان زد آ بر مهر و ماه ثا ۹ نے اسکه مبارك در هفت كشور آ <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> .85.	مبینت سنة احد جاوس ب ضر بته ضر د Cf. L.M.C., p. 197 (4).

## VIII

## JAHÁNDÁR SHÁH

а. н. 1124.

а. р. 1712.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	A' 1709	[Akbar- ábád] Musta- qirru-l- mulk	1124– aḥd	ابو عبدا الفسيح [خارى ا مهمر و ماه جهاند[اركه] [س] [در] افاى زد [جون] <b>W.</b> 166.7. <b>S.</b> .75.	جلوس مانوس مبهنت مساعر الملك سنة احد [ضرآب [اكبراناد]
	1710	Kul- barga ?	[112]4- aḥd	جهاندار الو العسي غاز العسي غاز العسي غاز العسي	مادوس مبمت سنة احد جلوس ضرب کلہ
SILVER	AR 1711	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru- <b>l</b> - mulk		As on No. 1709, but fuller legends.  W. 175. S9.	As on No. 1709. Portions of lower line visible.
	1712	Barélí	1124-	رادشاه جهال ا ۱۱۲۴ مران جهاندار سران بران بران بران بران بران بران بران ب	مانوس مبہنت <u>سنة – جاوس يلے</u> ضرب بر Disfigured by money- changers' marks.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
1713 1714 1715	Etáwá	1134- aḥd	In dotted border صاحبقران ۱۱۲۴ جهــــا	As on No. 1710, but اتاوا	SILVER
			جهاندار شه بادشاه ن ســـکه بزد بر مه چو <b>W.</b> 176–175–174.	Ī	P].
1716 1717	,,		جهاندار شاد _ ۱۱۲۴ مهر و ماد ابو العتے نخاز ســـکـه	•	
			در افاق زد چون <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> .95.	(1717) A.S.	. <i>B</i> . Pl.
1718	Khujista- bunyád (Aurang- ábád)	Ì	As on No. 1716, but نبه in second line and الله below ماد w. 177.	 but بنیاد <del>حج</del> سته بنیاد	Pl.
1719		,,	ىادشاء جهان شــــــاء ۱۱۲۴ قران جهاندار	.,	
			Disfigured by money-changers' marks.  W. 175. S97.		

			1		
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1720 1721	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	1124- aḥd	<u>خانی</u> ۱۱۲۴ جهاندار شاه انو العـــنــغ	لأهور دار السلطنة ضرب سنة احد
				چون مهرر و ماه ســـکه در افاق زد <b>W.</b> 176–171.	میمنت جلوس مانوس
				<b>S.</b> -85.	(1721) A.S.B.
	1722	,,	••	غازی جهاندار شـــاه چون مهر و ماه ابو الفتح ســـکه	 مانوس سنة احد ميمنت جلوس
				در افاق زد <b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> 1·0.	
	1723 1724	Lakhnau		As on No. 1713, but fragmentary.  W. 174-173. S85.	As on No. 1710, but لکهنو
	1725	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	,,,	جهان شاه ۱۱۲۴ جهاندار شه باد حب	احد مبارك سنة جهان اباد شـــاه صر دار الخلافة
				حو صا قران سکه بزد بر زر	Traces of dotted border.
			1	<b>W.</b> 170 <b>S.</b> -95.	Pl

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1726	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1124~ aḥd	As on No. 1710, but ۱۱۲۴ to left of غاز and in last line در افاق زد	As on No. 1725. No border.
			<b>₩.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ·9.	Pl.
1727 1728		,,	As on No. 1722, but بر for چون <b>W.</b> 175–174. <b>S.</b> .95–.9.	جهان اباد دار الخلافة شاه ضرب مانوس سنة احد ميمنت جلوس Traces of dotted border.
1729 1730	Súrat	[1124]— aḥd	8	As on No. 1710, but
			جون مهر و ماه سـکه در افاق زد <b>W.</b> 176-474. <b>S.</b> ·95.	(1729) A.S.B. (Pánch Maháls). Pl.
1731	35		جهاندار شه بادشاه جـهــان صاحب قران ســکه	<b>,</b>
			<b>W.</b> 168.	

# IX FARRU<u>KH</u>-SIYAR

а.н. 1124-1131.

A.D. 1713-1719.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	N 1732	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- khiláfat	1130-7	In dotted border  بعر و بر فرخ سبر دادشــاه حق در سم و زر ففـــل ۱۳۰۰ سکد زد از  W. 161. S. 1.02.	In dotted border جلوس مانوس میمنت مستقر لڈلافۃ سنة ۷ ضرب اکبراباد A.S.B. Pl.
	1732 (a)	Etáwá	1128~5	W. 167.5. S. 1.0.	مانوس میمنت ه سنة جلوس ضرب اتاوا
	1733	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	1131-7	As on No. 1732, but no border and tirt  W. 168. S8.	لاهور دار السلطنة ضرب سنه ۷ مبمنت جلوس مانوس Traces of dotted border.
	1734	Sháh- jahánábád Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> íláfat		As on No. 1732, but tree to left of 5;  W. 167. S8.	Pl.  قة جها اباد  دار لخلا شاء س  ضرب  جلوس ميمنت مانوس  سنة احد
	1734 (a)		1125-2	<b>W.</b> 167. <b>S.</b> -8.	r

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{X} \\ 1734 \\ (b) \end{array}$	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru</i> -	1131-7	۱۱۳۱ حق فرخ سیر شـــاه	As on No. 1734, but	GOLD
1785	khiláfat  Súrat ?	 aḥd	ا ۱۱۳ حق فرخ سیر شداه از فضل باد بحروبر سکه از د بر]سیم و[زر]  W. 165. S9.	Pl As on No. 1733, but	
			شــــاه از فضل حق باد ســكه [زد بر] سيم و[زر] <b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> .85.	ضرب [سور]ت	
Æ 1 <b>736</b>	Aḥmad- ábád	-7	As on No. 1735. <b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> .98.	As on No. 1733, but احمداباد – ۷	SILVER
1737	Akhar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- mulk	1125 aḥd	As on No. 1734 (b), but in top line.  W. 173. S. 85.	As on No. 1732, but سنة احد-مستقر الملك	
1738	,,	-2	Date wanting. <b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> .85.	A.S.B	
1739	,	-5	,. <b>₩.</b> 175. <b>8.</b> ·95.	o o	
1740 1741	Musta- qirru-l- khiláfat	1130-7	As on No. 1732. <b>W.</b> 175–172. <b>S.</b> 9–1.05.	As on No. 1732. (1741) A.S.B	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1742¹	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1131-7	As on No. 1732, but    IFI   W. 174.5.   S9.	As on No. 1732.
	1743 <sup>2</sup>	? Allah- ábád	1125-2	سبم [و زر] زد از فضل حق بر سکخ بحروبر فرخ سیر شاہ ناد ۱۱۲۵	مبار ك سنة r جلوس ب [ضر] الداباد
				<b>S.</b> ⋅93.	Pl.
	1744	'Azím- ábád (Patna)	,,	As on No. 1743. <b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> .85.	As on No. 1733, but r مسنة عظم عظم ضرب اباد
	1745	27	1126–3	₩. 169. S9.	 r A.S.B.
	1746	'Azím- ábád Musta- qirru-l- mulk	-3	As on No. 1732, but date wanting. No border.  W. 170. S85.	عظیم اباد مستقر الملك ضرب جلوس مبینت مانوس س سنه
	1747 1748	,,	1128-5	but on 1748 HIFA to left of 3; in bottom line.	(1747) A.S.B.
	1749	••,	1130-7	As on No. 1732, but no border.	Pl.
		is is I <b>M</b> C		<b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> ∙9.	A.S.B.

This is I.M.C., No. 7151, p. 56. It is a coin of Farrukh-siyar not Rafi'u-d-darját.
 This is I.M.C., No. 8528, p. 54. The mint is certainly not Akbarábád. The coin is not of the Akbarábád type.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1750 ½	'Azím- ábád Musta- qirru-l- mulk	-7	As on No. 1732, but fragmentary.  Date wanting.  W. 84. S. · 7.	As on No. 1749, but fragmentary.  Themint name is wanting, but the coin is identical in type with No. 1749.  A.S.B.
1751	Barélí	-4	As on No. 1734 (b), but date wanting. <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 9.	جلوس میمنت مانوس سنة ۴ یلے ضرب بر
1752	**	1129–6	As on No. 1732, but  1173  W. 176. S. 1.0.	,, ,, Pl.
1753	Burhán- púr <i>Dáru-s-</i> sarúr	1125-2	از ۱۱۲۵ فضل حق بادشـــاه بعروبر فرخ سیر زد ســکه در سیم و زر <b>W.</b> 177.	جلوس مانوس میمنت سنة r دار السرور ضرب برهانبور
1754	,,	1129-6	As on No. 1732, but  1173  W. 176. S. 1.0.	,, 1
1755	,,	1130-7	w. 179. s. 1·0.	 * Pl.
1756	Chíná- patan (Madrás)	1126-3	As on No. 1735, but וודי to left of טָל <b>w.</b> 178. <b>s.</b> .9.	As on No. 1733, but جينابتن - ۳

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1757	Chíná- patan (Madrás)	1130-7	As on No. 1756, but  117.  W. 178. S. 87.	As on No. 1756, but
	1758	Élichpúr	1125- ahd	از فضل حق بادشاء بحروبر فرخ سسر زد ۱۱۲۵ سکہ بر سم و زر س. 171. <b>۳.</b> 173.	As on No. 1733, but ایلجبور- احد
	1759 1760	Etáwá	1125–2	As on No. 1758, but داد to right of بحر in bottom line. رد on 1760.	 اکاوا - r
	1761 1762		1128-4	<b>W.</b> 176-175. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.  <b>W.</b> 176-175.	(1759) A.S.B.
	1763 1764		1128-5	<b>W.</b> 176–175.  w. 176–155 (clipped).  s. 1-075–-95.	(1761) A.S.B (1764) A.S.B.
	1765 1766	',	; ; ,.	As on No. 1732, but	Pl.
	1767		1129-6	<b>W.</b> 175–170. <b>S.</b> 1·05.	(1765) A.S.B.
	1768			<b>W.</b> 177–175. <b>S.</b> 1·05.	(1767) A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1769 1770	Etáwá	1130-7	As on No. 1732, but	As on No. 1759, but	SILVER
			<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> 1⋅03.	(1769) A.S.B.	
1771		1131-8	11171	,. A	
			<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 1·02.	A,S.B.	
1772	Farru <u>kh</u> - ábád	1129-6	As on No. 1734 (b), but	 فرخ اباد - ۲ but	
			<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ⋅75.	A.S.B. Pl.	
1773	Gwáliár	1130-7	As on No. 1732.  W. 174.	., but v-رالبار-	
1774	Jahángír-	-3	<b>S.</b> 1-02.	Pl.	
	nagar		د از فضل حق شـــاه ىر فرخ سبر ىا	 جهانگبرنگر- ۳	
			»		
			<b>₩.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> ·87.		
1775	<u>Kh</u> ujista- bunyád	1125-2	حق بعروبر فرخ سر شــاه	,, but r – نباد <del>خجسته</del>	
			حق بحروبر فرخ سر شهاه برسیم و زر باد سکه		
			زد از فضل ۱۱۲۰ <b>W.</b> 177.	A.S.B.	
			<b>S.</b> ·96.	Pl.	
1776 1777	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	1126-3	As on No. 1758, but زد in bottom line. فضل ۱۴۳۱ under	As on No. 1733 (a), but	
			<b>W.</b> 177–174·5. <b>S.</b> ·85–·95.	(1777) A.S.B.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	<i>R</i> 1778	L <b>á</b> hor <i>Dáru-s-</i> saltanat	1127–4	As on No. 1776, but  1177  W. 177. S87.	As on No. 1733 (a), but
	1779	,,	1128-5	<b>w.</b> 176.	0
	1780	,,	1129-6	S. 85. As on No. 1732, but	A.S.B.
	1781	,,	1130-7	<b>W.</b> 175·25. <b>S.</b> ·95.	
	1782	,,	1131–7	<b>₩.</b> 176. <b>s.</b> .9.	
	1783	Lakhnau	1125–2	<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	A.S.B. As on No. 1733, but
				زد از ۲۰ [فضل] ۱۱ بحروبر فرخ سبر  <b>W.</b> 175.	ً لکہنو۔ r
	1784	Multán	1130-7	S. ·9. As on No. 1732. W. 175·3. S. 1·0.	but v – ملتان and in dotted border.
	1785	Murshid- ábád	-3	زد از فضل حق شـــاه ب <del>ح</del> روىر فرخ سىر ســكـه	Pl. مرشداباد ۳- مرشدا
				ر ناد <b>w.</b> 173. <b>s.</b> .85.	

### FARRUKH-SIYAR

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1786	Murshid- ábád	-5	As on No. 1785. <b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> .85.	As on No. 1733, but
1787		-6	<b>W.</b> 179·2. <b>S.</b> ·87.	" T
1788 1789	,,	1130–7	but 117- to left of 36 <b>W.</b> 177-175. <b>S.</b> .87.	(1789) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
1790	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1125– aḥd	As on No. 1732, but no border and tire below w. 175. S. 86.	As on No. 1734.
1791	,,	.,	but tire to left of 3; <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 88.	,,
1792 1793		1125-2	فضل to right of از <b>w.</b> 175–174. <b>s.</b> -92–-95.	 (1793) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
1794		1126-2	 1173 <b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> 87.	··
1795 1796		1126-3	 <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> .85.	 (1796) A.S.B.
1797	,,	1127-4	<b>w.</b> 173. <b>s.</b> ·87.	<b></b>

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Oliverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1798	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	-5	As on No. 1792. Date wanting.  W. 175. S88.	As on No. 1734, but
	1799	.,	1128-5	 but ۱۱۲۸ to left of فضل and in bottom line.	**
	1800		1129-6	<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ⋅975.	A.S.B.
	1801		1	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 1.0.	<b>1</b>
				but ۱۱۲۹ to left of رفعه <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 1.0.	
	1802	••	1130-6	 117. <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -9.	 A.S.B.
	1803 1804	,,	1130-7		v •
	1805		,,	As on No. 1734 (b), but	(1803) A.S.B.
	1806		1131-7		
				سر but ااتا under <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 94.	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1807	Súrat	-3	As on No. 1735.  W. 177. S9.	As on No. 1733, but
1808 1809		1128-5	11rA to left of s  W. 178–175. S. 1.08–1.05.	 c جلوس of س M. 54 in جلوس (1808) <i>A.S.B</i> .
1810 1		-5	Date wanting.  W. 169. S86.	M. 55.
<b>1811</b> <sup>2</sup>	;;	-6	w. 177. s. 1⋅0.	M. 54.
1812	••	1130-7	 ₩. 178. \$. ·95.	M. 54.  A.S.B.
1813	••	1131-7	 1171 <b>W.</b> 178·2. <b>S.</b> 1·01.	M. 54.

<sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 7497, p. 54. The mint has been read .1. There is, however, no trace of the first four letters of that name, whereas there is what may be part of a ) before the  $\omega$  and the coin is of the Surat type

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 7285, p. 55. Though the mint name is wanting, the mint mark and general appearance show the coin to be of Súrat mintage.

### X

## RAFÍ'U-D-DARJÁT

А. н. 1131.

A. D. 1719.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 1814	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1131– aḥd	رویع الدرجا ن برکا شاهنشه بحروبر ن زد سکه بهند با هزاران <b>۳.</b> 168.	فة جها اباد دار الخلا شاه ن ضرب جلوس مبمنت مادوس سنة احد Pl.
	1815	Súrat	11 aḥd	but date to right of <b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> .9.	مانوس مبهنت احد سنة جلوس ضرب
SILVER	Æ 1816	Aḥmad- ábád Zinatu-l- bilád	aḥd	Date wanting. <b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> 1.01.	سورت احمداناد زبنت البلاد ضرب جلوس میمنت مادوس احد سنة
	1817	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- khiláfut	,,	<b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> -9.	 اكبراباد but اكبراباد مستقر الخلافة
	1818 1819	Etáwá	1131- alıd	رومع urr to right of رومع <b>w.</b> 175–174. <b>s.</b> 1·0–·95.	As on No. 1815, but אולפן Traces of dotted border. (1819) A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
A: 1820	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	1131– aḥd	رفيع الدرجا ت شاهنشه بحروبر ت	جلوس مانوس میمنت احد	SILVER
			شاهنشه بحروبر با هزاران برکا ۱۱۳۱ ســ[که] [زد بهند] <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> .95.	دار السلطنة لاهور ضرب PI.	
1821 1822	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	,,	As on No. 1814.  Date wanting on No. 1821.  W. 175-174.	As on No. 1814.	
	,		<b>S.</b> ·85-·9.	(1821) A.S.B.	

XI sháh jahán II [rafí'u-d-daula]

А. н. 1131.

а. р. 1719.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 1823	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	1131– aḥd	شاہ جہاں ے دادشاہ عاز ك	As on No. 1820.
				سکو مبار <b>W.</b> 166. <b>S.</b> 85.	Pl.
	1824	ì	aḥd	Date wanting. <b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> 9.	مادوس ممهنت احد سنة جلوس
SILVER	At 1825 1826	Akbar- ábád Musta- girru-l- <u>kh</u> ilúfat	1131— al <sub>i</sub> d	As on No. 1823, but 1171 over top line. <b>W.</b> 175–174. <b>S.</b> 195–19.	صرب 
	1827	Etáwa	.,	ا but [۱۱  ۳۱ to left of مسار but [۱۲  ۳۱ to left of مسار but [۱۲  ۳۱ to left of ]	احد سنة (1826) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl. As on No. 1824, but
	1828 1829	<b>M</b> urshid- ábád		w. 176. s. 1-0. but וודר over دادشاه w. 179-3-179.	A.S.B. مرشداباد Five-petalled flower to
				<b>S.</b> ·85.	right of احد on one. (1829) A.S.B. Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	${f Reverse}$	
Æ 1830 1831	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-</i> l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1131– aḥd	As on No. 1823, but and חודו to left of غاز	As on No. 1814.	SILVER
1832 1833 1834	,,	,,	<b>W.</b> 175–174. <b>S.</b> .85.  As on No. 1823, but אורויו to right of של או	Pl.	
1835 ¹	Súrat	 aḥd	W. 177-175. S. ·85.  As on No. 1823, but date wanting.  W. 175. S. 1·1.	(1832) A.S.B. As on No. 1824, but سورت below ضرب	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>t</sup> There is nothing to show whether this is a coın of the second or third Sháh jahán.

#### IBRÁHÍM

а. н. 1132.

A.D. 1720.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1836 ¹	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dóru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1132- aḥd	کریم محمد ایراهیم شــاه شاهان ۱۱۳۲ ب]فضل [سکه] زد [در] جهان	فة جها اباد دار الحلا شاه ں ضرب جلوس میمنٹ مادوس سنة احد
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ∙85.	Pl.

is the reading given in the British Museum Catalogue, Nos. 954-7, and in Dr. Codrington's Musalmin Numismatics the couplet is given as

Neither on No. 1835 nor in the illustrations in the B.M.C. are the words at the right of the top line distinct. The word  $\lambda$  would give a better couplet:—

This reading was, I find, suggested by Mr. Delmerick in describing a silver coin of Ibrahim in I.A.S.B., 1875.

XII MUḤAMMAD SHÁH

А. н. 1131-1161.

А. D. 1719-1748.

## 1837 Akbar- abad Musta- girru-l- khildfat  ## 168.  ## 1838 Akhtar- nagar Awadh  ## 114  ## 115  #	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
1839 Awadh       11       W. 167.       السنة جارس الماليال الماليان       السنة جارس الماليان       العقور ا		ábád Musta- qirru-l-		<b>W.</b> 168.	جلوس مانوس میمنت مستعر الخلافة سنة ۱۴ ضرب ضرب آکبراباد
1840     -12   but no regnal year.   but r to left of bottom line.	1838	$_{ m nagar}$	[	।।४। <b>W.</b> 167.	ضرب ۱۱ سنة جلوس مبمنت مابوس
but no regnal year.  W. 51.5. S. 45.  lower line wanting.  W. 52. S. 47 × 42.  As on No. 1837, but  الم اباد Traces of dotted border.  W. 168. S. 95.  but regnal year wanting.  but regnal year wanting.  but regnal year wanting.  Traces of dotted border.	1839	gadh	-3	هلیش عاب ۳ <b>W.</b> 52.	ضرب امتیاز
lower line wanting.  W. 52. S. ·47 × ·42.  As on No. 1837, but  اسلاماباد  Traces of dotted border.  W. 168. S. ·95.  but regnal year wanting.  but regnal year wanting.  Traces of dotted border.  Traces of dotted border.  Traces of dotted border.	1840	<b>31</b>	-12	<b>w.</b> 51·5.	but ir to left of bottom line.
غلوس ميمنت مانوس	1841	,,		<b>w.</b> 52.	but regnal year wanting.
Pl.	1842			Traces of dotted border.  W. 168.	سنة سنة Traces of dotted border.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	N 1842 (a)	Muham- madábád Banáras	11	As on No. 1837, but  11  W. 167.5. S78.	محمداباد میمنت د. سنة جلوس مانوس ضرب بنارس M. 61, inverted, to right
	1843	Murshid-	115~-	**	محمداباد of
		ábád	23	No border.  W. 170. S81.	مانوس میهنت ۲۳ سنة جلوس ضرب مرشداباد
					M. 60 to right of rr No border.
	1844	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	-4	سکم شاه بادشاه غازی صاحب قران ثانی سکه مبارك <b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> ·8.	فة جها اباد دار لخلا شاه ن ضرب جلوس مبهنت مادوس عبر
	1844 (a)		-12	<b>₩.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> ·8.	
	1845 1846		114	محمد ۱۱۴- to right of محمد <b>W.</b> 167-5-166-5	ir
	1847		114	but 115- over ————————————————————————————————————	(1846) A.S.B.
	1848	,	115 21	<b>S.</b> -8.	A.S.B.
		•		<b>W.</b> 167-5. <b>S.</b> -8.	A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
<i>X</i> 1849 <sup>1</sup>	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	115 22	As on No. 1844, but  110 – to right of ••••  W. 167.5. S8.	As on No. 1844, but
1850	,,	115	<b>W.</b> 167•5. <b>S.</b> ∙95.	 rr Traces of dotted border. Pl.
1851	e e	115 26	 <b>W.</b> 167. <b>S.</b> ·85.	 r i <i>A.S.B.</i>
1852		11	 <b>W.</b> 167·5. <b>S.</b> ·8.	r.
1853	Ujjain Dáru-l- fatḥ	(11)50}	As on No. 1837. but ا ه. to left of مبار <b>W.</b> 167. <b>S.</b> 88.	As on No. 1843, but دار الفتح اجين - ۲۰
			Ment not	deciphered
1854 1855	}	1168 (sic)	محمد شاه دادشاه <b>W.</b> 42·5–42. <b>S.</b> ·45.	ب ضر ۱۱۲۸ فر ۱۲۸ <i>è</i> ا Pl.
AR 1856 1857	Aḥmad- ábád	1138-8	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1843, but  احمداباد – ۸
1858 <sup>2</sup>		1141-	<b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> 1·05–1·0. <b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> 1·0.	11

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  This is I.M.C , No. 7403, catalogued as a silver coin on p. 65.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>prime}$  This is I.M.C., No. 7229, p. 63, where  $^{\prime}$  Kora' is given as the mint.

		1		:	
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1859	Aḥmad- ábád	115	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1856, but
				<b>W.</b> 179. <b>S.</b> 1·0.	A.S.B.
	1860	٠.	115	<b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> 95.	 <del>177</del>
	1861 1862	,,	11	<b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> 95.	 (1862) A.S.B.
	1863	Ajmér <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> air	1132-2	As on No. 1837, but  1177  W. 176. S9.	دار للجبر اجمير ضرب مبهنت مانوس جلوس ۲
			-		.1 S.B.
	1864 1865	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1132- aḥd	<b>W.</b> 176–174. <b>S.</b> -88.	As on No. 1863, but اكبراباد – احد مستقر الخلافة
	1866 1/4	;,	-1	but fragmentary: date wanting.  W. 44.	As on No. 1837, but upper portion of legend wanting.  Regnal year #
	1867	••	115	As on No. 1837, but  11 <b>W.</b> 174-8. <b>S.</b> .86.	As on No. 1837, but
	1868		1136-6	<b>W.</b> 175.5. <b>S.</b> -85.	,, 7

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1869	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- khiláfat	113	As on No. 1837, but  117-  W. 175. S. 88.	As on No. 1837, but
1870	,,	114	 119- <b>₩.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·86.	11
1871		114	w. 174·5. s. ⋅85.	 17 A.S.B.
1872	.,	114	 <b>₩.</b> 175-5. <b>\$.</b> -96.	 10 Jihlam.
1873		1147-	 11 <sup>6</sup> v <b>W.</b> 176.	
1874	.,	-20	Date wanting.  W. 175.5.	;; r.
1875	"	1153-	<b>S.</b> -9.	r <del>r</del>
1876		1159-	 1109 <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -9.	 F <b>9</b>
1877	Akbar- nagar	113	As on No. 1837, but  117-  W. 178. S85.	مانوس مىمنت ە سنة جلوس ضرب اكبرىكر

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1878	Akbar- nagar	1155– 25	As on No. 1837, but  1100  W. 180. S86.	As on No. 1877, but
	1879	A <u>kh</u> tar- nagar Awadh	113	 W. 170 S. 1·0.	As on No. 1838, but
	1880	Allah- ábád	114		As on <b>N</b> o. 1877, but
		! [		<b>W.</b> 175⋅5. <b>S.</b> ⋅88.	Pl.
	1881		1154- 24	 	·· • •
				<b>W.</b> 178⋅5 <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	A.S.B.
	1882 1	•	1155– 24	.,   1100   <b>W.</b> 179.   <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	
	1883°	Arkát	-3	As on No. 1837, but date wanting.  W. 176.5. S91	As on No. 1877, but ارکان – ۳
	1883 (a) <sup>3</sup>		-6	Date and part of king's name wanting.	
				<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> -88.	

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  This is LM.C , No. 9023, p. 66, where the mint is given as Akharabád.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Coins bearing the mint name Uj were struck by the French Compagnie des Indes at Pondicherry and the East India Company at Madrás by permission and in the name of Muhammad Sháh. It has been thought preferable to catalogue all such coins in the fourth volume.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This is L.M.C., No. 11360, p. 70—assigned to Ahmad Shah. There is no crescent on the reverse, and the coin resembles in type No. 1883

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1883 (b) 1	Arkát	11	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1883, but	SILVER
1884	,,	113	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -75. 115 – to right of محمد	^	
1884 (a) <sup>2</sup>	,,	-11?	<ul><li><b>W.</b> 169.</li><li><b>S.</b> ⋅82.</li><li>Date wanting.</li><li><b>W.</b> 171.</li></ul>	11 }	
1885	,,	114	s. ۰82.  ۱۱۴– to right of محمد  W. 172. s. ۰8.	i <del>r</del>	
1885 (a) <sup>3</sup> 1885 (b)	,,	1158-	,, 110∧ on one, 110− on the other. <b>W.</b> 171−174·5. <b>S.</b> ·86−·9.	but wavy line in place of regnal year.	
1886 1887	'Azím- ábád (Patna)	1131- aḥd	As on No. 1837, but    1171   W. 178-169-2.   S95.	As on No. 1842, but عظیم آباد – احد (1886) A.S.B.	
1888	••	1132- aḥd	 !!"" <b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> -9.	,,	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 11356, p. 62. The regnal year is doubtful.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  This is I.M.C., No. 11387, p. 66, where the regnal year is given as TT. The figures are indistinct.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  These are I.M.C., Nos. 11357 and 11362, pp. 66-7  $\,$  They do not appear to be coins from the Imperial Mint.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	A 1889	'Azím- ábád	1137-7	As on No. 1837, but  1177  W. 178.5. S92.	عظیماباد ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ۷ سنة
	1890		11	 11 <b>₩.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ·78.	A.S.B.
	1891		1152-	 Iter <b>W.</b> 171. <b>S.</b> •85.	. <del>;;</del>
	1892	1)	1154-	 1165 <b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ·82.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	1893 1894	,,	1154-	 1104 <b>W.</b> 177-5–177. <b>S.</b> -8.	M. 56 in of جلوس of A.S. R
	1895	,,	1156-26	,, 1101 <b>W.</b> 175.	(1893) A.S.B.  M. 56.
	1896		1157- 27	S. ⋅9.  !!ev <b>W.</b> 178-5.	 M. 56.
	1897	,,	115 28	<b>S.</b> ⋅8.  110 - <b>W.</b> 177⋅3. <b>S.</b> ⋅76.	 M. 56.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1898	'Azím- ábád	1159-29	As on No. 1837, but    109  W. 178.5. S75.	As on No. 1889, but  M. 57.  Mint name wanting.  A.S.B.
1899	,.	11	 <b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> ∙74.	ب. Five dots in س of جلوس Mint name wanting. A.S.B.
1900	Barélí	1133-3	As on No. 1837, but  ####  W. 176. S95.	مانوس مىمنت ج جلوس سنة يلے ضرب بر
1901	,,	113	 ₩. 175. \$. ·85.	ضرب بر           
1902	,,	11	 11 <b>₩.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ·71.	1 ", !!
1903	,,	1150-	 110. <b>W.</b> 175.5. <b>S.</b> .85.	A.S.B.
1904	Bur- hánpúr <i>Dáru-s-</i> sarúr	1132-2	<b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> 1-0.	جلوس مانوس مبهنت سنة دار السرور برهانمور A.N.B.
1905	,,	1133–3	<b>W.</b> 177.5. <b>S.</b> .95.	Pl

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1906	Etáwá	113	As on No. 1837, but	مانوس مبهنت ع سنة جلوس ضرب اناوا
	1			<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 1⋅0.	ء سنة جلوس ضرب
	1907		1139-9		انآوا
	1907	••	115:7-:7	<b>w.</b> 175.	:
	1000		1110	<b>S.</b> 1·0.	
	1908	,,	1140- 10	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1.
	3000			<b>S.</b> 1·0.	
	1909	j.	11	 - 1	, ,
	1010			<b>S.</b> 98.	
	1910	••	1144- 14	<b>W.</b> 173.	1 /c
	2013		1114	<b>S.</b> -93.	
	1911	,-	114	 11€~ <b>W.</b> 173	· ! 1
	1010		111-	<b>S.</b> ∙93.	
	1912	17	1147-	 11,5√ <b>W.</b> 171.	
	1670			<b>S.</b> .95.	
	1913	<b>!</b> ••	114	 118- <b>W.</b> 175.	 I A
	167.	The state of the s	1140	<b>S.</b> ·9	
	1914	,,	1149-	 1169 <b>W.</b> 175.	1 9

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obver <b>s</b> e	Reverse
Al 1915	Etáwá	1157- 27	As on No. 1837, Lut	As on No. 1906, but
		11.50	<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> 1⋅0.	
1916	,,	1158- 27	₩. 173. S. 1·0.	"
1917	<b></b>	115	,,     0	Ä
1918	Farru <u>kh</u> -	1156-	<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> 9 As on No. 1844, but 1167	As on No. 1906, but
	ábád	26	over 6 in second line. <b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> 1·0.	فرخ اداد - ۲۶
1919	Gwáliár	1135–5 	1100	كوالبار – ه but
1920		1137-7	<b>W.</b> 175.5.   <b>S.</b> .95.	: :
1921	ı		<b>W.</b> 171-5-174. <b>S.</b> -9.	(1920) A.S.B.
1922		1114- 14	 11 <sup>99</sup> <b>W.</b> 175.	
1923		1153-	<b>S.</b> 1-01.	Regnal year oblit <b>e</b> rated.
1004	Tal. (	: ' 11.5°	<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> 1⋅0.	A.S.B.
1924	Jahángír- nagar	1145-	W. 179-2. S. ∙95	As on No. 1906, but جهانکبرنگر- ۱۵ Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1925	Jahángír- nagar	1155- 25	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1924, but
				<b>₩.</b> 179.5. <b>S.</b> .75.	
	1926	Jaipúr Sawáí	1153- 23	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1906, but سوای جی بور – ۳۳
				<b>W.</b> 174·5. <b>S.</b> ·85.	.4. <i>S.B</i> . Pl.
	1926 (a)	-	1155- 25	'100	 Fo
		1	:	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ∙95.	
	1927		115 28	 110 - <b>W.</b> 172.	 ra
	1928	ı.	1159-	<b>S.</b> -95.	
	1820		29	 (169 <b>W.</b> 173.	P9
	1929	   Kashmír	1136-	<b>S</b> 95.	As on No. 1906, but
	1020			₩. 169·2. S. ·95.	فر کشهر Regnal year obliterated.
	1930		11		Pl.
			2 –	<b>W.</b> 174.	! r-
	1931 ¹	Katak	1154-	<b>S.</b> -85.	A.S.B.
			24	<b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	کناف - ۲۴
					Mánbhúm. Pl.

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  See J.A.S.B., 1905, Num. Supp. V. art. 39.

Metal No.	$\mathbf{M}$ int	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1932	Kan- báyat	-3	As on No. 1837. Date wanting.  W. 179. S9.	As on No. 1906, but ۳– کنبایت
1933	,,	1137 ?-	 11rv? <b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> ∙93.	), , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1934	Korá	1139~9	As on No. 1837, but 1179  W. 174. S83.	مانوس میمنت ۱ سنة جلوس ضرب کورا M. 59 to right of ۹
1935	,,	11	., 11 −− <b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ∙95.	M. 59.
1936 1937	,,	1142-	,, 1147 <b>W.</b> 174·5−173. <b>S.</b> ·91.	M. 59. (1936) A.S.B. Pl.
1938	,,	11	 11 <b>₩.</b> 174. <b>\$.</b> 93.	M. 59.
1939 1940	,,	1144-	 1199 <b>W.</b> 174·5–172·5. <b>S.</b> ·9.	M. 59. (1939) A.S.B.
1941	"	1145-	₩. 175. S. ·95.	M. 59.
1942	"	1145-	 <b>W.</b> 174⋅5. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	M. 59.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date :	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	-1\\ 1943	Korí	114	As on No. 1837, but  (19°- <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 92.	As on No. 1934, but M. 59.
	1944 ,	,	115	 11e− <b>₩.</b> 173. <b>s.</b> ·9.	M. 59.
	1945 1946	Láhor <i>Dáru-s-</i> sal <u>t</u> anut	1132-2	As on No. 1837, but  (177  W. 176-174. S85.	جلوس مانوس ممهنت ۲ دار السلطنه لاهور ضرب
	1947		1135-5	W. 176.5. S9.	لاهور (1946) A.S.B. Pl. دار السلطنة ضرب سنة ه ممنت ممنت جلوس مانوس M. 60 to left of ه
	1948	,,	116	 ₩. 175. S. ·85.	A.S.B. Pl.  M. wanting.  A.S.B.
	1949		11	 11 <b>W.</b> 176-5, <b>S.</b> -86.	M. wanting.
	1950	,,	-13	Date wanting.  W. 173. S8.	M. wanting.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1951	Láhor	11	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1947, but M. 60.	SILVER
1952	,,	1152-	<b>S.</b> ⋅85 !!or <b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	M. 60.	
1953	57	1153-	   <b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ⋅86.	A.S.B.  M. wanting.	
1954 1955	,,,	115	 110- <b>₩.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ·85.	ار الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	
1956	,,	1159-29	 1103 <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·8.	M. 60 in bottom line.  A.S.B.	
1957	,,	30	., 11 <b>₩.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ·8.	M. 60 in bottom line.  Jihlam.	
1958	Muḥam- madābād Banāras	1145-	As on No. 1837, but 1146  W. 172. S9.	محمداباد بنارس ضرب جلوس مانوس میمنت سنة ۱۵	
1959	.,	-21	Date wanting. Traces of dotted border.  W. 173. S95.	مجمداناد میمنت ۲۱ سنة جلوس مانوس ضرب ننارس M. 61 to right of top line.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Al 1960	Muḥam- madábad Banaras	115	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1959, but ۲۴ جلو سنة س M. wanting.
	1961	.,	11 26	 11 <b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> ⊗2.	 M. 61. inverted, to right of محمداباد
	1962	.,	27	Date wanting.  W. 174. S. 8.	M. 61, inverted.
	1963 1964		115 28	 U16- <b>W.</b> 174-173. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	M. 61, inverted. (1964) A.S.B.
	1965 1966	,,	11629	but the on one.  M. 62 over six in second line.  W. 175.	
	1967	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	116	but no m.  W. 174.  S83.	(1965) A.S.B. Pl.  r. M. 61. inverted.
	1968	Multan	1135-	As on No. 1837, but tires  W. 170. S9.	As on No. 1934, but ملتان Regnal year obliterated. Jihlam.
	1969		1117-	but 1150 over 312 in second line.  W. 175. S9	(*

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1970	Multán	1157-26	As on No. 1969, but  1107  W. 177. S9.	As on No. 1968, but  A.S.B. Pl.
1971	Murshid- ábád	1131 ?- aḥd	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1843, but سنة احد M. wanting.
1972	••	2	Date wanting. <b>W.</b> 179. <b>S.</b> ·8.	 r M. 60 to right of r
1973	,,	1135-5	., IIme <b>W.</b> 179-3. <b>S.</b> -88.	M. 60.  A.S.B.
1974	7,	11	 ₩. 178. S. ·8.	M. 60.  A.S.B.
1975	,,	11	 <b>W.</b> 179. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	M. 60.
1976	,,	11	<b>w.</b> 178. <b>s.</b> -85.	M. 60.
1977	,,	114	 118− <b>W.</b> 179. <b>S.</b> ∙85.	M. 60.
1978	••,	1152- 22	 V. 168. S. 1·02.	M. 60.

					7)
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1979	Murshid- ábád	11524	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 1843, but  M. wanting.
	1980	,	1155-	<b>S.</b> ⋅8	A.S.B.  M. wanting.
	1981		1157-26	<b>S.</b> ⋅9.	A.S.B.  M. 60.
	1982	•••	1157-	<b>S.</b> ⋅86. <b>W.</b> 180. <b>S.</b> ⋅95.	M. wanting.
	1983		115	<b>w.</b> 179. <b>s.</b> 1⋅025.	M. 60.  A.S.B. Pl.
	1984 1984 (a)		11529	<b>W.</b> 179–178. <b>S.</b> 9–-85.	M. 60. (1984) A.S.B.
	1985 1985 (a)		1161- 30	but 1131 on one.    M. 59 over x in second   line on No. 1985.	 М. 60
		'		<b>w.</b> 179·5. <b>s.</b> ·88=-8	(1985) A.S.B
	1986 1981		20	محمد شاد ع دادشاه عاز سکده مبارك ۱۱۵۰	As on No. 1934, but • مرنگر – ۲۰ باوس M. 63 over جاوس of
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	A.S.B. (Madrás) P

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1988	Sarhind (Sahrind on coins)	-12	As on No. 1837, but date wanting. <b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> .925.	SILVER مانوس میمنت ۱۲ سنة جلوس ضرب سهرند
1999¹	"	-23	<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ·87.	M. 60 to right of mint name.
				Pl.
2000	Sháhábád Qanauj	1143– 13	 11€r <b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ∙95.	 شاہاداد قنوج – no m.
2001	,,	1144- 13	 I 1886 <b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> -91.	
2002	,,	1145- 14	 Hee <b>W.</b> 173.	l ie 
2003	<b>,</b> ,	1147- 17	Traces of dotted border.  W. 175.	Traces of dotted border.
2004	,,	115- 21	<b>S.</b> 1·075.	 M. 64 over ضر
2005	,,	1152- 22	w. 175. S. ∙95.	Pl Vrr No m.

<sup>1</sup> Ten numbers have been accidentally omitted here in the numeration.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	A 2006	Sháhábád Qanauj	1153– 23	As on No. 1837, but	As on No. 2000, but به M. 65 over
	2007	''	11 24	<b>S.</b> ⋅98.  (1) <b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ⋅95.	 ۴۴ M. 66 over ضر
	2008 2009	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	113 alıd	As on No. 1837, but  117- <b>W.</b> 175-173.8. <b>S.</b> .829.	As on No. 1844, but
	2010	,,	-2	but no date to right of or on any other part of the coin.	(2008) A.S.B. 
	2011	95	1133–3	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>s.</b> -9.  As on No. 1844, but المحتال over صاحب <b>W.</b> 175.5.	n.
	2012 2013	,,		but וודר under الموداء in top	A.S.B.
	2014		1134-3	<b>W.</b> 175–174. <b>S.</b> ∙85.	(2012) A.S.B.
	2015	,,,	1134–4	w. 175. s88.  but rime over صاحب w. 174. s85.	<b>,</b> ,

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 2016	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1135–5	As on No. 1844, but	As on No. 1844, but هند	SILVER
2017	,,	1136–5	but יודן over صاحب <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> .85.	"	
2018	72	1136–6	 <b>₩.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·83.	" T	
2019	; ; ;	113	but 11r- to right of <b>w.</b> 175.5. <b>S.</b> .85.	"	
2020 2021	,   	1137–7	w. 176-175.5. S. ⋅86.	 (2021) A.S.B.	
2022	,	1138-7	<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> .88.	(2021) 11.5.5	•
<b>202</b> 3	,,	1138–8	w. 175. s. ⋅85.	 ^	
2024 2025	,	1139-8	but 1179 over ————————————————————————————————————	 (2025) A.S.B	
2026	; ; ; ;	1139–9	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 8.	,,	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 2027	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1139–9	As on No. 1844, but 1179 to right of 2226  W. 175. S86.	As on No 1844, but
	2028	••	1140-9	but 11%, over ————————————————————————————————————	
	2029	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1140-	' <b>s.</b> ∙85	A.S.B.
	9090	ı	10	<b>₩.</b> 176•5. <b>S.</b> •8.	A.S.B.
	2030	••	1141-	but 1151 to right of 350 <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 85.	
	2031 2032		1141- 11	<b>W.</b> 175–171.5. <b>S.</b> .9.	(2032) A.S.B.
	2033		1142- 11	<b>w.</b> 175.	•
	2034 2035	,	1142- 12	<b>w.</b> 174. <b>s.</b> .85.	 (r (20 <b>35)</b> <i>A.S.B.</i>
	2036		. ,,	 but ۱۱۴۲ over صاحب <b>W.</b> 175	
	2037	,	1143-	<b>S.</b> ·86	; !

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  / M  $_{\odot}$  , No. 7427, p. 63, but the reading of the date and regnal year is doubtful.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 2038	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1144-	As on No. 2037, but  1144  W. 175. S85.	As on No. 2037.
2039	••	1144- 14	 <b>₩.</b> 174. <b>\$.</b> .85.	l'æ ''
2040	, , ,	1145-	۳. 176.	 
2041	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 	but 1180 over ————————————————————————————————————	<i>A.S.B.</i>
			<b>S.</b> ·85.	Jihlam.
2042	••	1145-	but 1180 to right of •••• <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -85.	i e
2043		1146- 15	,, 1164 <b>W.</b> 176.	
2044 2045		1146-	<b>w.</b> 176. <b>s.</b> ·9.	A.S.B.
2046	,,	,,,	 but ۱۱۴۲ over صاحب	· ·
2047	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	114	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -86	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2048 2049	jahánábád	1147- 17	As on No. 1844, but ۱۱۴۷ to right of محمد	As on No. 2047.
		Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat		<b>W.</b> 175-5. <b>S.</b> 85.	(2048) A.S.B.
	2050	,,	1148- 18		 !^
			! !	<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> -85.	
	2051	,.	 !	but 115% over	••
				<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> ·85.	A.S.B.
	2052	,.	-19	Date obliterated.	 1 <b>1</b>
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 88.	,,
	2053	.,	1150- 20	but the to right of see	 r,
				<b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	•
	2054	,.	1151- 20	but 1101 over	
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	
	2055	.,	1151- 21	but 1101 to right of محمد	
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·85.	FI
	2056 2057		1152- 22	1	••
	2007			<b>W.</b> 174·7-174. <b>S.</b> ·9585.	(2057) A C P
	2058	,,	1153-	.,,	(2057) A.S.B.
			22	<b>w.</b> 175. <b>s.</b> ∙95.	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2059	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1153- 23	As on No. 2058.  W. 173. S. ·87.	As on No. 1844, but
2060 2061	,,	1154- 23	<b>w.</b> 175–174.	(2001) A S P
2062	,,	1155– 24	<b>S.</b> ·95-·9.	(2061) A.S.B. 
2063	,,	1155— 25	w. 175. s. ∙95.	,. ro
2064	,,	1157- 26	 110v <b>W.</b> 175.	 A.S.B.
2065 2066		1158-28	<b>S.</b> ·9.	(2065) A.S.B.
2067	,,	1159- 28	Ilon In double circle with dots between.	In double circle with dots between.
2068	,,	1159– 29	W. 172. S. 1·15.  No border. W. 175. S. ·9.	Pl.  No border.

SILVER

Metal   No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 2069	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kk</u> iláfat	116 30	As on No. 1844, but  113-  W. 175 5. S. 86.	As on No. 1844, but r. A.S.B.
2069 (a) <sup>1</sup> 2069 (b) <sup>1</sup>	Súrat	1132- ahd	داطف الد محمد دادساه رمان سسکد زد در جبان سرآاا س. 177.	مانوس میمنت احد سنه جلوس ضرب سؤرب سؤرب (2069 a) A.S.B.
2070		11 ahd	As on No. 1837, but	
207	<b>1</b>	11	<b>w.</b> 178. <b>s.</b> 1-05.	
207	2 .	11	<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> 1-05.	) .:. A.S.B.

1 Coins of this type in gold and silver have been assigned of. UMC., Moghul Emperors, p. 197, and LMC., p. 209, to Nikusiyar, a grandson of Aurangzeb, who was set up as a claimant to the Mughal throne in the troublons year 1719 A.D. (A.H. 1131). Mr. W. Irvine, however, pointed out in the Proc. A.S.B. for April, 1899, that the coins are in reality the first issues of Muhammad Shah, quoting in support of his contention a passage from the Microst-Ahmade. From the latter it appears that on receipt of a hashed-hakm announcing Muhammad Shah's accession, Mihr Ah Khan, the Deputy-Governor of Subah Gujarat... and all the other officials having assembled, the accession was proclaimed by heat of drum, the Khurbah was recited and corn was issued with the inscription—

But after this the inscription on the coin was altered to

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Al 2073	Súrat	-7	As on No. 1837. Date wanting.	As on No. 2069 (a), but
:			<b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> •92.	Bombay Government.
2074	.,	1140-	 ₩. 177. \$. 1·0.	 1.
2075		114	<b>w.</b> 176.	iv
2076	<b>,</b> ,	-19	Date wanting. (Crude execution.)  W. 170.	   19 
2077	.,	-20	<b>S.</b> ⋅95.  <b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> ⋅95.	 7. A.S.B.
2078		-26	 <b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ·95.	 ۲۰ جلوس of س M. 55 in
2079 <sup>1</sup> 2080   2081	••	-27	 <b>W.</b> 172–170. <b>S.</b> 9	 M. 67 over سو
2082		-32!	 <b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> •9.	(2081) A.S.B. Pl.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These coins have none of the appearance of having been struck at the Imperial Mint. They seem to be imitations of the Súrat coins of Muḥammad. *Quaere*: were they issued by the East India Company at Bembay? No. 2079 is *I.M.C.*, No. 11235, p. 66.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2083	Élichpúr		محمد شاه بادشاد 	<u>٠٠٠٠٠</u> س <del>ضرب</del> ابلجبور
			<b>₩.</b> 295. <b>S.</b> ·85.	A S.B. Pl.
2084	   Multán 	1143– 12	محمد شاہ بادشاہ غازے [مل]وس سما[۱۱]	ملتان ضرب ۱۲ جلوس مبارك
			<b>W.</b> 209. <b>S.</b> 1·0.	Pl.
2085	į	-22	[محم]د شاه [دادشا]ه غاز <b>W.</b> 179.	 ۲۰ سنة ضرب ضرب ایاد
	No.  Æ 2083	No.  Æ 2083 Élichpúr  2084 Multán	Multán 1143–12	No.       Millt       Date       Obsterse         AE       2083       Élichpúr        محمد ماد ماد ماد ماد ماد ماد ماد ماد ماد م

## XIII AḤMAD SHÁH

А. н. 1161-1167.

А. р. 1748-1754.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
A' 2086	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	-2	احمد شاء بهادرے بادشاہ غاز سکہ مبار سکہ مبار <b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> •92.	<b>GOLD</b> جاوس مانوس میمنت مستقر الخلافة سنة ۲ ضرب اکبراباد Pl.
2087	Allah- ábád	-3	₩. 166-6. \$. •75.	مانوس میمنت سنة جلوس ضرب ضرب الهاباد Pl.
2088	Burhán- púr <i>Dáru-s-</i> sarúr	1166-6	but the over les in second line.  W. 169.9. S84.	جلوس مانوس میمنت سنة دار السرور ضرب برهانپور
Æ 2089	Akbar- nagar	-4	Date wanting. <b>W.</b> 180. <b>S.</b> .85.	<b>SILVER</b> As on No. 2087, but اکبرنگر – ۴
2090	Allah- ábád	1164-4	but ٦٠ to left of غاز <b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> -8.	As on No. 2087, but  #  A.S.B.
2091 1	',	1166–5	but זז <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -8.	,, o

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is *L.M.C.*, No. 9193, p. 70, assigned to Akbarabád.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Rev rse
SILVER	∄ 2092	'Azím- ábad (Patna)	1162- ulid	احمد شد بهسادر دادساه غزر به ۱۱۲۰ سکد مساری	مانوس میهنت سنه احد جلوس عظم [اناد] صرب
				<b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> √7	A.8.B.
	2093 2094		1162-2	<b>W.</b> 177-7-177-5 <b>S.</b> ∙9185.	عظیماداد صرب میمنت مایوس جلوس ۲
			:		سنه جلوس of س M. 57 in جاوس 2091) .1.8.B.
	2095 2096	.,	1166-6	<b>W.</b> 179–177.5 <b>S.</b> -85.	M 68 to left of z (2095) A.S.B. Pl.
	2097	,	1167-7	<b>W.</b> 175.	 M. 68.
	2098	Barélí	-3	S. ·8.  As on No. 2086  W. 172. S. ·92.	مانوس مامنت ممنت جلوس سنه بالم
	2099		1166-6	but to left of ju <b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> 92	فرت تر مرت M. 69 over ب of مرت         

Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Barélí	1167-6	As on No. 2086, but	As on No. 2099, but m. 71 over ضرب ot ضرب
	· ·	<b>₩.</b> 172. <b>s.</b> •9.	
Burhan- púr <i>Dáru-s</i> -	1164-4	in second line. و غا ver د ا	
sarúr		<b>S.</b> ⋅95.	Bétúl C.P.
Etáwá	-5	 Date wanting.	As on No. 2087, but اتاوا – ه
		<b>W.</b> 172.5. <b>S.</b> .96.	+ to right of e
Farru <u>kh</u> - ábád	alid	Date wanting.	As on No. 2087. but فرخ اباد – احد
	•	<b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> 93.	
Imtiyáz- gadh		احمد شاد 1 مهــادر ا	مادوس مبهنت جاوس
(Adom)	1	[ع] الم بناد ( نفصہ ( ك	سنة
		<b>w.</b> 175. <b>s.</b> ⋅85.	امنیازگده (2105) A.S.B. Pl.
Jahángír- nagar	11 and	اا احمد شاد ج بهادر بادشاد نخاز	As on No. 2087, but جهانکبرنگر-احد
	!	M. 59 over v in second line.	
  -  -	1	<b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	Pl.
, , ,	- 5	ا but بهادر in top line.	
	Burhan- púr Dáru-s- sarár  Etáwá  Fairukh- ábád  Imtiyáz- gadh (Adoní)	Burhan- 1164-4 púr Dáru-s- sarár  Etáwá -5  Farrukh- ábád ahd  Imtiyáz- gadh (Adoní)  Jahángír- nagar 11 ahd	Barélí 1167-6

**W.** 178⋅5 **S.** ⋅9

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 2108	Jahángír- nagar	-6	As on No. 2107. M. 72.	As on No. 2106, but
				<b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> ⋅81.	
	2109	**	-7	M. 58 in second line. <b>W.</b> 178.	··· v
			And and any or the second seco	<b>S.</b> ·84.	
	2110	Jaipúr Sawáí	1161- ahd	As on No. 2086, but ۲۱ to left of غاز <b>w.</b> 174.	As on No. 2087, but سوای جی پور-احد
	2111	Katak		<b>S.</b> ·85.	
			aḥd	Date wanting. <b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> .9.	کنان – احد
	2112	,,	-2	<b>w.</b> 172.	;; F
	0110		-4	<b>S.</b> ·85.	Bétúl.
	2113	,,	-4	<b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> ·9.	۴
	2114	,,	-5	<b>w.</b> 172.	
	2115	1	11	<b>S.</b> ·87.	Pl.
	2110	',	5	w. 178.	,,
				<b>S.</b> ·81.	Pl.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is a marked dissimilarity between the die from which this coin was struck and that used for the other coins of Katak here catalogued, see plate. The initial 'K' of Katak is different from the 'K' on the other coins, and the o is also different from the o on No. 2114. The upper line of the obverse is written احمدشاه المعادية

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 2116	Katak	-6	As on No. 2111. Date wanting.	As on No. 2111, but
			<b>W.</b> 172. <b>s.</b> ⋅86.	Bétúl.
2117	31	-7	<b>w.</b> 168. <b>s.</b> ∙91.	·, v
2118	"	?	<b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	but rii over "
2119	"	; ;	<b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	but rir over "
2120 2121	"		<b>w.</b> 168–165. <b>s.</b> ⋅8.	but o over سنة and M. 73 over و of جلو of (2121)
2122 2123	,,	,,,	<b>₩.</b> 166·5–165. <b>S.</b> ·75.	o over سنة and m.m. 73– 74 over جلو of جلو A.S.B.
2124	"	25	<b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> ∙82.	Pl.  ov over سنة  No m. over و  Bétúl.
2125 2126	,•	,,,	,, <b>W.</b> 168–167. <b>S.</b> ∙82.	 منة oır over Bêtúl.
2127	13	,,	<b>w.</b> 166·5.	ر, سنة Ori over
2128	17	,,	<b>S.</b> -81.	Bétúl.
1		[	<b>w.</b> 172. <b>s.</b> ⋅85.	سنة ۲۸ over Bêtúl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 2129	Katak	<del></del> ?	As on No. 2086 <b>W.</b> 171. <b>S.</b> 85.	As on No. 2111, but بنة over هند Bétûl. Pl.
	2130			<b>W.</b> 170 <b>S.</b> ·9.	سنه OVer سنه
	2131	. !	••	<b>W.</b> 171⋅5 <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	 but ۱۸ over and 11 under سنهٔ Pl.
	2132			<b>W.</b> 172 <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	but 65 over سنه <i>Bétál</i> .
	2133	,		<b>w.</b> 172 <b>s.</b> -8.	but (1) over aim
	2134			<b>₩.</b> 171 <b>S.</b> ⋅85	over سنه A.S.B.
	2135	Kan- báyat	ahd	As on No. 2086. Date wanting.  W. 178 S. 9.	As on No. 2087, but کنانت – احد
	2136	Láhor Dárn-s- saltanat	1162-   ahd	but over has som in third line  w. 177. S8	لاهور دار السلطنه صرب سنه احد
		1		<b>D.</b> **O	مىمنت جلوس مانوس

A.S.B. 11

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR <b>2137</b>	Láhor Dáru-s-	-2	As on No. 2136, but no date in third line.	As on No. 2136, but	SILVE
	sal <u>t</u> anat		<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ·87.		
2138		-3	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 78.	 r	
2139 2140	.,	1164-4	   but الجا over أي in top line.	<b>!e</b> ''	
ı			<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> -8.	(2139) Miánwáli. (2140) A.S.B.	
2141	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1161 ahd	below بها in top line.	محمداباد میمنت احد جلو سنة س مانوس صرب بنارس M. obliterated.	
			<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> 77.	جلو سنة س مانوس صرب دا س	
				M. obliterated.	
2142 2143	,, 1	1162-2	 ا المالة M. 33 over في in middle		
			W. 175–172. S. ·8–·85.	(2142) A.S.B.	
2144 2145	٠,	1163-3	M. 33 in middle line.	 M. 75 to right of محمد	
		i	<b>W.</b> 174–172. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	(2144) A.S.B.	
2146 2147	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1161-4	 11x5 M. 33.	.; М. 75.	
		ı	<b>₩.</b> 175·5–175. <b>S.</b> ·8.	(2147) A.S.B.	
2148 2149	"	1165-4		М. 75.	
			<b>w.</b> 175 <b>s.</b> ∗8	(2148) A.S.B.	

No.	Mint	Date	Obverse		
AR 2150			<b>W.</b> 174·5.		
2151	,,	1166–5	M. 76.		0
2152	"	1167-	M. 77.		A.S.B.
2153	Multán	1163–2	As on No. 2086, but the over is a in middle line,  W. 177.		2087, but ملتان
		1162- aḥd	but har to left of مبار in bottom line.  W. 178.	- احد	. 2087, but مرشداباد- right of احد (2155) A.S.I
		1162-2	ı	М. 60.	 r (2156) <i>A.S.J</i>
2158	3 .,	-2	Date wanting. M. 59 over a in middl line.	M. 60.	,,
	AR 2150 2151 2152 2153 2154 2155	## 2150 Muhammadábád Banáras   2151   ,.   2152     2153 Multán   2154 Murshid-2155   ábád   2156 2157     2156 2157	AR 2150 Muḥam-madábád Banáras li  2151 ,. 1166-5  2152 1167-  2153 Multán 1163-2  2154 Murshid-abád 1162-aḥd  2156 2157 ,. 1162-2	## 2150 Muham madábád Banáras   1165-5	Muhammadábád   M. 76 over lé s in middle   M. 75.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 2159 2160	Murshid- ábád	1163-3	As on No. 2154, but  1117  No m.  W. 178. S9575.	As on No. 2154, but  M. 60.  (2160) A.S.B.	SILVE
2161	,,	1164-3	<b>W.</b> 178-5. <b>S.</b> 1-02.	М. 60.	
2162	,,	-4	Date wanting.  W. 176. S 9.	у. М. 60.	
2163 2164	,,	-5	M. 72 over s in middle line.  W. 179.2-178.	M. 60.	
2165	,,	1166-6	but 1177 to left of M. 58 over s in middle line.	(2164) A.S.B.  ,, M. 60.	
2166	,,	1167–6	W. 177. S. ⋅92. ,, M. 58. W. 178.	М. 60.	
2167	Sarhind (Sahrind on coins)	1161- aḥd	S95.  As on No. 2086, but 1111  to left of غاز <b>W.</b> 173. S85.	As on No. 2087, but سہرند-احد	
2168	<b>&gt;</b> 1	1162–2	,, !!\r	,, r	
			<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S. ∙</b> 85.	A.S.B.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 2169 2170	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> ilúfat	1161– aḥd	As on No. 2086, but (17) to left of 55. <b>W.</b> 174-5-174. <b>S.</b> 95-85	فة جها أباد دارلخلا شاد ن ضرب جلوس مبهنت مانوس
		1	ı		. رول احد سنة
		•			(2170) A.S.B.
	2171	•••	1162– alıd	94 195*	
			!	<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ·9	
	2172	**	1162-2	<b>W.</b> 174.	 •
		i		<b>S.</b> ·88.	
	2173 2174		11 <b>63</b> –3	: 1 450	,
		1	: : : !	M. 60 over مها and to left برا of مار	
			;	<b>W.</b> 176–174. <b>S.</b> 95–9.	(2173) A.S.B.
	2175 2176	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1164-4	1144	
				M. 60. W. 175.	ř
		i		<b>S.</b> .95.	(2176) A.S.B.
	2177	1	1165-5	1170	
		•		M. 60	
	2178	1	11 <b>166</b> –6	<b>S.</b> -9.	
	2110	•	1100-0	M. 60.	
			 	<b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> -81.	

## XIV 'ÁLAMGÍR II

а. н. 1167-1173.

A. D. 1754-1759.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
X 2179 2180 2181 2181 (a)	Imtiyáz- gadh [Adoní]	-21 (sic)	عالمگیر ثانے بادشاہ ۱۰ شاہ to left of slm on	گده ضرب امنباز	GOLD
1			<b>W.</b> 51·6-51·3-51. <b>S.</b> ·045 × ·38-·45-·47 × ·12.	Pl.	
2182	٠,		<b>W.</b> 25. <b>S.</b> 35.	"	
2183	Jaipúr Sawáí	1176	بادشاه غاز بادشاه غاز كري كادشاه غاز كري كادشاه مبار مبار مبار مبار مبار كري 168. <b>8.</b> .75.	مانوس مبهنت سنة جلوس ضرب سوای جی،ور	
2184	Láhor Dáru-s- salţanat	1172-5	In dotted border, as on No. 2183, but five M. 79 to left of w. 168.	لاهور دار الساطنة ضرب سنة ه مبينت جلوس مانوس	
2185	Muḥam- madábad Banáras	-3	عالم كسر با]دشاد غاز  <b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> 68.	ا المحمداباد میمنت جلوس ۳ سنة مانوس ضرب ننارس	

-	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	N 2186 2187	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> ilófat	1172–5	عالمگير غاز با[دشاه] عزيز الدين ۲۰۰۰ شـــــــ[باه] همچو تابان مهر و[ماه] ســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	[? خلد الله سلطانه] دار الخلافة شاهجهان[اباد ضرب جلوس ميمنت مانوس سنة سنة (2187) A.S.B.
	2188		1173-6	,, !!v∺ <b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> ∙78.	
	2189		-6	Date wanting. <b>W.</b> 169. <b>S.</b> -8.	[فق جَهُما اباد] but [فق جَهُا اباد] [دار ۱] لحلا شاء[ن
SILVE	R AR 2190	Aḥmad- ábád	11	As on No. 2183, but  11  W. 177.5.  S. 1.0.	As on No. 2183, but احمداناد ۳– ا
	219	<b>1</b> ,,	1176	₩. 181. S. ·94.	M. 80 in " of plant of mint name is wanting, but m. 80 sufficiently indicates the mintage.  A.S.B.
	219	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- khiláfa	2	As on No. 2183, but	جلوس مانرس مبمنت مستفر الخلافه سنة ۲ ضرب اکبراباد
			1		A.S.B.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2193	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1169–3	As on No. 2183, but  1113  No m.  W. 174. S. 1-1.	As on No. 2192, but
2194	Akbar- nagar	1167– aḥd	but זע to left of مبار M. 58 over s in middle line. <b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> 1-0.	As on No. 2183, but اکرنگر- احد M. 59 to right of احد Pl.
2195	Allah- ábád	1168- aḥd	but 1171 to right of عالم w. 174. s75.	As on No. 2183, but ب ضر العاباد – احد ضر العاباد – احد A.S.B.
2196¹ 2197	,,	1169–2	<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> .75.	(2197) A.S.B.
2198°	Arkát	-4	محمد عزبر الدین عالم[کیر نا]دشاہ غاز	As on No. 2183, but ارکان – ۴
2199	'Azím- ábád (Patna)	116—— aḥd	W. 175. S85.  As on No. 2183, but 115- in bottom line.  W. 178. S85.	A.S.B. (Púná). Pl. عظیم اباد ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس احد سنة احد M. 81 to left of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 9189, p. 73, where Akbarábád has been given as the mint name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This differs from the coins bearing this mint name issued by the East India Company and the French Compagnie des Indes, and appears to be an imperial coin.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR <b>2200</b>	'Azím- ábád (Patna)	1168-2	As on No. 2199, but	As on No. 2199, but M. 81.
		,		<b>W.</b> 178, <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	A.S.E
	2201	•	1169-2	1 1 4 d	M. 81.
			1	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	
	22021		1169-3		· 
	İ		t 	<b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> √8.	M. 81.
	2203	11	1170-3	 . Ly .	., r
	,			<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> √75.	M. 81.
	2204	11	1171-4	 	i  
				<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ·8.	M. 81.
	2205	,,	- 5	Date wanting	11
	2			<b>W.</b> 90.	M. 81.
	2206		1172-6	<b>S.</b> ·65.	A.S.B
	2207	, ,	1172-0	 Hvr	M. 81.
	;			<b>W.</b> 178–175 <b>S.</b> ∙78.	(2206) A.S.B
	2208	,,	1173-6	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	W. o.
			•	₩. 178·5.	M. 81.
	2209		117	<b>S.</b> ·75.	A.S.B
	$\frac{1}{2}$	•	6	     v	M. 81.
			1	<b>₩.</b> 89·5. <b>\$.</b> ·65.	A.S.B Pl

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 9175, where the mint has been mistakenly given as Muḥammadábád Banáras. M. 81 shows that it is 'Azimál ad.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 2210 2211	Barélí	1168– aḥd	As on No. 2183, but	مانوس ميهنټ	SILVER
			<b>W.</b> 172–170. <b>S.</b> ·88.	مانوس میمنت احد جلوس سنة یلے ضرب بر ضرب of فرب M. 82 over	
	•	!		(2211) A.S.B. Pl.	
2212 2213	•••	116	₩. 170.	M. 82.	
2214	.,	117	<b>S.</b> ·9.	(2213) A.S.B.	
2215 2216		117	but it to left and v- to right of le	ضرب of ب M. 83 over	
			<b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> -9.	جلوس of س M. 84 in جلوس (2216) <i>A.S.B.</i>	
2217	Etáwá	1168- aḥd	الم to left of عالم • <b>W.</b> 168,	المارة (2210) As on No. 2183, but	
2218	Gwáliár	-4	s. 1.0. but date wanting. M. 59 over	 گوالمار - بو but	
			<b>w.</b> 175. <b>s.</b> -94.	; Bétúl,	
2219 2220	Imtiyáz- gadh (Adoní)		عالمكسر ثانے سكہ زد عزدز الدين نے صاحبفرا	مادوس مبعنت جلوس ٠٠٠٠ ضرب	
			<b>₩.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> .78.	امتنازگده A.S.B. Pl.	

	Metal No.	<b>M</b> int	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2221	Jahángír- nagar	11 ahd	As on No. 2183, but عالمگسر M. 58 over s in middle	As on No. 2183, but جهانگیرنگر-احد
		ì	ı	<b>W.</b> 180. <b>S.</b> √95	
	2222		-2	Date wanting. M. 58.	;; ř
		1	1 1 1	<b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> .95.	
	<b>222</b> 3		11	 M. 58.	0
				<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> ⋅95.	Pl.
	2224	Jaipúr Sawáí	aḥd		As on No. 2183, but
		1		عالم كبر but Date wanting. ما M. 78 over	احد
			} }	<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> .95.	
	2225	Kan- báyat (Cambay)	-6	عالم گبر [ثانع] 	کنبان - · · کنبان
			1	<b>W.</b> 180. <b>S.</b> ·8.	
	2226	Láhor Dáru-s- saltanat	1169-2	As on No. 2183, but	As on No. 2184, but
		owija mil		<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ·75.	
	2227	•	1172-6	 	۲۱
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> 75.	1

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
At 2228	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1167 aḥd	(sic) اعز الدين عالمگير ثاني ساحب قران اسكه مبار [3] <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> .84.	محمداباد میمنت جلوس احد سنة مانوس ضرب [بنارس] M. 85 to right of top line. Pl.	SILVER
2229	<b>31</b>	116	As on No. 2183, but  111-  W. 175. S. •8.	M. 85.  A.S.B.	
2230	,,	11	w. 166. S. ⋅75.	 М. 85. <i>А.S.B</i> ,	
2231	<b></b>	1170-	₩. 175. \$. ·8.	 ж М. 85.	
2232 2233	,,	1171-4	but 11v1 to left of & <b>W.</b> 174–173. <b>S.</b> -8.	., ж М. 85. (2233) <i>A.S.B.</i>	
2234	,,	117	 but ۱۱۷- to right of اع M. 86 between s and اغ in second line.	c M. 85 (traces of).	
<b>223</b> 5	33	1172– 6	W. 173. S. ·8.  N. 86.  W. 174. S. ·75.	.، بر of س M. 87 in	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obvers <b>e</b>	Reverse
SILVER	Al 2236	Murad- ábád	117 5	As on No. 2183, but 11 to left and v- to right of	مانوس میمنت
	'			M. 88 over 2 in middle line.	جلوس سنة ه ضرب
				<b>W</b> . 172.	مراداباد
				<b>S.</b> ⋅85.	جلوس of س M. 88 in
					Pl.
	2237	Murshid-	1167- aḥd	`	As on No. 2183, but
		ábád	and	عالمكسر but مبار to left of	مرشداباد – احد احد M. 60 to right of
				M. 58 over s in middle	in, oo to right of
		i	1	line.	
				<b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> 1·0.	
	2238		1168-	-	,,
	2239		ahd	M. 58 in middle line and	M. 60.
			;	m. 60 to left of عالمكسر	
			,	<b>W.</b> 179-9-179.	
				<b>S.</b> ·98.	(2239) A.S.B.
	2240	,,	1169-	2	
				M. 58.	М. 60.
				M. 60 wanting. <b>W.</b> 178.	
				<b>S.</b> 1.025.	
	224	1 .	1171-	-4	.,
	224 224		ì	M. m. 58-60.	i. Fe
	224			<b>W.</b> 180.	
				<b>S.</b> ·95.	(2242-3) A.S.L
	224		-2	As on No. 2183. Date wanting.	الاد
		ábád		Portions of dotted border.	نجبب
		1		<b>W.</b> 175.	ضرب مىمنت مادوس
			1	<b>S.</b> -8.5.	جلوس ۲
					سنه
			1		Portions of dotted borde

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 2245	Najíb- ábád	116	As on No. 2183, but عالگیر ۱۱۶ – to right of le + over s in middle line. No border.	As on No. 2244, but No border.	SILVER
2246	•,	11	W. 174. S. ·8.  + over همار M. 71 to left of	,,e	
			<b>₩.</b> 174. <b>s.</b> ·9.	P	l.
2247	"	-5	Date wanting.	• •	
1			+ over ه M. 89 to left of مبار	1	
			<b>₩.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ·85.		
2248	"	117	 ۱۱۷ – + over ه M. 90 to left of مبار	*** 1 1	
			<b>₩.</b> 174. <b>\$.</b> ·9.		
<b>2249</b> 1	Narwar	1173-6	As on No. 2183, but ۱۱۷۳ با under	As on No. 2183, but زور – ۲	
1		T.	M. 59 over 4	M. 59 to right of	
			<b>W.</b> 171-5 <b>S.</b> -95.	P	l.
2250	Sarhind (Sahrind on coins)	i	but  W. 164.	 but سهرند Regnal year obliterated	
2251	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l</i> -	11 aḥd	<b>S.</b> ·82.	As on No. 1844, but	
}	<u>kh</u> iláfat		<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> .85.	A S.A	В.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 13154, p. 74, where the mint name has been tentatively read Baroda. Fuller specimens support the present reading.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	A 2252	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	-2	۔۔۔۔۔۔ [عالمگامر بادشاہ غازے ابو] العدل عزیز الدین ك سكہ مبار	جهان اباد شـــاه دار لخلافة سنة r ب ب ميمنت مانوس ضر
				سده مبار <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> -8.	
	2253	,,	-3	As on No. 2252, but in top line	r.
			1	ا حلد الله ملكه و سلطانه مكه و سلطانه محمد الله In lower line parts of الإد بر هفت كشور	
				<b>W</b> . 172. <b>S</b> . ⋅85.	<b>A.S.B.</b> Pl.
	2254	. , ,,	1170-4	As on No. 2186, but  Top line fragmentary, other lines full.	As on No. 2186, but  Portions of top line legible.
		<u> </u> 		<b>₩.</b> 174. <b>\$.</b> ·88.	Pl.
	2258	<b>5</b> ,.	1172-6	117	Top line wanting.
				<b>W.</b> 176. <b>S.</b> -85.	A.S.B.
	2256	Súrat?	-5	As on No. 2183. Date wanting,  W. 177. S. 8.	As on No. 2183, but اسورت - ه

<sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 9043. p. 74. and has been assigned to the Murshidabad mint. It is, however, entirely different in type from the Murshidabad coins of this reign, and the characters below ضرب appear to be parts of the word.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ			Mint not	deciphered	SILVER
2257	3	<b>-</b> 5	As on No. 2183. Date wanting.	1 بندر مفا 1	<b>72_12_</b>
			<b>W.</b> 172.	مرب میمنت مانوس	
			<b>S.</b> ∙9.	ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ه سنة	
				س and نو M. 44 between	•
				Thána Pl	
Æ <b>2258</b>	Láhor		- Fla	   	COPPER
2259	Lanoi	"	عالم كبر ك سكة مبار	لاهور ه	
			سکه مبار	ه ب فلوس ضر	
			<b>₩.</b> 202–185. <b>s.</b> ·9.	Traces of dotted border.	
				Pl.	
2260	Shah-		عالم <i>گیر</i> فلوس	اباد	
	jahánáb <b>á</b> d		فلوس	جهان	
			<b>W.</b> 311·5. <b>S.</b> ·85.	شاه ضرب	
				Pl	,

## SHÁH JAHÁN III

А. н. 1173-1174.

A.D. 1759-1760.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
GOLD	<i>X</i> 2261	'Azím- ábád (Patna)	alid	شاہ جہاں ے ماآدشاہ غاز  <b>W.</b> 169. <b>S.</b> •7.	[عظیم اباد] ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس احد سنة احد M. 81 to left of	
SILVER	Æ 2262°	Ahmad- ábád	117 ahd	۱۱۷- شاهجهان ع دادشاه عاز ک	Pl. As on No. 2183, but احمداباد – احد جلوس of س M. 80 in	
	<b>2263</b> ³	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	ahd	سکه مبار <b>W.</b> 180 <b>S.</b> .95.  شاه جهان عاز  نادشاه عاز  نادشاه مبار	Pl. جلوس مادوس مبنت مستمر الحلاف سنة احد	
	2264	'Azím- ábád	1173- , aḥd	W. 175. S95.  As on No. 2261, but below  المارك	صرب اکبراداد Pl. As on No. 2261. M. 81 to left of احد	

¹ The chief guide to the assignation of this coin is the mint-mark, which, since the reign of Ahmad Shah, appears on all the coins of the 'Azımábád mint,

<sup>2</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 8511, p. 75, assigned in error to Murshidabad. The letters are distinctly visible. The mint-mark is also that of Ahmadabad.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> I have assigned this coin to Shah jahan III in preference to Shah jahan II on account of the inferiority in execution as compared with the coins of the latter king

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 2265 2266	'Azím- ábád	1174- aḥd	As on No. 2264, but	As on No. 2261. M. 81.	SILVER
			<b>w.</b> 179–178. <b>s.</b> ⋅9–83.	(2265) Mánbhúm. (2266) A.S.B. Pl.	
2267	,,	— aḥd	Lower line and date wanting.	M. 81.	
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	₩. 90. \$. ·7.	Pl	
2268	drapúr (Bharat-	aḥd	۱۱۷۴ شاہ جہا <u>ن ے</u> بادشاہ غاز	مهءاندربور ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس	
	púr)	1	بادسه عار ســکه مبارك	جلوس میمنت مالوس احد سنة	
		)    -	<b>₩.</b> 171. <b>S.</b> 1·0.	Pl	
<b>22</b> 69	Súrat	117	Unit of date and lower line wanting.	 جلوس 	
	•	1	<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	جلوس ض]رب س]ورت س	

XV SHÁH 'ÁLAM II

А. н. 1173-1221.

A. D. 1759-1806.

		<del></del>	<u>.</u>			
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
GOLD	A 2270 2271	Aḥmad- nagar Farru <u>kh</u> - ábád	-31	الله محمد شاه عالم [باد شــاًاه شــاًاه و زنائد حامی [دین نے سکه صاحب قرا ز on one می M. 84 over ن on the other. M. 92 over اص on both.	مانوس مبهنت سنة ۳۱ جلوس ضرب احمدنگر فرخ[اباد	
				<b>S.</b> ·95 ·9.		Pl.
	2272 <sup>1</sup>	Jaipúr Sawáí	-15	بادشاہ غالـز ك سكہ مبار مبار M. 78 over	سوای جی دور – hut ۱۵	
				<b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> ∙75.	 	
	2273 <sup>2</sup>	Korá ?	117 2	اله محمد فضل فضل شاه عالم بادشاه سکه در هفت کشور زد M.m. 93-94 over دادشاه	but r-[ورا] M. 59 to right of r	
		1		<b>S.</b> ·75.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 10841, p. 72, and has been catalogued as a coin of Alamgir II. It certainly resembles in type No. 2183 (supra), but the regnal year 15, which is clear, indicates that it is a coin of Sháh 'Alam. Use has possibly been made of an old die for the obverse.

The attribution of Nos. 2273 and 2274 to Kora is not free from doubt. They undoubtedly are from the same mint as No. 2358 (a) below, but in that coin there are traces of letters before 1. A fuller specimen must be awaited before any reading can be accepted with confidence.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
N 2274	Korá	11	As on No. 2273.  M. m. 94–95 over بادشاء and m. 59 under لم 166. ع. •72.	As on No. 2273, but M. 59.	<b>O</b> I
<b>227</b> 5	Maha-In- drapúr (Bharat- púr)	1175–2	الله محمد شاه عالم شـــاه از ۱۱۷۵ فضل حامبدین باد سـکه زد] بر هفت کشور <b>W.</b> 167.	مهة اندربور ضرب جلوس مىمنت مانوس r سنة Pl.	
2276		118	but 11A- and two lower lines wanting.	ं. स to left of date.	
2277	Najíb- ábád	1178-5	شـاه ^^[11] سابه فضل حامی دس سـکه	نجىباباد ضرب جلوس مبمنت مانوس ه سنة	
			زد بر] هفت کشور <b>W.</b> 166. <b>S.</b> ·8.		
2278	,,	-25	but date and two lower lines wanting.  M. 91 to left of  W. 165.5.  S72.	,,	
2279	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	(117)4-	As on No. 2277, but Fragmentary.  W. 168. S8.	As on No. 1844, but  r Mint name fragmentary.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	N 2280	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	(119)7-	As on No. 2279, but  M. 96 over مي  W. 166. S. · 7.	As on No. 2279, but
	2281		1217-45	In dotted border  اله دىن محمد عا باد مے  اله دىن محمد عا باد مے  الا دىن محمد عا باد مے  الا دىن محمد عل باد مے  الا دىن محمد عل باد مے  الا دىن محمد عل باد مے  الا د ن اللہ محمد عل محمد عل محمد عل محمد عل محمد عل محمد عل محمد عل محمد عل محمد عل محمد علی محمد عل	In dotted border as on No. 1844, but
		1		Branch over <b>w.</b> 163. <b>S.</b> 1·35.	Pl.
	0001		1		uot deciphered
	$(a)^{1}$	}	. —	عل <u>ای گو</u> هرے بادشاہ عاز	کنجنکوت ضرب
		1		<b>W.</b> 43. <b>S.</b> ∙5	≀ Kanj <b>a</b> nkot. Pl.
SILVER	Æ 2282 2283	Aḥmad- ábád	1188-	۱۱۸۸ شاہ عالم ے دادشاہ غاز ک کہ مبار	As on No. 2270, but احمداناد – ۱۵ جلوس of س M. 80 in
				<b>W.</b> 181–180. <b>S.</b> 1·025–1·0	(2282) A.S.B Pl.
	2284	, ,,	119	., 119—	,, ,,
			3	<b>W.</b> 179. <b>S.</b> ∙95.	A.S.B.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 10908, p. 76. The reading گنگبور cannot, I think, be supported.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 2285	Aḥmad- nagar Farru <u>kh</u> - ábád	1187– 15	الله محمد شاه عالم باد شاه از فضل حامی دین ۱۱۸۷ سکه زد بر هفت کشور	As on No. 2270, but اه س M. 65 over جاوس	SILVER
			M. 92 over مي		
			<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> 1·05.	A.S.B	
2286	,,	1192-	M. 98.	,, 19 <b>M. 6</b> 5.	
	Description of the second of t	1	<b>W.</b> 174·5. <b>S.</b> 1·07.		
2287	2)	1193-	M. 98.	,, r. M, 65.	
		}	<b>W.</b> 174-5. <b>S.</b> 1-09.	, ; 	
2288 2289	11	1197-23!	M. 98 on one, m. 99 on the other over	,, rr M, 65.	
			<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> 1·05.	Pl	
<b>2</b> 290	, ,,	1197-24	) ,, 111√ M. 98.	M. 65.	
			<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> 1·05.		
2291	,,   	1198-24!	M. 99.	М. 65.	
	1		<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> 1·05.		

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
silver	AR 2292 2293	Aḥmad- nagar Farru <u>kh</u> - ábád	1198- 25	As on No. 2285. M. 99. <b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> 1.05.	As on No. 2270, but ro M. 65. (2293) A.S.B.
	2294	,,	1199- 27	M. 98.  W. 174. S. 1-07.	,, M. 65.
	2295	,,	1203-29	., М. 98. <b>W.</b> 170.	M. 65.
	2296		-31	S. 1.04.  As on No. 2270.  M. 84 over م  M. 92 over م	 M. 65.
	2297	2.	1211-31	but irit to left of middle line and only m. 92.  W. 173.	M. 98 over" ج of جلوس
	2298	<b>)</b> 1	1213-	M. 92.  W. 170. S. 1.0.	,, ri
	2299	,.	1214-39	M. 92. W. 169-5.	
	2300 2300 (a)		1215-39	M. 92. W. 170.	''
		1	i	<b>S.</b> 1·05.	(2300 a) A.S.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 2301 2302	Aḥmad- nagar Farru <u>k</u> h- ábád	1216- 39	As on No. 2270, but  M. 92.  W. 171. S. 1.05.	As on No. 2270, but
2303	22	1217-	M. 92. <b>W.</b> 171·5. <b>S.</b> ∙96.	22
2304	,,	1218- 39	M. 92.  W. 172-5. S. 1-0.	3)
2305	71	1219-	M. 92. W. 170. S. 1.0.	,,
2306	2)	1220-	,, M, 92. <b>W.</b> 169. <b>S.</b> ∙95.	
23071	Ajmér <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> air	1178?	شاہ عالم شاہ عالم بادشاہ غاز ک سکہ مبار سکہ مبار	As on No. 2277, but ۱-[اجمبر] دار الخ]ير
2308	,,	-10	<ul> <li>S. ·86.</li> <li>Date wanting.</li> <li>W. 171.</li> <li>S. ·84.</li> </ul>	Mint full.

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  This is I.M.C., No. 11873, p. 77. A comparison with Nos. 2308-10 leaves no doubt as to the mint being Ajmér.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date .	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2309 2310	Ajmér Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1188– 14	As on No. 2307, but 1144 below "\$ <b>W.</b> 171-167-5. <b>S.</b> -85	As on No. 2308, but 15 (2310) A.S.B.
	2311	Akbar- ábád <i>Musta-</i> <i>qirru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1175-2	ار فصل اله شــاه محمد شاه لم داد حامی دس عا ســکده زد در هفت کشور	جلوس مانوس مبهنت مستقر الخلافة سنه ۲ ضرب آكبراباد
			ı	<b>₩.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ·92.	
	2312		1175-3	1116	
				<b>W.</b> 175 <b>S.</b> ∙95.	
	2313		1176-3	 !!vï	***
	2314		1176-4	<b>W.</b> 175, <b>S.</b> ⋅86.	
	2014		111.00	<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> -9.	·· ·c
	2315		1178-5		··· •
		1	1	<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> -85.	
	2316		1180-7		· ••
		1		<b>W.</b> 173 <b>S.</b> 94.	
	2317	,   ,.	1198- 26	 1194	,, ri
				<b>W.</b> 171. <b>S.</b> 85	خرب of ت Fish above مرب of مرب

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 2318	Akbar- ábád Musta- qirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1207-34	As on No. 2311, but ۱۲۰۷ * in ن of دنن <b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> -85.	As on No. 2311, but  re  Fish over نرب of خرب  A.S.B. Pl.	ILVER
2319	.,	1215-	No star.  W. 172. S9.	بناد Fish over ما and * over	
2320		1217-	 W. 173. S. ⋅86.	 بوج M. fish, and m. 32 over	
2321 2322	.,	1218-	<b>w.</b> 172⋅8−172. <b>s.</b> ⋅82.	M. m. fish and 98. (2322) A.S.B.	
2323	''	1218-	<b>w.</b> 172. <b>s.</b> ⋅9.	 %7 M.m. fish and 98.	
2324	,,	1219-	 v. 172. s. ∙86.	 ۴1 M. m. fish and 98.	
2325 2326	.,	1219-	شاه شاه اله دبن محمد عالم باد محمد عالم باد محمد عالم باد محمد عالم باد محمد عالم باد	M. fish.	
			<b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> ⋅85-√81.	(2325) A.S.B.	

	Metal			-	
	No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	A 23271	Allah- ábád	? —ahd	عالم شاہ بادشاہ غازے	مانو <i>س</i> میمنت احد
		-	*	سکد ۲۰۰۰	سنة جلوس ضرب
			4	<b>W.</b> 179. <b>S.</b> ∙9.	العاناد
	:	!		<b>5.</b> (c.	<b>Mán</b> bhúm. Pl.
	2328 2329°		1174- al <sub>i</sub> d	۱۱٬۰۴ شاه عالم بادشاه عاز ك	
	i		!	ك سكة ممار	
				<b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	(2328) A.S.B.
	2330		117		ie ''
				<b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	•
	2331	Ánwala (Áonla)	-3	عالم	As on No. 2327, but
		(Aona)	1	ماد داد داد	ا بوله – ۳
		ļ		از فضل حامی دنن ســکه	
		† :		زد در هفت کشور دس of س M. 100 in	
			1	<b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> ⋅9.	Pl.
	<b>2</b> 332	'Azím-	1174-2	اله محمد شاه عالم باد	As on No. 2199, but
		ábád (Patna)	1	شــاه	ļ r
		(I tollar)	· ·	سادد فضل حامی دنن	M. 81 to left of r
		į		۱۱۰۶	
		1		زد بر هفت کشور <b>۳.</b> 177:5	
				<b>S.</b> -9.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is almost certainly a coin of Shah 'Álam I, and should properly have been catalogued as 1663 (a). The date is probably 1120—see Introduction.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 9192, p. 76, ascribed to Akbarábád. The coins of the latter mint are, however, of quite a different type.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
A: 2333	'Azím- ábád (Patna)	-4	As on No. 2332, but date wanting. <b>W.</b> 178. <b>S.</b> .95.	As on No. 2199, but  M. 81.
2334 2335	,,	1177–5	but المنافقة المنافق	M. 81. (2335) <i>A.S.B.</i> Pl.
2336	,,	1182-9	.,, ₩. 178. S. •9.	
2337	Barélí	1175–2	As on No. 2332, but الم below عن and ve to right of محمد . 172.  S85.	مانوس میمنت جلوس سنة بلے ضرب بر
2338	••	1183-	but ۱۱۸۳ to left of دى <b>W.</b> 172.5. <b>S.</b> .9.	
2339	,,,	1184-	 ₩. 171. \$. ·85.	; <del>i</del>
2340	Barélí <i>Qiť a</i>	1216- 37	شاه لم شاه الله محمد عا باد مــ  ۱۲۱۲  سکه صاحب فرا حا دبن  زد ز تائید  دین of ی دین  W. 169.  S. •9.	دربلی فطعه ضرب مبهنت مانوس جلوس ۳۷ سنة سنة M. 101 to left of ۳۷ M. 102 above قطعه M. 103 above مبهنت pin س of

	Metal	1			
	No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Al <b>2341</b>	Baréli <i>Qiţ</i> <sup>e</sup> a	1217- 37	As on No. 2340, but  M. 32.	As on No. 2340. M. m. 101-102-103.
		1	· ·	<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	
	2342		$\frac{1218-}{37}$	M. 32.	 М. m. 101–102–103.
			: : :	<b>₩.</b> 167. <b>S.</b> -85.	· · •
	2343		1219- 37	 M. 32.	M. m. 101–102–103.
			!	<b>W.</b> 166. <b>S.</b> ⋅83.	1
	2344		1220- 37	 err. M. 32 wanting.	M. m. 101–103. M. 102 wanting.
				<b>W.</b> 171. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	To a wanting.
	2345	Brajindra- púr (Bharat-	1207- 34	داد اله محمد عالم	برجاندرنور ضرب جلوس میهنت مانوس
		púr)		شــاه از ۱۲.۷ فضل حامبدس داد سـکه زد در هفت کسور	سنه
				<b>W.</b> 172.	M. 104 and five-petalled flower to left of res
	2346	Burhán-	12	<b>S.</b> ·85	المعادلة الم
		púr Dáru-s- sarúr	3-	عالم بادشاه ۱۲۰۰ سـکه	مىهنت
				کشور <b>W.</b> 177	سنه دار السرور صرب درهامور
				<b>S.</b> ⋅8.5	صرب of ب M. 105 over

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 2347	Burhán- púr <i>Dáru-s-</i> sarúr	1215-4-	As on No. 2346, but 1716  W. 177. S82.	As on No. 2346, but
2348	Etáwá	-22	شاه عالم <u></u> بادشاه غاز ك اك سكه مبار M. 106 over اه <b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> 1·0.	As on No. 2327, but ۱تاوا ۲۳
2349	Gokul- garh	(118)9-	الله محمد شاه عالم باد شـــاه سايه فضل حامي دين ٩ ســـكـه [زد بر هفت كشور] <b>W.</b> 170.	As on No. 2345, but اکوکلگره - ۱۷ – ۱۷ جلوس of س M. 107 in جلوس
2350	••	(118)9-	w. 171. w. 171. s. ⋅87.	Gurgáon.  M. 107.  Gurgáon. Pl.
2351	••	-23	Date wanting. <b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> -83.	M. 107.  Gurgáon.
2352	,,	(119)6- 24	<b>₩.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> ·85.	M. 107.  Gurgáon.
2353	,,	(11 <b>)</b> 97- 25	qv <b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> -85.	M. 107.  Gurgáon.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Ж 2354	Gokul- garh	1202-29	As on No. 2349, but  17.7  M. 108 in الله of فضل 6. 172.  S. 86.	As on No. 2349, but  M. 107.  Gurgáon.
	2355		1202-	M. 109 in ل of فضل w. 172.	r. M. 107. Gurgáon.
	2356	Jammún Dáru-l- amán	1196- 24	شاه عالم بادشاه غاز بادشاه غاز ک سکه مار M. 111 over غ in middle line. <b>W.</b> 171. <b>S.</b> ·75.	دار الأمان حمون ضرب سنة ۴۴ ميمنت ميمنت جلوس مانوس مانوس A.S.B. Pl.
	2357	Jaipúr Sawáí	1208-	In dotted border  الدهاء عالم بهادر الدهاء غاز الدهاء غاز الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	In dotted border, as on No. 2327, but  سوای جی بور – ۲۰۰۰  M. 110 to right of ۲۰۰۰  A.S.B.
	2358 <sup>1</sup>	Korá ?	1190~		مانوس میمنت سنة جلوس ضرب ضرب کور ۰۰۰۰ M. 59 to right of ا۷

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 11465, p. 79, tentatively read as Gwáliar. The coin, however, is similar in execution to and bears the same mint-mark as Nos. 2273 and 2358 (a).

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 2358 (a)	Korá ?	-20	دين محمد حامے فضل شاہ عالم باد  <b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> .7.	As on No. 2358, but  ا
2359	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1174— aḥd	اله حام]ی دیں شاہ ع[بالم فــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	میمنت احد جلوس سنة مانوس ضرب بنارس جلوس of س Pl.
2360	,,	-2	الة] حامى دين محمد فضل شاة عالم بادشاة سكة سكة زد بر هفت كشور از لم 58 over لم 94 below لم 775.	but in top line and in top line and  M. 114 in wo of
2361	,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	but no m. m.  W. 175. S8.	A.S.B.  M. 85 to right of محمداباد  M. 87 in جلوس of جلوس  A.S.B.
2362	,,	-3	,. <b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ∙8.	M. 87. " A.S.B.
2363 2364	,,	-4	M. 115 below لم W. 175. S8.	M. m. 85–87. (2363) A.S.B. Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Ж 2365 2366	Muham- madábad Banáras	1177-	As on No. 2360, but اله in bottom line. M. 58 over اله	As on No. 2360, but ه M. 114 in من
	I			M. 116 below W. 175. S8.	(2366) A.S.B.
	2367 2368	•	1178-	کشور to lett ot سانع M. m. 58-116.	M. m. 85–114.
	,			<b>W.</b> 175.5–174. <b>S.</b> ·8.	(2367) A.S.B. Pl.
	2369	••	1178-	M. 58 only.  W. 172.  S. 8.	M. m. 85–114.
	2370			M. 58. <b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> 8.	جلوس of س but m. 117 in
	2371	,,,	1179-	but m. 49. <b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> -8.	M. m. 85–117.
	2372	<b>37</b>		M. 58 <b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ·8.	جلوس of س M. 118 in
	2373	   	1179-	M. 58 <b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> -8.	M. 118.
	2374	**	1189– 16	M. 58 over M. 119 below M. 173.	 آ <sup>۲</sup> جلوس of س of جلوس

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
At 2375	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1190-	As on No. 2365, but  ۱۹۹۰  Fish over المشاء of بادشاء M. 119 in مي of ماه M. m. 58–119 over and below لم	As on No. 2360, but  M. m. 85-121, also m. 119 below سنة	SILVER
2376		1191- 17	M. m. 58–119 (2)–fish.	M. m. 121–85–119.	
			<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> 1·0.	Pl.	
2377		1192- 17	 M. m. 58–119 (2)–fish.	M. m. 121–119.	
		 	<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ∙95.	ì :	
2378		$1193 - \frac{17}{21}$	M. m. 58–119 (2)–fish.	 but ا ب سنة	
		!	<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> -95.	M. m. 85–119–121.	
2379	-	1195~	اری M. m. 58–119–fish. No m. 119 below	 اب سنة ۳۳ M. m. 85–121.	
			<b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> ∙95.		
2380		1196-	M. m. 58–119 (2)–fish.	 lv aim rs M. m. 85–121.	
2381	,,,	1197-	M. m. 122–119 (2)–fish.	 1v āim	
	1		<b>W.</b> 174, <b>S.</b> 95.	M. m. 85-121.	

,	35 1 3	·	<del></del>		<del>-</del>
	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
ILVER	At 2382	Muham- madábád Banáras		As on No. 2365, but  M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish.	As on No. 2360, but
	2383	,,,	1199-	<b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> ⋅95.	M. 121.
			1726	M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish. M. 32 under fish. W. 174.	M. 121–85.
	2384		1.7 2.7	<b>S.</b> ·95.	
			27	M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish- 32. <b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> 95.	۰؛ سنة ۲۷ M. 121. M. 124 in س of مانوس of
	2385	,,	1200- 17/27	 M. m. 123–119–fish. M. 125 under	М. 121.
				<b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> ⋅95.	
	2386	,,	1202~ 17 29	M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish. <b>W.</b> 172.	 اب سنة ۲۹
	2387	,·	17 30	<b>S.</b> .95.  M. m. 122–119 (2)–fish–	M. 121.
				32. <b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> .95.	ان شنس ۳. M. 121.
	2388	••	1203- 17 30	M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish-	M. m. 85-121.
				<b>₩.</b> 172. <b>\$.</b> •95.	

Metal No	Mint	- Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 2389	Muḥam- madabád Banáras	1203-	As on No. 2388. M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish-32.  W. 172. S95.	As on No. 2360, but    V
2390 2391	,,,	1204-	M.m. 123-119 (2)-fish- 32.	., Iv ā:
2392	**	1205- 1733	M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish.  W. 173.	(2390) A.S.B. ., اسنة سنة M. m. 121–124.
2393		1206- 173	M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish-	M. m. 121–124.
2394		17 34	<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> -95	, , ! v ā.i.u.
2395		1207- 17 35	W. 174. S95. M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish- 32.	M. m. 121–85.
2396 2397	,.	1208- 17 15	W. 172. S. 95.  M.m. 123-119(2)-fish-	M. m. 121-124.  M. 121.
1			<b>₩.</b> 174–173. <b>\$.</b> •95–•9.	(2396) A.S.B.

	Metal No.	$\mathbf{M}$ int	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2398	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	$1209 - \frac{17}{36}$	As on No. 2365, but 18.9 M.m. 123-119-fish-32.	As on No. 2360, but ابنة سنة ۳1
	2399	,.		<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ⋅95.	M. m. 121–124.
	2400		17 37	M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish- 32. <b>W.</b> 173·5. <b>S.</b> ·95.	اب سنة ۳۷ M. m. 85–121–124.
	2401		1210-	M. m. 123–119–fish–32  W. 173.	M. 121.
	2402		1,7 138	M. m. 123–119–fish–32.  W. 174. S95.	.,   v   m   m
	2403	,,	1211-	M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish.  W. 173. S92.	M. m. 121-124-85.  M. m. 85-121.
	2404		17 39	M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish.  W. 171. S. ·87.	 الا سنة ۳۹ M. 121.
	<b>2404</b> (a)		1212- 17/39	M. m. 123-119 (2)-32-	M. m. 121–85.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AR 2405	Muḥam- madábád Ban <b>á</b> ras	1212- 17 40	As on No. 2365, but  M.m. 123-119(2)-fish- 32.	As on No. 2360, but ابن سنة ۴.	SILVER
2406		1213- 17 40	W. 174. S. 1·0.  M. m. 123-119 (2)-fish- 32.  W. 173. S. ·95.	M. m. 85-121-124. M. 121.	
2407	•	17 41	M.m. 123–119 (2)–fish– 32.	۱۰ هنس ب <del>د</del> ا	
2408	,,	1214-	<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ⋅95. M. m. 123-119 (2)-32- fish. <b>W.</b> 175.	M. m. 85–121.  M. m. 85–121.	
2409		17 42	M. m. 123–119–32–fish.  W. 173. S. •95.	         	
2410		$1215 - \frac{17}{42}$	M.m. 123-119 (2)-32- fish.	M. m. 121–124.	
2411	.,	17 43	M. m. 123~119 (2)–32– fish. w. 173. s. 95.	 سنة ۶۳ M. m. 85–121.	

## MUGHAL EMPERORS

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2412	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1216- 17 43	As on No. 2365, but  M.m. 123-119 (2)-32- fish.  W. 173. S95.	As on No. 2411. M.m. 121-124.
	2413	,,	1217-	M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish. No m. 32. <b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> •9.	بنة سنة ۴٥ M. 121.
	2414	,,	1218- 17 17 17 45	M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish.  W. 173. S95.	M. 121.
	2415	,,	1219— <del>1</del> 7	ار به المار	ار ان ان ان ان ان ان ان ان ان ان ان ان ان
	2410	,.	1220- 17 47	M.m. 123-119-126-fish  W. 174. S87.	M. 121.
	241	7 ,,	17 48	M. m. 123-fish. M. 127 below  W. 173. S85.	۱۰ سنة ۱۴۸ M. 121.
	241	,,	1221 17 48		

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
A 2419 1	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1222- 17 49	As on No. 2365, but    M.m. 123-119-128-fish.   M. 129 below       W. 173.   S 9.	As on No. 2360, but  الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال	er.
2420	"	1223- 179	M. m. 119-123-128- 129-fish. <b>W.</b> 174. <b>S.</b> .87.	M.m. 121–124.	
2421	•••	1226-		M. m. 85–121.	
	ı	i	<b>W.</b> 174.5. <b>S.</b> .85.	A.S.B.	
2422	,, !	1228- 179	M. m. 123-fish. M. m. 119-128-129-dis- appear. W. 174.	M. 121. M. m. 85–124 disappear.	
	  -  -	1	<b>S.</b> -96	A.S.B.	
2423 2424	, ,. 	1229 - 17 49	M. m. 123-fish.  W. 174 S86.	M. 121. (2423) A.S.B. Pl.	
2425		1185!- 15	شاه عالم ۱۱۸۵ دادشاه غاز ک سکه ممار	مانوس ممهنت ۱۵ سنة جلوس ضرب ملها نکر	
			<b>W.</b> 175 <b>S.</b> -8	In بلوس of جلوس a sun-face. Over ج m. 91. Pl.	

<sup>1</sup> This, and the remaining coins of this mint, though bearing the titles of Shah Alam and a regnal year which evidently relates to Shah 'Alam's accession, were issued, as the Hijra dates show, after Shah 'Alam's death in A. H. 1221 A.D. 1806'.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	R 2426	Mulhár- nagar (Indor)	1191-	As on No. 2425, but  1131  W. 172. S. 83.	As on No. 2425. Regnal year obliterated. M. m. 91 and sun-face.  Bétúl C.P.
	2427	••	1200-	₩. 172. S. ·85.	M. m. 91 and sun-face.  Bétúl C.F.
	2428		1201-	<b>W.</b> 171 <b>S.</b> ⋅8.	Regnal year wanting. M. sun-face.  Betal C.P.
	2429		1202-	<b>w.</b> 171.	;- M. m. 91 and sun-face. Bétúl C.P.
	2430		1203-	₩. 170. <b>S.</b> -85.	Regnal year wanting. M. m. 91 and sun-face.  Betal C.P.
	2431	,.	1204-	₩. 171.	M. m. 91 and sun-face  Bétál C.P.
	2432		1205-	<b>8.</b> -85.	M. m. 91 and sun-face.
	<b>243</b> 3	,.	1206-	<b>S.</b> -8	Betúl C.P.  M. sun-face.
	2434		1207-	<b>S.</b> -8.	Betal C.P.  M. m. 91 and sun-face.
		1	}	<b>₩.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> -8.	Bétúl C.P.

Metal No	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 435	Mulhár-	1208-		As on No. 2425, but	L
	nag <b>ar</b> (Indor)	3-	<b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> ⋅85.	r– M. m. 91 and sun-face. <i>Bétúl C.P</i> .	
436		1209-	 (**3	Regnal year wanting. M. m. 91 and sun-face.	
			<b>W.</b> 171. <b>S.</b> 83.	Bétúl C.P.	
437	,,	1210-		M. m. 91 and sun-face.	
1			<b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> ·78.	Bétúl C.P.	
438		1211-		M. m. 91 and sun-face.	
		· !	<b>₩.</b> 171. <b>S.</b> .8.	Bétúl C.P.	
2439		1212 -	1	M. sun-face.	
		1	<b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> -81.	Bétúl C.P.	
440	, ,,	1213-	· · ·	M. m. 91 and sun-face.	
			<b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> -85.	Bétúl C.P.	
2441	Murád- ábád	1176-4	As on No. 2425, but الم الم	As on No. 2425, but مراداباد – ۴	
			<b>w.</b> 171. <b>s.</b> -9.	M. 59 in من of جلوس M. 84 over سنة	
			! :	M. 130 over € Pl.	
2442	  -			جلوس	
			<b>W.</b> 169 <b>S.</b> 388.	مىمنت <sup>عب</sup> مانوس سنه	
				ضَرب مراداباد	
	t	} !	i	M. 59 in س of جلوس and in مانوس of مانوس	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2443	Murád- ábád	1180-7	As on No. 2441, but  114.  W. 173. S87.	As on No. 2442, but  or and مانوس change places.  M. 59.
	2444 2445	Murshid- ábád	1175–2	اله حامی دین محمد شـــاه سایه فضل شاه عالم ناد سـکه ۱۱۷۵	As on No. 2425, but مرشداباد – مرشدا M. 60 to right of r
				زد بر هفت كشور Rayed sun below ش in second line. <b>W.</b> 179-178.	(2444) Dinájpúr.
	0446	\$ \$ 1	11.00	<b>S.</b> ·9.	(2445) A.S.B.
	2446	,, ,	1176–3	M. rayed sun.  W. 176. S9.	M. 60.  Dinájpár
	2447	,. 	1178-5	M. rayed sun.	M. 60.
	2448	Mustaf- ábád	1184-	<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> •9.  As on No. 2425, but المح	Dinājpúr مصطفی اباد ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس
				<b>₩.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> -88.	جلوس میمنت مانوس ۱۳ سنة مانوس of س M. 131 in
	2449	Muzaffar- garh	12	[اله] دىن محمد شاه عالم دادشاه - - الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	As on No. 2448, but مظفرگره ۳۹ – ۸. M. 133 in س of جلوس
				ین دانید M. 132 over حب <b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> -86.	M. 134 in ی of ضرب Pl

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Ж 2450	Najíb- ábád	1176-3	As on No. 2349, but – ۲۰ to left of دین <b>W.</b> 173.	As on No. 2448, but انجیباباد ۳–
2451	.,	1177-4	but -vv <b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> .85.	λ <del>ε</del> 
2452	••	1177-5	,. <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S. ⋅</b> 85.	·, ò
2453	٠,	1178-6		3) 1
2454	,	1179-7	<b>S.</b> ·86.	,,
2455		1180-7	<ul><li>S. ⋅8.</li><li>only A. of date visible.</li><li>W. 174.</li></ul>	,, <b>v</b>
2456 2457	,,	1180-8	<b>S.</b> -82.  -^. <b>W.</b> 176–173.	)) ^
2458	,,	1181-8	<b>S.</b> ⋅85-⋅82.	(2456) A.S.B. 
2459	••	1205-	W. 175. S. 88. M. 91 over	M. 13 to left of date.
			<b>W.</b> 171-5. <b>S.</b> -9.	M. 135 to right of date.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse		
SILVER	Æ 2460 ¹	Shah- jahánabad <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	-2	As on No. 2425, but date wanting.  M. 86 over   W. 170. S. ·8.	فة جها اباد دار لحلا شاه ں ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس سنه		
	2461		1185– 13	As on No. 2349, but -مه to left of دين <b>W.</b> 175. <b>S.</b> •8.	 Ir M. 136 to left of 1r Gurgáon.		
	2462		1188-	 می M. 96 over	No m.		
	<b>246</b> 3		1191– 19	W. 170. S85. M. 96.	Gurgáon. 19		
	2464		1192-	W. 173. S. ·85.  M. 96. W. 173.	Gargáon 		
	2465	1	1198- 26	M. 96.  W. 173.	Gurgáon. 		
	2466	:	1199– 27	M. 96.  W. 175.	Gurgáon.		
				<b>S.</b> ·86.	Gurgáon.		

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  This coin is not above suspicion. The metal seems impure, and the obverse is unlike the obverse of other coins of this mint. It also differs in type from the coins of Shah 'Ålam I

Metal No.	' Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
At 2467	Sháh- jahanabád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1221– 48	As on No. 2281, but enclosed in a wreath of roses, thistles, and shamrock.  If the over Lo M. m. 97 and 60 over	As on No. 2460, but enclosed in a wreath as on obverse.
	· ·	1	<b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> ·9.	A.S.B. Pl.
24681	Unjain Dáru-l- fath	1198- 24!	شــاه ٔ از فضل اله حامی دس	As on No. 2425, but دار الفتے اجبن – ۴۴ جلوس M. 137 to left of
			هماهات سکه زد در کشور <b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> .85.	Bétúl C.P.
2469		119 25	 119− <b>₩.</b> 172. <b>\$.</b> .85.	 M. 137. Bétál C.P.
2470		1200 <u>–</u> 27	•	M. 137.  Bétúl C.P. Pl.
2471		1202- 31	∵. <b>W.</b> 173 <b>S.</b> 85.	M. 137.  Bétál C.P.
2472	•	120 32	₩. 173. S8.	M. 137.  Bétúl C.P.
2473	. :	31	<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> .82.	M. 137.  Betúl C.P.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  The obverse legend has been pieced together from the fifteen goins here catalogued. The position of 35 alone is uncertain

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	.R 2474	Ujjain Dáru-l- fatḥ	1206- 35	As on No. 2468, but  17.7  W. 173. S8.	As on No. 2468, but  To  M. 137.  Bétúl C.P.
	2475	,,	1208- 36	₩. 173. S. ·8.	M. 137.  Bétúl C.P.
	2476		1209-	"," W. 173. S. ·8.	"- M. 137. Bétúl C.P.
	2477	,,	1211- 38	" " " <b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> ∙8.	M. 137.  Bétúl C.P.
	2478	• `	1212- 39	,. irir <b>W.</b> 172. <b>S.</b> ∙81.	M. 137.  Bétúl C.P.
	2479	,,	1212-		у, М. 137.
	2480	,.	1213-40	<b>w.</b> 172. <b>s.</b> -8.	Bétúl C.P.  "  M. 137.
	2481	,.	1215-		Bétúl C.P.  M. 137.
	2482	,,	12	v. 173. S. ∗85.	Bétúl C.P.  M. 137.  Bétúl C.P.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Ж <b>2483</b>	3	1177-4	حام]ی دین شاه		SILVER
			ف_أخسـل	ميمنت	
İ			۱۱۷۷ کشور	جلوس سنة ع ما[نوس	
			سکه زد بر هفت	ب	
1			<b>W.</b> 170.	جلوس of س M. 59 in	
			<b>S.</b> •77.	Probably of Muhammad-	
				ábád Banáras.	
2484	ì	1181–8	•••••		
			حا]می دین شاه …	مبهنت	
			فضل	جلو]س سنة ۸ مانوس ب ب	
			۱۱۸۱ کشور هفت	ب	
				M. 59 in w of	
			<b>W.</b> 168. <b>S.</b> ∙7.	Probably of Muḥammad- ábád Banáras.	
2485	}	119	119	مانوس	
		17 1	شاہ علیکوھرے	میمنت	
			۱۱۹ شاہ علیگوہرے بادشاہ غاز	۱۷۱ سنة جلوس	
ļ				. رق ب	
			<b>W.</b> 175.		
			<b>S.</b> ·9.	Battle-axe to left in	
				of جلوس of	
				I.M.C., No. 9042, p. 78. Pl.	
24861	1	1197- 24	شاه عالم		
		24	1194	میمنت جلوس	
			بادشاه نح]از	ا سگده	
				ضرب	
				rre	
ļ				سنة	
				jhár to right of جلوس	
i		1		Pl.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is I.M.C., No. 11541, p. 79. It bears some resemblance to the coin figured by Capt. Webb in his Currencies of Rapputana, Pl. IX. 1, where the reading of the inscription seems to me doubtful.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 2486 (u)	3	1200- 27	شاه عا ۱۳۰۰ لم ع بادشاه عاز	مانو <i>س</i> مىمنىت
				<b>₩.</b> 173.5. <b>S.</b> .82.	۴۷ سنه جلوس ضرب 
	2486 (b)	į	-37	محمد عالم فص]ل حامی دنن هفت کشور	اباد ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ۲۰
	2487 <sup>1</sup>	} Jodhpúr	1215-4-	M. 96 over دين  M. 145 over دين  W. 166.  S8.  عاد]م شال مال محمل د إعال]م شال محمل د إعال محمل مال محمل مال محمل معال محمل معال محمل معال محمل معال محمل محمل محمل محمل محمل محمل محمل مح	سنة  M. 86 in س of جلوس مانوس  all between r and v  alicumate and particular and
COPPER	Æ 2488 2489	Barélí	35	علوس الم الم علم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم ا	سه ۳۵ صر جلوس بر بلام جلوس عر بلام Star over
		1	I	<b>S.</b> ⋅95.	Pl.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Carrencies of Rapparana (Webb , p. 19, where M. 135 is given as an old mint-mark of Jodhpur State according to Prinsep.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
.E 2490 2491	Chhach- raulí	1215- 42	عالم شا ١٥ ١١ هـ	ج] <del>ېچرو</del> لی ضرب	COPPER
			فلوس فلوس M. 33 and 91 to left of فلوس <b>W.</b> 268–226 (cut). <b>S.</b> 1·08–·87.	سنة M. 139 to left of ۴r M. 140 to right of ۴r (2491) A.S.B. Pl.	
24921	? Kánán	40	شاه عالم شاه باد غاز To left of باد To left of باد <b>۲.</b> <b>W.</b> 246.5.	ا کانان ضرب ۴. سنة To right of ۴. a fish surmounted by a five- pointed leaf.	
2493 <sup>2</sup>	ł Khár- púr		As on No. 2490. M. m. 33 and 91. W. 256. S. 1.	حاربور صرب ۶. سنه M. 141 to left of ۶. M. 140 to right of ۶.	
2494	Najíb- ábád	1175-3	عالم شا <sup>0</sup> <u>۱۱ ه</u> ے <b>عالی</b> <b>M.</b> 84 in میں of <b>W.</b> 288.	اداد نجس ضرب سنه	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This coin which is catalogued as No. 8842 on p. 83, *I.M.C.*, should have been marked No. 8844, as the coin of Akbar II of Ahmadabád bears on it the number 8842. 'Kánán' is a doubtful reading. The coin reached me too late for illustration.

This is LMC, No. 8843, p. 83. The reading is a very doubtful one, there being little of no trace of the  $\gamma$ . It may be noted that it bears the same mint-mark (M, 140) as is seen on the Chhachrauli and Saháranpúr coins. The obverse too is similar to that of No. 2490.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ <b>24</b> 95	Najíb- ábád	1177–5	As on No. 2494, but ۱۱۷۷ M. 84 in س of فلوس	As on No. 2494, but
			1	₩. 301. S. ·85.	Pl.
	2496	Saháran- púr		As on No. 2494, but 110 فلوس to left of فلوس M. 88 in س of فلوس	سهارنبور ضرب ۳۳
					سنة M. 139 <sup>1</sup> to left of ٣٣ M. 140 <sup>1</sup> to left of ٣٣
	2497	<b>)</b>	1215- 42	As on No. 2494. M. 88 in فلوس of فلوس <b>W.</b> 255.	but m. 34 in place of m. 139.
		1		<b>S.</b> 1·15,	PI.

<sup>1</sup> Both mint-marks are the same as those on the Chhachrauli coin.

# BÍDÁR-BAKHT

### Pretender

А. н. 1202-3. А. р. 1788.

36 4.1					
Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
X 2498	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-</i> l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1202- aḥd	بیدارایخت شاه ۱۲۰۲ تا]ج و محمد جهان تخایت بزر سکه] زد وارث ۳. 166.	 دار الخلا شاة ضرب خلوس ميمنت مانوس احد سنة A.S.B.	LD
			<b>S.</b> •75.	Pl.	
А 2499	Aḥmad- ábád	1203- aḥd	محمد بیداریخت شـــاه	اح.]جداباد	EVER
		ř	۱۲۰۳ تا]ج و تخت جهان سسکه	ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس احد سنة	
		I.	بزر زد] وارث جہان of ج M. 84 over	M. 142 to right of احد	
	-		<b>₩.</b> 172. <b>s.</b> ·8.	Pl.	

### XVI

### MUHAMMAD AKBAR II1

А. н. 1221-1253.

A.D. 1806-1837.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	X 2500	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	126	معمد اكبر شاه دادشاه غازے ۱۲ - صاحب قران ثانے سكه مبارك حب M. 97 over حب M. 165.5.	 دار الحلافة شاء ب ضر ميمنت مانوس جلوس ٢ سنة
		į		<b>S.</b> -82.	جلوس of س M. 143 in
SILVER	Æ 2501 ²	Ahmad- ábád	-11	اکبر شاه <u>م</u> د']دشاه عاز ك ك اسكه مار]	الوس مانوس مينت مينت سنة جلوس صراب احمد]اباد جلوس of س of جلوس علام بلام مين M. 80 in
	2502	Sháh- jahánábád <i>Dóru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1224- 3	As on No. 2500  IFFF over Lo  M. 97 over Lo  M. 60 to left of Lo  Traces of dotted border.	جهان باد دار الحلافة شاد ب ضر مبهنت مانوس جلوس ۳ سنة
		ĺ	1	<b>W.</b> 171-5 <b>S.</b> 1-1	جلوس of س M. 114 in جاوس A.S.B.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> I have omitted, as more fit for inclusion in Volume IV, all coins which, though bearing the name of Akbar II, were obviously issued by rulers of states over whom the suzerainty of Dehli was purely nominal.

<sup>4</sup> The mint is fixed by its mint-mark. Cf. No. 2282

Metal No	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 2503 2504	Sháh- jahánabád <i>Dóru-l-</i> <u>l:h</u> íláfat	1225-4	As on No. 2500, but  Irre M. m. 97 and 60. No. 2503 has full dotted borders. No. 2504 has no border.	As on No. 2502, but  M. 144.
	ı	i i	<b>W.</b> 173–171. <b>S.</b> 1·15–1.	(2503) A.S.B.
2505		1235– 15	Full dotted borders. M. m. 97 and 60.	M. 144.
	i		<b>₩.</b> 173·5. <b>S.</b> 1·25.	A.S.B.
2506		1237– 17	M. m 97 and 60.	M. 144.
			<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> 1⋅225.	A.8.B.
2507	51	1239– 19	M. m. 97 and 60.	M. 144.
			<b>W.</b> 173 <b>S.</b> 1·25.	A.8.B.
2508		1241- 21	M. m. 97 and 60.	M. 144
			<b>W.</b> 173. <b>S.</b> 1-25.	A.S.B.
2509		1242- 22	 1887 M. m. 97 and 60.	M 114.
			<b>W.</b> 171. <b>S.</b> 1⋅275	Pl.
2510		125(sic) - 30	 (re/sic) M. m. 97 and 60.	М. 144.
1			<b>W.</b> 174 <b>S.</b> 1/2.	A.S.B.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	_
COPPER	Æ 2511 ¹	Ahmad- ábád	1234-	شاه اک]جر ۱۲۳۴ فلو]س	۱۲ جلوس سنة احمداباد	
				<b>W.</b> 118. <b>S.</b> ∙95.		Pl.
	2512	Sháh- <b>ja</b> hánábád	1225-4	شاہ اکبر شاھے فلو]س ۱۲۲۵	[اباد] جهان شاه	
		1		<b>₩.</b> 174·5. <b>S.</b> ·8.	۶ ۶ ضرب	
					S stands for سنة	Pl.
	<b>2512</b> (a)	; ;	12]33 -12	but	IF Encommontants	
	( )	1		<b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> 78.	Fragmentary.	

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  This is I.M.C., No. 8844, p. 85. It bears on it, however, the number 8842.

# XVII BAHÁDUR SHÁH II

а. н. 1253-1274.

A. D. 1837-1858.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Ж 2513	Sháh- jahanábád <i>Dáru-l-</i> <u>kh</u> iláfat	1255–3	In dotted border در شاه ۱۲۵۰ محمد بها بادشاه عازم	In dotted border جهان اباد دار لخلافة شاه	SILVER
			سراج الدبن	Ļ	
		!	لمظفر	ضر مىمنت مانوس	
			ابو ا	ضر میمنت مانوس جلوس ۳	
			M. m. 60 and 97 to left of الدين	س <i>ن</i> ة	
			<b>W.</b> 170. <b>S.</b> 1·12.		Pl.

### UNASSIGNED

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	At 2514 2515	Imtiyaz- gadh (Adoní)			[مانوس] مبینت جلوس ضرب ضرب امتبازگذه
	<b>25</b> 16¹	<b>!</b>	-7	\$85. 	A.S.B. (Madrás) مانوس مىمنت سند جلوس
	2517	?	-21	سکه منار <b>W.</b> 163. <b>S.</b> -85.  M. 146 over منار <b>W.</b> 165. <b>S.</b> -85	هن Star to left of v  PL   ا الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا
COPPER	Æ 2518 2519	Élichpur ?	-	غاز دادشاہ  <b>س.</b> 300–283.	A.S.B. (Madras).  Pl.  Parts of  العجمور اللهجمور A.S.B.
	2520	3		ادشاد غد ۱۰۰۰ کادشاد سکه ممار <b>W.</b> 177. <b>S.</b> .76.	طوس فرب او

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> I.M.C., No. 7330

### APPENDIX A

#### ABSTRACT OF COINS CATALOGUED

			GOLD	SILVER	COPPER
Babar .			_	6	6
Humáyún			<b>2</b>	10	39
Akbar .			46	230	231
Jahángír .			24	223	12
(Núrjahán) .				13	
Shahjahan I			<b>3</b> 3	239	9
Murad Bakhsh				5	
Aurangzeb .			37	492	4
Shah 'Álam I			4	57	_
Jahándar .			2	21	
Farrukh-siyar			7	78	_
Rafí'u-d-darjat			2	7	
Sháhjahán H			2	11	
Hrahím				1	<del></del>
Muljammad			21	237	3
Ahmad .			3	93	<del></del>
Álamgír II			12	68	3
Shahjahán III			1	8	
Shah Alam II			13	211	10
Bídar-Bakht			I	1	
Akbar II .			1	10	3
Bahadur .				1	
Unassigned			-	1	3
			211	2026	323
				2560	

#### APPENDIX B

#### CHRONOLOGICAL INDEX

Note.—In this appendix the coins have been grouped chronologically under their Hijra dates. Where the Hijra date is not recorded, the coin has ordinarily been put under the earliest year with which the regnal year corresponds. E.g. coins of the 41st Iláhí year of Akbar (= A. H. 1004-5) are put under A. H. 1004, and coins of the 6th year of Alamgír II (= A. H. 1172-3) will be found under A. H. 1172. The printing of the regnal year in italics indicates that the Hijra date is not given on the coin.

		Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
BÁBAR	936	-	_	Æ	Ágra	_	7-9
				Æ	Ágra Fort		12 10-11
HUMÁ-	937	_		$+$ $\pm$	$ m \acute{A}gra$		25
YÚN				Æ	• •	- Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	26-27
		i i		Æ			28-29
				$\frac{E}{E}$	Agra Fort	Dáru-z-zarb	4.5
				Æ	Jaunpúr –	Daru-z-zarb $ar{\mathbf{K}}$ hita	49
	938			Æ	<b>1</b>	Mutabarrak	01
	330			Æ	Agra Laura	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	30-31
				212	. Jaunpúr	Daru-z-zarb <u>Kh</u> ita	50
	939			Æ	$\Lambda_{ m gra}$	Mutabarrak	00.00
	000			E	Jaunpúr	Dáru-l-khiláfat	32-33
		;		213	) aunpur	Dáru-z-zarb <u>Kh</u> ita Mutabarrak	51
				Æ	Láhor	Dáru-l- <u>k</u> hiláfat	58
	940	_	_	E	Ágra	13414-1-Kmiatat	31
				LE	Jaunpúr	Dáru-z-zarb Khita	52
						Mutabarrak	92
		:		Æ	Láhor	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> ilátat	60
		1		Æ	,,	zwi w-i- <u>ku</u> natat	61
				E			63
	941	- !	_	j ∠E	Ágra	Dáru-l-khiláfat	35
		1 '		, E	,.	Daru-l-amán	36
				Æ	Jaunpúr	Dáru-z-zarb Khita	53
				}	-	Mutabarrak	
	942	I		Æ	Ágra		41
		! 1		Æ		Dáru-l-amán	38-10
				Æ	Dehlí	Dáru-I-mulk	46-48
		] ]		ĽΕ	Jaunpúr	Dáru-z-zarb Khita	55
				1		Mutabarrak	1

Hijra Regna year year	l Month	Metal Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	-
942 —		E Mandú		62	HUMÁ-
943 —	-	E Ágra		42-43	YÚN
		A Dehlí		15	
		Al -	<del>-</del>	16	
945 —	_	A: ,		17	
946 —		E Agra		44	
	•	R Láhor	'	18	
		At -	-	19	
947 —			—	20	
9507 —		-R	_	21	
962 — (812)		Æ Nárnol		491	AKBAR
963 —	<u> </u>	E Kálpí (Muḥammadabád)	Dáru-z-zai b	455	
		E Nárnol	· :	492	
964 —		.R Dehlí	Hazrat	180	
0		.E Kálpí	Dáru-z-zarb	456	
		(Muḥammadábád)			
	1	Æ ,.	••	457	
	1	Æ Nárnol	The second secon	493	
				285	
0.35		A -		286	
965 -	<del></del>	R Láhor		207	
(10.)		E Námol		494	
966 -		E Dehlí	Ḥaẓrat	391	
		E Hisar Firoza		446-447	
		' R Kálpí	— 1 T71 '	206	
		ı E	Dáru-z-zarb <u><b>Kh</b>it</u> a	458	
		E Lakhnau	_	478	
		E Nárnol	-	495	
967		E ,, E Alwar	•	496	
		Æ Alwar Æ Hisár		369	
			Dáru-z-zarb <b>Kh</b> ita	$\frac{448}{459}$	
		E Lakhnau	Datu-š-žato <b>Vi</b> liča	455	
		E Narnol		197	
		1.º		498	
		i R		287	
		R		288	
	1	$\mid \tilde{\mathbb{R}} \mid =$		289	
			-	556	
968 .		Æ Alwar	- <del>-</del>	370	
	Ì	E Gwáliar	Fort	415	
i		E Kalpí	Dáru-z-zarb Khita	460	
	E N	.E Qanauj	Dáru-Í-khiláfat	514	
	i	(Shahgarh)		 	
		Z	-	107	
		1 R	***	290	
(ven		- E -		544	
969		· E Awadh?	Dáru-l-khiláfat Khita	37.5	

		Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AKBAR	969	_ ,	-	E	Dehlí	Hazrat	393
		v		Æ	Nárnol		499
				.E	•		500
		ı		$\pm x$	Qanauj (Shahgarh)	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	515
		İ		Æ		••	516
		1		$\mathbb{R}$			291
	970			ĿΕ	Awadh	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat <u>Kh</u> ita	376
				Æ	Bahraich		378
				Æ	Nárnol	<del></del>	501
		' İ		$\mathcal{R}$	, —	<del></del> :	292
	971	-		$\overline{A}$	A vra		64-65
		1		Æ.	Bahraich		379
				Æ	Bairata		382
				X	Láhor		91 - 92
		i		Æ	Narnol		501
		1		Æ		'	557
	972			A	$\operatorname{Dehl} olimits_i$	Ḥazī at	84
				·E	•••	**	394
		1		E	<u>.</u>	•••	395
				-X	Jaunpúr		89
				Æ.	Nárnol		503
	070	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		+X			108
	973	-		$A_{i}$	$_{ m Lahor}$		93
	974	_		X	$\Lambda_{ m gra}$		66
	975	-		A'	Dehlí	Hazrat	85
		i		æ	- Jaunpúr	Dáru <b>-</b> l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	198-199
		1		: .R	' T (1		200
		1		A'	Láhor	_	94
				E	Narnol	_	504
	976	1		Y.	. —	·	102
	310			X	$\lambda$ gra	Dáru-l-k <u>h</u> iláfat	67-68
	977			T.	Lahor	",	95-96
	.,,,,	_		$+\frac{R}{R}$	Agra	.•	110
		1 1		E A	Bahráich	- · ·	380
				X = X	, Dehlí	Hazrat	86
				E	,	– Dáru-l-mulk Hazrat	87
		1		E	Early do	Hazrat	396
				Æ	Fathpúr Languaga		433
		1		.E	Jaunpúi Narnol	Dáru-l-khiláfat	201
				X			505
	978	!		$\stackrel{X}{\Lambda}$	ĺ	1 to 1 and 2 and	103
	.,,0			- At	Agra Jaunpúr	Dáru-l-khiláfat	69
	979			F	$\sim \Lambda_{ m Jmer} = 1$	Tv' i · · ·	202
	5.0			E	23,J11101	Dáru-l-manşúr l	358
				1 E	Amirkot	(). 1	359
		1		.R	Jaunpár	Qasha Di	371
				E	Narnol	Dáru-l-khiláfat	202 (a)
		!		E		-	506
	980			$\ddot{x}$	Ahmadabad		545
	- '				**immartantal	-	76

Hıjı a year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
980		_	A	Ahmadábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	77	AKBAR
/			$A$ R $^{-1}$	Dehlí	Hazrat	181	
			Æ	Dogáon	Dáru-l-khiláfat	419-420	
			$\mathbf{E}$	Narnol		507	
981			A	$ m \acute{A}gra$	Baldat	70	
			$\boldsymbol{X}$		Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	71-72	
			A	Ahmadabád	Dáru-s-saltanat	78	
			Æ	,,		347	
$\frac{1}{2}$			E	,,		348	
2			Æ	Ajmér		360	
			E	Akbarpúr	· —	364	
			Æ	Dehlí	Hazrat	399	
			E	1		547	
982			$\widetilde{X}$	$ m \acute{A}gra$	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	73-74	
			X = X	Alimadabád	Dáru-s-saltanat	79-80	
			$\hat{f A}$		1	111	
			£	**	,,	349-350	
			Æ	Lakhnau	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	480-481	
			E.E	1	L'aid i Khitatau	548	
983	ere =		AR I	Ahmadábád	Dáru-s-saltanat	112	
8.00		<del></del>	.R	Jaunpár	Dáru-l-khiláfat	202 (b)	
			X	Láhor	Daru-1-ķijnaiat	97	
			X = X	lanor	••	104	
984			Æ.	Ahmadábad	Dáru-s-saltanat	351	
.,,,,			.r. E	•	Dáru-l-khiláfat	421	
				Dogaon	тяги-т-капатат	90	
			X E	Jaunpúr M. 1. 6		485	
				Malpúr		508	
			E	Narnol	1	99	
			X	Patna	Daru-z-zarb		
			X	Urdú-e-zafar-	-	100	
			• . !	qarin	I	901 900	
985			R	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		294-296	
2000	-	~	Æ	Ahmadabad	Dáru-s-saltanat	352	
			Æ	Lakhnau	`Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	182	
			.E	Málpúr		486-187	
			Æ	Narnol	-	509	
			$AR \rightarrow$	ì		297-300	
000			$^{-1}$ E	}		549	
986			$\Lambda$	Alīmadabad	Dáru-s-sal <u>t</u> anat	81	
			$\mathbf{R}$	**	**	113	
			, .E	**	**	353	
			.E	Dogaon	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	422-423	
			$\boldsymbol{X}$	Fathpúr		88	
			$\cdot$ .R	**	Daru-s-saltanat	192	
			Æ	**	*1	434 - 435	
1 4			Æ	••	**	436-437	
			Æ,	Lahor	11	463	
			Æ	Lakhnau	Dáru-l-khiláfat	483-484	
			Æ	Ugain		526	
			Æ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		301	
987							

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AKBAR	987		_	- —- - R	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-saltanat	114
				Æ		.,	354-353
		(		· Æ	Ajmér		361
				ıΞ	Dehlí	Hazrat	400
				Æ	Fathpúr	Dáru-s-saltanat	193-194
				Æ.	I attiffed	i	438-439
					T ábon	,,,	208
				AR .	Láhor	••	
	1			$\pm \mathbf{E}$	,,	**	464
	$\frac{1}{2}$			Æ	***	••	465
				Æ	<u>N</u> árnol		510-511
		*		$^{-1}$ $^{-1}$ $^{-1}$	Patna	<del>-</del>	248
				$A\!R$	ļ		302
		1		Æ	· t		550
	988			Æ	Ágra	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	339-340
				Æ	Dehlí	Hazrat	401-402
		i		ıΣ	Degáon	Dáru-s-salám	424
				Æ	Fathpúr	Dáru-s-saltanat	195-196
		1		Æ	1 weighter		440
				AR.	Jaunpúr	',	203
				X	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	98
		1		Æ	Lanor	Daru-s-saiganat	
		j			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	••	466
	000	ì		Æ	Mirath	-	488
	989			E	Amírkot	Qaşba	372
				A	1		105
		1		/ AR	;	<del>-</del>	303-30-
	990			AR	- Ahmadábad	⊢ Dáru-s-saltanat	115-11
		1 :		R	Ujjain		278
	991	- 1		$\mathbb{R}$	Ahmadábád	Dáru-s-saltanat	117-118
		1		Æ	Nárnol		512
				$A\!R$	1		305
	992	- i		AR	Ahmadábád	Dáru-s-saltanat	119
	993			Æ		- al a s emiganae	120
				Æ	Dogáon	Dáru-s-salám	427
		30		A		Dard-s-salam	109
		30		Æ			
	991			AR	Ahmadábád	1)'	182-18
	001	1	ł	E	Ajmér	Dáru-s-saltanat	121-125
	995			AR	. "		362
		3.2		Æ	¦ Aḥmadábád ⊦ Kabul	Dáru-s-saltanat	123
	7	$\frac{1}{2}$ 32	i —	+ Æ	t .		452
		E I			<sub>,</sub> Ujjain		527
	000	-		Æ			306
	996	·	_	Æ	Alimadábad	Dáru-s-saltanat	124
		1		Æ	$\Lambda$ jmér		363
		33		Æ	Allahábád		367-36
		t .	ļ.	+ - E	Dogácn	Dáru-s-salám	428
		$\frac{1}{2}[-33]$	ļ <del></del>	Æ	Kabul	-	453
		33		AR	-		318-31
		$\frac{1}{2}$ 33		AR			
		<sup>2</sup>   33	İ	Æ			320
	997	1		AR	<sup>1</sup> Alimadábad	Dáru-s-saltanat	$\begin{array}{c c} 561-56 \\ \hline 125 \end{array}$

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
997	31		R			321-322	AKBAR
998		<u> </u>	.R	<del></del>		308-309	
	35	Shahréwar	Æ		T) 11 t	323	
999			Æ	Ahmadabád	Dáru-s-saltanat	126	
i	_		Æ	Chitor	<u>-</u>	388	
	36	Shahrewar	Æ	Láhor	_	209	
i	36	Abán	Æ	,,,	<del>-</del>	467	
	 36	_	Æ	Nárnol Urdú-e-zafar-	_	513 528	
				qarín			
		, <del></del>	Æ		_	310-313	
$\frac{1}{2}$	36	Azar	$\mathcal{A}$ R		· —	324	
1000 -		Mihr	Æ	Atak Banáras	_	373	
10	37	Shahréwar	AR	Dehlí	<u> </u>	184	
	- 37	<u>Kh</u> úrdád	Æ	,,		403	
	37	Tír	R	Láhor		210-211	
		I-fandármuz	$\mathbb{R}$	,,	<del>-</del>	212	
	37	Khúrdád	Æ	.,		468	
	37	Amardád	Æ	.,		469	
	37	Bahman	Æ	,		470	
	37	Isfandármuz	Æ.	Multán	<del></del>	489	
	37	Tír	Æ	Saháranpúr	-	517	
	37	Shahréwar	ĿE		-	518	
	37		Æ	Sarhind		524 - 525	
abf		-	A	Urdú-e-zafar-	_	101	
	'	:		qarin	i		
.,			Æ	-		279 - 281	
$\frac{1}{2}$			R	11	-	282	
2	37		.E	••		529	
alif			Æ	**	1	531 - 534	
,.			A	•••	·	106	
,.			R			314-315	
1 4	37	Bahman	R		1 1	325	
1001	38	Danman	AR	Ahmadábád	:	127	
	38	Shahréwar	R			128	
	38	Ábán	Æ	••		129	
	38	Azar	R	,,		130	
	38	Dí	.R	٠,		131	
	38	Bahman	R	**		132	
		(alif wa aḥd		T) 1 / 1 / 1		387	
	1	(arij waana		Burhánabád		389	
	38	A = 10.01.1 1.4	E	Chitor		101	
	1 38	Ardíbihisht Amardád		Dehlí		405	
			Æ	٠,	0	406	
	38	Shahréwar			——————————————————————————————————————	407	
	3.8	Mihr	E			408	
	38	Ában	LE.	1"	-	213	
	38	Ardibihisht		Lahor	1		
	38	Tír	Æ	,,		471	
	38	Khúrdád	Æ	Saháranpúr		519	
	38	Mihr	Æ	,,,		520	
	38	Farwardin	AR	Tatta		256	

	Hıjra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AKBAR	1001		alif wa ahd	Æ			551
	1002	39	Tír	_R	Ahmadabad		133
		39	$ m \acute{A}ban$	Æ	• •	-	134
		39	Az (r	$\cdot$ R	11		135
		39	Di .	At.	**		136
		39	Ardíbihisht	.R	Dehlí		185
		39	Kh'irdad	æ	**		186
		39	Tír	Æ			409
		39	Shahréwar	$\widetilde{\mathbb{R}}$	Lahor		214
		39	Abán	R	2000	_	215 - 216
		39	Ázar	$\mathbb{R}$	••		217
		39		±.	••		472
		39	Khúrdad	Æ	Multán		247
		39	. —	Æ	211 ((10((11	1	•
		39	Azar	Æ	6.14		490
		3.7	$\underline{\mathbf{K}}$ húrdad		Saháranp ír		521
		39	Tír	.R	Tatta	· <del>-</del>	257
	1003		I .	$\mathbb{R}$	4.1 7/7/2		258
	1005	$\cdot = 40$	Farwardí	Æ	${f A}$ ḥmadábád	<del>-</del>	137
			' Abán	.R	••		138
		40	$A_{\underline{\ell}}$ ar	Æ	73 7.27		139
		40	, Farwardí	Į.E	Dehlí	_	410
		10	Bahman	.E	,		411
				. Æ	Dogáon	Dárualám	429
		40	Dí	-R	Láhor	_	218
		40	Isfandái muz		***		219
		10	'Ardíbihi-ht	ĿΕ	1		173
		10	Azar	E	Saháranpúr	_	522
		10	Tír	$\mathbb{R}$	Tatta		259
		40	Shahréwar		**		$^{+}$ 260
		<u>£()</u>	Pahman	-R	•••	_	$\sim 260~(a)$
	1004		<u>Kh</u> úrdád	Æ	Ahmadábád	_	140
		41	Azar	AR	,,	=	141
		41	$\mathbf{Mihr}$	l .li	Lahor	-	220
		$\cdot 11$	Bahman	$_{\rm L}$ R	1 19	T .	221
		. 11	<sup>†</sup> Istandarmuz	_R	**		222
		1! <i>11</i>	$ m \acute{A}b\acute{a}n$	Æ	' ''		474
		11	[Isfandármuz	Æ	Saháranpúr	-	523
		£1	$\Lambda_{Z^{\mathrm{ar}}}$	.R	Tatta 1		$\frac{620}{261}$
		41		Ŀ	Urdú-e-zatar-		535
		11	Shahréwar	AR	qarin		
		$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{11}{41}$	mantewat	R	_		326
	1005	$\frac{1}{2}$	,,	X	, Agra		327-328
	1000	1.2	$\sqrt{\Lambda_{ m zar}}$	AR		1 1	7.5
					Aḥmadábád		142
		12	Bahman	AR AR	Bairáta		143
		12	,,				169
		12	1 1 2 10 10 1 1 4	-Æ	Chitor		390
			Ardíbihisht	R	Dehlí		187
		12	Khúrdád	R P			188
		12	Tír	R	**		189
		1 12	$\mathbf{Mihr}$	$^{\circ}$ . R	•		190

Hijra Vear	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
- 005	12	Farwardín	R	Láhor		223	AKBA
	42	$\Lambda$ mardád	-R	,,	<del></del>	224	
	12	Shahréwar	${ m AR}^{-1}$	•	<u> </u>	225	
1	12	Dí	Æ	,,	·	226	
-	42	Ardíbihisht	E		1	475	
	42		Æ	Srínagar		525(a)	
006	43	Farwardí	$\mathcal{R}$	Ahmadábád		$14\overset{1}{4}$	
900		Ardíbihisht	Æ	Láhor	: <del></del>	$2\overline{27}$	
	$\frac{43}{43}$	Khúrdád	R		·	228	
	13	Tír	Æ	',		$2\overline{29}$	
	13	Khúrdád	R	Tatta	¥	262-263	
				i atta		329	
	<i>13</i>	Farwardín	.R			330-331	
a <del>-</del> 1	13		Æ				
$007\frac{1}{2}$		Shahrewar	.E	Agra		342	
	Í Í	Tír	At	Aḥmadábád	· -	145	
	ÍÍ	Amardad	Æ	,,		146	
	ĺĺ	Bahman	${\cal R}$	.,	<del></del>	147	
	Æ	Isfandármuz		,,	: —	148	
	-11	Ardíbihisht	Æ	Bairáta	i –	383	
1,	1 i	Tír	Æ	••		384 - 385	
1 1 1 1 1 2	11	Ardíbihi-ht	E	Dehlí		413	
1	ſį	Amardád	LE.			412	
2	11	Ardíbihi-ht	.R	Láhor		230	
	i i	Shahréwar	R		_ =	231	
1 2		Azar	R	,,	-	232	
2	11	Khúrdad	.R	Tatta		$\frac{264}{}$	
	i i			ratta		265	
1		Paliman	AR	**		332	
10			R		<del></del>		
1 4		${f A}$ mardad	Æ			558	
008.	1.5		.R	Allahábád	=	164	
1 1 1 + 1 1 1 1 1	4.5	Sbahrewar	E.E	Dehlí	_	414	
1 +	15	$\Lambda_{ m Zar}$	LE.	,,		415	
1	4.5	Bahman	Æ	Gobindpúr	_	111	
$\frac{1}{2}$	4.5	I-tandarmuz		.,	·	4 12	
	1.5	Ardíbihisht	$\perp$ .R	Láhor		233	
	1.5	Khúrdad	l .R	11		2.34	
	15		.R	Tatta		266	
	15	Shabrewar	AR	2	-	267	
		Dí	At	•••		268	
009	16	$\hat{f A}$ bán	Æ	1 Verm	-	343	
	16	Bahman	Æ	$\Lambda { m gra}$	_	344	
				11. m. 1. 1 / 1	:	149	
	$rac{t6}{\pm t6}$	$\Lambda_{ m Zar}$	R	Alimadabád		150	•
		Dí - D 1	R	••			
	16	Pahman	.R		*	151	
,	16	' Ardíbihisht		Allahábád	I	165	
2	$\frac{16}{1}$	Khúrdad	LE.	Bairáta	-	386	
	46	barwardin	$\mathcal{R}$	Burhánpúr		175	
	16	Azar	Æ	Gobindpúr		113	
	HG	Dí	Æ	Kábul		204	
	16	Farwardín		Lábor		235	
	íb	Khúrdád	Æ	,		236	

	Hıjra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AKBAR	1009	46	Tír	Æ	Láhor		237
	1/2	46	Dí '	Æ	••	-	238
		46	Khúrdád	Æ	,•		476
		46	Ázar	Æ	.,		477
		46	Dί	AR	Patna		249
		46	Farwardín	æ	Tatta		269
		46	Khúrdád	Æ	٠,		270
		46	Mibr	Æ	,,		271
		46	Ábán	$\mathcal{A}$	,,		272
		46	Dí	${\cal R}$	,,,		273
		46	Bahman	${\cal R}$	••	-	274
		· —		$\mathbf{A}$	1		315 (a)
	1010	47	Amardád	${f x}$	Ágra	<del></del>	345
		47	Khúrdád	$\mathcal{R}$	Aḥmadábád		152
		47	Tír	Æ	31		153
		47	Isfandármuz	AR			154-155
		47	_	$\mathcal{A}$	Allahábád		166
		47	Isfandármuz	Æ	Gobindpúr		444
		47	Azar	. A	Kábul ~		205
		47	Ábán	Æ	,,	<del></del>	454
		47	Farwardín	ΣE	<u>Kh</u> airpúr		462
		47	Shahréwar	-R	Láhor		239
		47	Abán	AR	Tatta		275
			_	AR	?		315(b)
	1011	48	I-fandármuz		Atak Banaras		374
		48	Farwardin	$\mathbb{R}$	Ahmadábád	1	156
		48	Azar	Æ	,,		157
		48	Bahman	AR	.,		158
		48	,,,	$^{!}$ $A$ R	Bairáta		170
		48	Mihr	A	Burhánpúr		83
		48	,,	.13	,,,		176
		48	Farwardín	Æ	Láhor		240
		48	Ardíbihisht	At	,,,		241
		4 48	Mihr	A	**		242
		48	Dí	AR .	516.	_	243
		48	Mihr	AR	Sítpúr		+250-252
		1 48 1 48	Khúrdád	AR P	Srínagar	1	255
				Æ			559
	1012	1	Azar	$\mathbb{R}$	Aḥmadábád	F	159
		49	Bahman	A	13		160
		49	Isfandármu		D	70	161
		49	, ,,	AR	Bairáta		171
		49	Azar	AR	Burhánpúr	-	177
		49	Farwardín	-R	Láhor		244
		49	Khúrdád	AR	S(L)		245
		49	Mihr	AR	Sítpúr		253-251
	1010	49	Khúrdád	AR	Tatta	_	276
	1013		Tír Whamlal	Æ	Agra	T.	346
		50	Khúrdád	AR D	Burhánpúr		178
		50 50	Ábán	AR	Burhánpúr	-	179
		1 30	$\Lambda$ rdíbihisht	i l	Lahor		246

Hıjra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1013	$\frac{50}{50}$	Mihr —	Æ Æ	Tatta U1dú-e-zafar-		277 530	AKBAR
1014	1 (50)		$rac{A}{A}$	qarín Ágra Ahmadábád		588 606	JAHÁN- GÍR
$\frac{1}{2}$	(50) - — }	Dí —	AR AR AR	,, Burhánpúr Kábul	 	607 654 686	GIL
1015	$\frac{1}{2}$	— — Khúrdád	R R R	Láhor Ágra Ahmadábád		697 589 608-609	
1	$\frac{2}{2}$	Tír —	R R R	,, Kábul		610 611 687–688	
-	1 2 2	_ _ _	Æ Æ	Láhor ,,	-	698 699 700	
1016	2 — 3		AR AR .R	Tatta Ahmadábád Láhor	- -	794 612 701	
1017	3 1 1		.R   At   A	Tatta Ágra Láhor	 	795 590 702	
1018	1 1	_ 	Æ Æ Æ	Bairáta Kashmír Láhor	· —	831 691 703	
1019	‡ 5 5 5	 Isfandármuz	AR AR AR	Tatta ,, Ágra	  	$796 \\ 797 \\ 564 \\ 591$	
	- - - 5		AR AR AR	Akbarnagar Kashmir Láhor	 	644-645 692 704	
1020	5	Ábán Bahman	AR AY AY	Tatta Ágra		798 565 566	
	$\frac{6}{6}$			,, Akbarnagar Láhor	! !	$\begin{array}{c c} 824-825 \\ 646 \\ 705 \end{array}$	
	$\vdash \frac{6}{6} - \frac{6}{6}$	Amardád   Dí   Isfandármuz		"		706 707 708	
1021	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 7 \end{array}$	Ábán Tír	AR AY AY	Qandahár Ágra		766 587 567 592	
	7 7 7	Amardád  Khúrdád	AR AR AE	,, ,, ,, <b>A</b> hmadábád		593 826-828 613	
	7	Ábán	$\frac{R}{R}$	Anmadabad	->-	614	

	Hijra <b>y</b> ear	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
JAHÁN-	1021	7	Ázar	AR	Aḥmadábád		615
GÍR		7		${f \pm}$	Bairáta	·	832
		7	Ardíbihisht	$\mathcal{A}$	Dehlí	<u> </u>	662
		7	Dí	-R	,1		663
		7	Farwardín	$A\!R$	Láhor		709
		7	Shahrewar	$\mathcal{A}$ R	11		710
		7	$\operatorname{Bahman}$	AR			711
		7	-Isfandármuz	Æ	**		712
		7		${\mathcal R}$	Qandahár	·	767
		. 7	Khúrdád	R	Tatta		799
	1022	8	Ardíbihisht	A	$ m \acute{A}gra$		568
		8	Shahréwar	$A\!\mathrm{R}$	•	<del>_</del>	594
		8	: -	Æ		<del></del>	829
			Ábán	$A\!\!R$	Burhánpúr	_	586
		8	Tír	$\mathcal{A}$	Ahmadábád		616
		: 8	† Ábán – †	$\mathcal{A}$		-	617
		; 8	Farwardí	:F.	Dehlí	<del></del>	664
		8	Amardád	$\mathcal{R}$			665
		8	Mihr	$\overline{\mathbb{R}}$	**	1	666
		8	Bahman	$\widehat{\mathbb{A}}$		· —	667
		8	Shahrewar	Æ	,, Kashmír		693
		$^{'}$ $_{8}$	Tír	Æ	Láhor		713
		$^{\circ}$ $S$	Shahréwar	$\hat{R}$			713
		8	Mihr	Ãì			715
		8	Ábán	Æ		<del></del>	713
		. 8	$\dot{\Lambda}_{ m Zar}$	At			
		8	Dí	Æ		1	717
		8	Khúrdád	R	 Qandahár		718
	1023	9	Mihr	Æ	Agra	<del>-</del>	768
	1 2	$\tilde{9}$	Bahman	At	Alimadábád		595
	2		Isfandármuz	At	Kashmir	·	618
		9	Tír	AR			694
	1	-g	Ardíbihisht	R	Láhor	_	695
		g	Ázar	At ·	тацог		719
		g	$D_{i}$	$A_{ m R}$	,,	- —	720
		$\stackrel{\circ}{g}$	Bahman	.R	•		721
		$\stackrel{\circ}{9}$	Tír -	AR	Patna		722
	1	9	Bahman	At			739
		9	Tír	R	,. Qandahár		740
	;	9	Shahréwar	AR	•	_	769
	1	9	Mihr	$\frac{A}{R}$	**		770
	1024		2411111		Aĥmadábád		771
	1023	10	Bahman	$R \rightarrow R$	A i i	-	619
		9	13(1111)(11	$\frac{R}{R}$	Akbarnagar		647 - 648
	- !	i0	Khúrdád		Kábul T		689
	·			$\frac{A}{A}$	Láhor		723
		10	Azar	At	•		724
			Isfandármuz	Æ			725
	'	10	Ardíbihisht	Æ	$\mathbf{Q}$ an $\mathbf{d}$ a $\mathbf{h}$ á $\mathbf{r}$		772
		10	Ţír	R	,,		773
		10	Ázar	R	,		774
	1025	10	Bahman	At	Ágra		596

Hijra year	 Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1025	11	Farwardín	Æ	Ágia		597	JAHAN-
1010		Abán	Æ	Aḥmadábád		620	GÍR
1	11	Tír	Æ	Burhánpúr	_	658	<b>4120</b>
;	11	Amardád	$\mathbf{R}$	Dehlí		668	
	11	_	Æ	Láhor		726	
İ	11	Ardíbihisht	Æ	Patna	_	741	
!	11	Tír	Æ	•,		742	
	11	Mihr	Æ			743	
	11	Ardíbihisht	æ	,, Qandahár		775	
	11	Mihr	Æ	· ·	_	776	
	11	Ábán	Æ	••		777	
	11	Amardád	At	,,		778	
	11		R	••		779	
1026		Shahréwar	$\ddot{X}$	Ágra		569	
1050	11	Isfandármuz				598	
	$\frac{11}{12}$	Farwardín	Æ	**		599	
	12	Ardíbihisht	$\frac{R}{R}$	••	_	600	
	12		$\mathbb{R}$	D-1.17	,,,,,,,	669	
	$\frac{12}{12}$	Farwardí		Dehlí		670	
	$\frac{12}{12}$	<u>Kh</u> úrdád Shahréwai	Æ	T 1 / /	<del></del>	674	
			Æ	Jahángírnagar	_	690	
	11!	Farwardí	$\frac{R}{R}$	Kábul		727	
	12	T 6 1/	Æ	Láhor :		744	
	11	Isfandármuz		Patna	—	744 $745$	
	12	, Amardád -	AR N	••			
	12	A <u>z</u> ar	AR	,,		746	
	11		AR	Qandahár — —		780	
	12	! <u> </u>	Æ	••	<del></del>	781	
	12	<b>K</b> húrdád	Æ	Tatta		800	
	12	Ázar	AR	.,		801	
1027	13		AR	Aḥmadábád i		621	
	13	(Aries)	Æ	.,		627-628	
	13	(Taurus)	Æ	ļ ,,	a ana	629-630	
	13	(Gemini)	AR	.,		$\frac{1}{1}$ 631–632	
	13	(Cancer)	AR	,,	<del></del>	633-634	
	13	$(L\epsilon o)$	Æ	,,		636	
	13	Farwardí	AR	Akbarnagar		649	
	13		Æ	Bairáta		833	
	13	Ábán	At	Dehlí	- and	671	
	13	Agar	R	Jahángírnagar		675	
	13		AR	Láhor		728-729	
	13	Ardíbihisht	æ	Patna	-	747	
	13	Shahréwar	Æ			748	
1 2	13	Ábán	Æ	**		749	
نه	12	-	Æ	,. Qandahár		782	
	13		R		•	783-784	
	13	Shahréwar	R	Tatta		802	
1028	14	(Aries)	X	Ágra		570	
	11	Taurus	X	· ·		571	
	13	Pisces				582	
	1 1		A.	,,	*	604	
	11	(Gemini)	AR	171 ( )		583	
			i A'	Ahmadábád		000	

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. 1n Catalogue
JAHÁN-	1028	13		$_{ m A}$	Ahmadábád	_	622
	1020	14	Khúrdád	AR	Burhánpúr		659
GÍR		14	Farwardí	R	Jahángírnagar		676
		14		$\mathbb{R}$	Láhor		730
		13	Isfandármuz	AR	Patna		750
		111	Qandahár	Æ	Qandahár	-	785-786
		į 1 t	Amardád	R R	Tatta		803
	1000				Ágra		605
	1029	15	(Cancer)	$\frac{\mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{R}}$	Alimadábád		623
		15	76.1	Æ	Ahmadabad Akbarnagar		650-651
		15	Mihr	Æ		_	677-678
		1.5	Ardíbihisht	Æ	Jahángírnagar		679
		1.5	Tír	Æ	77.1 /		696
		15	(Gemini)	AR	Kashmír		731-732
		15		Æ	Láhor		751
		15	Farwardín	Æ	Patna		
		15	<u>Kh</u> úrdád	$\mathbb{R}$	,,,,	<del></del>	752
		15	_	AR	Qandahár	_	787-788
		1.5	Amardád	Æ	Ţatta	_	804
	1030	16	(Taurus)	A	Ágra	—	572-574
		16	(Gemini)	A	1 ,		575
		16	(Cancer)	X	,.		576
		16	(Taurus)	Æ	,,		603
		15	` _ ′	A	Ahmadábád		584
		16	Mihr	AR	Jahángírnagar		680
		16	Bahman	R		, <del></del>	681
		16	Farwardín	AR	Patna		753
		16	Amardád	AR AR		www.	754
		16	Ábán	AR.	.,		755
		15	200011	AR	Qandahár	PW ALM	789
		16		AR	1	·	790
		15	Isfandármu		Súrat	I	792
		16	Khúi dád	$\stackrel{\leftarrow}{+} \stackrel{\mathcal{M}}{\mathcal{R}}$	Tatta		805
	1031	17	$\frac{\mathbf{K}_{\text{Intradia}}}{(Cancer)}$				577
	1031	1		A.	Agra		579
		16	(Libra)	$\perp X$	**	<u></u>	581
		16	(Sagittarius		,,		601
		17		At	1/1/1		624
		17		-R	Ahmadábád		682
		17	Farwardí	/R	Jahángírnagar		
		17	Shahréwar	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	683
			Mihr	AR	Jaler?		685
		16	Azar	-R	Patna		756
		16	Pahman	A	•,		757
		17	Farwardíi.		0"11		758
		17		R	Qandahár		791
	* - 6	17	Dí	AR	Şúrat		793
	1033	1	(Libra)	A	Agra		580
		18	$A_{Zar}$	-R	Akbarnagar	_	652
		15	-	AR			733
		18	1	$\mathbb{R}$			759
	103			_R			625
		19	Farwardí	A?	Jahángírnagar		684

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1033	19 18	Dí	AR AR	Láhor Patna	 	734-735 760	JAHÁN- GÍR
	19	Farwardín	Æ	,,		761	<b>4-44</b>
	19	Mihr	$\mathcal{R}$	Tatta	<del></del>	806	
1034	19		Æ	$ m \acute{A}gra$		602	
	20		Æ	Bairáta		835	
	20	Isfandármuz		Akbarnagar		653	
		Azar	$\mathbf{A}\!\!\!R$	Dehlí		672	
1	- 20	Ardíbihisht		Patna		762	
	20	Amardád	R	,,,		763	
1000	20	Farwardín	Æ	Tatta		807	
1035		<u>Kh</u> úrdád	Æ	Dehlí		673	
	21	— TT1 < 1/ 1	Æ	Láhor	_	736	
1000	21	<u>Kh</u> úrdád	AR I	Patna		764	
1036	0.1		R	Ahmadnagar		637	
	21		AR D	Láhor		737	
1	22	Ábán	At AR	", D-4		738	
$1037^{\overline{2}}$	$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$	Aban	Æ.	Patna T-44-		765	
1037	44	,,	ı.Th	Tatta		808	
1034	20	_	Æ	$ m \acute{A}gra$		811	Withname
	20		R	Láhor	_	815-816	of Núrja-
			Æ	Súrat		821	hán
1035			Æ	,,	_	822	
1036			AR	Ahmadábád		814	
1037	22	_	Æ	Ágra		812-813	
	22		Æ	Patna	_	817-820	
	22		AR	Súrat		823	
	ahd		$\mathbf{A}$	Ágra	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláf <b>a</b> t	836	SHÁH-
	ahd		Æ	Agra		868-870	JAHÁN
	ahd		AR	Aḥmadábád	!	874	JAHAH
12		_	R	11 innadabad		875	
2	ahd		AR	Akbarnagar	<u> </u>	909	
		_	Æ	Bairát	<u></u>	1107	
	ahd		AR	Burhánpúr		930	
	ahd	_	X	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	853	
	ahd		Æ	,,	,,	965	
	ahd		AR	Patna		1012(a)	)
1/2	ahd		AR	Súrat		1040	
1038	ahd		R	Ágra	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	871-873	2
	2	Shahrewar	AR	Akbarábád	,,	889	
	aḥd	_	AR	Aḥmadábád	_	876	
	alid		Æ	Akbarnagar	_	910	
	2	_	AR	Burhánpúr		931	
	alid	_	Æ	Láhor		966	
	2	<b>-</b>	AR	,,	_	967	
	aḥd		AR	Multán		985	
	2	<u>Kh</u> úrdád	AR	,.	_	986	
	2	Shahréwar	A	Patna	_	855 (a)	)

	322	AFPENDIA B									
		Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue				
SHÁH-	1038	aḥd	_	æ	Súrat		1039				
JAHÁN		2		.R	٠,		1041-104				
JAHAN		<u> </u>		R	<del>''</del>	_	1089				
	1039	3	Farwardín	$\ddot{X}$	Alimadábád	_	837				
	1000	2	Ázar	Æ			877				
		2		Æ	Akbarábád		890-891				
		3		Æ			892-891				
			Dí	$\frac{R}{R}$	,, Akbarnagar	-	911				
		2	Ábán	Æ	_	_	912				
		3	Tír	R	٠,		913				
		; 3 ; 3	Ábán	R	,, Katak						
		. 0			Multán	i —	960				
		2 2 2 3	Azar	At D	Multan	<del></del>	987				
		2	Islandármuz	R	D. (		988				
		1 2	Mihr	Æ	Patna		1013-101				
		, 2		Æ	Ujjain	Baldat	1084-108				
		3	Farwardí	$\mathbb{R}$	Zafarnagar		1086				
	1040	<u> </u>	Ardíbihisht		Ahmadábád	_	878				
		1		AR	Akbarábád		895-897				
		. 1	Balıman	$\mathbf{R}$	Akbarnagar		914				
		3		Æ	Bhakkar		919				
		1		$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{R}$	.,		920				
		-1		$\mathbf{A}$	Burhánpúr		844				
		3		AR	-		932-935				
			Shahréwar	$\mathbb{R}$	Dehlí	<del></del>	944				
		3	Ábán	$\mathbf{A}$ R			945				
		3	_	R	Jahángírnagar		951				
		3		Æ	Láhor		968				
		4		R	.,		969				
		3	1	R	Multán	_	989-990				
		4	Tír	R	Patna	<u> </u>					
			```	R	Súrat	_	1016				
		3		X	isurat		1043				
	1041	J	Isfandái muz	1	, ,	_	864				
	1041	-	Shahréwar	,	Aḥmadábád	<u> </u>	879				
		5	Shanrewar	Æ	Almadnagar		886				
		5		.R	Akbarábád		898				
			D'	AR	Gulkanda		947				
		1	Dí	.R	Jahángírnagar		952				
		1		$\mathcal{A}$	Láhor		970-971				
		5		R	- 2.		972				
		5		Æ	Lakhnau		1110				
		1	-	AR	Multán	_	991				
		5		AR	•••		992				
		้อ์	<u>Kh</u> urdád	AR	Patna		1017				
		:		.13	Súrat		1044				
		5	Ardíbihisht		Zafarnagar		1087				
	1042		Ázar	$\mathbb{R}$	Ahmadábád		880				
		5	_	.R	Akbarabád		899				
		6	_	Æ			900				
		5	_	AR	Burhánpúr	1 -	936				
		5		Æ	Láhor	_					
		. 5		$\mathbf{A}$ R	Multán		973				
			•			_	993-994				

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1042	6		$ _{A}$	Multán		995	sна́н-
1012	5	Amardad	$\mathbb{R}$	Patna		1018	JAHÁN
	5	Shahréwar	Æ	,,		1019	UAMAM
1	5	Mihr	R	•••		1020	
	6		R			1021	
İ	6	Ábán	Æ	., Tatta		1070	
1043	6	1100011	X	Akbarábád		838	
1010	7		R	IIMburubuu		901-902	
	′		Æ	., Allahábád		918	
	6		R	Bhakkar		921	
	7		R	Биливи		922	
		_	$\frac{M}{4}$	 Buthánpur		937	
	$\frac{6}{6}$		R	Multán		996-997	
		_		Mullan		998	
	7	_	AR AR	., Zafarnagar	<del></del>	1088	
,				Yararnagar		1090	
1011	_		R D	Ahmadábád		881	
1044	8		R	Aņmadabad Akbarábád		903	
	7		At T			923	
	7	_	Æ	Bhakkar	_	938	
	7		R	Burhánpúr	1	946	
	_	_	AR.	Dehlí	_	953	
	7	_	Æ	Jahángírnagar	_	974-975	
	7	_	AR	Láhor	_	974-973	
	8		Æ	7,		999	
	7		AR	Multán		1045-1046	,
	7	m,	Æ	Súrat	_		,
101-	7	Tír	AR .	Tatta	_	1071	
1045	8		-R	Ahmadábád		882	
	8	_	X	Akbarábád	_	839	
	9		Æ	Akbarnagar		915	
	8		AR	Multán	<u> </u>	1000	
	9		AR			1001	
	8		A.	Patna	_	856	
	8		A	Súrat		860	
1040	8	<u> </u>	AR	,,,	_	1047	
1046	10		ıR.	Akbarnagar		916	
	9	_	ı.R	Láhor		977	
	10		Æ	,,		978	0
	9		AR	Multán		1002-100	3
	9		$\boldsymbol{X}$	Súrat		861	
	9		Æ	•••		1048	
1045	10		AR	,,		1049	
1047	10		AV	Akbarábád		840	
	10		AR	Multán		1004	
	10		AR	Patna		1022	
10.00	-	<u> </u>	AR	_		1091	
1048	12	_	AR	Akbarábád		904	
	1 -		Æ	Bairát		1108	
	1.2	-	AR	Kashmír	_	959	
	11		AR	Multán		1005-100	6
	12	1	AR	,,	-	1007	

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
SHÁH-	10485	12	_	Æ	Patna	_	1023
JAHÁN		12		$\mathcal{A}$ R	Súrat		1050
V 12-11-1	1049	<b>1</b> 3		$\mathcal{A}$	Bhílsa		927
		12		Æ	Qandahár		1032
		13		$\mathcal{A}$ R	,,		1033
	1	13		AR .	Súrat		1051
		12	Ardíbihisht	$\mathcal{A}$ R	Tatta	_	1072
		13	<u> </u>	$\mathbb{R}$	<u> </u>	_	1092
	1050	14	<u> </u>	$\mathbb{R}$	Júnagarh		955
		11		$A\!R$	Qandahár		1034
	1051	15		Æ	Bhakkar	<u> </u>	924
		!		Æ	Dehlí	·	1109
		1.5	-	A?	Multán	!	1008
		15		X	Patna		857
		1.5	<u></u>	Æ	,,		1024-1025
		1.5		$-\mathbb{R}$	Qandahár		1035
		14		$\mathbb{R}$	Tatta		1073
	1052	16	· -	.R	Akbarábád	_	905
		1.5		$\mathcal{M}$	Bhílsa	_	928
		1.5	_	A	Daulatábád		848
	[1053]	17	-	R	Patna	,	1026
	1054	18	·	$\mathcal{H}$	1 );		1027
		17		A	Súrat		1052-1053
		18		Æ	ļ ,,		1054
		·		R			1093
	1055	18	-	R	Alimadábád		883
		19	-	$\mathbb{R}$	,,		884
		. 19		R	Akbarábád	_	906
		19		AR	Patna		1028
	1 2	1.7	_	Æ	Súrat		1055
	1056	19	<u>-</u>	$\mathbb{R}$	Bhílsa		929
		20		$\perp$ At	Súrat	·	1056
		19	Khúrdád	' R	Tatta	<u> </u>	1074
		19		$\perp R$			1094
		$^{\circ}$ 20		$\mathcal{A}$ R	<u> </u>		1095
	<u>1</u>	20		$\mathcal{A}$ R		·	1096
	1057	20	-	+X	Akbarábád	ļ	841
		20	_	$\mathcal{R}$	Daulatábád		941
		20	-	: _R	Multán		1009
		20		$\mathbb{R}$	Qandahár		1036-1037
		. 21		AR	i .,	~	1038
		21		$_{ m LR}$	Súrat		1057-1058
		20		$^{1}$ $_{2}\mathrm{R}$	Tatta	~	1075-1076
	1058	22	-	$_{ m LR}$	Aḥmadnagar	_	887
		21		AR	Súrat		1059
		- 22	<del></del>	AR	_		1097
	1059	22	-	$\mathbf{A}$	Akbarábád		842
		23	-	A	,,		843
		22		$-\mathbf{R}$	٠,		907
				$\mathcal{R}$	Akbarnagar		917
		23	-	.R	Bhakkar		925

$egin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	061 <b>JAHÁN</b>
$egin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	061 <b>JAHÁN</b>
$egin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$1060^2$ 24 — A Burhánpúr — 845	
— H Khanbáyat — 961	
1061 24 — R Ahmadnagar — 888	
25 — R Daulatábád — 942	
- R Khanbáyat - 962	
25 — X Patna — 858	
24 — R Súrat — 1062	
— X 1 — 866	
1062   26   —   X   Láhor —   854	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
26 - A Patna - 1030	
26 — X Sháhjahánábád — 859	
25 — R Súrat — 1068	
20 100	
26 - R Tatta - 1003	
1063   27   —   R   Láhor — 980	
27 — A Súrat — 1066	
26 — A Tatta — 1078	
97 1076	
1061 27 — X Daulatábád — 849	
28 — X Multán — 853	
27 — R Súrat — 1066	
$\frac{1}{28}$ - $\frac{1}{1099-1}$	
1065 — R Khanbáyat — 963	
29 — At Lahor — 981	
1066 — R Ahmadábád — 883	
30 — X Daulatábád — 850	
30 — R Láhor — 982-9	
30 - R Multán - 1010	
30 — R Patna — 1031	
29 — A Súrat — 1067	
30 Khúrdád A Tatta – 863	
29 Ábán R , — 1080	
30 - N 1 - 867	
1067 31 — R Bhakkar — 926	
- Al Júnagarh 956-9	
30 – A Khanbáyat – 852	
31 — R Khansayat — 98	
31 — R Multán — 1011	
30 — R Súrat — 1068	
1068   32   —   X   Burhánpúr   -   846-8	
32 — A Bulatábád — 851	
31 — R 943	
- R Khanbáyat 96-	
31 R Multán 1011	
31 - Nunan - 86:	
31 — R Tatta 1081	

		Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
SHÁH-	1068	31		Æ			1101
JAHÁN		32		$\mathcal{R}$		Manyalitie	1103-1104
	1069	32		Æ	Tatta	_	1082
		33		$+\frac{A}{A}$	,,		1083 1102
		32		211			1102
(-	1.00	, , ,		Q.	Ahmadábád		1115
MURÁD	1068	ahd ahd		$\frac{R}{R}$	Khanbáyat		1116-1117
Ba <u>kh</u> sh		and	_	A	Súrat	~ <del>~</del>	1118-1119
		and		1	Surac		1110 1110
A 77 TO A 787 C	1000			$\mathbb{R}$	Gulkanda		1335
AURANG-		al <sub>i</sub> d 3		$\frac{\Lambda}{\mathbb{R}}$	Akbarnagar		1199
ZÉB	1070	3		A	Aurangábád		1123
		3		$\mathbb{R}^{-1}$	Gulkanda	~	1336
		ahd		R	Lahor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1415
		2 and		Æ	Multán	Dáru-l-amán	1467
		3	_	X	Sháhjahánábad	Dáru-l-aman Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1139
		aḥd	_	$\frac{\Lambda}{R}$	Súrat		1538-1540
		3	_	R	Zafarábád	Bandar-i-mubarak	1639
	1071	3	_	$\mathcal{A}$	Akbarábád		1178
	1011	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{vmatrix}$		AR.	ì		1179
		3		Æ	" Bhakkar		1266
		4		AR.	Gulkanda	_	1337-1338
		4		Æ	Kábul	_	1377
		3		AR	Patna		1485
		4		R	ı wena		1486
		3		.R	 Súrat		1541
				$\overline{R}$	Tatta		1627
	1072	4		Æ	- Ahmadábád		1155
	- \· · · ·	4		At	Akbarnagar		1200
		5		Æ			1201
		4		$\perp$ R	Allahábád	Baldat	1243
				AR	Aurangábád	~_	1244
		4		$\mathcal{A}$ R	Patna	THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS	1487
		4		Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Daru-l-khiláfat	1510
		4	_	AR	Súrat		1542-1543
	1073	5		AR	Bhakkar		1267
		5		A	Sháhjahánábád	Daru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1140
		6		$\boldsymbol{A}$	,,	,,	1141
		5	<b></b>	_R	Súrat		1544
		5		$\mathcal{A}$ R	Tatta		1628-1629
			-	$\mathbf{A}$	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	1153
	1074	6	_	$\mathbb{R}$	Ahmadabád		1156
		6		$\mathbb{R}$	Akbarábád		1180
		6		_R	Aurangábád	_	1245
		6	(1071)	-R	Gulkanda		1339
		5	-	AR .	Júnagadh		1367
		7		A	Kanbáyat		1130
		6		.R	,,,		1383
		6		A	Súrat	-	1147

1074		Regnal	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1075	1674		_	$\mathcal{A}$	Súrat		15.15	
1075	11/4 1	1 6					The second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second secon	
8	1075		_					ZÉB
7	1070							
1076			_					
1076   8					)Surat		1	
R	1070		_					
R	1016	1 0				_		
8			]					
8		1	_		Aurangabad			
S			_			_	į.	
R			-				1469	
1077   9		8	<u> </u>				1138	
1077   9							1547	
1078   10		!	_				1630	
9	1077	( 9	<del>-</del>	A	Kanbáyat	-	1131	
1078   10		,	ļ —	A	Súrat			
1078   10		9	<u> </u>	$\mathbf{R}$	,,	1		
1078   10		1 - 9					1	
1079	1078	10						
11		11						
12								
1080   12					754146	_	ſ	
1080   12					Zoforálsád		1	
1081   12	1080							
1081   13	1000	1~				_		
1081   13		10						
13	1001					Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat		
13	1001				Akbarnagar			
14	-				44			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	i	l l	_					
15   13	į	14	_				1∃56	
13	1	-				_	1384	
13	1				Sholápúr	-	1146	
1082	}			-R	Súrat		1554	
1082	ļ	13		- R	Tatta		1632	
15	1082 +	14		: AR	Akbarnagar	_		
15	1	15	(1076)	.R		-	1	
15		15	`			~		
14     —     At     Kanbayat     —     1385       15     —     At     Multán     —     1470       14     —     X     Sháhjahánábád     Dáru-l-khilafat     1143       14     —     At     Súrat     —     1511       15     —     At     Súrat     —     1633       15     —     At     Kanbáyat     —     1386       16     —     At     Sháhjahanábád     Dáru-l-khiláfat     1512       15     —     At     Súrat     —     1556       16     —     At     Súrat     —     1557       1084     17     —     At     Kanbáyat     —     1387	i	15						
15	i							
14	į							
1083     14	i					Dána 1 l-bilafat	1	
1083	1				· manjanananan			
1083     14     —     _R     Tatta     —     1633       15     —     _R     Kanbáyat     —     1386       16     —     _R     Sháhjahanábád     Dáru-l-khiláfat     1512       15     —     _R     Súrat     —     1556       16     —     _R     _     1557       1084     17     —     _R     Kanbáyat     —     1387					,, V.:	**		
1083     15     —     _R     Kanbáyat     —     1386       16     —     _R     Sháhjahanábád     Dáru-l-khiláfat     1512       15     —     _R     Súrat     —     1556       16     —     _R     _     —     1557       1084     17     —     _R     Kanbáyat     —     1387								
16	1083							
15						== To: 111:1:0:		
1084   16   R   .,   1557 R   Kanbáyat   -   1387						Daru-l- <u>Kh</u> rlafat	1	
1084 17 — R Kanbáyat — 1387	-				Surat		1	
- Tanbayat - 1967	1001				.,,			
11 - R   Súrat   1558	1001					-		
	İ			.R	Súrat		1558	
16R Tatta	1	145		.R	Tatta		1634	

	3.00						
	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AURANG-	1085	17		R	Ahmadábád		1158
		17	(1076)	R	Gulkanda		1344
ZÉB		17		$\mathbb{R}$	Kanbáyat	_	1388
		18		$\mathbb{R}$			1389
		17		Æ	Shahjahanabad	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1513
		-		æ	Súrat		1559
	1086	1		R	Ahmadábád	~	1159
	1000	18	(1076)	$\mathbb{R}$	Gulkanda		1345
		18	(10/0)	$\frac{1}{R}$	Súrat		1560
	1005	19	_	R	Ahmadábád	. –	1160
	1087						1181
		19		$\mathcal{A}$	Akbarábád		1346
		19		AR D	Gulkanda		
		19		IR.	Kanbáyat		1390
		19		$\mathbb{R}$	Lakhnau		1451
		19	-	ıR	Súrat	~	1561
	1088	20	_	$\mathcal{R}$	Lakhnau	_	1452-1453
		20		$\mathbb{R}$	Súrat		1562
		21		$\mathbb{R}$	٠,	-	1563
	1089	22		Æ	Akbarábád	-	1182
		21	_	AR	Akbarnagar	<b>—</b>	1205
		22	_	$\mathbb{R}$	,,		1206
		ì	_	$\mathbb{R}$	Kanbáyat	~	1391
		22		$\mathcal{A}$ R	Patna	·	1488
		22		$\mathbb{R}$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1514
		22		Æ	Súrat		1564
	1090		-	$\mathcal{A}$ R	Akbarnagar		1207-1208
		23		æ	Gulkanda	<u> </u>	1347
		23	_	R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1515
		22	i	AR	Súrat	Daru-1 Kunatao	1565
				R			1566
		$\frac{1}{2}$ , 22, 23	i	AR	*		1567
	1091	$\frac{23}{23}$		Æ	Ahmadábád		1161
	1031	$+$ $\frac{23}{23}$		AR			
		$\frac{23}{24}$		R	Kanbáyat Patna	_	1392
				R	1		1489
		23	-	ı.R	Súrat	_	1568
	1.000	$\frac{24}{2}$			,,,		1569
	1092		_	R	Akbarnagar		1209
		2.5		11	Gulkanda		1348
		24		R	Jahángírnagar		1357
		24		I AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1416
		24	_	$ \mathbb{R}$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1516
		24		-R	Súrat	_	1570
		25		$ \mathbb{R}$	1.		1571
	1093	3/27 (sic	:)! —	A	Aurangabad	~	1124
		26	,	$\mathbb{R}$	,,,	-	1248
		, 26	_	_R	Gulkanda		1349
		26	-	$\mathcal{A}$	Júnagadh	_	1370
		25		.R	Kanbáyat		1393
		25	_	.R	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1417
		25		Æ	Multán		1471
			,				1490
		26		R	Patna Patna	_	

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1093	25	_	Æ	Súrat	_	1572-1573 AURANG-
	26		$\mathbb{R}$	,,		1574-1575 <b>ZÉB</b>
1094	26		R	Akbarnagar		1210
	27		$\mathbf{R}$	Aurangábád		1249
Į.	27		Æ	Gulkanda		1350
	27		R	Islámábád		1355
	27		Æ	Júnagadh		1371
j	26		$ \mathcal{R} $	Láhor		1418
	27		$\mathbf{R}$	Multán		1472
i	26		AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1517
ĺ	26		AR	Súrat		1576-1577
	27		$\mathbb{R}$	,,,		1578
1095	28		Æ	Ahmadnagar		1165–1166
	28		Æ	Akbarábád		1183
	27		$\mid R \mid$	Akbarnagar		1211-1212
	28		$\frac{1}{2}$	'Alamgirpúr		1234
	29		Æ	,,		1235
	~		$\frac{1}{2}$ R	Kanbayat		1394
	27	- <del>-</del>	Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1419
	27		AR	Súrat		1579-1580
	28		AR I	,,,		1581-1582
1000	27		$\mathbb{R}$	Tatta	-	1635 1184
1096	29		AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	<b>(</b>
	28		AR	Akbarnagar		1213-1214
	29		Æ	Gulkanda		1351
	28		AR	Kanbáyat		1395
j	29		AR	7,7	7	$1396 \\ 1420$
	28 28		I R	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1491
	29		ıR N	Patna	_	1492
	23		AR	(1) 1/ /		1536
	28	~	.R	Sholápúr		1583
	29		R	Súrat		1584
	29		AR N	,,	_	1154 (b)
	29		A AR	3		1642
1097	30	_	AR AR	1	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1170
1001	29	_	R	Ajmér   Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> ilafat	i .
	29		AR AR		Mustagnia-i-Knimaat	1215
	30		Æ	Akbarnagar	Dáru-z-zafar	1269
	30		AR	Bíjápúr Duglánnán	Daru-g-zarar	1279
	30		AR	Burhánpúr Labángínnagar		1358
	31 7		Æ	Jahángírnagar		1372
	30		X	Júnagadh   Kulbarga		1136
	29	too or	$\frac{\mathbf{A}}{\mathbf{R}}$	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1421
	29		AR	Patna	Dara-s carganat	1493
	31	-~ -	Æ	Sholápúr		1537
	29		A	Súrat		1150
	29		R			1585
	30	-	R	,,		1586
1098	31		AR	Ahmadnagar		1167
	31		R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AURANG-	1098	30	_	1 1	Akbarnagar		1216
ZÉB		31	_	$^{\perp}$ .Ht $^{\parallel}$	,,	_	1217
		30		$+$ $\Re$	Aurangábád	_	1250
				Æ	Etáwa		1298
		30		$\mathbb{R}$	Kanbáyat		1397
		31	_	$\mathbb{R}$	Kulbarga		1413
		30		$\mathbb{R}$	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1422
		31		$\mathbf{R}$	,,	71	1423-1424
		30		æ	Lakhnau	_	1454
		31		Æ	Nárnol		1479-1480
		30		$\mathbb{R}$	Shábjahánábád ¦	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1518
		31	•	-AR	٠,	"	1519
		30		-R	Súrat		1587-1588
	1099	31	_	Æ	Aḥmadábád		1162
		32		$\mathbb{R}$	Ajmér	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1171
		3.2		R	Akbarnagar		1218
		32	_	R	'Alamgírpúr		1236
		31		X	Allahábád	w	1122
		31		$\mathbb{R}$	Burhánpúr		1280
		31		1£	Etáwa		1299
		32	-	$\mathbb{R}$	,,		1300
		31	_	1.33	Júnagarh		1373
		31		111	Katak		1379
		31		-R	Kanbáyat	_	1398
		31		R	Láhor	$\mathrm{Dáru} ext{-}\mathrm{s} ext{-}\mathrm{sal}\underline{\mathrm{t}}\mathrm{anat}$	1425-1426
		32	-	AR D	· , ,	,,	1427
		31		R C	Nárnol		1481
		31		E H	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1144
		31	_	R	;; Súrat	,,,	1520
	1100	33		- R		-	1589
	1100	33		R	Akbarnagar Burhánpúr		1219
		32		.R	Etáwa		1281
		33		R	Ḥaidarábád	D(m. 1.21.7.1	1301
		33		At l	Jahángírnagar	Dáru-l-jihád	1352
		32		AR	Katak		1359
		33		Æ	Kanbáyat		1380
		3.2	-	$\boldsymbol{A}$	<u>Kh</u> ujista-bunyád	(Aurongábád)	$1399 \\ 1132$
		32		$\mathbb{R}$		(.rurangabad)	1406
		33		$-\mathbf{R}$	Multán	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1473
		33		$\mathcal{A}$	Nárnol		1482
		32	-	.R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1521
		32		Æ	Súrat		1521
	1101	34		${ m  m  m  m  m  m  m  m  m  m  m  m  m  $	Akbarábád	Mustaqi <b>r</b> ru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1187
		34		AR	Akbarnagar		1220
		32		Æ	Barélí	Viene	1253
		33		$\mathbb{R}$	Bíjápúr	Dáru-z-zatar	1270
		33	_	AR	Burĥánpúr		1282
		33		_R	Júnagarh		1374
		33		AR	Kanbayat	-	1399 (a)
		33		AR	Láhor	Daru-s-saltanat	1428

Hıjra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1101	33		Æ	Lakhnau		1455	AURANG
1	33	-	$\mathcal{A}$	Multán	_	1474	ZÉB
	34		$\mathbf{R}$	Patna		1494	
	33		$\mathbf{A}$	Súrat		1591	
	34		Æ	,,	<del>_</del>	1592	
	34		Æ	Tatta		1636	
1102	34		Æ	Ahmadábád		1163	
	34		$\mathbb{R}$	Ajmér	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1172	
ĺ	34		$\mathbb{R}$	Akbarnagar		1221	
	35	_	$\mathbb{R}$	Etáwa		1302-1303	
ļ	34		$\mathbb{R}$	Jahángírnagar	<del></del>	1360	
	34		$\mathbf{R}$	Júnagarh		1375	
!	35		$\mathbb{R}$	Katak		1381	
	34		$\mathbf{R}$	Kanbáyat		1400	
Ì	34		Æ	Lakhnau		1456	
	35		Æ	Multán		1475	
	34		R	Nárnol		1483	
	34		R	Patna		1495	
	34		Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1522	
	35		R	Shanjananabad		1523	
	34		R	Súrat		1593-1594	
1103	35		Æ	Barélí		1254	
1100	36	<del>_</del>	R	Bíjápúr	Dáru-z-zafar	1271	
	36		R	Burhánpúr	Dara-g-garar	1283	
	35		R	Etáwa		1304-1305	
	36		R	Liawa		1306	
	36		R	,, Katak	<del></del>	1382	
	35		At		Dáru-s-saltanat	1429	
	36		R	Lahor	Daru-8-sarganat	1476	
	35		AR	Multán	_	1496	
	აი 35		R	Patna .		1504	
1				Sarhind	_	1595-1596	
	35		AR D	Súrat		1597	1
1104	36		AR			1222	
1104	36		AR	Akbarnagar		1237	
			AR	Alamgírpúr	D/ c	1125	
	36		A	Bíjápúr	Dáru-z-zafar	t	
	36		l R		**	1272	
	36		_R	Etáwa		1307	
	36		-R	Júnagarh	_	1376	
	36		l R	Kanbáyat		1401	
		-	-R	<u>Kh</u> ujista-bunyád		1414	
	36		AR.	Láhor	Daru-s-saltanat	1430	
ļ	37	-	.R	••	,,	1431	
	36		At	Sarhind		1505	
	36		Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1521	
110-	36		$\mathcal{A}$	Súrat		1598-1599	
1105	38		AR	Akbarnagar		1223-1224	:
	37		AR	Bíjápúr 🔪	Dáru-z-zafar	1273	
-	37		A	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1133	
	37	_	.R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1525	
i	37		At	Súrať		1600-1601	•

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Meta	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AURANG-	1106	38		.R	Ajmér	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1173
ZÉB		39		$\mathcal{R}$	Akbarnagar	zara r- <u>kn</u> an	1
		38		${}_{-}\mathbf{R}$	Álamgírpúr		1225
		39		$\boldsymbol{X}$	Bíjapúr	Dáru-z-zafar	1238
		38		$\perp \overline{R}$	1 - ~	Daru-z-zatar	1126
		38		R	Etáwa	,,	1274
			_	R	Kanbáyat		1308
	į	38	_		Khailata 1		1402
		38		R	Khujista-bunyác		1407
	i	39		A.R.	Láhor	Daru-s-saltanat	1432
	!			$\mathcal{A}$	75,7	,,	1433
	i	39		Æ	Multán	_	1647
	,	38	_	$+$ $\mathbb{R}$	Patna		1497
	i	39		$\mathcal{R}$	,,	_	1498
		38		$-\mathbb{R}$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1526-1527
		39		$\mathbb{R}$	,,	Į.	
		38 (		$\mathbb{R}$	Súrat	,,	1528
	$\frac{1}{2}$	38		æ	1)		1602
		39	-	R	','		1603
	1	38		$\mathbb{R}$	Tatta		1604-1605
1	107	40		AR I	Barélí		1637
	1	10		$\frac{R}{R}$	Chinapatan	425	1255
	- 1	39		R	Etáwa	(Madrás)	1292
		40			Luwa		1309-1310
	1	39		$\frac{R}{R}$	)) TT ']		1311
	t	39		.R	Ḥaidarábád	Dáru-l-jihád	1353
	1			R	Jahángírnagar	·	1361
		39		$\mathbb{R}$	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1434
	í	10		$\mathbb{R}$	Lakhnau		1457
	1	39		$-\mathbf{R}$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	
		40		$A^{\tau}$	,,	2001 C 1-KHITATAL	1529
		39		$-\mathbf{R}$	Súrat	**	1145
13	108	40		$\mathbf{R}$	Ahmadnagar		1606
	}	41		$_{ m R}$	Akbarábád	March : Transfer	1168
	[	40		R	Bíjápúr	Mustaqirru-l-khilafat	1188
	1	41		.R		Dáru-z-zafar	1275
	1	10		R	 Burhánpár	,,	1276
	į	11		Æ	Olinianpar		1284
	;	40		R	Chinápatan		1293
		41			Etáwa	<del></del>	1312
		40		R	T. 1.		1313
		10		-R	Jahángírnagar		1362
	1	41			Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1435-1436
	1			$-\mathbf{R}$	٠,		4
	1	41		$\mathcal{A}$ R	Lakhnau	**	1437
		41	_	$\mathbf{R}$	Sarhind		1458
		40		$\mathcal{A}$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1506
1.		41		${ m -R}$	Súrat	Dar u-1-Knilafat	1530
11		-			Ahmadábád	<del></del>	1607-1608
		41			Ajmér	T)/ 111	1164
		11			Barélí	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1174
	- 1	42			Burhánpúr	-	1256
		12			Chinampur (		1285
		11	_		Chínápatan	*	1294
			1	47k , ,	Etáwa	;	1128

	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1109	41		.R	Etáwa		1314	AURANG-
	41		$\mathcal{A}$ R	Etáwá	_	1315	ZÉB
	41		$\mathbf{R}$	Jahángírnagar	_	1363	
	41		$\mathcal{A}$ R	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1438	
	42		Æ	,,	,,	1439	
	42		R	Lakhnau		1459	
	41		$\mathbf{R}$	Nusratábád	_	1484	
	42		Æ	Sarhind		1507	
	41		Æ	Súrat	_	1609	
	12		$\mathcal{A}$	••		1152	
	42		Æ	ì		1643	
1110	43		Æ	Akbarábád	Mustagirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1189	
	42		$\mathcal{R}$	Akbarnagar		1226	
	43		Æ	,,	_	1277	
	42		Æ	Barélí		1258	
	43		Æ	,,		1258	
	42		AR	Etáwá		1316	
	43		AR	i .,	-	1317	
	42		A	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1134	
	43		Al	Lakhnau	-	1460	
	42		Æ	Súrat		1610	
	43		AR	,,		1611	
1111	44		AR	Ajmér	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1175	
	4.1		Æ	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1190	
	43		Æ	Etáwá		1318-1319	
	4.1		$\mathbf{A}$ R	,,		1320	
	43		AR	Kábul	Dáru-l-mulk	1378	
	43		R	Kanbáyat	<del>-</del>	1403	
	4.3		AR.	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1440-1441	
	4.4		AR	,,	.,	1442	
	11		AR	Lakhnau		1461	
	1.1		-R	Patna		1499	
	43	-	Æ	Súrat		1612	
	44		AR	,,	_	1613	
1112	44		AR	Akbarnagar		1228-1229	1
	44	-	AR	Burhanpúr		1286	
	44	-	Æ	Etáwá		1328-1329	l
	45	_	At	,,		1323	
	4 1	_	AR	Haidarábád	Dáru-l-jihád	1354	
	4 1		AR	Jahangirnagar		1364	
	41		Æ	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1408	
	45	·	AR	,,	22	1409	
	45	-	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1443	
	45	i —	AR	Lakhnau	_	1462	
	41		A.	Multán		1137	
	44		AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1531	
_	41	_	AR	Súrat		1614	
1116	44		$\mid A$ R	1		1644	•
1113	4.5	_	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1191-1194	ŀ
	15		AR	Akbarnagar	_	1230	
	15		AR	Barélí	-	1259	

AURANG-1113			Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
15	AURANG-	1113	46		Æ	Barélí		1260
16	ZÉB		45			1		I .
46			46		i	1		
46			1			Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	Į.
146			46					1
1114   45			46	_				
1114   47			45				Dáru-l-khiláfat	
1114			45					
1114			46	_		.,		
47		1114	47			Akbarábád	Mustagirru-l-khiláfat	
17			47				—	
17			47			'Álamgírpúr		
46			47	_		Bíjápúr		
116			46					ł
116			47					ì
147			46			: Etáwá		
1115			47				_	
1115			46	_		Jahángírnagar		
1115			47				Dárn-s-saltanat	
1115			46				Dard's sarganat	3
1115			47			,		ł
48		1115	48			:	<u></u>	
A8			48					
116			48				<u> </u>	
47			48			Barélí		
18			47	_		Burhánpúr		
A8			48				<u> </u>	
47			48		Æ			
1116			47			Kanbávat		i e
148			(			Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	
1116					$_{ m R}$		(1141tingasaa)	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					$\mathbb{R}$	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1 1	_	Æ	ļ ,,		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			) 1		$\mathcal{A}$ R	Makhsúsábád	,, 	
1116			1 1	<del></del>	-R			
1116						Súrat	<u></u>	
Akbarábád   Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat   1196-1197     148			1 1		$\mathcal{A}$ R	,,		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1116	1 1	_		Akbarábád	Mustagirm-l-khiláfat	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1 1			,,		
19			1 1			Akbarnagar	<del></del>	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1 1		i	'Alamgírpúr	<del></del>	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				(1112!)		٠,		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1 1					
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1 1			Bíjápúr	Dáru-z-zafar	
$egin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						_ ,,		
AR   Chinapatan     1295			1 1					
1329			i					
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			1			Etáwá		
- At Kanbayat - 1405						,,		
1412 - At Khujista-bunyad (Aurangabad)			1			Kanbáyat		
			48		∠R	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1412

****	n1			1	1 77		
	Regnal     year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
				l			_
1116	48		Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1448	AURANG-
	49		$\mathbf{R}$	,,	İ	1449	ZÉB
	19		R	Lakhnau	·,	1464	650
	48	·	AR	Patna		1502	
	· '		Æ	Purbandar		1503	
	48		R	Sathind		1508	
	48		Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1533	
	49		Æ	i		1534	
	18		Æ	,, Súrat	<u> </u>	1621	
	49	_	Æ	,,		1622	
1117	49		Æ	Ajmer	Dáru-l-khair	1176	
	50		Æ	'Azimábád	(Patna)	1251	
	49		.R	Barélí	_	1264	
	49		Æ	Burhanpúr	_	1291	
	49		Æ	Élichpúr		1297	
	49	_	AR	Etáwá		1331	_
	50		Æ	.,		1332	_
	19		Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1450	
	50		Æ	Lakhnau		1465	
	49		Æ	Murshidábád		1477	
	50		AR	Sarbind	<u> </u>	1509	
	49		Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1535	
	49		Æ	Súrat		1623	
	50		Æ			1624	
	49		Æ	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	1638	
1118	51	<del></del>	Æ	Ajmér	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	1177	
	51		Æ	'Azímábád	(Patna)	1252	
	51	—	.R	Barélí		1265	
	51		R	Chínápatan		1296	
	50		AR	Etáwá		1333	
	51		R	.,		1334	
	51		Æ	Murshidábád		1478	
	50		$\mathcal{A}$ R	Súrat		1625	
1/2	51		-R	**		1626	
1119	aḥd		_R	Akbarábád	Mustagirru-l-khiláfat	1655-1656	SHÁH
	aḥd		Æ	••	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1657	ÁLAM I
	ahd		_R	Etáwá		1678	
į	ahd		Æ	Lakhnau		1693	
ĺ	ahd	-	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1699	
j	ahd		Æ	Súrat		1703-1704	
	ahd	There are	Æ	Tatta		1708(a)	
1120	2		.R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1658	
	2		.R	Akbarnagar	I	1661	
	3		Æ	Álamgírpúr		1662	
[	aḥd		.R	Allahábád		1663(a)	
1	2		$\mathbb{R}$	Barelí		1669-1670	
1	$\frac{2}{2}$		X	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1650	
İ	2		.R	.,	,,	1674	
	2		AR	Chínápatan	(Madrás)	1676	
1	2	_	.R	Etáwá		1679	

		Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
SHÁH	1120	2		Æ	Jahángírnagar		1682
'ÁLAM	I	2		$\mathbb{R}$	Khujista-bunyad	(Aurangábád)	1689
		2		$-\mathbf{R}$	Láhor	(	1690
		2 2		$\mathbb{R}$	Lakhnau		1694
		2 2 2		At	Murshidábád	_	1696
		2		$\mathcal{F}_{\bullet}$	Sarhind	1	1698
		$\frac{1}{2}$		AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1700
	1 2	. 2		-R	Súrať		1705-1706
	1121	3		AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1659-1660
		3		$\mathcal{A}$ R	Ausá		1664
		4		$\mathbb{R}$	'Azímábád		1665
		3		At	Barelí		1671
		¦		$-\mathbf{R}$	Chínápatan		1677
		3		Æ	Etáwá		1680
		3		Æ	Karímábád		1684-1685
		3		$\boldsymbol{X}$	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1651
		3		Al	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	
		4		R	•	-	$1691 \\ 1692$
		3		AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	
	1122	4		æ	Ahmadnagar	Datu-1-Kijilalat	1701 1654
		4		AR	'Azímábád		
		4		Æ	Barélí		1666-1666(a)
		5		Æ	Haidarábád	Far <u>kh</u> unda-bunyád	1672–1673
		4		$\mathcal{A}$	Jahángirnagar	r ar Kilunua-bunyau	1681
		4		Æ	Karímábád		1683
	i	4		AR	Lakhnau	<del></del>	1686–1687
		4		Æ	Purbanda <b>r</b>		1695
	į	4		Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1697
	1123		-	Æ	'Álamgírpúr	Daru-i-Kunaiat	1702
	1	5	<del></del>	AR	'Azímábád	_	1663
		5		A	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1667
	1124	6 '		Æ	'Azímábád	Daru-i-kniiaiat	1652
		6		R	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1668
		6		II.	Súrat	Daru-s-sarur	1675
,	į						1707
JAHÁN.	. 1124	ahd		X	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1700
DÁR	ĺ	alid		$\mathbb{R}$	1)	mustaqirru-i-muik	1709
		i		Æ	Barélí	,,	1711
		ahd		ıR	Etáwá		1712
		alid			Khujista-bunyád	$(\Lambda { m urang\'ab\'ad})$	1713-1717
	,	ahd		A	Kulbarga	(Murangabad)	1718–1719
	i	ahd		_R	Láhor	Dám a - 1	1710
		ahd		-R	Lakhnau	Dáru-s-saltanat	1720-1722
	į	alid [		_R	Sháhjahánábád	Dám. 11121/6	1723-1724
		ahd	_	.R	Súrat	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1725 - 1728 $1729 - 1731$
FAR-	1125	alıd		Æ	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	
RU <u>KH</u> -	į	2		_R	1,		1737
SIYAR	!	2		Æ	Allahábád	•,	1738
		2 2 2 2		Æ	'Azímábád		1743
		2 (		Æ	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1744
				,	1	19713-8-10 I	1753

Hıjra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1125	ahd		AR	Élichpúr		1758 <b>F</b> .	AR-
	$\dot{2}$		Æ	Etáwá		1759-1760 R	
	2		AR	Khujista-bunyád		1 1775	
	2		AR	Lakhnau		1783	YAR
	ahd		A	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1734	
ļ	ahd	_	$-\mathbf{R}$	.,	**	1790-1791	
į	2		$\boldsymbol{X}$	i   ,•	, ,,	1734(a)	
,	2		$-\mathbf{R}$	,,	,,	1792-1793	
i i	ahd		$\boldsymbol{A}$	Súrat	_	1735	
1126	3		${\mathcal A}$	'Azímábád		1745	
	3		$\mathcal{A}$ R	,,,	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1746	
	3		AR	Chinápatan	<del></del>	1756	
1	3		$\mathbf{R}$	Jahángírnagar -		1774	
I	3		$\frac{\mathcal{A}}{\mathcal{R}}$	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1776-1777	
J	$\frac{3}{2}$		$\mathcal{R}$	Murshidábád	D ( 3.11.11.6 )	1785	
	2		$\frac{\mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{R}}$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1794	
	3 3		$\mathcal{A}$	OK.	1 *9	1795–1796	
1127	$\stackrel{\scriptscriptstyle \mathcal{S}}{4}$		Æ	Súrat B 1		1807	
11-1	1		$\mathbb{R}$	Barelí	D/	1751	
	4		AR AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1778	
1128	$-\frac{1}{5}$		Æ	Sháhjahánábád Akbarábád		$\begin{array}{c} 1797 \\ 1739 \end{array}$	
1120	5		AR	'Azímábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1747-1748	
j	4		R	Etáwá	·	1761-1762	
:	5		$\mathbb{R}$	1216 W 6		1763-1766	
į	5		X	••		1733	
,	5		Æ	Láhor	<del></del>	1779	
ļ	5		AR	Murshidábád		1786	
	5		Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1798	
ŀ	5		$\overline{R}$	**		1799	
	5		R	Súrat		1808-1809	
	5		$\mathbf{R}$	••	<u></u>	1810	
1129	6		$A$ R $^{-1}$	Barélí		1752	
İ	6		_R	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1754	
	6		.R	Etáwá *		1767-1768	
	6		AR	Farru <u>kh</u> ábád		1772	
	6		AR	Láhor	Daru-s-saltanat	1780	
	6		$\mathbb{R}$	Murshidabád	-	1787	
1	6		.R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1800-1801	
1130	6		-R	Súrat		1811	
1190	7		.R	Ahmadábád		1736	
	7		$X \mid$	${f A}$ k ${f b}$ a ${f r}$ á ${f b}$ á ${f d}$	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1732	
1	7	-	.R	11	,,	1740-1741	
1 !	7	]	.R	'Agímábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1749	
2	7	-	.R		,,	1750	
	7		R	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1755	
-	7		.R	Chinapatan		1757	
Ì	7		AR	Etáwá		1769-1770	
ĺ	7		AR	Gwáliár		1773	
	7	/	Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1781	
1	• 1		AR	Multán		1784	

	Hijra Year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
FAR- RUKH-	1130	7 :	_	R	Murshidabád Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1788-1789 1802
SIYAR		7		$\mathbb{R}$		,,,	1803-1805
Q1		7		$\mathbb{R}$	Súrat	135 : 11111/04	1812
	1131	7		-R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	$1742 \\ 1771$
		8		R	Etáwá	T) (and a literal	}
		7		+X	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	$1733 (a) \\ 1782$
		7		$\frac{R}{X}$	 Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1734(b)
		7		A R	энацинанарац	Daru-1-Knmarat	1806
		-	_	$\frac{\pi}{R}$	 Súrat	,,	1813
	i			1			
RAF͑U-	1131	-ahd	_	$-\mathbf{R}$	Ahmadábád	Zínatu-l-bilád	1816
D-DAR-		ahl		+ $R$	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1817
JÁT		alid	_	${\mathcal R}$	Etáwá	- <del></del>	1818-1819
UMI		aḥd '		$^{+}$ $ m A\!R$ $^{+}$	Laher	Dáru-s-saltanat	1820
		ı alıd		A	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-k <u>h</u> iláfat	1814
		ahd		$-\mathbf{R}$	••		1821-1822
		ahd		$T_{c}$	Súrat	_	1815
SHÁH-	1131	ahd	_	At :	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1825-1826
JAHÁN I		ahd		R	Etáwá	mastadilia-i-Williatan	1827
JARAN I	_	and '		A	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1823
		ahd		$+$ $\Re$	Murshidábád	-	1828-1829
		alid	_	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1830-1834
		ahd		R	Súrať	_	1835
MUḤAM-	1131	alid		.R	'Azímábád		1886-1887
MAD	1101	ahd	_	R	Murshidábád		1971
M.II.D		ahd	_	R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2008-2009
		ahd		AR	Súrat	Daru-i- <u>kn</u> iiaiat	2070
	1132	2		-1 R	Ajmér	Dáru-l-khair	1863
		ahd		-1 $R$	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1864-1865
		ahd		R	'Azímábád		1888
		2		Æ	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1904
		2		At	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1945-1946
		2		.R	Murshidábád		1972
		2		l R	Shábjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2010
		ahd		Æ	Súrat	-	2069 (a, b)
		2		Æ	**		2071
IBRÁ- HÍM	1132	ahd	-	.R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1836
MUHAM	1129	ļ., !		1)	A a la da		
MAD	1100	3	_	.R Al	Arkát Barák	rement	1883
WUD		3	-	R	Barélí Burbánnán		1900
		3	-	A	Burhánpúr Imtiyázgadh	Dáru-s-sarúr	1905
		3		AR AR	Kanbáyat	(Adoní)	1839
		3		R	Sháhjahánábád		1932
	11344			AR	Akbarábád	Dáru-l- <u>k</u> hiláfat  Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2011-2013 1866

Hıjra year	Regnal year	Month	<b>M</b> etal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1134			Æ	Etáwá	_	1906	MUHAM-
	3		AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2014	•
	1		A	,,		1844	MAD
	-1		$\mathbb{R}$	,,	•••	2015	
	Í		Æ	Súrat	· · ·	2072	
1135	5		Æ	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1867	
	$5$ $_{\pm}$		AR .	Akbarnagar	1	1877	
i	5		$\mathbb{R}$	Gwáliár		1919	
	5		Æ	${ m L\'ahor}$	Dáru-s-saltanat	1947	
ĺ			$\mathbb{R}$	Multán	·	1968	
j	5		$-\mathbf{R}$	Murshidábád		1973	
	5		$\mathbf{R}$	Shábjahánábád	Dáru-l-l <u>t</u> hiláfat	2016	
1136	6		$\mathcal{A}$ R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1868	
	$-\epsilon$		${\cal A}\!\!R$	A <u>kh</u> tarnagar	_	1879	
				Awadh	i e		
	G		$\mathcal{A}$ R	Arkát		1883(a)	
	-		R	Kashmír	·	1929	
	-6		$-\mathbb{R}$	Láhor	Daru-s-saltanat	1948	
}	5		$\mathbb{R}$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2017	
	6 .	_	R	••	••	2018-2019	
1137	7		$-\mathbf{R}$	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1869	
	71	_	$^{-}$ R	Arkát	-	1883(b)	
	7		R	'Azímábád		1889	
	7		$\cdot \mathbb{R}$	Barelí	_	1901	
İ	7		-R	Gwáliár		1920-1921	
	6		$\mathcal{A}$		·	1933	
1	7		R ,	Lahor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1949	
	7		.R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2020-2021	
1138	7		$\mathbb{R}$	Súrat		2073	
1130	8		R.	Ahmadábád	_	1856-1857	
	8		$\mathbb{R}_{+}$	Arkát		1884	
į	8		- R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>k</u> hiláfat	2022	
1139	$\stackrel{\circ}{9}$		$\mathbb{R}$	T24.4	**	2023	
1105	9 1		.R	Etáwá		1907	
	8		R I	Korá	T)' 1 11 11 6.4	1934	
į	9	_	R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2024-2025	
1140	10		R	 Etáwá	*1	$2026-2027 \\ 1908$	
	9		$\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{A}{1}$		1) (m. 1 l.b.1) (for	2028	
İ	10		$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2028	
i	10		AR !	 Súrat	**	2074	
1141	11		R			1858	
	11		AR	Akbarábad	Mustaqirru-l-khilafat	1870	
-	11		X = X	Akhtarnagar	Mustalina-i-vimaa	1838	
			**	Awadh	<del>-</del> -	1000	
	11		R	Allahábád		1880	
1	11		R	Arkát		1884(a)	
	11		R	Barelí		1902	
	11		R	Etáwá	-	1909	
i	11		AR	Korá		1935	
	10		R	Shahjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	$\frac{1039}{2030}$	
			, ,,,	vacijananabad	Tara Taranta	- 33	

	Hijia year	Regnal year	Month	<b>M</b> etal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
MUHAM-	1111	11		.R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2031-2032
MAD	1142	12		Æ	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1871
		12		A	Imtiyázgadh	(Adoni)	1840
		12		$\mathcal{A}$	Korá	`	1936-1937
		12		${\mathcal R}$	Sarhind		1988
		11		Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2033
		12		$\mathbb{R}$	,,	,,	2034-2036
		12		A	*,	,,	1844(a)
	1113	13		Æ	Arkát	<del></del>	1885
		13		Æ	Korá	—	1938
		13		$\mathcal{A}$	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1950
		12		$\mathbf{E}$	Multán	<del></del>	2084
		13			Shahábád Qanauj		2000
		13		$\mathcal{A}$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2037
		13	_	$\mathbf{A}^{\prime}$	,,	,,	1845-1846
	1144	11	—	$\Lambda$ .	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1837
		14	_	$_{1}$ $\Re$	Etáwá		1910
		11		$\mathbf{R}$	' Gwáliá <b>r</b>	_	1922
		14		${\mathbb R}$	Korá	_	1939-1940
		13		$\mathcal{H}$	Sháhábád Qanauj		2001
		13		$\mathcal{A}$ R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2038
		14		AR	,, ,,	٠,	2089
	1145	15		_R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1872
		15		$\mathcal{A}$	Jahángírnagar	_	1924
		11		.18	Korá		1941
		15		_R	,,	_	1942
		15	_	Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras	<del></del>	1958
		15	_	Æ	Murshidábád	<del>-</del>	1974
		11		AR	Sháhábád Qanauj		2002
		14	_	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2040-2041
		15		$\mathbb{R}$	,,	,,	2042
	1146	16		$\mathbb{R}$	¦ Etáwá	<del>-</del>	1911
		16		Æ	+ Korá		1943
		16	_	Arr	Murshidábád		1975
		15		AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2043
	1117	1 17		.R	11 /1 / 2	,,	2044-2046
	1147	17		-R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1873
		17		-R	Etáwá		1912
		17	<del>_</del>	-R	Multán	_	1969
		17		AR D	Sháhábád Qanauj	D/ 1111/04	2003
		17		A.	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2047
		17		AR AR	,, Súrat	,,	2048-2049
	1148	175		AR AR	Etáwá	_	2075
	1110	18	_	R	Láhor	<del></del>   1)/m,2	1913
		18		$+$ $\frac{\pi}{R}$	+ Lanor + Murshidábád	Dáru-s-saltanat	1951
		18		X	Shahjahanabad	—   Ty(m) 1 1-1/202	1976
		18		- R	Shanjananabad	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1847
	1149	1 19		.R	'Azímábád	"	2050-2051
		19		.R	Etáwá	***	1890
		- **		4 I L	ERWE		1914

1150	Hijra <b>y</b> ear	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1150	1149	19		Æ	Murshidábád		1977	MUHAM-
1150				$\mathbb{R}$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat		•
20	1150				Aḥmadábád		1859	III.II.
20			<del></del>	$\mathbb{R}$	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khilafat	1874	
20		1 1		R	Barélí	<u> </u>	1903	
20		20	_	A		_	1	
1151		1 1					1986-1987	
1151					Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2053	
1151			<del></del>				2077	
21			<del></del>			Dáru-l-fath	1853	
21	1151						1842	
1152				Æ	Banáras		1959	
1152   22								
1152			_		Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat		
1152   22				Æ	,,	"		
22	1150				,,	,,	1848	
1153	1152			Æ	'Azímábád		1891	
1153				$\mathcal{A}$ R	Korá		1944	
1153						Dáru-s-sal <u>t</u> anat	1952	
1153						<del></del>		
1153						_		
1153   23					Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat		
1153				AR	,,	,,		
23	11-0			Æ	. ·			
	1153					<del>-</del>		
23		23				Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat		
23								
23	i							
1154   23						Dáru-s-saltanat		
1154   23						<del></del>		
1154   22	1					<del></del>		
1154   23	1					_		
1154   23					Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat		
1154     24     —     R     Allahábád     —     1881       23     —     R     'Azímábád     —     1892       24     —     R     'Azímábád     —     1893–1894       24     —     R     Katak     —     1931       24     —     R     Láhor     Dáru-s-saltanat     1954–1955       24     —     R     Muhammadábád     —     1960       Banáras     Murshidábád     —     1979       24     —     R     Sháhábád Qanau     —     2007       23     —     R     Akbarnagar     Dáru-l-khiláfat     2060–2061       1155     25     —     R     Akbarnagar     —     1878       24     —     R     Allahábád     —     1882					,,	,,		
23	1154				,,	1,1		
24	1194							
24			_		'Azímábád	<del></del>		
21					"	'		
21	İ				Katak			
21						Dáru-s-saltanat		
21				Æ			1960	
1155   24				AR			1979	
1155   23	-						2007	
	11					Dáru-l-khiláfat	2060 - 2061	
$oxed{24}$ — R Allahábád — 1882	1155						1878	
							1882	
		25					1925	
25 - R Jaipúr Sawáí - 1926 (a)	1	25					1926(a)	

		Regnal	Month	Metl	Mint	Honorific epithet	No. in
	year	year				of Mint	Catalogue
MUHAM-	1155	25		æ	Murshidábád		1980
MAD		24		$^{+}$ $ m At$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2062
		25	_	R	.,		2063
	1156	26		$-\mathbf{R}^{-1}$	Ahmadábád		1861-1862
		$26^{-1}$		$+$ $\cdot$ R $^{\pm}$	'Azímál ád		1895
		26		$\mathbf{R}$	Farru <u>kh</u> ábád	<u> </u>	1918
		26		At	Muhammadábád		1961
		~')		, ,11	Banáras		1301
		<i>26</i>		A	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	1851
				ı R	Súrat	Daru-i-kiinalat	•
	11	26				Manage 4	2078
	1157	27		-R	'Azímábád		1896
		27		-R	Etáwá		1915
		27		Æ	- Muhammadábád		1962
		1		,	Banaras		
		26 .		+ $R$	Multán		1970
		26		$^{\prime}$ . $^{\prime}$ R	Murshidábád	<del></del>	1981
		27		$\mathcal{R}$	<b>?1</b>		1982
		$26 \pm$		+A	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2064
		27	-	l R	Súrat		2079-2081
	1158			R	Arkát		1885 (a, b)
		28		i R	'Azímábád		1897
		27		Æ	Etáwá	_	1916
		28		At .	Jaipúr Sawaí -	<del>-</del>	
		27		${ m R}$			1927
		<i>7</i> € 2		ΔI	Muhammadábad		1963-1961
		0.0		TP	Banáras Nacional		
		28		. 1 t	a memoria	# t	1983
	1150	28		. <del>1</del> R		Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	-2065-2066
	1159	29	_	$^{\prime}$ . $ m R$	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khilafat	1876
		29	_	.13	'Azímábád	<u> </u>	1898
		$29^{\circ}$ .		$\mathcal{A}$	Etawá	<del></del>	1917
		29		$\cdot \mathrm{R}$	Jaipúr Sawáí		1928
		29 '	<del></del>	.13	Láĥor	Dáru-s-saltanat	
		29		$+$ $\mathbb{R}$ $+$	Murshidábád		1984-1984(4
		28		$\mathcal{A}$		Dáru-l-khiláfat	2067
		29		.R	,, ====================================	THE T WITHING	2068
	1160	30	_	$^{\perp}$ .R	'Azímábád	13	1899
		30		R	Láhor	T)/	1957
		29		R	Muhammadábád	Dáru-s-saltanat	
		,		11			1965-1966
		30		1)	Banáras		100-
		30		-R	89 71 1 1 7 3 7 3		1967
			-	X = X	Sháhjahánabád	Dáru-l-l <sub>e</sub> hiláfat	1852
	1161	30 20		Æ		>1	2069
	1101	30	=	$\mathcal{A}$	Murshidábad		$ 1985-1985 ^{a}$
		32!		:At	Sárat	 :	2082
AHMAD	1161	ahd		7.	17	•	1
<u>-</u>	. 1101			.R	Farrukhábád		2103
		ahd		.R	Jahángírnagar	-	2106
		alid		.R	Jaipúr Sawáí	==	2110
		and	~-	.13	Katak	 	2111
		-ahd	-	$^{+}$ $\mathcal{A}$	Kanbáyat		2135

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1161	aḥd		Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras	_	2141	<b>Т</b> Т Т Т Т Т Т Т Т Т Т Т Т Т
	ahd		-R	Sarhind		2167	
	ahd		æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2169-2170	ı
1162	2	_	A	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> ilá- fat	2086	
	ahd		$\mathbf{R}$	'Azímábád		2092	
	2	_	æ			2093-2094	
	2		$\pm R$	Katak	<del></del>	2112	
	ahd		Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	2136	
	2		Æ		,,	2137	
	2	_	Æ	Muhammadábád Banáras	<del>"</del>	2142-2143	;
	ahd		.R	Murshidábád		2154-2155	;
	2		R		_	2156-2157	
	2		Æ	,,		2158	
	$\frac{\sim}{2}$		.18	Sathind		2168	
	ahd		R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2171	
	2		R	Dhanjahanabad		2172	
1163	3		X	Allahábád	•••	2087	
1100	3		$\frac{1}{R}$	Barelí		2098	
	$\frac{3}{3}$ :		R	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	2138	
	3 ;		R	Muhammadábád Banáras		2144-2145	i .
	2		,R	Multán		2153	
	3 .		Æ	Murshidábád		2159-2160	)
	3		; A	Sháhjahánábád		2173-2174	Į.
1164	4		$\frac{1}{2}$ R	Akbarragar		2089	
	. 4 :		R	Allahábád		2090	
	4		R	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	2101	
	1		.R	Katak		2113	
	1		$\frac{1}{2}$ R	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	2139-2140	)
	1		R	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2146-2147	7
	3		Æ	Murshidábád		2161	
	4		R			2162	
	1		R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2175 - 2170	3
1165	5		R	Etáwá		= 2102	
	5		æ	Jahángírnagar		2107	
	5	-	R	Katak		. 2114-211	5
	1		R	Muhammadábád Banáras	<del></del>	2148-2149	9
	5		Æ			2150	
	5		R	,, Murshidábád	_	2163-216	1
	5		1 .R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2177	
1166	5		R	Allahábád		2091	
- 3	6		$\stackrel{+}{\rightarrow} \stackrel{\mathrm{R}}{\mathrm{R}}$	'Azímábád		2095-209	6
	6	_	R	Barelí	· —	2099	
	6		$\frac{1}{\Lambda}$	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	2088	
	6		$+\frac{\Delta}{R}$	Darnanpar   Jahángírnagar	Data brida	2108	
			411	_ ####################################			

	Hıjra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
THMYD	1166	5		Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2151
		6		$-\mathbb{R}$	Murshidábád	<del></del>	2165
		$-6^{-1}$		$\mathbf{R}$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2178
	1167	7		$\mathcal{R}$	'Azímábád	_	2097
		6		$\mathbf{R}$	Barélí		2100
				$\mathbb{R}$	Jahángírnagar		2109
		7		$\mathbb{R}$	Katak		2117
		_		Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2152
		6		$\mathcal{R}$	Mur-hidábád		2166
'ÁLAM-	1167	ahd		$\frac{1}{2}$ $\mathbb{R}$	Akbarnagar		2194
GÍR II		ahJ		$+$ $\frac{1}{2}$	'Azímábád		2199
GIII II		ahI		$\overline{\mathbb{R}}$	Jahángírnagar		2221
		ahd		$\mathbb{R}$	Jaipúr Sawaí		2224
		aḥd		R	Muhammadábád Banáras	_	2228
		alıd		$\mathbb{R}$	Murshidábád		2237
		ahd		-R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2251
	1168	2		$-\mathbf{R}$	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2192
		ahd		R	Allahábád		2195
		$\frac{1}{2}$		R	'Azímábád		2200
		ahd		R	Barélí		2210-2211
		2		R	1		2212-2213
		alid	-	R	Etáwá		2217
		2		R	Jahángírnagar		2222
		2		R	Muhammadábád Banáras		2229
		ahd		$\mathbb{R}$	Murshidábád		2238-2239
		1 2		.R	Najíbábád		2244
		2		R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2252
	1169	3	-	.R	Ahmadábád		2190
		3		R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2193
		2		Æ	Allahábád		2196-2197
		2		Æ	'Azímábád		2201
		3		R	1 Initial Control		2202
		2		R	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	2226
		3		A	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2185
		3		.It	.,		2230
		2		-R	Murshidábád		2240
		3		$\mathbf{R}$	Najíbábád	,	2245
		$\exists \ \ \beta$		-R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2253
	1170	4		R	Arkát		2198
		3		R	'Azímábád		2203
		4		_R	Barelí		2214
		4		R	Gwáliár	1	2218
		4		R	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2231
		1		-R	Najíbábád	_	2246

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
$ \begin{array}{c}                                     $	4 4 5 5 5 4		R R R R R E R	Sháhjahánábád 'Azímábád 'Jahángírnagar Láhor Muḥammadábád Banáras	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat — — — — Dáru-s-sal <u>t</u> anat		'ÁLAM- GÍR II
1172	5 5 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6		R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	Murshidábád Murshidábád Najíbábád Sarhind Súrat !		2234 2236 2241-2243 2247 2250 2256 2257 2191 2206-2207 2209 2215-2216 2183 2225 2184 2227 2235	
1173	6 6 6 6 6	    	AR AR AR AR AR AY	Najíbábád Sháhjahánábád 'Azímábád Narwar Sháhjahánábád	——————————————————————————————————————	$\begin{array}{c} 2248 \\ 2186 - 2187 \\ 2255 \\ 2208 \\ 2249 \\ 2188 \\ 2189 \end{array}$	
1173 $1174^{\frac{1}{2}}$	aḥd aḥd aḥd aḥd aḥd aḥd aḥd aḥd		AR AR AR AR AR AR	Aḥmadábád Akbarábád 'Aẓímábád '', '', Maha Indrapúr	— Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat — — — — —	2262 2263 2264 2261 2267 2265–2266 2268	SHÁH- JAHÁN III
1174	aḥd 2 2 aḥd		AR AY AR	Allahábád 'Azímábád Korá Muḥammadábád Banáras		2328-2329 2332 2273 2359	SHÁH 'ÁLAM II
1175	2 2 2 3 3 3	— — —	R R R R R R	Sháhjahánábád Akbarábád Ánwalá	——————————————————————————————————————	$\begin{array}{c} 2360-2361 \\ 2279 \\ 2460 \\ 2311 \\ 2312 \\ 2331 \end{array}$	

	Hijra year	Regnal -	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
sháh	1175	2	_	$+$ $\Re$	Barélí		2337
ÁLAM II		3		X	Korá		2274
ADAM II		$\begin{vmatrix} 3\\2 \end{vmatrix}$	_	A	Muḥammadábád Banáras	<u>—</u>	2275
		3		Æ.	•,		2362
		2		Æ	Murshidábád		2444-2445
		3		Æ	Najíbábád	<del></del>	2494
	1176	3		Æ	Akbarábád	Mustagirru-l-khiláfat	
		4		Æ		master in a martine	2314
		4		R	Allahábád	**	2330
		,					
		Í		$\mathbb{R}$	'Azímábád		2333
		4	_	æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2363-2364
		4		-R	Murádábád		2441-2442
		3	******	$-\mathbb{R}$	Murshidábád		2446
		3		$\mathbf{R}$	Najíbábád		2450
	1177	5		$\mathcal{A}$ R	'Azímábád	·	2334-2335
		5		Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2365-2366
		1		$\mathbf{A}$	Najíbábád		0151
			_		-valioanad		2451
		5		Æ	"		2452
		5		Æ	.,	<del></del>	2495
		4		Æ	į		2483
	1178	6		. <del>1</del> R	Ajmér	Dáru-l-k <u>h</u> air	2307
		5		$\mathbb{R}$	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2315
		5	_	.R	Muhammadábád Banáras		2367-2368
		5		Æ	Murshidábád	-	2447
		5		A	Najíbábád		2277
		6		Æ			2453
	1179	6		Æ	Muhammadábád Banáras		2371 - 2372
		7		.R			0072
		7		AR F			2373
	1180	7			Najíbábád		2454
	1100			$\mathbb{R}$	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2316
		7		-lt	Murádábád	<del>-</del>	2443
		7	_	$\mathbf{R}$	${f N}$ ajíbábád		2455
		8		$\mathbb{R}$	٠,	_	2456-2457
	1181	8	_	$_{+}$ $_{-}$ R	, ,,		2458
		8		$-\mathbf{R}$	$\imath$		2484
	1182	10		$+$ $\cdot$ R	Ajmér	Dára-l-khair	2308
		9		.R	'Azímábád		2336
		10		A	Maha Indrapúr		2376
	1183	10		.R	Barelí		
	1184	11		ı.R			2338
		12			Wm. 4 . 6 / 1 / 3	_	2339
	1185			R	Mustaf ábád		2448
	1186	13		$\perp$ R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2461
	1186	1.5		.R	<i>nil</i>   Aḥmadnagar		2285
		15		$ $ $_{\mathbf{A}}$	Farru <u>kh</u> ábád Jaipúr Sawáí	_	2272

Hijra year	Regnal year	<b>M</b> onth	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1187	15	(1185 !)	Æ	Mulhárnagar		2425	SHÁH
1188	15	(1100.)	.R	Ahmadábád			ÁLAM II
1100	14!	1	R	Ajmér	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air	2309-2310	VITAM II
	i		R		Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> air Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat		
1100	16			Sháhjahánábád	Daru-i- <u>kn</u> ilatat	2462	
1189	17		AR .	Gokulgarh		2349	
	18! 16		R R	,, Muḥammadábád		$2350 \\ 2374$	
			1	Banáras			
1190	17		Æ	Korá?	i —	2358	
	17	_	Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2375	
1191	17!		æ	25012102		2376	
			R	Mulhárnagar		2426	
	19		R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2463	
1192	19		R	Ahmadnagar	Dai u-i-kiiilalat	2286	
1102	13		-11	Farru <u>kh</u> ábád	; [	2200	
	20	<del></del>	$\mathbf{R}$	Korá!		2358(a)	
	17!		R	Muhammadábád		2377	
		 		Banaras	i I	i I	
1100	19		$\mathbf{R}$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2464	
1193	21		.R	Ahmadábád		2284	
	20		.R	Aḥmadnagar Farru <u>kh</u> ábád		2287	
	21	<del></del>	.R	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2378	
1194	22		AR	Etáwá		2348	
1195	23		.R	Gokulgarh		2351	
	23		R	Muhammadábád		2379	
				Banáras			
1196	24		R	Gokulgarh		2352	
	24	w	R	Jammún	Dáru-l-amán	2356	
	24	_	R	- Muḥammadábád	l .	2380	
	-1		-11	Banáras		2000	
1197	23!		.R	Ahmadnagar Farruk <u>h</u> ábád		2288-2289	
	24		R	r arruk <u>n</u> abau		$^{-}2290$	
	25		-R	O alcular cal		2353	
	25			Gokulgarh	1	2381	
	23		-R	Muḥammadábád Banáras	<del></del>	2901	
	2.5	-	A	Najíbábád	_	2278	
	24	-	A	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2280	
	2.5		$\mathbb{R}^{-1}$	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	2469	
	24	-	R	7	:	-2486	
1198	21!		R	Ahmadnagar		2291	
ĺ			-11	Farrukhábád			
	25	-	AR	2		2292-2293	
	26		R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2317	
	26		R	Muhammadábád		2382	
	l		1.	Banáras			
	26		.R	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2465	
	24!	-	R	Ujjain (	Dáru-l-fath	2468	

	Hıjra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
SHÁH 'ÁLAM II	1199	27	_	$\frac{1}{1}$ AR	Aḥmadnagar Farru <u>kh</u> ábád	_	2294
ALAM II		26		Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras	_	2383
		27		Æ	• • •	_	2384
	1200	27 27		AR AR	Sháhjahánábád Muhammadábád Banáras	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat —	2466 2385
		27		Æ	Mulhárnagar	_	2427
		27	_	$\mathbb{R}$	3	<u></u>	2486 (a)
	• • • •	27	_	R	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	2470
	1201		<del></del>	$\mathbb{R}$	Mulhárnagar	<del></del>	2428
	1202	29		$\frac{1}{2}$	Gokulgarh	_	2354
		30 29	_	R R	Muhammadábád		$2355 \\ 2386$
		30	-	Æ	Banáras		2387
		911	_	R	Mulhárnagar		2429
	1203	31! 29!		$\mathbb{R}$	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	2471
	1203			A	Ahmadnagar Farru <u>kh</u> ábád	<del>_</del>	2295
		31 31		-R	,.	Million and	2296
		30	_	A AR	Muhammadábád Banáras		2270–2271 2388
		31		Æ	Danaras		2389
				.R	Mulhárnagar	<del></del>	2130
	1204	32		Æ	Muhammadábád Banáras	_	2390-2391
				Æ	Mulhárnagar		2431
		32		R	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	2172
	1205	33		.R	Muhammadábád Banáras	<del></del>	2392
				Æ	Mulhárnagar		2432
		31!		.R	Najíbábád		2459
	1000	33	_	Æ	Saháranpúr		2496
	1206	33		ıR	Muhammadábád Banáras	<del></del>	2393
		34		Fr.	,,		2394
				Æ	Mulhárnagar		2433
		31		_R	U <sub>,l</sub> jain	Dáru-l-fath	2473
	1207	35!	_	1.13	,,	,,	2474
	1207	34 35		AR T	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2318
		31		Æ	Barélí	<del>-</del>	2488-2489
		35	-	AR AR	Brajindrapúr Muhama 1974	<del></del>	2345
					Muḥammadábád Banáras	<del></del>	2395
	1208	34!		-R	Mulhárnagar	<del></del>	2134
		35		R	Jaipúr Sawáí		2357
		1 "	_	At	Muljammadábád Banáras		2396-2397

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1208	i i		Æ	Mulhárnagar		2435	SHÁH
	36		R	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	2475	
1209	36		Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2398	'ÁLAM II
	37		Æ	,,	<u> </u>	2399-2400	
	! 1		Æ	Mulhárnagar	<del></del>	2436	
			R	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	2476	
	37		R	3		2486 (b)	
1210	37	-	AR	Muhammadábád Banáras	_	2401	
	38		Æ	,,	<del></del>	2402	
	. — [		$\mathbb{R}$	Mulhárnagar	·   —	2437	
1211	31!		Æ	Ahmadnagar Farru <u>kh</u> ábád		2297	
	38	_	Æ	Muhammadábád Banáras		2403	
	39		$\mathbb{R}$	<b>7</b> +	_	2404	
	i — :	<del></del>	$\mathbb{R}$	Mulhárnagar		2438	
	39		$\mathbb{R}$	Muzaffargarh		2449	
	38		AR	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	2477	
1212	39		AR	Muḥammadábád Banára <b>s</b>	<u> </u>	2404 (a)	
	40		AR AR	,. <b>M</b> ulhárnagar	_	2405	
1	39		Æ	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	2478	
	40		$\overline{\mathbb{R}}$	3,017	,,	2479	
1213	39!		æ	Ahmadnagar Farru <u>kh</u> ábád	<del>"</del>	2298	
	10	_	Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2406	
	41		.R		-	2407	
	10		Æ	Kánán ?		2492	
1		_	.R	Mulhárnagar		2440	
	40		.R	Ujjain -	Dáru-l-fath	2480	
1214	39!		AR	Ahmadnagar Farrukhábád		2299	
[	41		Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2408	
	42		Æ	٠,		2409	
1215	39!		A	Ahmadnagar Farru <u>kh</u> ábád	<u> </u>	2300-2300	(a)
1	12		Æ	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2319	
1			48	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	2347	
	42		Æ	Chhachraulí		2490-2491	
-	401		Æ	Khárpúr ?		2493	
	42		A	Muhammadábád Banáras		2410	
	43		Æ	•		2411	
	42		Æ	Saháranpúr	water-friedram	2497	
	12		$\overline{R}$	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	2481	
i			Æ	}		2487	

					<del></del>		
	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
SHÁH 'ÁLAM II	1216	39!		.R	Almadnagar Farru <u>kh</u> ábád		2301-2302
AUAM II		37!		æ	Barelí		2340
		43		-R	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2412
		44		${ m -R}$	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fath	2482
	1217	39!		.R	Ahmadnagar Farru <u>k</u> bábád		2303
		44		æ	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khilafat	2320
		37!		1	Barelí	<del>-</del>	2341
		45	-	R	Muḥammadábád Banáras	_	2413
		4.5		A	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2281
	1218	39!	_	R	Ahmadnagar Farru <u>kh</u> ábád		2304
		45	_	R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	
		46	-	$\mathbb{R}$	_ **	*•	2323
		37!		R	Barélí		2342
		45		R	Danaras	_	2414
	1219	39!		AR 	Ahmadnagar Farruk <u>h</u> ábád	<del></del>	2305
		46	<del></del>	R	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2324
		47		$\mathbb{R}$	T)	**	2325-2326
		37!	******	$\mathcal{R}$	Barélí		2343
	4303	47	_	At	Muhammadábád Banáras	<del></del>	2415
	1220	39!		ıR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukḥábád	<del></del>	2306
		37!		Æ	Parélí		2344
		47		AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras		2416
	1001	48		ıR.	٠,		2417
	1221	48		R	50		2418
A 77 70 A 70 70 70	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	48		AR !		Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2467
AKBARII		49!		R	Muḥammadábád B <b>a</b> náras	<del></del>	2419
	1223	49!		$  A_{\rm R}  $	77	-	2420
	1224	3		$+$ $\frac{1}{2}$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2502
	1225	4		$^{\perp}$ $^{\perp}$ $^{\perp}$	,,	••	2503-2504
	1900	4		$-\frac{E}{D}$	35 ) 7/1/2	••	2512
	1226	49!		- At	Muhammadábád Banáras	· •	2421
	1227	6		A	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2500
	1228	19!		AR	Muhammadábád Banáras		2422
	1229 1230 )			.R	,,		2423-2421
	1231			1	nil		
	1232	11		_R	Aḥmadábád		2501

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1233	12		Æ	Sháhjahánábád		2512(a)	AKBARII
1234	12		Æ	Ahmadábád		2511	
1235	15		$\mathbf{R}$	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2505	
1236	,			nil		1	
1237	17		Æ	,,	,,	2506	
1238				nil	,,		
1239	. 19		Æ		<b>,</b> ,	2507	
1240	1			nil ,,	,,	1	
1241	21				; , •••	2508	
$\frac{1241}{1242}$	22			"	,,	2509	
$\frac{1242}{1243}$			ļ	"	,,	-	
1244	Ì				t		
1245	i '				!		
$\frac{1246}{1246}$	1		}	nil			
$1240 \\ 1247$				πα	1	1	
	! ;		ĺ			1	
1248	[		į			r F	
1249	90		ì		1	2510	
1250	30	_		,,	, ,	2310	
1251					L p a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a		
$1252^{1}$			1	nil		1	
1253			ļ			!	
1254			ŀ				
1255	3	_	A.	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l- <u>kh</u> iláfat	2513	BAHÁ- DUR II

## APPENDIX C

# COMPARATIVE TABLE OF THE YEARS OF THE HIJRA AND OF THE CHRISTIAN ERA

А. Н.	A. D.	А. Н.	A. D.	А. Н.	A. D.
932	1525, Oct. 18	970	1562. Aug. 31	1008	1599, July 24
933	1526. ,, 8	971		1009	1600, ,, 13
934	1527, Sept. 27	972	1564, , 9	1010	1601, " 2
935	1528, , 15	973		1011	1602, June 21
936	1529, ,, 5	974	1566, " 19	1012	1603, ,, 11
937	1530, Aug. 25	975	1567, ,, 8	1013	1604, May 30
938	1531, , 15	976	1568, June 26	1014	1605, ,, 19
939	1532, 3	977	1569, ., 16	1015	1606, , 9
940	1533, July 23	978	1570, ,, 5	1016	$1607, \mathrm{April}28$
941	1534, 13	979	1571, May 26	1017	1608, " 17
912	1535, 2	980	1572, 14	1018	1609, " 6
913	1536, June 20	981	1573, , 3	1019	1610, Mar. 26
944	1537, ,. 10	982	1574, April 23	1020	1611, "16
945	1538, May 30	983	1575, -, 12	1021	1612, 4
946	1539, ,, 19	984	1576, Mar. 31	1022	1613, Feb. 21
947	1540, ., 8	985	1577, ,, 21	1023	1614, ,, 11
918	1541, April 27	986	1578. , 10	1024	1615, Jan. 31
949	1542, , 17	987	1579, Feb. 28	1025	1616, ,, 20
950	1543, 6	988	1580. " 17	1026	1617, ,, 9
951	1544, Mar. 25	989	1581, " 5	1027	1617, Dec. 29
952	1545, , 15	990	1582, Jan. 26	1028	1618, " 19
953	$1546, \dots 4$	991	1583, " 25¹	1029	1619, "8
954	1547, Feb. 21	992	1584, ., 14	1030	1620, Nov. 26
955	1548, _,, 11	993	1585, " 3	1031	1621, , 16
956	1549. Jan. 30	994	1585, Dec. 23	1032	1622, ,, 5
957	1550, , 20	995	1586, 12	1033	1623, Oct. 25
958	1551, ., 9	996	1587,	1031	$1624, , \frac{14}{2}$
959	1551, Dec. 29	997	1588, Nov. 20	1035	1625, ,, 3
960	1552, , 18	998	1589. " 10	1036	1626, Sept. 22
961	1553, ,, 7	999	1590, Oct. 30	1037	1627, , 12
962	1554, Nov. 26	1000	$1591, \dots 19$	1038	1628, Aug. 31
963	1555, , 16	1001	1592, ., 8	1039	$1629,  ,,  \frac{21}{10}$
961	1556, ,, 4	1002	1593, Sept. 27	1010	1630, , 10
965	1557, Oct. 24	1003	1594, , 16	1041	1631, July 30
966	1558, ,, 14	1001	1595, ,, 6	1012	$1632, , \frac{19}{2}$
967	1559. , 3	1005	1596, Aug. 25	1043	1633, ,, 8
968	1560, Sept. 22	1006	1597, ,, 14	1044	1631, June 27
969	1561, " 11	1007	1598, ,, 4	1045	1635, ,, 17

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Here the change to the New Style occurs.

А. Н.	A. D.	A. H.	A. D.	А. И.	A. D.
1046	1636, June 5			1159	1739, April 10
		1100	1687, Nov. 7 1688, Oct. 26	$1152 \\ 1153$	1740, Mar. 29
1047	1637, May 26		-000, 0000		1740, Mar. 29
1048	1638, ,, 15	1101	1689, ,, 15	1154	1741, ,, 19
1049	1639, ,, 4	1102	1690, ,, 5	1155	1742, ,, 8
1050	1640. April 23	1103	1691, Sept. 24	1156	1743, Feb. 25
1051	1641, ,, 12	1104	1692, ,, 12	1157	1744, ., 15
1052	1642. , 1	1105	1693, , 2	1158	1745, " 3
1053	1643, Mar. 22	1106	1694, Aug. 22	1159	1746, Jan. 24
1054	1644, ,, 10	1107	1695, , 12	1160	1747, ,, 13
1055	1645, Feb. 27	1108	1696, July 31	1161	1748, " 2
1056	1646, 17	1109	1697, ,, 20	1162	1748, Dec. 22
1057	1647, ,, 6	1110	1698, ,, 10	1163	·
1058	1648, Jan. 27	•		1164	1750, Nov. 30
		1111	1699, June 29	l	
1059	1649, ,, 15	1112	1700, ,, 18	1165	1751, ,, 20
1060	1650, ,, 4	1113	1701, ,, 8	1166	
1061	1650, Dec. 25	1114	1702, May 28	1167	1753, Oct. 29
1062	1651, ,, 14	1115	1703, ,, 17	1168	1754, " 18
1063	$1652, \dots 2$	1116	1704, " 6	1169	
1064	1653, Nov. 22	1117	1705, April 25	1170	1756, Sept. <b>26</b>
1065	1654, ,, 11	1118	1706, ,, 15	1171	1757, ,, 15
1066	1655, Oct. 31	1119	1707, ,, 4	1172	1758, " 4
1067	1656, ,, 20	1120	1708, Mar. 23	1173	1759, Aug. 25
1068	1657, ", 9	1121	1709, ,, 13	1174	1760, ,, 13
1069	1658, Sept.29	1122	1710, ,, 2	1175	1761, ,, 2
1070				1176	1762, July 23
1071	1659, , 18	1123	1711, Feb. 19		
	1660, , 6	1124	1712, ,. 9	1177	1763, ,, 12
1072	1661, Aug. 27	1125	1713, Jan. 26	1178	1764, ,, 1
1073	1662, ,, 16	1126	1714, "17	1179	1765, June 20
1074	1663, ,, 5	1127	1715, " 7	1180	1766, ,, 9
1075	1664, July 25	1128	1715, Dec. 27	1181	1767, May 30
1076	1665, ,, 14	1129	1716, ,, 16	1182	1768, ,, 18
1077	1666, ,, 4	1130	1717, " 5	1183	1769, " 7
1078	1667, June 23	1131	1718, Nov. 24	1184	1770, April 27
1079	1668, ,, 11	1132	1719, ,, 14	1185	1771, ,, 16
1080	1669, ,, 1	1133	1720, ,, 2	1186	1772, ,, 4
1081	1670, May 21	1134	1721, Oct. 22	1187	1773, Mar. 25
1082	1671, ,, 10	1134		1188	1774, , 14
1083	1672, April 29	1	, ,,	1189	1775, ,, 4
1084	1672 10	1136	1723, ,, 1	1	1776, Feb. 21
1085	1673, ,, 18	1137	1724, Sept. 20	1190	
1086	1674, ,, 7	1138	1725, ,, 9	1191	
1087	1675, Mar. 28	1139	1726, Aug. 29	1192	1778, Jan. 30
	1676, " 16	1140	1727, , 19	1193	1779, ,, 19
1088	1677, , 6	1141	1728, , 7	1194	1780, " 8
1089	1678, Feb. 23	1142	1729, July 27	1195	1780, Dec. 28
1090	1679, , 12	1143	1730, ,, 17	1196	1781, ,, 17
1091	1680, , 2	1144	1731, " 6	1197	1782, " 7
1092	1681, Jan. 21	1145	1732, June 24	1198	1783, Nov. 26
1093	1682, ,, 10	1146	1733, ,, 14	1199	1784, ,, 14
1094	1682, Dec. 31	1147	, ,,	1200	1785, ,, 4
1095	1000		, ,,	1200	1786, Oct. 24
1096	100 + 2	1148	1735, May 24		1787, ., 13
1097	1684, " 8	1149	1736, , 12	1202	
1098	1685, Nov. 28	1150	1737, ,, 1	1203	1788, ,, 2
	1686, ., 17	1151	1738, April 21	1204	1789, Sept. 21
WRIGHT	r 11				<b>A</b> a

А. Н.	A. D.		А. Н.	A. D.	1	А. Н.	A. D.
1205	1790, Sept. 10		1229	1813, Dec. 24		1253	$1837, \mathbf{A}\mathrm{pril}7$
1206	1791, Aug. 31		1230	1814, " 14		1254	1838, Mar. 27
1207	1792, , 19	:	1231	1815, ., 3		1255	1839, " 17
1208	1793, , 9		1232			1256	1840, ,, 5
1209	1794, July 29		1233	1817, ., 11		1257	1841, Feb. 23
1210	1795, 18		1234	1818, Oct. 31	-	1258	1842, ,, 12
1211	1796, ., 7		1235	1819, , 20		1259	1843, ,, 1
1212	1797, June 26		1236	1820, ,, 9		1260	1844, Jan. 22
1213	1798, ,, 15		1237	1821, Sept. 28		1261	1845, ,, 10
1214	1799, 5		1238	1822, ,, 18		1262	1845, Dec. 30
1215	1800, May 25	í	1239	1823, 7		1263	
1216	1801, ., 14		1240	1824, Aug. 26		1264	
1217	1802,, 4		1241	1825, ,, 16		1265	1848, Nov. 27
1218	1803, April 23		1242	1826, ,, 5		1266	
1219	1804, , 12	1	1243	1827. July 25		1267	1850, " 6
1220	1805, ., 1	1	1244	1828, " 14		1268	
1221	1806, Mar. 21	;	1245	1829, ,, 3		1269	1852, , 15
1222	1807, 11		1246	1830, June 22		1270	1853, ,, 4
1223	1808, Feb. 28		1247	1831, ,, 12	1	1271	1854, Sept. 24
1224	1809, ., 16		1248	1832, May 31		1272	1855, " 13
1225	1810, ,, 6	1		1833, ,, 21		1273	
1226	1811, Jan. 26	1	1250	1834, ,, 10		1274	1857, Aug. 22
1227	1812, 16			$1835, \mathrm{April} 29$		1275	1858, " 11
1228	1813, ,, 4	i	1252	1836, ,, 18	1		

Note.—This table is taken from the British Museum Catalogue 'Sultáns of Dehli', for which it was compiled by Mr. Stanley Lane-Poole from sources there quoted.

#### APPENDIX D

### NOTE ON THE ILÁHÍ ERA OF AKBAR

WHILE at work on this catalogue my attention was attracted to a difference in the dates given by the principal authorities for the commencement of the Iláhí era, which was established by Akbar in the thirtieth year of his reign (A. H. 992 = A. D. 1584).

On p. 32 (note) of the *British Museum Catalogue*, 'Moghul Emperors,' Mr. Lane-Poole says, 'The Iláhí or divine epoch of Akbar . . . dates from the fifth day of Rabí' II of the year 963.'

Similarly Dr. Codrington, who followed Thomas's *Prinsep's Indian Antiquities*, vol. ii, p. 171, says in his *Musalman Numismatics*, p. 205, 'The Tarikh Ilahí... began with his (Akbar's) reign on 5th Rabíu-s-saní, A.H. 963 or 19th February, 1556 A.D.'

On the other hand the table given on p. 246 of vol. v of Elliot and Dowson's 'History of India as told by its own Historians' makes the commencement of the Ilâhí era to fall on the 27th Rabí'u-l-ákhír, 963, corresponding to the 10th or 11th March, 1556 O.S., and in a footnote it is stated that 'this table, as far as the forty-sixth year, has been drawn up from the Akbarnáma of Abú-l-fazl, which is the most accurate of the authorities and most consistent with itself.'

The dates given in this table for the commencement of the twenty-eighth to fiftieth years of Akbar have been adopted by Mr. Lane-Poole on p. lxii of the introduction to the *British Museum Catalogue*, 'Moghul Emperors.'

The question is whether the Iláhí era began on 5th Rabí II, 963, or the 27th of that month.

Dr. Codrington, on my bringing the point to his notice, has most kindly supplied the information given below, which enables the difficulty to be cleared up. The quotations are from Mr. Beveridge's translation of the Akbarnáma in the Bibliotheca Indica, 1904, Fas. 1, Part 2.

Page 22. 'It appears that eras were framed upon some great event, such as the appearance of an established religion or the acquisition of a great kingdom.... But if your Majesty directs that the new era commence from the day of your seating yourself on the throne of sovereignty, ... assuredly such a good deed will be at once a mark of thanksgiving and a fulfilment of the wishes of mankind.'

Page 23. 'The repeated representations of this body of men, and a regard for their petitions prevailed, and were accepted, and an order was issued that the New Year which followed close on the year of the accession should be the foundation of the Divine era.'

Page 33. 'Inasmuch as the wise of the past and the present are agreed that whenever some glorious event is made the foundation of an era, the latter should begin from the proximate New Year, without regard to a discrepancy either in previousness or in lateness; the sundry days before the New Year were reckoned as included in the New Year, and the latter was made the beginning of the Divine era. Accordingly this has been recorded in the proclamation which has been set forth above.'

Page 5. 'At that place, in a felicitous hour, to wit, near noon of Friday, which was, according to visibility, the 2nd of Rabí'u-s-sání, 963, of the lunar year (Feb. 14, 1556), but, by calculation, the middle of the third (Feb. 15), ... that glory of his lofty lineage put on his person a golden robe, and sate with good auspices and prestige on the dais of sovereignty and the throne of the Caliphate.'

Page 32. 'Twenty-five days after the auspicious time of the accession, viz. on Wednesday. 28th Rabí'u-g-sání, 963, there was the world-illuminating New Year, and the Sultán of the East confronted Aries with his world-adorning banners.'

[Note by Mr. Beveridge.—It has been already stated that the accession took place on Friday, which was probably the 3rd Rabí'u-ṣ-sání, and now we have this supported by the statement that the New Year or 28th Rabí'u-ṣ-sání was twenty-five days after the accession. But if the 3rd was a Friday, then the 28th must have been a Tuesday, and not a Wednesday as here stated.]

From these quotations it is clear that the Ilahí era began on the Nauroz (i. e. the day following the vernal equinox—when the sun enters Aries) of the year 963 A.H., which, according to the Akbarnáma, occurred on 28th Rabí'u-s-sání, but according to the Tabaqút-i-Akbarí (Elliot and Dowson, vol. v, p. 247) on the 27th Rabí'u-s-sání. The latter also gives the 2nd Rabí'u-s-sání (not the 3rd) as the date of Akbar's accession (ibid., vol. v, p. 241), and this date is accepted by most authorities. Abú-l-fazl clearly states that the accession took place on a Friday, and Friday appears to have been the second day of the month. Twenty-five days after this would bring the Nauroz to the 27th. I have therefore followed the dates in the table on p. 246 of vol. v of Elliot and Dowson's History of India, which is given below.

#### AKBAR

Iláhí Y	EAR					А. Н.	
1					4	963	27 Rabí' II
30			,			993	19 Rabí I
31	•					994	29 Rabí I
32	•	•	•	•		995	11 Rabí' II
33	•	•				996	22 ,,
31	•	•				997	4 Jumádá I
35	٠	•	•		•	998	14 ,,
36		•	•	•		999	24 "
37	•	•				1000	5 Jumádá II
38	•	•	•	•		1001	17 ,,
39	•	•	•			1002	28 .,
40	•	•				1003	9 Rajab
41	•		•			1004	20 ,

ILÁHÍ YE.	AR				А. Н,		
42				•	1005	2	Sha'bán
43			•		1006	13	,,
44			•		1007	23	,,
45		•		•	1008	4	Ramazán
46					1009	15	,,
47					1010	26	,,
48	•				1011	6	Shawwál
49				•	1012	17	,,
50					1013	28	**

The Ilahí year contained the following months:-

1. Farwardín	5. Amardád	9. Ázar
2. Ardíbihisht	6. Shahréwar	10. Dí
3. Khúrdád	7. Mihr	11. Bahman
4. Tír	8. Ábán	12. Isfandármuz

The following table, which Dr. G. P. Taylor has kindly prepared with the help of Elliot and Dowson's *History of India* and sent to me, shows the dates A. H. on which the regnal years of Jahángír commenced:—

REGNAL	YEAR					A. H.		
1						1014	11	Z`u-l-qʻada
2						1015	22	••
3						1016	<b>2</b>	Z'u-l-ḥijja
4						1017	14	,,
5						1018	24	,,
6						1020	6	Muharram
7						1021	17	,,
8						1022	26	,,
9						1023	9	Safar
10						1024	18	• ,,
11						1025	1	Rabí' I
12	_			•		1026	12	,,
13			·	•	·	1027	23	"
1 4		•	•	•	•	1028	4	Rabí' II
15			•	•	•	1029	15	,,
16	-	•	•	•	•	1030	27	"
17	-	•	•	•	•	1031	9	Jumádá I
18	•	•	•	•	•	1032	20	
19		•	•	•	•	1033	29	,,
20	-	•	•	•	•	1034	10	Jumádá II
21	•	•	•	•	•	1034	21	
22	•	•	•	•	•	1035	3	Rajab
	•	•	•	•	•	1030	J	Injao

Jahángír ascended the throne on 20th Jumádá II, 1014, and, as in the case of Akbar, the period before the first *Nauroz* was included in his first regnal year. Jahángír died on 28th Ṣafar, 1037.

The Hijra months are:-

1. Muharram	5. Jumádá I	9. Ramazán
2. Safar	6. Jumádá II	10. Shawwál
3. Rabí' I	7. Rajab	11. Z'u-l-q'ada
4. Rabí II	8. Sha'bán	12. Zu-l-hijja

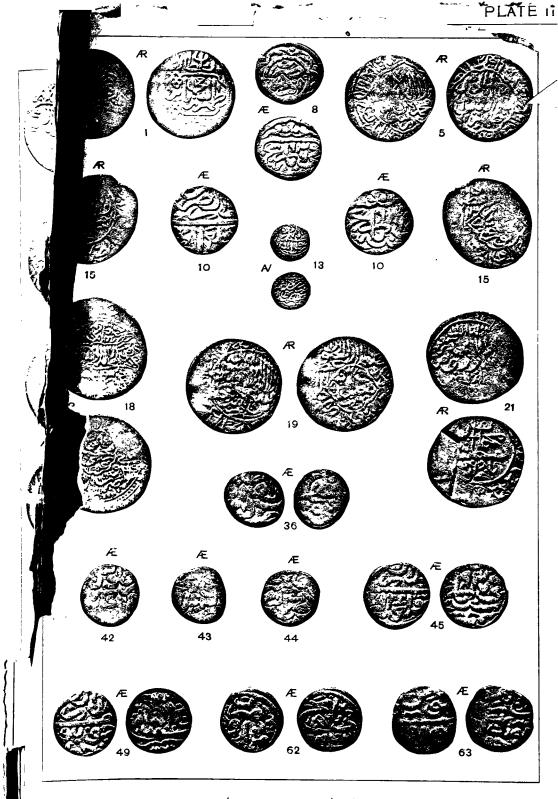
TABLE OF ORNAMENTS FOUND ON MUGHAL COINS

*	<sup>2</sup>	3	\$	5 **	
×	\$	%	10	**	XX
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19	20 A	2I • <b>\</b>		23	<sup>24</sup>
25 •X•	<sup>26</sup>	O	28	29	30 <b>8%</b>
31	32	33	34	35	36
37 <b>Υ</b>	38	39 <b>\$</b>	4° (3)	41	4
43	44 ••	45 4 * -	6 47	48	49

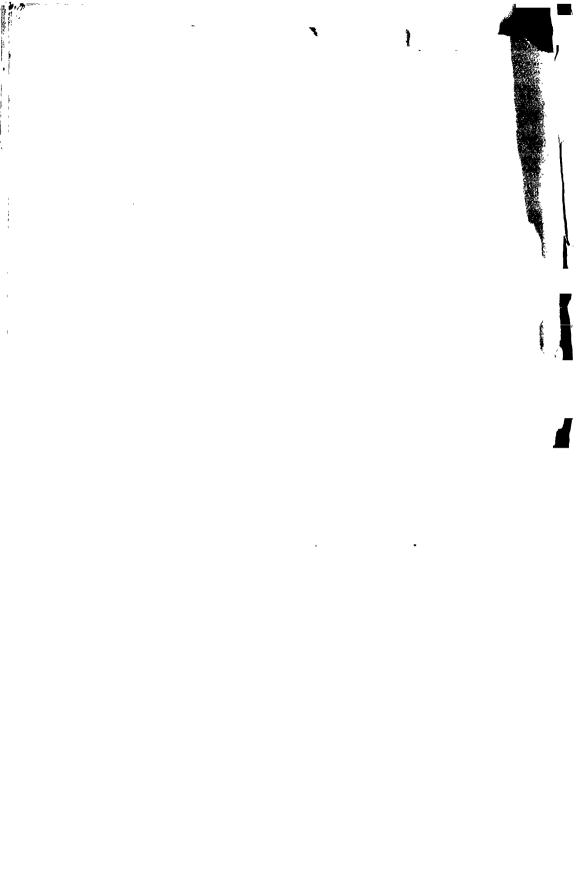
50	51	52	53	54	55
$\bigcirc$	P	:4:	Ш		$\mathcal{V}$
56	57	58	\$50 **	60 **	6I
62	63	64	65	66	67
62	•	÷	65	O	12
68	69	70	71	72	73
¥	w		4	<b>:</b>	F
74	75	76	77	78	79
74 ©	*	\$	77	**	平
80	81	82	83	84	85
7	ψ	*	i	<b>±</b>	D
₩ 86	87	88	89	90	91
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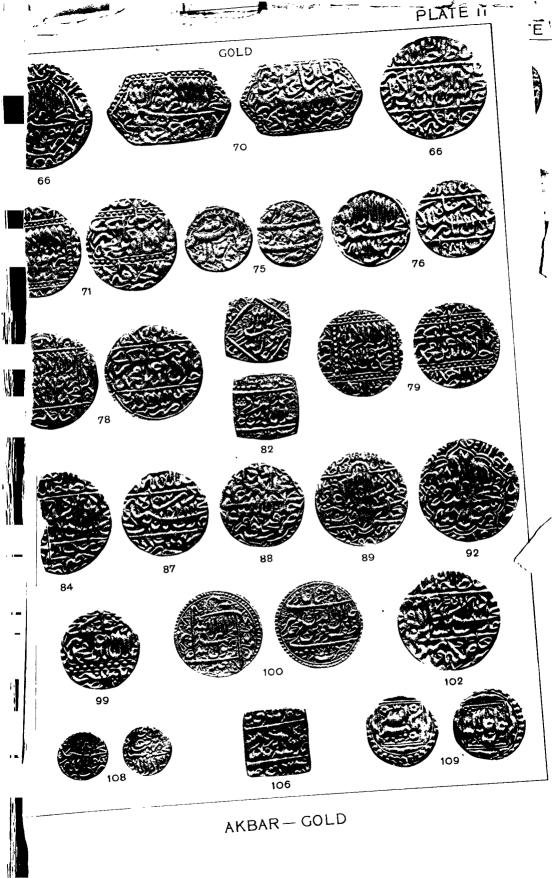
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			202		4
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III	112	113	114	115	116
XX	$\bowtie$	X	*	�	P
117	118	119	120	121	122
*	p	<b>*</b>	*	*	*
123	124	125	126	127	128
*	*	सु	ڹ		Ţ
129	130	131	132	133	134
٩	ુંગ	f	<u>#</u>	#	**
135	136	137	138	139	140
M	*	مېر	\$	*	**
141	142	143	144	145	146
	f	*	•‡•	*	

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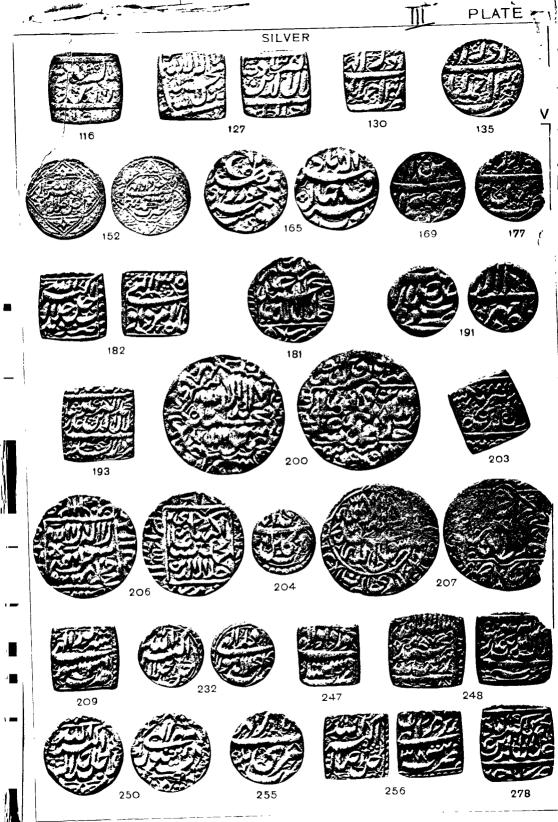


BÁBAR — HUMÁYÚN





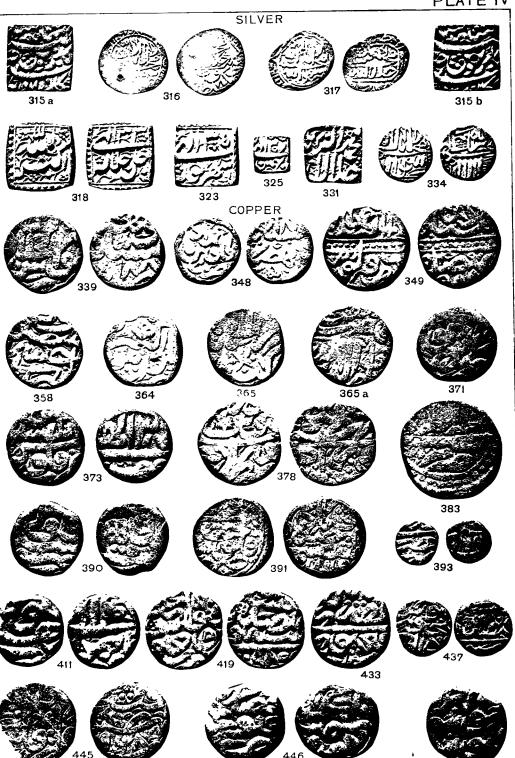




AKBAR - SILVER



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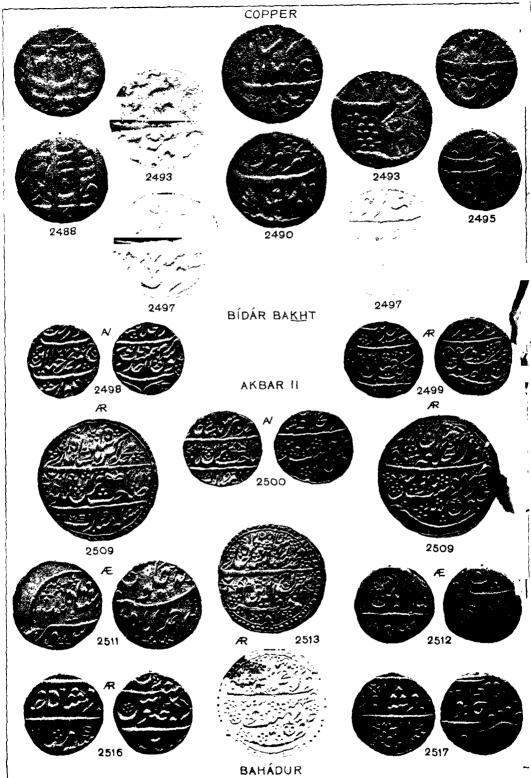
AKBAR



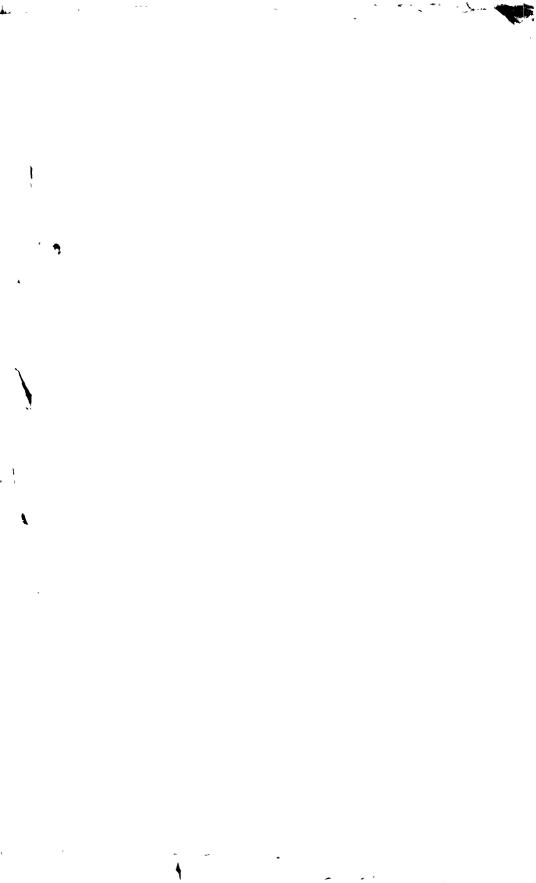


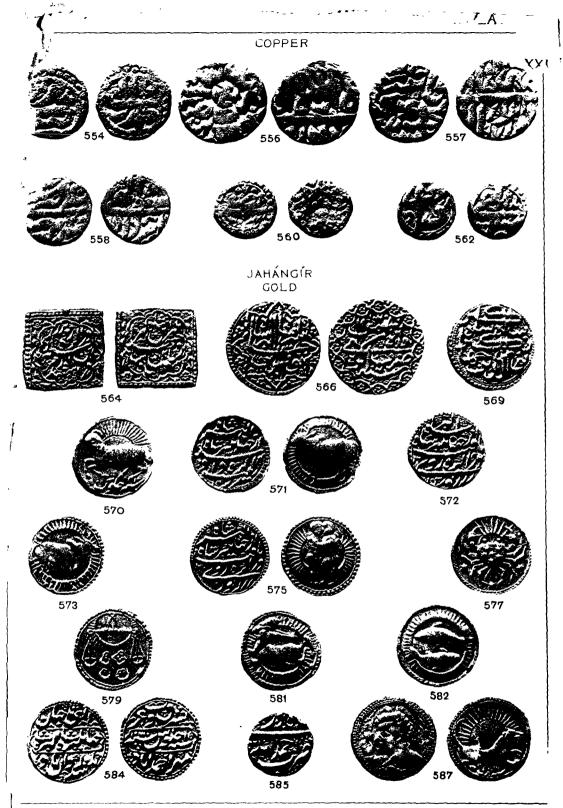
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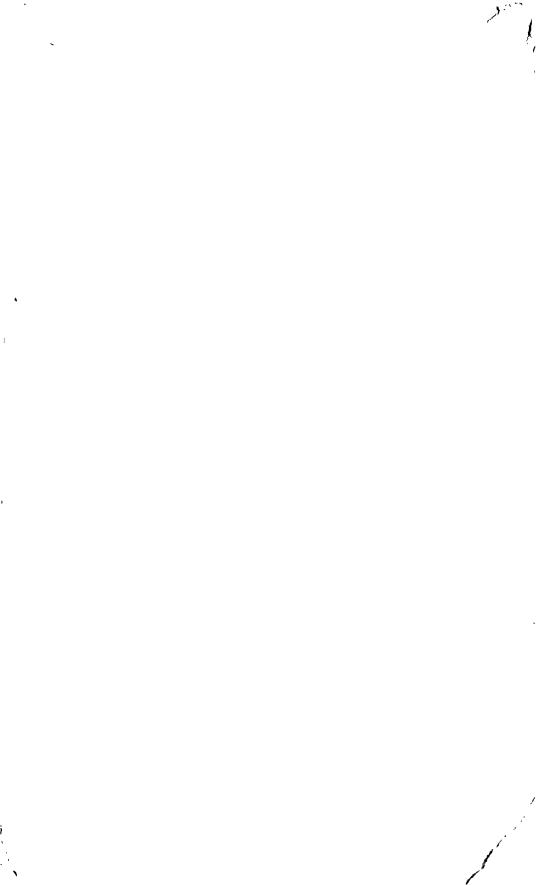


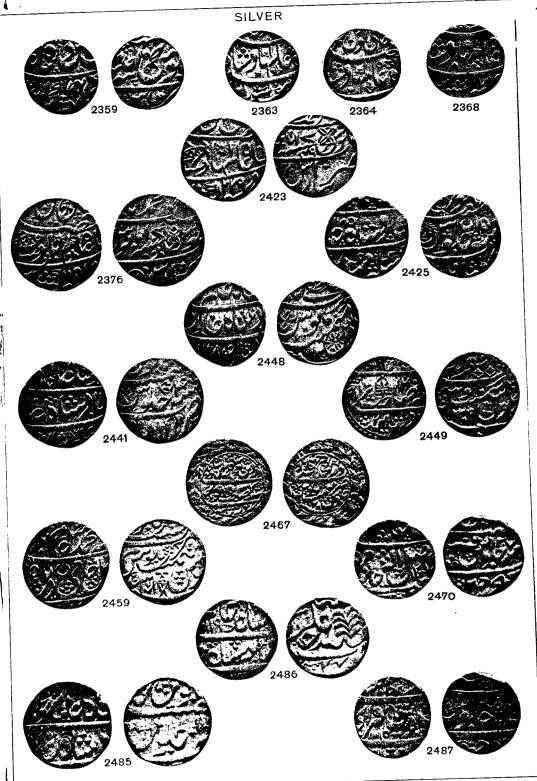


SHÁH 'ALÁM II—BÍDÁR BAKHT—AKBAR II BAHÁDUR

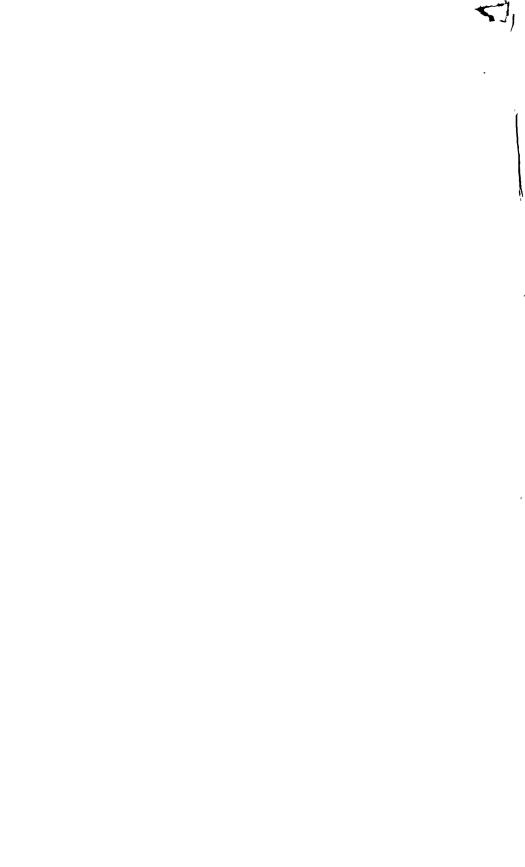


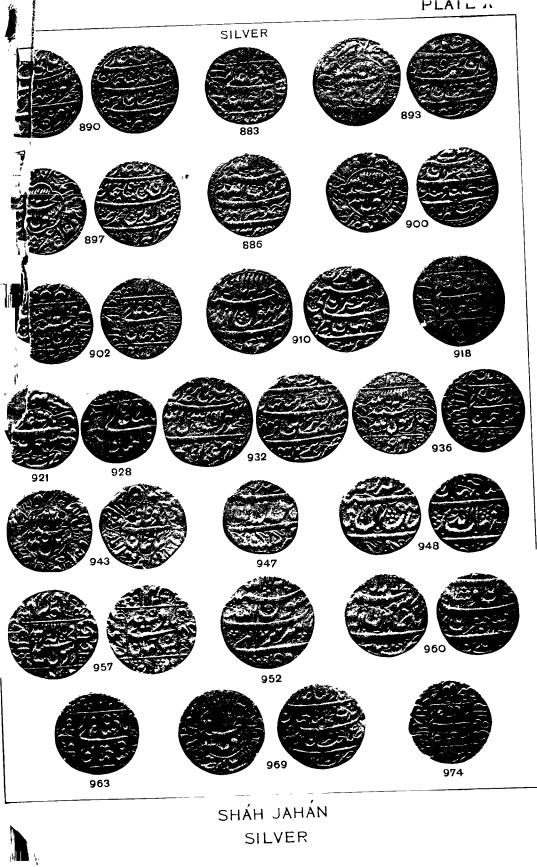


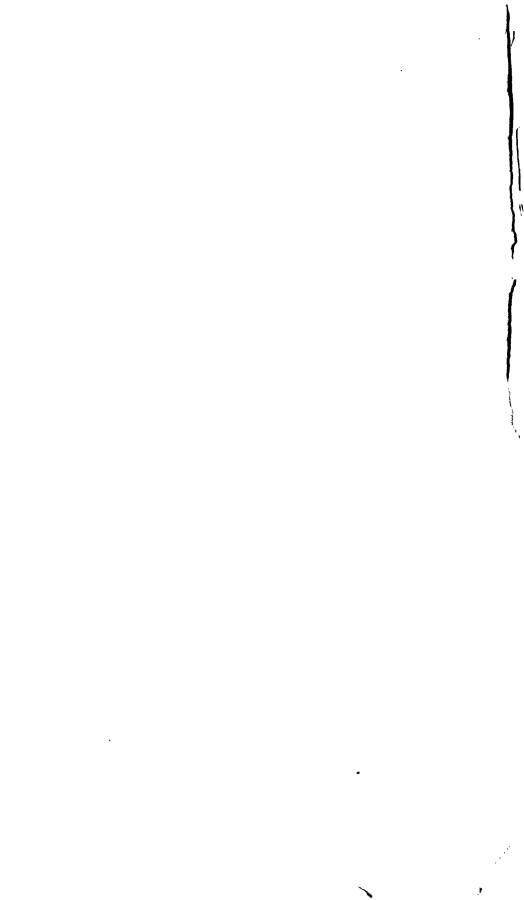


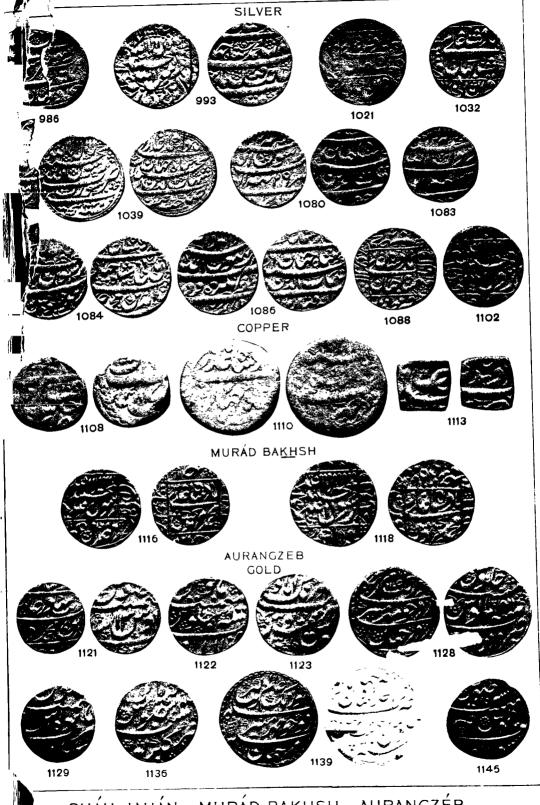


SHÁH ÁLAM II SILVER

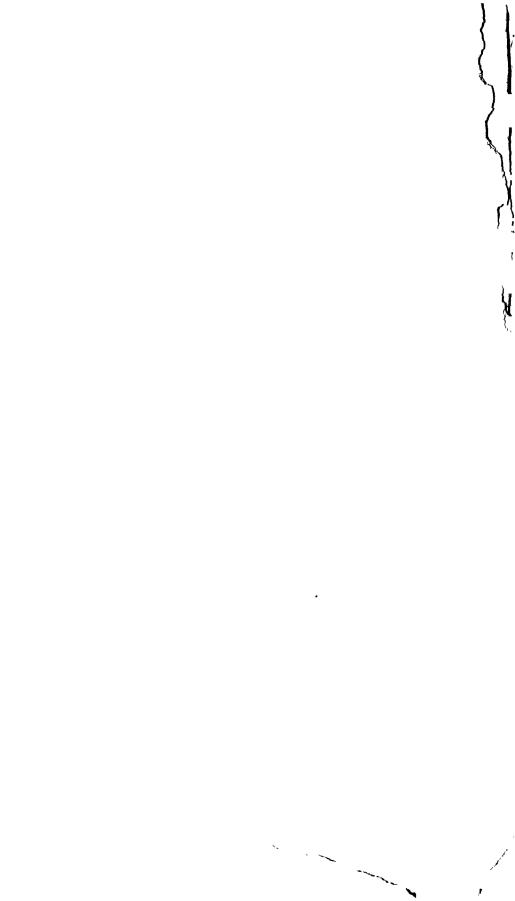


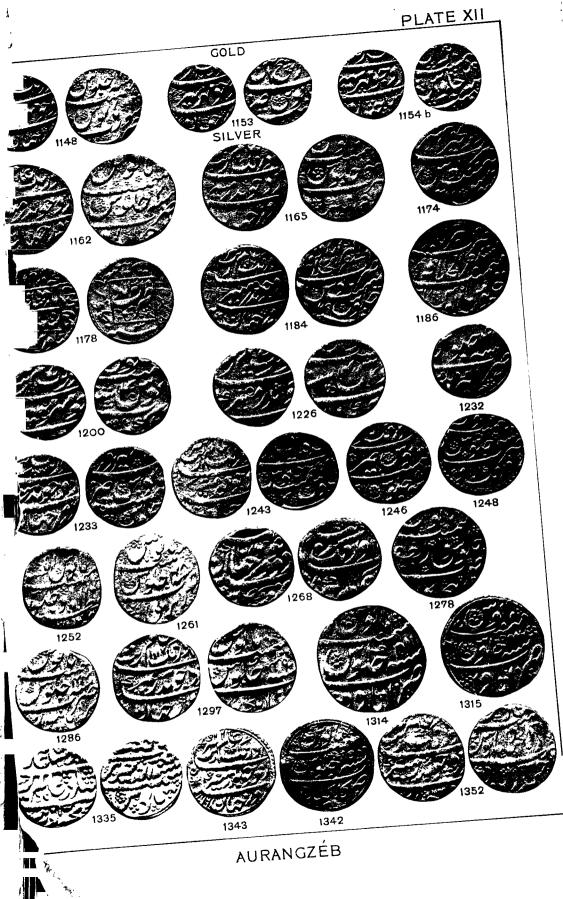




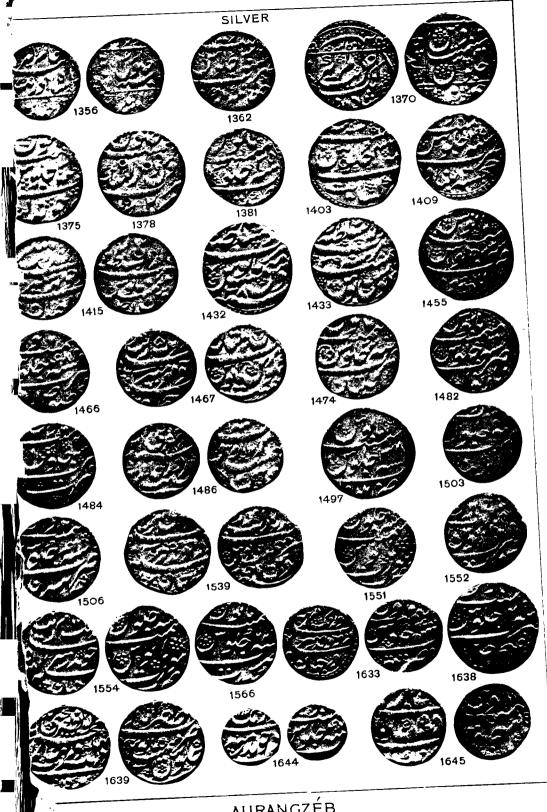


SHÁH JAHÁN — MURÁD BA<u>KH</u>SH — AURANGZÉB ELLVER — COPPER SILVER GOLD

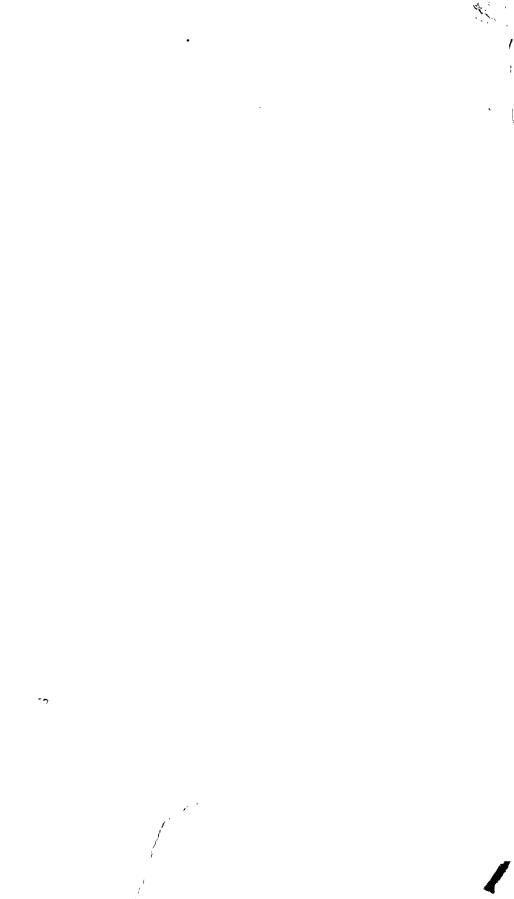


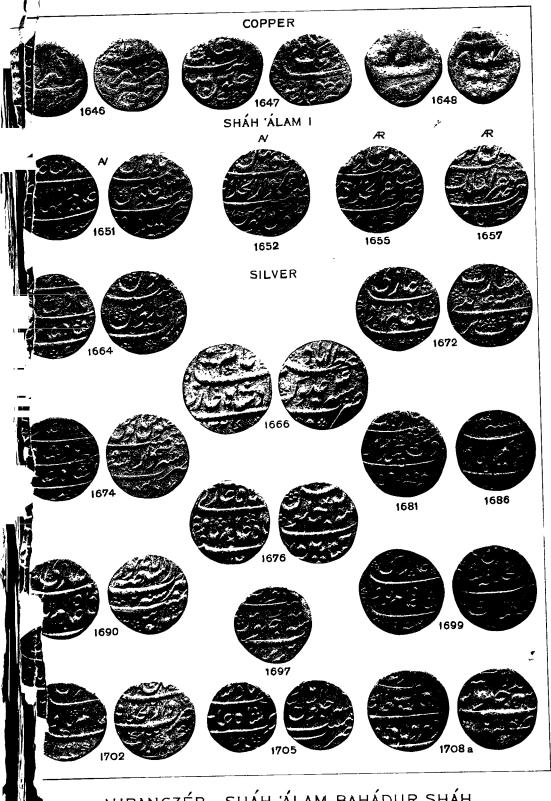






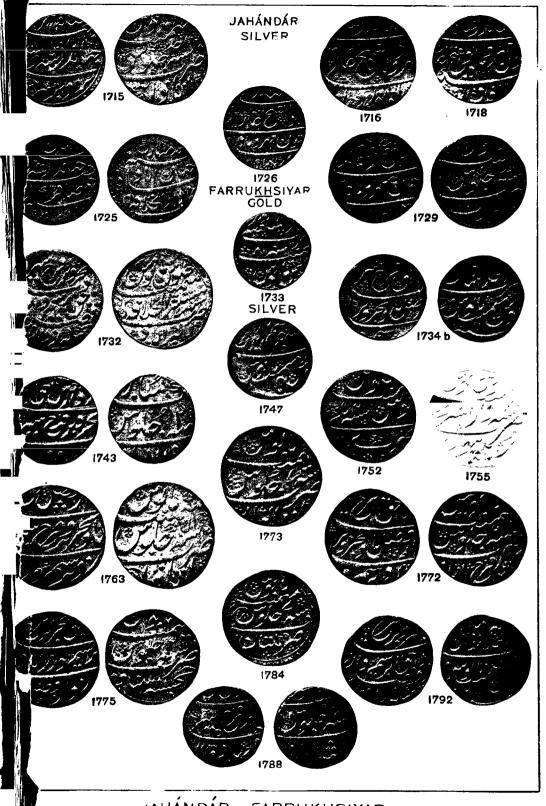
AURANGZÉB SILVER





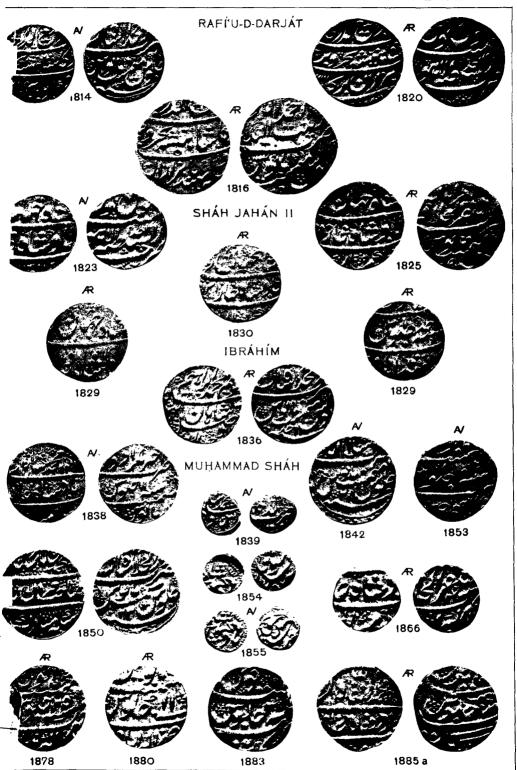
AURANGZÉB-SHÁH ÁLAM BAHÁDUR SHÁH COPPER GOLD-SILVER





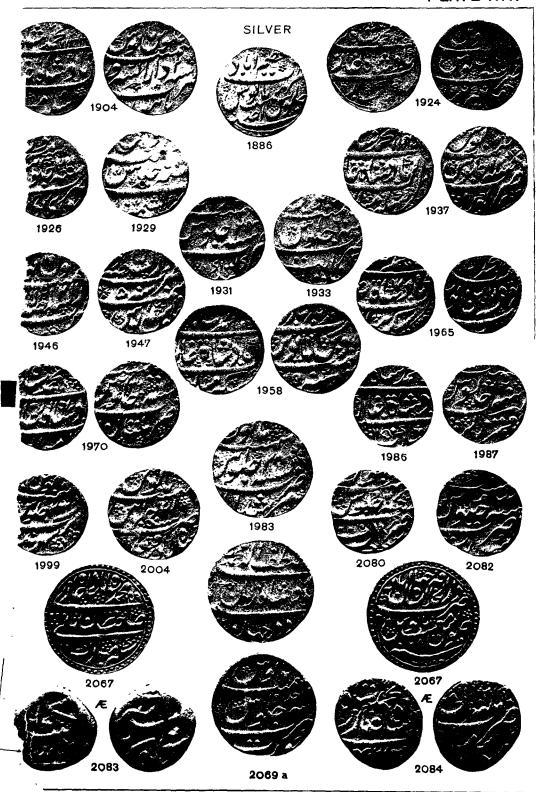
JAHÁNDÁR – FARRU<u>KH</u>SIYAR





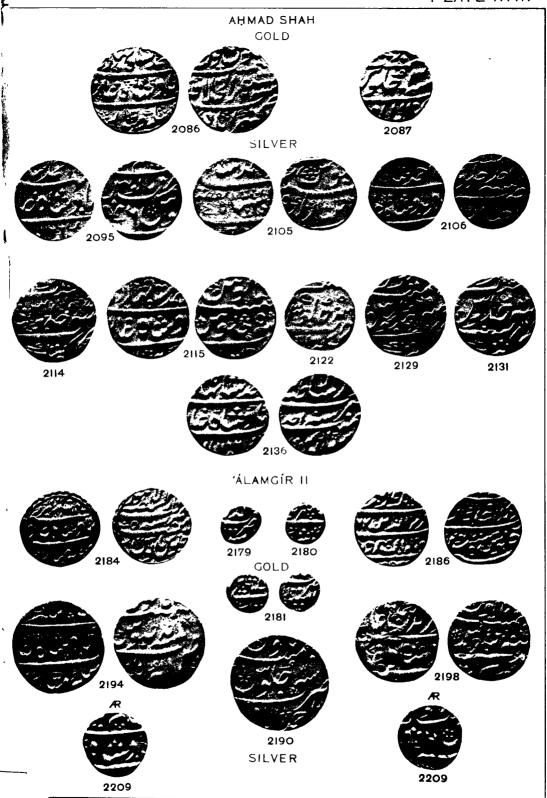
RAFÍ'U-D-DARJÁT — SHÁH JAHÁN II IBRÁHÍM — MUHAMMAD SHÁH

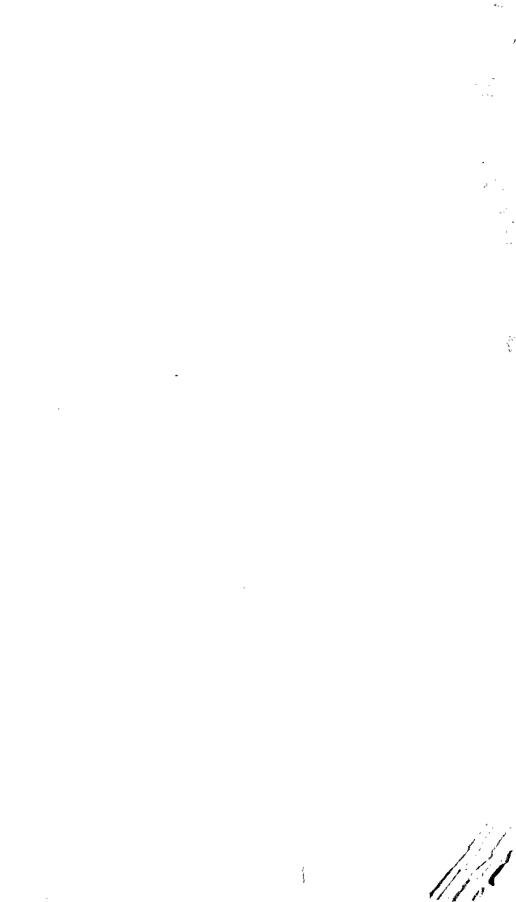


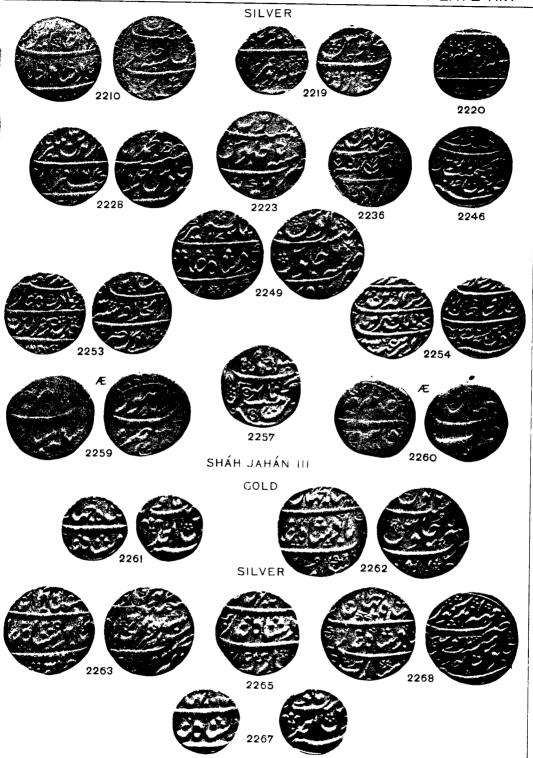


MUḤAMMAD SHÁH SILVER—COPPER



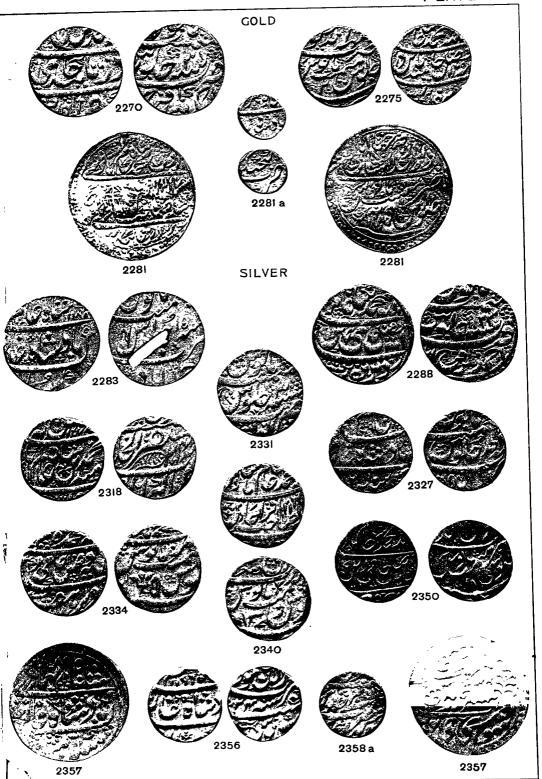






ÁLAMGÍR II—SHÁH JAHÁN III





SHÁH 'ÁLAM II

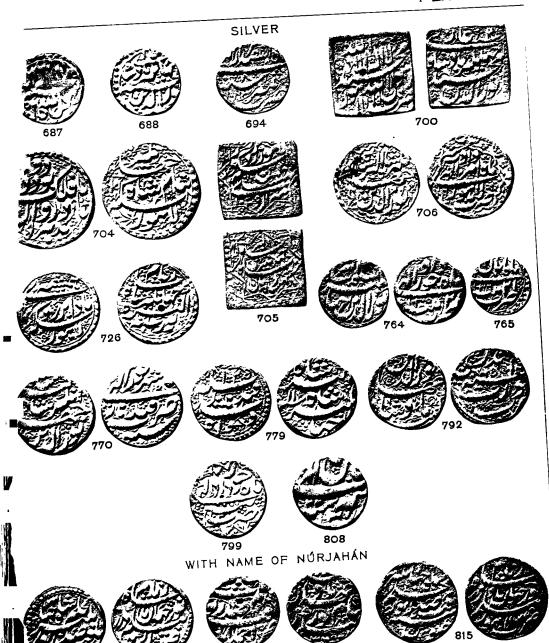


JAHÁNGÍR-SILVER

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## PLATE VIII





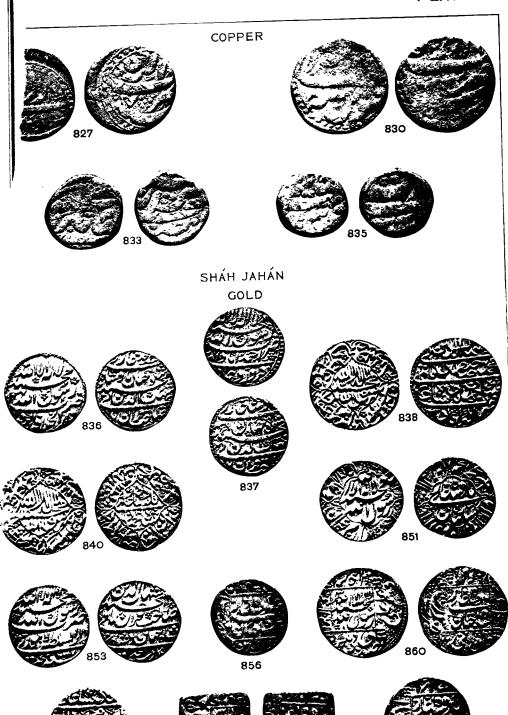






JAHÁNGÍR — NÚRJAHÁN



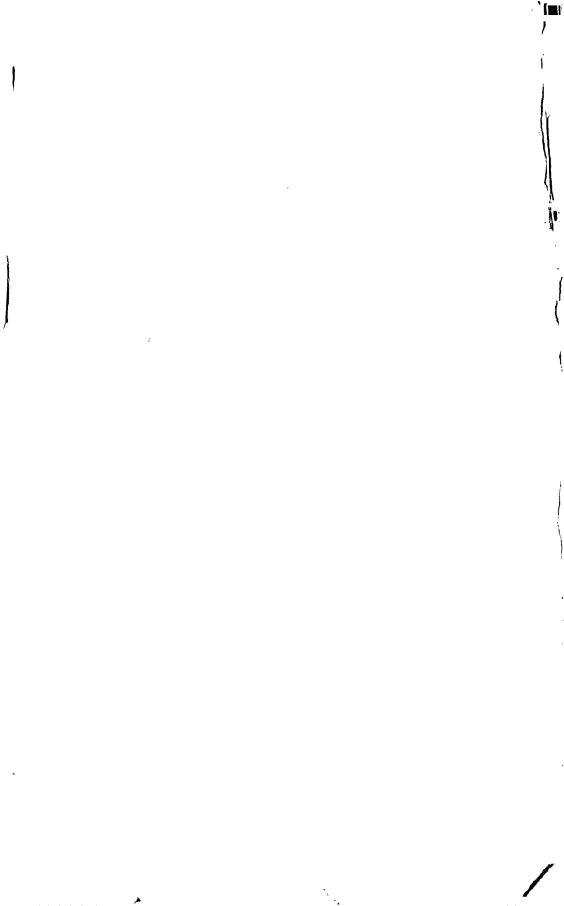


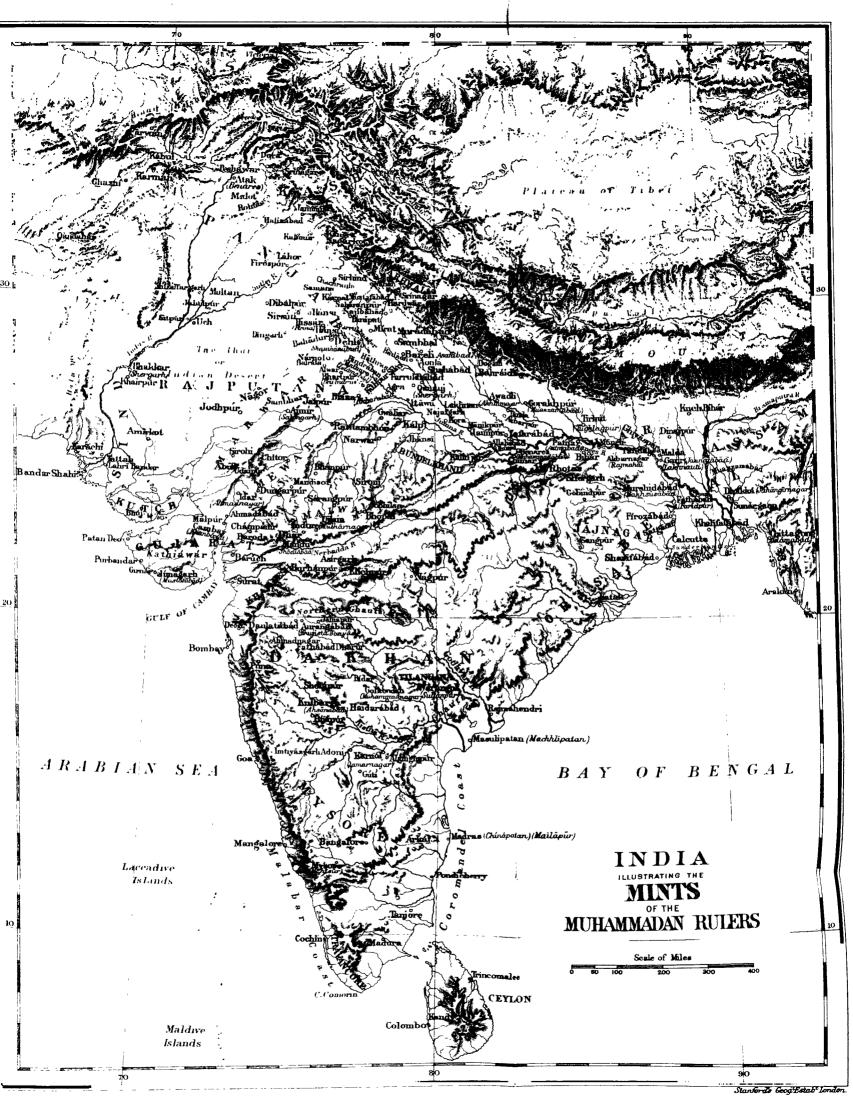
JAHÁNGÍR—SHÁH JAHÁN COPPER GOLD

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